

Factsheet on Women in India 2005



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Foreword

Women, who constitute nearly half the human resources of a country, are a supremely valuable asset in the development of a nation. Right from the early years of India's independence, the Government has made sustained efforts to improve the situation of Indian women. Several programmes have been launched, policies framed, legislations enacted, and measures undertaken so that the status of women and girls could improve. There has been a definite impact of the combined efforts of Government, voluntary organizations, international and bilateral organizations and a change in the situation is visible. There is, however, still a long way to go.

A pre-requisite for planning future development is the availability of reliable statistics on which decisions can be based. This document is an effort to outline the situation of women and girls by compiling statistics available on a wide range of indicators. These are *demography and vital statistics, health, nutrition, education, early marriage, girl child, labour and economy, support measures, crime, political participation of women, women in decision making, household expenditure, budgetary allocation*, etc.

It would not have been possible to bring out this document without the support and cooperation from officials of various ministries and departments, international organizations, autonomous organizations, and many other agencies. I would like to put on record my appreciation of the initiative taken by NIPCCD in bringing out this document, which I hope would be useful to planners, administrators, researchers, academicians, media persons, functionaries of organizations and all stakeholders involved in working for women's empowerment. It would serve its purpose if it results in improving the status of the women of our country.



Reva Nayyar

Secretary

Department of Women and Child Development

New Delhi

Preface

Of all the resources essential for progress of a nation, human resource is most important. Women constitute about half the population of a nation, and if one half of a nation's human resource is neglected, the overall progress of the country is hampered. Recognizing the need for involving women in their own development, the Government of India has initiated several programmes and undertaken various measures to bring them into the mainstream of development. Due to various affirmative actions, there has been a perceptible change in the situation of women. The literacy rate of females, which was 8.86 % in 1951 rose to 54.16 % in 2001. Women's work participation rate, which was 19.7 % in 1981, rose to 25.7 % in 2001. However, the sex ratio in the 0-6 years age group dropped from 933 in 1991 to 927 in 2001, which indicates that society still does not accord women and girls their due status, and son preference is still widely prevalent. Nearly 50% women are got married before they attain 18 years of age, and 51.8 % married women suffer from anaemia. Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) is quite high, at 407 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births. These statistics illustrate that in spite of all the efforts made so far, there is room for much more to be done to ameliorate the situation of women at the grassroot level.

In the wake of finalisation of Eleventh Five-Year Plan, it would be highly relevant to have a comprehensive picture of the situation of women, as illustrated by the available statistics. This document is an effort to outline and depict the situation of women and girls in India, as revealed by the statistics on many social indicators which are available in widely scattered sources. Various indicators covered in this document are : demography and vital statistics; health and nutritional status; education; girl child; work participation of women and children; support measures for women, including women in distress; political participation of women and women in decision making; prevalence of disability; crime against women and children; food security; household expenditure; budget outlays for women in the Union Budget and Budget of the Department of Women and Child Development; and voluntary organisations assisted in the social sectors.

This document is the result of hard work of a team of officers and staff of the Institute. Dr. Sulochana Vasudevan, Joint Director, Women's Division, NIPCCD and Shri K.K. Singh, ex-Joint Director, Women's Development Division, provided unstinting support and guidance. I would like to place on record my appreciation for the hard work put in by Ms. Meenakshi Sood, and her team comprising Ms. S.K. Sobti, Ms. Hemi Shah and Ms. Deepa Garg, who painstakingly compiled and updated the information and statistics several times over. Shri Pawan Kumar, Shri Sushil Kumar Tiwari, Ms. Subha Laxmi Behera and Ms. Preeti Mittal provided valuable computer assistance. Shri A.J. Kaul, Publications Officer and other officials of the Common Services Division were instrumental in ensuring the timely publication of the document. The Hindi translation of the

document was undertaken by Ms. Rekha Juneja, Ms. Sushma Juneja and Ms. Vijay Kaushik. The Institute is also indebted to the various Government Ministries and Departments, autonomous organisations, UN agencies, international organisations, research institutes and voluntary organisations, who extended full cooperation and shared their documents with us.

This document is being brought out to show at a glance, statistics on indicators which are available in published sources. I hope this document would be useful to researchers, planners, academicians, media persons, and all concerned with issues related to women's empowerment.



A. K. Gopal
Director

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1. Measures for Women's Empowerment

Introduction

India attained freedom from British rule on 15th August 1947. India was declared a sovereign Democratic Republic on 26th January 1950. On that date the Constitution of India came into force.

All citizens of India are guaranteed social, economic and political justice, equality of status and opportunities before law by the Constitution. Fundamental freedom of expression, belief, faith, worship, vocation, association and action are guaranteed by the Indian Constitution to all citizens- subject to law and public morality.

The Constitution of India - Provisions Relating to Women

The Constitution of India not only grants equality to women, but also empowers the State to adopt measures of positive discrimination in favour of women for removing the cumulative socio-economic, educational and political disadvantages faced by them.

Advancement of Women through Five Year Plans

There has been a progressive increase in the plan outlays over the last six decades of planned development to meet the needs of women and children. The outlay of Rs. 4 crores in the First Plan (1951-56) has increased to Rs. 7,810.42 crores in the Ninth Five Year Plan, and Rs. 13,780 crores in the Tenth Five Year Plan. There has been a shift from "welfare" oriented approach in the First Five Year Plan to "development" and "empowerment" of women in the consecutive Five Year Plans.

Perspectives on Advancement of Women through Five Year Plans

First Five Year Plan (1951-56)	It was mainly welfare oriented as far as women's issues were concerned. The Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB) undertook a number of welfare measures through the voluntary sector. The programmes for women were implemented through the National Extension Service Programmes through Community Development Blocks.
Second Five Year Plan (1956-61)	Efforts were geared to organise "Mahila Mandals" (women's groups) at grass-roots levels to ensure better implementation of welfare schemes.
Third, Fourth, Fifth and other Interim Plans (1961-74)	They accorded high priority to women's education. Measures to improve maternal and child health services, and supplementary feeding for children, nursing and expectant mothers were also introduced.

Sixth Five Year Plan (1980-85)	This is regarded as a landmark in women's development. The Plan adopted a multidisciplinary approach with a three pronged thrust on health, education and employment of women.
Seventh Five Year Plan (1985-90)	Development programmes for women were continued, with the objective of raising their economic and social status and bring them into the mainstream of national development. A very significant step therein was to identify and promote "beneficiary-oriented programmes" which extended direct benefits to women.
Eighth Five Year Plan (1992-97)	It attempted to ensure that the benefits of development from different sectors did not bypass women. Special programmes were implemented to complement the general development programmes. The flow of benefits to women in the three core sectors of education, health and employment were monitored vigilantly. Women were enabled to function as equal partners and participants in the developmental process with reservation in the membership of local bodies. This approach of the Eighth Plan marks a definite shift from 'development' to 'empowerment' of women.
Ninth Five Year Plan (1997-2002)	The Ninth Five Year Plan envisaged : a) Empowerment of women and socially disadvantaged groups such as Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes and Minorities as agents of socio-economic change and development. b) Promoting and developing people's participatory institutions like Panchayati Raj institutions, cooperatives and self-help groups. c) Strengthening efforts to build self-reliance. d) The convergence of services from different sectors. e) A women's component plan at the Central and State levels.
Tenth Five Year Plan (2002-2007)	The Tenth Five Year Plan was formulated to ensure requisite access of women to information, resources and services, and advance gender equality goals.

Source: India, Planning Commission. (2002). Five Year Plans. New Delhi.

International Policies and India's Constitutional Provisions, Policies and Programmes for Women

UN Human Rights Instruments

- Universal Declaration of Human Rights - adopted in 1948
- International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights – adopted in 1966 / entered into force in 1976, monitored by the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (CESCR)

- International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination - adopted in 1965 / entered into force in 1969, monitored by the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination (CERD)
- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women - adopted in 1979 / entered into force in 1981, monitored by the Committee on CEDAW
- Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment - adopted in 1984 / entered into force in 1987, monitored by Committee Against Torture (CAT)
- Convention on the Rights of the Child - adopted in 1989 / entered into force in 1990, monitored by the Committee on the Rights of the Child (CRC)

Commitments at UN Conferences

- World Conference on Education for All (1990) Jomtien
- UN Conference on Environment and Development (1992) Rio de Janeiro
- Second UN World Conference on Human Rights (1993) Vienna
- International Conference on Population and Development (1994) Cairo
- World Summit on Social Development (1995) Copenhagen
- Fourth World Conference on Women (1995) Beijing
- Second UN Conference on Human Settlements (1996) Istanbul
- World Food Summit (1997) Rome
- Education for All Dakar Framework (2000) Dakar.

Constitution of India Guarantees

- Equality before law for women (Article 14)
- The State not to discriminate against any citizen on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex, place of birth or any of them [Article 15 (I)]
- The State to make any special provision in favour of women and children [Article 15 (3)]
- Equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the State (Article 16)
- The State to direct its policy towards securing for men and women equally the right to an adequate means of livelihood [Article 39 (a)]; and equal pay for equal work for both men and women [Article 39 (d)]
- To promote justice, on a basis of equal opportunity and to provide free legal aid by suitable legislation or scheme or in any other way to ensure that opportunities for securing justice are not denied to any citizen by reason of economic or other disabilities [Article 39A)
- The State to make provision for securing just and humane conditions of work and for maternity relief (Article 42)
- The State to promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people and to protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation (Article 46)

- The State to raise the level of nutrition and the standard of living of its people and the improvement of public health (Article 47)
- To promote harmony and the spirit of common brotherhood amongst all the people of India and to renounce practices derogatory to the dignity of women [Article 51(A) (e)]
- Not less than one-third (including the number of seats reserved for women belonging to the scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes) of the total number of seats to be filled by direct election in every panchayat to be reserved for women and such seats to be allotted by rotation to different constituencies in a panchayat [Article 243 D (3)]
- Not less than one-third of the total number of offices of chairpersons in the panchayats at each level to be reserved for women [Article 243 D (4)]
- Not less than one-third (including the number of seats reserved for women belonging to the scheduled castes and the scheduled tribes) of the total number of seats to be filled by direct election in every municipality to be reserved for women and such seats to be allotted by rotation to different constituencies in a municipality [Article 243 T (3)]
- Reservation of offices of chairpersons in municipalities for the scheduled castes, the scheduled tribes and women in such manner as the legislature of a State may by law provide [Article 243 T (4)]

Source: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2002). Women and Men in India 2001. New Delhi. P. v-vi.

Schemes For Assistance

Department of Women and Child Development, Ministry of Human Resource Development

- Support to Training and Employment Programme (STEP)
- Swawlamban, erstwhile Setting up of Employment and Income Generating Training-cum-Production Units for Women (NORAD)
- Construction/Expansion of Hostel Building for Working Women with a Day Care Centre
- Balika Samridhhi Yojana (BSY)
- National Programme for Adolescent Girls (Kishori Shakti Yojana)
- National Creche Fund Scheme 1994
- General Grant-in-Aid for Voluntary Organisations in the field of Women and Child Development

Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB)

- General Grant-in-aid for Voluntary Organisations in the field of Women and Child Development
- Awareness Generation Programme (AGP)
- Condensed Courses of Education for Women
- Creches/Day Care Centres for Children of Working /Ailing Mothers
- Family Counselling Centres

- Mahila Mandal Programme
- Short Stay Homes for Women and Girls (SSH)
- Socio-Economic Programme (SEP)
- Working Women's Hostels

Other Schemes

- Integrated Child Development Services
- The Swa-Shakti Project, a scheme for Rural Women's Development and Empowerment
- Swayamsidha, an Integrated Scheme for Women's Empowerment
- Swadhar, Scheme for Women in Difficult Circumstances
- Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (Credit for Women)
- Distance Education for Women's Development and Empowerment

Department of Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development

- Alternative and Innovative Education Programme
- Area Intensive Programme for Educationally Backward Minorities
- Assistance to Voluntary Agencies in Adult Education under National Literacy Mission (NLM)
- Janshala, joint programme of Government of India and UN Agencies
- Lok Jumbish in Rajasthan
- Mahila Samakhyia : Education for Women's Equality
- Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan
- Strengthening of Boarding and Hostel Facilities for Girl Students of Secondary and Higher Secondary Schools
- Free Education for Only Girl Child

Ministry of Rural Development

- Swarn Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SJGSY)
- Sampurna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY)
- National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP)
- Jawahar Gram Samridhi Yojana (JGSY)
- Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY)
- Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP)
- Maternity Benefit Scheme (MBS)
- National Food for Work Programme

Ministry of Urban Employment and Poverty Alleviation

- The Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana (SJSRY)

Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment

- Book Banks for Scheduled Caste Students
- Childline Services
- Hostels for OBC Boys and Girls
- Hostels for Scheduled Caste Girls and Boys
- Integrated Programme for Street Children
- National Initiative for Child Protection
- Post Matric Scholarship to Students Belonging to Scheduled Castes
- Scheme of Assistance to Homes (Shishu Greh) for Children to Promote In-Country Adoption
- Scheme of Assistance to Voluntary Organisations to provide Social Defence Services
- Scheme of Pre-examination Coaching for Weaker Sections based on Economic Criteria
- Scheme of Pre-Matric Scholarship to the Children of Those Engaged in Unclean Occupations.

Ministry of Tribal Affairs

- Book Bank Scheme for Scheduled Tribe Students
- Coaching and Allied Scheme for Scheduled Tribes
- Construction of Hostels for Scheduled Tribe Girls and Boys
- Educational Complex in Low Literacy Pockets for Development of Women's Literacy in Tribal Areas
- Post Matric Scholarship for Scheduled Tribes Students
- Scheme for the Development of Primitive Tribal Groups
- Scheme of Ashram Schools
- Scheme of Assistance to State Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation (STFDCs)
- Scheme of Grant-In-Aid to Voluntary Organisations Working for Welfare of the Scheduled Tribes
- Village Grain Banks Scheme, Protection of Tribals from Starvation
- Vocational Training in Tribal Areas

Ministry of Industry, Department of SSI & ARI

- Scheme on Trade Related Entrepreneurship Assistance and Development (TREAD) for Women
- Application of Science and Technology for Women

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Department of Family Welfare

- Child Survival and Safe Motherhood (CSSM) Programme

- Reproductive and Child Health Programme
- Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yojana for Primary Health Sector
- Universal Immunization Programme
- Pulse Polio Immunization Programme
- Prophylaxis Programme to Prevent Blindness due to Vitamin A Deficiency
- Prophylaxis Programme to Prevent Anaemia due to Iron Deficiency
- Prophylaxis Programme to Prevent Iodine Deficiency Disorder Goitre
- National Rural Health Mission
- Janani Suraksha Yojna (National Maternity Benefit Scheme)

Ministry of Agriculture, Department of Agriculture and Cooperation

- Women in Agriculture Scheme
- Assistance to Co-operatives for Women

Ministry of Labour

- Vocational Training for Women
- Diversification and Extension of Vocational Training Programmes for Women
- Establishment of Regional Vocational Training Institutes (RVTI)
- Establishment of Placement Cells and Conducting Training Needs Assessment
- Grants-in-Aid for State Governments for Establishing Women Industrial Training Institutes (ITI)

Department of Science and Technology

- Application of Science and Technology for Women

Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, Department of Food and Public Distribution

- Antyodaya Anna Yojana (Foodgrains for Poor)
- Targeted Public Distribution System

Ministry of Environment and Forests

- Tree Pattas
- Joint Forest Management

Policy Documents

- Commission for Self Employed Women 1988
- Committee on Status of Women in India – CSWI – Towards Equality 1975
- National AIDS Control Policy 2002
- National Commission on Women Act 1990
- National Health Policy 2002
- National Nutrition Policy 1993
- National Perspective Plan 1988
- National Plan for Action 1976
- National Plan of Action for the Girl Child (1992-2000) – 1992
- National Policy for the Empowerment of Women 2001
- National Policy on Education 1986
- National Population Policy 2000
- Report of National Expert Committee on Women Prisoners 1987
- Shram Shakti Report 1988
- National Charter for Children 2004
- National Plan of Action for Children 2005

International Documents

- Beijing Declaration - Platform for Action
- Declaration of Mexico Plan
- Nairobi Forward Looking Strategies
- United Nations Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (UN CEDAW)

The Objectives of the National Policy for Empowerment of Women include

- (i) Creating an environment through positive economic and social policies for full development of women to enable them to realize their full potential
- (ii) The *de-jure* and *de-facto* enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedom by women on equal basis with men in all spheres - political, economic, social, cultural and civil
- (iii) Equal access to participation and decision making of women in social, political and economic life of the nation
- (iv) Equal access to women to health care, quality education at all levels, career and vocational guidance, employment, equal remuneration, occupational health and safety, social security and public office, etc.
- (v) Strengthening legal systems aimed at elimination of all forms of discrimination against women
- (vi) Changing societal attitudes and community practices by active participation and involvement of both men and women

- (vii) Mainstreaming a gender perspective in the development process
- (viii) Elimination of discrimination and all forms of violence against women and the girl child; and
- (ix) Building and strengthening partnerships with civil society, particularly women's organizations

Critical Areas of Concern

A. Women and Poverty

- Strategic Objective: Review, adopt and maintain macroeconomic policies and development strategies that address the needs and efforts of women in poverty
- Revise laws and administrative practices to ensure women's equal rights and access to economic resources.
- Provide women with access to savings and credit mechanisms and institutions.

B. Education and Training of Women

- Ensure equal access to education
- Eradicate illiteracy among women
- Improve women's access to vocational training, science and technology, and continuing education
- Develop non-discriminatory education and training
- Allocate sufficient resources for and monitor the implementation of educational reforms
- Promote lifelong education and training for girls and women

C. Women and Health

- Increase women's access throughout the life cycle to appropriate, affordable and quality health care, information and related services
- Strengthen preventive programmes that promote women's health
- Undertake gender-sensitive initiatives that address sexually transmitted diseases, HIV/AIDS, and sexual and reproductive health issues
- Increase resources and monitor follow-up for women's health

D. Violence against Women

- Take integrated measures to prevent and eliminate violence against women
- Study the causes and consequences of violence against women and the effectiveness of preventive measures
- Eliminate trafficking in women and assist victims of prostitution and trafficking

E. Women and Armed Conflict

- Increase the participation of women in conflict resolution at decision-making levels and protect women living in situations of armed and other conflicts or under foreign occupation
- Reduce excessive military expenditures and control the availability of armaments

- Promote nonviolent forms of conflict resolution and reduce the incidence of human rights abuse in conflict situations
- Promote women's contribution to fostering a culture of peace
- Provide protection, assistance and training to refugee women, other displaced women in need of international protection and internally displaced women
- Provide assistance to women of the colonies and non-self governing territories

F. Women and Economy

- Promote women's economic rights and independence, including access to employment, appropriate working conditions and control over economic resources
- Facilitate women's equal access to resources, employment, markets and trade
- Provide business services, training and access to markets, information and technology, particularly to low income women
- Strengthen women's economic capacity and commercial networks
- Eliminate occupational segregation and all forms of employment discrimination
- Promote harmonization of work and family responsibilities for women

G. Women in Power and Decision-making

- Take measures to ensure women's equal access to and full participation in power structures and decision-making
- Increase women's capacity to participate in decision-making and leadership

H. Institutional Mechanisms for the Advancement of Women

- Create or strengthen national machineries and other government bodies
- Integrate gender perspectives in legislation, public policies, programmes and projects
- Generate and disseminate gender-disaggregated data and information for planning and evaluation

I. Human Rights of Women

- Promote and protect the human rights of women, through the full implementation of all human rights instruments, especially the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women
- Ensure equality and non-discrimination under the law and in practice
- Achieve legal literacy

J. Women and the Media

- Increase the participation and access of women to expression and decision-making in and through the media and new technologies of communication
- Promote a balanced and non-stereotyped portrayal of women in the media

K. Women and the Environment

- Involve women actively in environmental decision-making at all levels
- Integrate gender concerns and perspective in policies and programmes for sustainable development
- Strengthen or establish mechanism at the national, regional and international levels to assess the impact of development and environmental policies on women

Women's Empowerment

- The National Policy for the Empowerment of Women with the objective of bringing about advancement, development and empowerment of women in all walks of life has been formulated
- Stree Shakti Puraskars to honour and recognize the achievement and contribution of individual women and institutions who have done outstanding work in the social sector have been instituted
- Guidelines for operationalisation of District Level Committees on Violence against Women and Helplines for women in distress have been issued
- A National level Committee to monitor Supreme Court's Guidelines on prevention of sexual harassment of women at workplace has been set up.
- Tele-conferences between Parliamentarians and grassroots level women to establish a dialogue between MPs/Policy makers and grassroots level functionaries have been organised.
- A National Resource Centre for Women (NRCW) Portal has been set up to inform and empower women, and lodge complaints of women's rights violations online.

Programmes for Women

- Swawlamban, the erstwhile Training-cum-Employment Programme for Women provides skill training to women to facilitate their employment or self-employment on a sustained basis in traditional and non-traditional trades. Till December 2002, 902 projects including 262 continuing projects benefiting 58,458 women were sanctioned. During 2004-05, 24560 women benefited under the programme.
- The Department has initiated the gender budgeting exercise and a chapter on Gender Inequality was incorporated in the Annual Economic Survey. A gender analysis of the Budget 2001-02 has been carried out.
- Measures have been initiated for preparing Gender Development Index for the States and Districts.
- Swayamsidha, an integrated scheme for women's empowerment, is based on the formation of women into Self Help Groups (SHGs) and aims at the holistic empowerment of women through awareness generation, economic empowerment and convergence of various schemes. It is to be implemented in 650 blocks benefiting 9.30 lakh women. Each block would have 100 SHGs with 15-20 women in each group. Nearly 59940 SHGs have been formed.

- Swa-Shakti Project, a World Bank and International Fund for Agricultural Development supported Project, is being implemented in 57 districts of 9 States. With partnership of 218 NGOs, 17,647 Women's Self Help Groups have been formed benefiting 243,962 women.
- Support and Training for Employment Programme (STEP) provides updated skills and new knowledge to poor and asset-less women in traditional occupations for enhancing their productivity and income generation. A package of services such as training, extension, infrastructure, market linkages, etc. are provided besides linkage with credit for transfer of assets. Since its inception, about 655,222 women have been covered under 138 projects till 2003. In 2004-05, 13,000 women benefited under the programme.

Working Women's Hostels

- 889 Working Women's Hostels have been sanctioned benefiting 52,079 women, with 316 having Day Care Centres, benefiting 8226 children.

Legislative Reforms

- Comprehensive review of legislation affecting women has been undertaken by sub-groups formed under the Task Force on Women and Children.

Status of Major International Human Rights Instruments

- * International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination 1965
- * International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966
- * International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights 1966
- * Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women 1979
- ◆ Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment 1984
- * Convention on the Rights of the Child 1989

Notes: * Ratification, accession or succession

◆ Signature not yet followed by ratification

Sources: United Nations Development Programme. (2001). Human Development Report 2001. New York: Oxford University Press. P. 232.

2. Demography and Vital Statistics

The population of the world crossed 6 billion in 1999, and India's population crossed 1 billion in 2000. Some indicators on the quality of life in Asian countries, including India have improved over the years such as life expectancy, literacy and infant mortality, while others have remained static or deteriorated such as environmental sanitation and environmental degradation. International comparisons on a few of the indicators of human development for Asian countries and indicators for different states in India are given in the tables below.

Table 1: Indicators of Human Development for SAARC Countries and Some Asian Countries, 2003

S. No.	Country	Life Expectancy at Birth (Years)	Infant Mortality Rate (per thousand live births)	Adult Literacy Rate (%) (age 15 years & above) ^b
1.	India	63.3	63	61.0
2.	Kerala State (India)		10*	90.92\$
3.	Bangladesh	62.8	46	41.1
4.	Bhutan	62.9	70	47.0
5.	China	71.6	30	90.9
6.	Indonesia	66.8	31	87.9
7.	Korea, Republic	77.0	5	97.9
8.	Malaysia	73.2	7	88.7
9.	Maldives	66.6	55	97.2
10.	Nepal	61.6	61	48.6
11.	Pakistan	63.0	81	48.7
12.	Philippines	70.0	27	92.6
13.	Srilanka	74.0	13	90.4
14.	Thailand	70.0	23	92.6

Notes: Literacy Rate for Kerala is for 7 years and above

b: Data refer to national literacy estimates from census or surveys conducted between 2000 and 2004. Due to differences in methodology and timeliness of underline data, comparisons across countries and over time should be made with caution.

Sources: United Nations Development Programme. (2005). Human Development Report 2005. New Delhi : Oxford University Press. P. 219-221, 250-252.

* India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2003). Sample Registration System Bulletin April 2003. New Delhi. P. 5

\$ India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals: Paper 1 of 2001: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 143.

Variations in Human Development Indicators such as birth rate, death rate, infant mortality rate, expectation of life at birth and literacy in India are given in Table 2.

Table 2: Basic Indicators of Human Development, 1951- 2002

Year	Life Expectancy at Birth (years)	Literacy Rate (percent)	Birth Rate (Per thousand)	Death Rate (Per thousand)	Infant Mortality Rate (Per 1000 live births)
1951	32.1	18.3	39.9	27.4	146
1961	41.3	28.3	41.7	22.8	146
1971	45.6	34.5	36.9	14.9	129
1981	50.4	43.6	33.9	12.5	110
1991	59.4	52.2	29.5	9.8	80
1996	62.4	NA	27.5	9.0	72
1997	NA	62.0*	27.2	8.9	71
1998\$	NA	NA	26.4	9.0	72
1999\$	NA	NA	26.1	8.7	70
2000	NA	NA	\$ 25.8	\$ 8.5	\$ 68
2001		# 65.38	\$ 25.4	\$ 8.4	\$ 66
	Male @ 63.9				
	Female @ 66.9				
2002			\$\$25.0	\$\$ 8.1	\$\$ 63

NA: Not Available

* Provisional

Notes: Office of the Registrar General of India (SRS) NSSO Surveys Census 2001

Sources: India, Ministry of Finance, Economic Division. (2000). Economic Survey 1999-2000. New Delhi. P.167.

\$ India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2003). Sample Registration System Bulletin April 2003. New Delhi. P. 1.

\$\$ India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System Bulletin April 2004. New Delhi. P.1

India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals: Paper 1 of 2001: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 143.

@ India, Ministry of Finance and Company Affairs, Economic Division. (2005). Economic Survey 2004-2005. New Delhi. P. 237.

Some indicators depicting the progress in the situation of India women are given in Table 3.

Table 3: Progress of Indian Women, 2001

Development Indicators	Women	Men	Total	Women	Men	Total
* Demography						
- Population (in million in 1971 & 2001)	264.1	284.0	548.1	495.7	531.2	1027.1
- Decenneal Growth (1971 & 2001)	24.9	24.4	24.6	21.7	20.9	21.34
* Vital Statistics						
- Sex Ratio (1971 & 2001)	930	-	-	933	-	-
- Expectation of Life at Birth (1971 & 1996-2001)	50.2	50.5	50.9	63.4	62.4	-
- Mean Age at Marriage (1971 & 1991)	17.2	22.4	-	19.3	23.9	-
* Health and Family Welfare						
- Birth Rate (1971 & 1998)	-	-	36.9	-	-	26.5
- Death Rate (1970 & 1998)	15.6	15.8	15.7	8.8	9.2	9.0
- Infant Mortality Rate (1978 & 1998)	131	123	127	73.5	69.8	72
- Child Mortality Rate (1970 & 1997)	55.1	51.7	-	24.5	21.8	23.1
- Maternal Mortality Rate (1980 & 1998)	468	-	-	407	-	-
* Literacy and Education						
- Literacy Rates (1971 & 2001)	7.9	24.9	16.7	54.28	75.96	65.38
- Gross Enrolment Ratio (1990-91 & 1998-99)						
Classes I-V	85.5	113.9	100.1	82.9	100.9	92.1
Classes VI-VIII	47.8	76.6	62.1	49.1	65.3	57.6
- Drop-out Rate (1990-91 & 1998-99)						
Classes I-V	46	40.1	42.6	41.2	38.6	39.7
Classes VI-VIII	65.1	59.1	60.9	60.1	54.4	56.8
* Work and Employment						
- Work Participation Rate (1971 & 1991)	14.2	52.8	34.3	22.3	51.6	37.7
- Organised Sector (No. in lakhs in 1971 & 1997)	19.3 (11%)	155.6	174.9	43.9 (15.9%)	231.8	275.7
- Public Sector (No. in lakhs in 1971 & 1997)	8.6 (8%)	98.7	107.3	26.1 (13.8%)	162.6	188.7
- Government (No. in lakhs in 1981 & 1996)	11.9 (11%)	97.1	109.0	15.0 (13.9%)	92.7	107.7
* Decision Making						
- Administrative						
IAS (1987 & 2000)	339 (8.1%)	3865	4204	535 (10.4%)	4624	5159
IPS (1987 & 2000)	21 (0.9%)	2397	2418	110 (3.3%)	3191	3301
- Political						
PRIs (No. in lakhs in 1995 & 1997)	3.18 (33.5%)	6.30	9.48@	8.14 (31.3%)	17.84	25.98
Legislative Assemblies (No. in 1985 & 2000)	141 (5.1%)	2632	2773	229 (5.6%)	3838	4067
Parliament (No. in 1989 & 1999)	47 (61%)	721	768	67 (8.4%)	723	790
Central Council of Ministers (1985-1999)	4 (10%)	36	40	8 (10.9%)	65	73

Notes: @ Refers to 1995 in respect of only 9 States viz. Gujarat, Haryana, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Punjab, Rajasthan, Tripura and West Bengal.
Figure in parentheses indicate the percentage in the total and year of the data in respective columns.
Data from Planning Commission.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2001). Working Group on Empowerment of Women: Tenth Plan (2002-07): Report. New Delhi. P.43.

The population of India by sex, share of various States and Union Territories, and decadal growth rate is given in Table 4.

Table 4: Population of States/Union Territories by Sex (Final), Percentage Share of Population in Total Population, and Decadal Growth Rate, 2001.

S.No	India/State/UTs	Total Population			Percentage Share of Population to Total Population (Provisional)**	Decadal Natural Growth Rate 1991-2001 (%) \$
		Persons	Males	Females		
	India*	1028610328	532156772	496453556	100.00	21.54
1.	Andhra Pradesh	76210007	38527413	37682594	7.37	14.59
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	1097968	579941	518027	0.11	27.00
3.	Assam	26655528	13777037	12878491	2.59	18.92
4.	Bihar	82998509	43243795	39754714	8.07	28.62
5.	Chhattisgarh	20833803	10474218	10359585	2.03	18.27
6.	Delhi	13850507	7607234	6243273	1.34	47.02
7.	Goa	1347668	687248	660420	0.13	15.21
8.	Gujarat	50671017	26385577	24285440	4.93	22.66
9.	Haryana	21144564	11363953	9780611	2.05	28.43
10.	Himachal Pradesh	6077900	3087940	2989960	0.59	17.54
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	10143700	5360926	4782774	0.98	29.43
12.	Jharkhand	26945829	13885037	13060792	2.62	23.36
13.	Karnataka	52850562	26898918	25951644	5.14	17.51
14.	Kerala	31841374	15468614	16372760	3.10	9.43
15.	Madhya Pradesh	60348023	31443652	28904371	5.88	24.26
16.	Maharashtra	96878627	50400596	46478031	9.42	22.73
17.	Manipur*	2166788*	1095634*	1071154*	0.23	24.86
18.	Meghalaya	2318822	1176087	1142735	0.22	30.65
19.	Mizoram	888573	459109	429464	0.09	28.82
20.	Nagaland	1990036	1047141	942895	0.19	64.53
21.	Orissa	36804660	18660570	18144090	3.57	16.25
22.	Punjab	24358999	12985045	11373954	2.37	20.10
23.	Rajasthan	56507188	29420011	27087177	5.50	28.41
24.	Sikkim	540851	288484	252367	0.05	33.06
25.	Tamil Nadu	62405679	31400909	31004770	6.05	11.72
26.	Tripura	3199203	1642225	1556978	0.31	16.03
27.	Uttar Pradesh	166197921	87565369	78632552	16.17	25.85
28.	Uttaranchal	8489349	4325924	4163425	0.83	20.41
29.	West Bengal	80176197	41465985	38710212	7.81	17.77
	Union Territories					
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	356152	192972	163180	0.03	26.90
31.	Chandigarh	900635	506938	393697	0.09	40.28
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	220490	121666	98824	0.02	59.22
33.	Daman & Diu	158204	92512	65692	0.02	55.73
34.	Lakshadweep	60650	31131	29519	0.01	17.30
35.	Pondicherry	974345	486961	487384	0.09	20.62

Notes: * Excluding the population of Mao Maram, Paomata & Purul Sub-divisions of Senapati District of Manipur
Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Final Population Totals: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 1-9.

\$ India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Primary Census Abstract: Total Population: Table A-5: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. L (50)

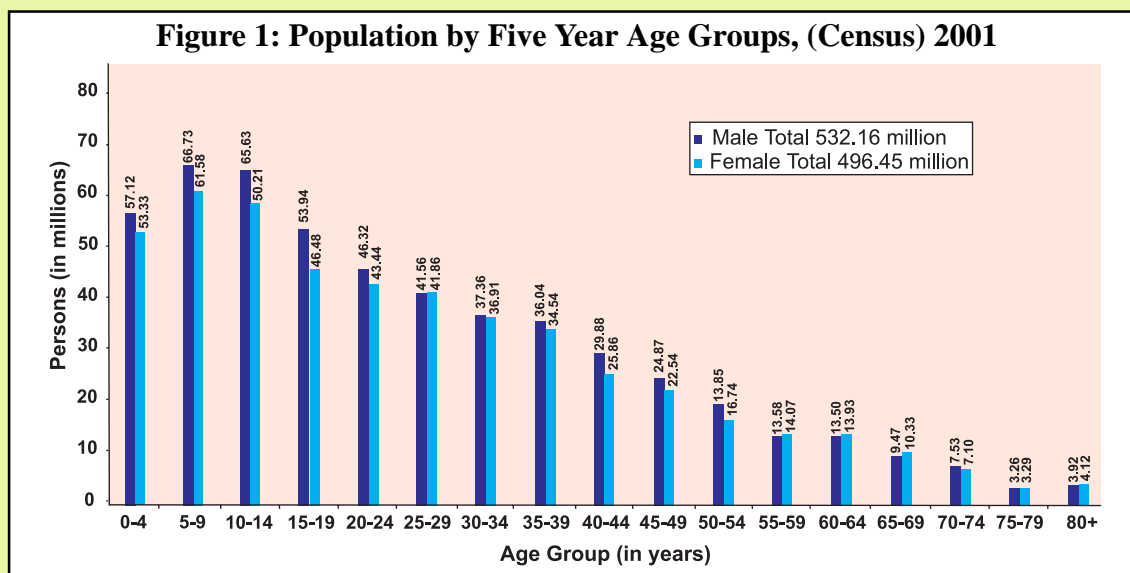
** India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. XII

The sex ratio in five year age groups, and the percentage of population in five year age groups gender-wise in India is given in Table 5.

Table 5: Sex Ratio in Five Year Age Groups, and Percentage Population in Five Year Age Groups, 2001

S. No.	Age Group	Sex Ratio	India Total Persons	Percentage to Total Population	Males	Percentage Males to Total Males	Females	Percentage Females to Total Females
1.	All ages	933	1028610328	100.00	532156772	100.00	496453556	100.00
2.	0-4	934	110447164	10.74	57119612	10.73	53327552	10.74
3.	5-9	923	128316790	12.47	66734833	12.54	61581957	12.40
4.	10-14	902	124846858	12.14	65632877	12.33	59213981	11.93
5.	15-19	858	100215890	9.74	53939991	10.14	46275899	9.32
6.	20-24	938	89764132	8.73	46321150	8.70	43442982	8.75
7.	25-29	1007	83422393	8.11	41557546	7.81	41864847	8.43
8.	30-34	988	74274044	7.22	37361916	7.02	36912128	7.44
9.	35-39	958	70574085	6.86	36038727	6.77	34535358	6.96
10.	40-44	865	55738297	5.42	29878715	5.61	25859582	5.21
11.	45-49	906	47408976	4.61	24867886	4.67	22541090	4.54
12.	50-54	843	36587559	3.56	19851608	3.73	16735951	3.37
13.	55-59	1036	27653347	2.69	13583022	2.55	14070325	2.83
14.	60-64	1025	27516779	2.68	13586347	2.55	13930432	2.81
15.	65-69	1091	19806955	1.93	9472103	1.78	10334852	2.08
16.	70-74	954	14708644	1.43	7527688	1.41	7180956	1.45
17.	75-79	1008	6551225	0.64	3263209	0.61	3288016	0.66
18.	80+	1051	8038718	0.78	3918980	0.74	4119738	0.83
19.	Age not stated	825	2738472	0.27	1500562	0.28	1237910	0.25

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Age Data: Census of India 2001: Compact Disc. New Delhi.



The child population in India in the 0-6 years age group is given in Table 6.

Table 6: Child Population 0-6 Years, 2001.

S.No.	India/State/UTs	Child Population 0-6 Years, 2001		
		Total	Male	Female
	India	163819614	84999203	78820411
1.	Andhra Pradesh	10171857	5187321	4984536
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	205871	104833	101038
3.	Assam	4498075	2289116	2208959
4.	Bihar	16806063	8652705	8153358
5.	Chhattisgarh	3554916	1800413	1754503
6.	Delhi	2016849	1079618	937231
7.	Goa	145968	75338	70630
8.	Gujarat	7532404	4000148	3532256
9.	Haryana	3335537	1833655	1501882
10.	Himachal Pradesh	793137	418426	374711
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	1485803	765394	720409
12.	Jharkhand	4956827	2522036	2434791
13.	Karnataka	7182100	3690958	3491142
14.	Kerala	3793146	1935027	1858119
15.	Madhya Pradesh	10782214	5579847	5202367
16.	Maharashtra	13671126	7146432	6524694
17.	Manipur	308585	157682	150903
18.	Meghalaya	467979	237215	230764
19.	Mizoram	143734	73176	70558
20.	Nagaland	289678	147524	142154
21.	Orissa	5358810	2744552	2614258
22.	Punjab	3171829	1763801	1408028
23.	Rajasthan	10651002	5579616	5071386
24.	Sikkim	78195	39842	38353
25.	Tamil Nadu	7235160	3725616	3509544
26.	Tripura	436446	222002	214444
27.	Uttar Pradesh	31624628	16509033	15115595
28.	Uttaranchal	1360032	712949	647083
29.	West Bengal	11414222	5824180	5590042
	Union Territories			
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	44781	22885	21896
31.	Chandigarh	115613	62664	52949
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	40199	20308	19891
33.	Daman & Diu	20578	10685	9893
34.	Lakshadweep	9091	4641	4450
35.	Pondicherry	117159	59565	57594

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Primary Census Abstract: Total Population: Table A-5: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 1-18.

The population in five year age groups of children, adolescents, youth, adults and aged is given in Table 7.

Table 7: Population in Five Year Age Groups by Sex in States/Union Territories (Total), 2001

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
	India	All ages	1028610328	532156772	496453556
		0-4	110447164	57119612	53327552
		5-9	128316790	66734833	61581957
		10-14	124846858	65632877	59213981
		15-19	100215890	53939991	46275899
		20-24	89764132	46321150	43442982
		25-29	83422393	41557546	41864847
		30-34	74274044	37361916	36912128
		35-39	70574085	36038727	34535358
		40-44	55738297	29878715	25859582
		45-49	47408976	24867886	22541090
		50-54	36587559	19851608	16735951
		55-59	27653347	13583022	14070325
		60-64	27516779	13586347	13930432
		65-69	19806955	9472103	10334852
		70-74	14708644	7527688	7180956
		75-79	6551225	3263209	3288016
		80+	8038718	3918980	4119738
		Age not stated	2738472	1500562	1237910
1	Andhra Pradesh	All ages	76210007	38527413	37682594
		0-4	6684361	3402214	3282147
		5-9	8980791	4571152	4409639
		10-14	8732973	4507721	4225252
		15-19	7579964	3954124	3625840
		20-24	6936897	3478288	3458609
		25-29	6762271	3229258	3533013
		30-34	5625505	2857197	2768308
		35-39	5652711	2800929	2851782
		40-44	4353961	2344256	2009705
		45-49	3804932	1961920	1843012
		50-54	3064827	1607693	1457134
		55-59	2109286	980830	1128456
		60-64	2337506	1122341	1215165
		65-69	1371770	621812	749958

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	1160623	580811	579812
		75-79	413869	204959	208910
		80+	504310	227665	276645
		Age not stated	133450	74243	59207
2	Arunachal Pradesh	All ages	1097968	579941	518027
		0-4	137843	69791	68052
		5-9	162176	83243	78933
		10-14	142806	72764	70042
		15-19	110561	57558	53003
		20-24	86033	44512	41521
		25-29	92902	46972	45930
		30-34	77342	41772	35570
		35-39	77268	42957	34311
		40-44	54374	31603	22771
		45-49	46844	26700	20144
		50-54	35083	21181	13902
		55-59	23710	13762	9948
		60-64	20000	10707	9293
		65-69	11871	6173	5698
		70-74	8295	4404	3891
		75-79	4101	2160	1941
		80+	5649	2973	2676
		Age not stated	1110	709	401
3	Assam	All ages	26655528	13777037	12878491
		0-4	3033998	1539293	1494705
		5-9	3603701	1838233	1765468
		10-14	3332643	1717969	1614674
		15-19	2610793	1368367	1242426
		20-24	2315138	1157866	1157272
		25-29	2315931	1125381	1190550
		30-34	1978201	1006114	972087
		35-39	1921570	1020991	900579
		40-44	1369116	765738	603378
		45-49	1142350	633848	508502
		50-54	843595	467765	375830
		55-59	599152	317679	281473
		60-64	577084	288977	288107
		65-69	382083	191204	190879
		70-74	296029	157066	138963

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	135531	75158	60373
		80+	169639	88180	81459
		Age not stated	28974	17208	11766
4	Bihar	All ages	82998509	43243795	39754714
		0-4	11006072	5623280	5382792
		5-9	12804302	6705263	6099039
		10-14	11063777	5970201	5093576
		15-19	7190188	4028643	3161545
		20-24	6323193	3180063	3143130
		25-29	5908308	2894706	3013602
		30-34	5549787	2713871	2835916
		35-39	5077935	2576089	2501846
		40-44	4153203	2213770	1939433
		45-49	3461664	1778368	1683296
		50-54	2711041	1543620	1167421
		55-59	2069940	990011	1079929
		60-64	2103909	1120743	983166
		65-69	1354937	683656	671281
		70-74	1029921	571438	458483
		75-79	446860	233961	212899
		80+	565647	312207	253440
		Age not stated	177825	103905	73920
5	Chhattisgarh	All ages	20833803	10474218	10359585
		0-4	2452954	1241636	1211318
		5-9	2634363	1331008	1303355
		10-14	2605337	1332937	1272400
		15-19	1931724	1008441	923283
		20-24	1671488	827776	843712
		25-29	1636950	814809	822141
		30-34	1542280	755721	786559
		35-39	1424842	729700	695142
		40-44	1096145	565191	530954
		45-49	946009	482637	463372
		50-54	748558	384446	364112
		55-59	610688	294489	316199
		60-64	568926	263949	304977
		65-69	402092	181311	220781
		70-74	275341	127203	148138

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	122719	55014	67705
		80+	135305	62208	73097
		Age not stated	28082	15742	12340
6	Delhi	All ages	13850507	7607234	6243273
		0-4	1377861	736982	640879
		5-9	1552279	829349	722930
		10-14	1562799	836370	726429
		15-19	1427979	816497	611482
		20-24	1426860	814606	612254
		25-29	1358925	744718	614207
		30-34	1154976	631361	523615
		35-39	1056030	579176	476854
		40-44	809408	463374	346034
		45-49	623059	350852	272207
		50-54	448834	257327	191507
		55-59	310671	167430	143241
		60-64	258619	131032	127587
		65-69	192294	95854	96440
		70-74	132818	69553	63265
		75-79	65097	34548	30549
		80+	70822	35479	35343
		Age not stated	21176	12726	8450
7	Goa	All ages	1347668	687248	660420
		0-4	103823	53624	50199
		5-9	107390	54996	52394
		10-14	120013	61304	58709
		15-19	125031	64970	60061
		20-24	142016	75652	66364
		25-29	138614	70745	67869
		30-34	117544	61304	56240
		35-39	104565	53245	51320
		40-44	82539	44065	38474
		45-49	75632	38066	37566
		50-54	64311	32882	31429
		55-59	46905	23063	23842
		60-64	42394	19972	22422
		65-69	28168	12501	15667
		70-74	20484	8650	11834

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	10315	4279	6036
		80+	10912	4274	6638
		Age not stated	7012	3656	3356
8	Gujarat	All ages	50671017	26385577	24285440
		0-4	5268670	2789888	2478782
		5-9	5682022	3010278	2671744
		10-14	5673476	3014422	2659054
		15-19	5183754	2756478	2427276
		20-24	4839265	2538544	2300721
		25-29	4224871	2182059	2042812
		30-34	3985565	2027533	1958032
		35-39	3630780	1901397	1729383
		40-44	3013173	1585745	1427428
		45-49	2421061	1277531	1143530
		50-54	1851667	988925	862742
		55-59	1350413	657563	692850
		60-64	1297301	625662	671639
		65-69	892465	418028	474437
		70-74	650698	303145	347553
		75-79	284362	126396	157966
		80+	374237	155243	218994
		Age not stated	47237	26740	20497
9	Haryana	All ages	21144564	11363953	9780611
		0-4	2273739	1251155	1022584
		5-9	2622965	1429636	1193329
		10-14	2683276	1436447	1246829
		15-19	2256559	1271643	984916
		20-24	1957303	1075114	882189
		25-29	1733146	911893	821253
		30-34	1511037	771117	739920
		35-39	1401762	730882	670880
		40-44	1107196	600693	506503
		45-49	864937	469917	395020
		50-54	631108	351341	279767.
		55-59	436948	223135	213813
		60-64	489742	229532	260210
		65-69	440663	214964	225699
		70-74	321755	173911	147844

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	148044	79391	68653
		80+	183885	97585	86300
		Age not stated	80499	45597	34902
10	Himachal Pradesh	All ages	6077900	3087940	2989960
		0-4	560187	296555	263632
		5-9	619164	323058	296106
		10-14	705039	361257	343782
		15-19	626624	324318	302306
		20-24	583029	295703	287326
		25-29	517507	256532	260975
		30-34	432675	215401	217274
		35-39	411062	199846	211216
		40-44	330669	167405	163264
		45-49	302882	151023	151859
		50-54	238245	123075	115170
		55-59	188537	94721	93816
		60-64	174130	86950	87180
		65-69	128906	61456	67450
		70-74	106707	53486	53221
		75-79	56865	29021	27844
		80+	80956	39933	41023
		Age not stated	14716	8200	6516
11	Jammu & Kashmir	All ages	10143700	5360926	4782774
		0-4	963603	497184	466419
		5-9	1292763	664480	628283
		10-14	1360659	702837	657822
		15-19	1147081	592332	554749
		20-24	889969	476469	413500
		25-29	789383	422668	366715
		30-34	697138	378777	318361
		35-39	690105	362578	327527
		40-44	538689	302759	235930
		45-49	458315	245036	213279
		50-54	340304	199297	141007
		55-59	254652	125846	128806
		60-64	243842	137398	106444
		65-69	158118	78254	79864
		70-74	132824	75284	57540

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	58497	30246	28251
		80+	82043	44645	37398
		Age not stated	45715	24836	20879
	Jharkhand	All ages	26945829	13885037	13060792
		0-4	3269645	1655097	1614548
		5-9	3904096	2001345	1902751
		10-14	3534953	1852228	1682725
		15-19	2499650	1351313	1148337
		20-24	2149707	1086951	1062756
		25-29	2031648	1011956	1019692
		30-34	1882378	930481	951897
		35-39	1770077	912149	857928
		40-44	1416919	746852	670067
		45-49	1232946	653169	579777
		50-54	929297	511522	417775
		55-59	712543	363852	348691
		60-64	626146	311884	314262
		65-69	399356	191041	208315
		70-74	283615	145095	138520
		75-79	121585	61011	60574
		80+	147960	78203	69757
		Age not stated	33308	20888	12420
13	Karnataka	All ages	52850562	26898918	25951644
		0-4	4942594	2537476	2405118
		5-9	5681431	2893477	2787954
		10-14	6221576	3189233	3032343
		15-19	5381672	2840330	2541342
		20-24	4886225	2541933	2344292
		25-29	4578219	2216303	2361916
		30-34	3821205	1917602	1903603
		35-39	3918079	1926776	1991303
		40-44	3058456	1636842	1421614
		45-49	2713842	1434271	1279571
		50-54	2109655	1117489	992166
		55-59	1423742	694759	728983
		60-64	1498909	728997	769912
		65-69	953187	441373	511814
		70-74	799497	382616	416881

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	353230	168279	184951
		80+	457199	202465	254734
		Age not stated	51844	28697	23147
14	Kerala	All ages	31841374	15468614	16372760
		0-4	2765164	1409487	1355677
		5-9	2544181	1295679	1248502
		10-14	2987200	1523842	1463358
		15-19	2984506	1484586	1499920
		20-24	2983990	1440467	1543523
		25-29	2786195	1296905	1489290
		30-34	2516463	1185807	1330656
		35-39	2466354	1154778	1311576
		40-44	1951284	960397	990887
		45-49	1926144	952021	974123
		50-54	1437520	724701	712819
		55-59	1130244	541668	588576
		60-64	1032136	480345	551791
		65-69	902015	399671	502344
		70-74	613422	273293	340129
		75-79	399089	173558	225531
		80+	389013	157345	231668
		Age not stated	26454	14064	12390
15	Madhya Pradesh	All ages	60348023	31443652	28904371
		0-4	7368736	3801712	3567024
		5-9	8114671	4198430	3916241
		10-14	7769009	4123794	3645215
		15-19	5690617	3155715	2534902
		20-24	5168016	2693698	2474318
		25-29	4664502	2364315	2300187
		30-34	4348461	2189149	2159312
		35-39	3927208	2062808	1864400
		40-44	3016434	1635980	1380454
		45-49	2437191	1281601	1155590
		50-54	1890978	1035226	855752
		55-59	1511753	723319	788434
		60-64	1572796	778022	794774
		65-69	1102622	523430	579192
		70-74	816977	414281	402696

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	352761	168501	184260
		80+	435768	207559	228209
		Age not stated	159523	86112	73411
16	Maharashtra	All ages	96878627	50400596	46478031
		0-4	9532843	4983885	4548958
		5-9	10230090	5302533	4927557
		10-14	11337442	5945917	5391525
		15-19	9570648	5262931	4307717
		20-24	8856660	4781322	4075338
		25-29	8218364	4187247	4031117
		30-34	7392720	3800551	3592169
		35-39	6958360	3540148	3418212
		40-44	5546231	3010446	2535785
		45-49	4543209	2404222	2138987
		50-54	3446336	1863428	1582908
		55-59	2672981	1320060	1352921
		60-64	2730791	1204117	1526674
		65-69	2632665	1229605	1403060
		70-74	1629333	813846	815487
		75-79	682773	333393	349380
		80+	779098	351240	427858
		Age not stated	118083	65705	52378
17	Manipur	All ages	2166788	1095634	1071154
		0-4	205280	104863	100417
		5-9	242917	124006	118911
		10-14	258508	131998	126510
		15-19	237976	118535	119441
		20-24	222484	110393	112091
		25-29	193882	95097	98785
		30-34	159016	80757	78259
		35-39	147041	74098	72943
		40-44	116885	59858	57027
		45-49	98549	50241	48308
		50-54	78474	41206	37268
		55-59	55773	28929	26844
		60-64	48133	24343	23790
		65-69	35897	17990	17907
		70-74	28806	14561	14245

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	15459	7894	7565
		80+	17175	8445	8730
		Age not stated	4533	2420	2113
18	Meghalaya	All ages	2318822	1176087	1142735
		0-4	324566	164343	160223
		5-9	337157	170722	166435
		10-14	319154	161632	157522
		15-19	249780	126857	122923
		20-24	195187	94446	100741
		25-29	184137	87233	96904
		30-34	147732	74672	73060
		35-39	151079	78859	72220
		40-44	103535	55573	47962
		45-49	90705	48622	42083
		50-54	63787	34715	29072
		55-59	43117	22596	20521
		60-64	39326	20448	18878
		65-69	26664	13611	13053
		70-74	18797	9525	9272
		75-79	9696	4948	4748
		80+	11243	5484	5759
		Age not stated	3160	1801	1359
19	Mizoram	All ages	888573	459109	429464
		0-4	100812	51097	49715
		5-9	104232	53201	51031
		10-14	108692	55242	534503
		15-19	98632	49922	48710
		20-24	93686	48172	45514
		25-29	79266	41468	37798
		30-34	60182	31930	28252
		35-39	58829	31376	27453
		40-44	47026	24723	22303
		45-49	36304	19297	17007
		50-54	30956	16609	14347
		55-59	20157	10829	9328
		60-64	16561	8507	8054
		65-69	12371	6344	6027
		70-74	9381	4832	4549
		75-79	5402	2687	2715

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	5308	2430	2878
		Age not stated	776	443	333
20	Nagaland	All ages	1990036	1047141	942895
		0-4	187660	94857	92803
		5-9	257530	133580	123950
		10-14	283219	147721	135498
		15-19	266104	139923	126181
		20-24	209930	110221	99709
		25-29	163442	83129	80313
		30-34	122907	64536	58371
		35-39	122224	63725	58499
		40-44	94984	50914	44070
		45-49	87263	47494	39769
		50-54	59972	35162	24810
		55-59	39734	22543	17191
		60-64	31747	18067	13680
		65-69	20957	11610	9347
		70-74	14881	8348	6533
		75-79	9127	5001	4126
		80+	13611	7710	5901
		Age not stated	4744	2600	2144
21	Orissa	All ages	36804660	18660570	18144090
		0-4	3573657	1823878	1749779
		5-9	4377605	2240896	2136709
		10-14	4256610	2171099	2085511
		15-19	3531384	1760391	1770993
		20-24	3190193	1600793	1589400
		25-29	3108955	1518820	1590135
		30-34	2761000	1376140	1384860
		35-39	2663984	1368317	1295667
		40-44	2062636	1104313	958323
		45-49	1755849	926189	829660
		50-54	1344141	708873	635268
		55-59	1077484	523752	553732
		60-64	1104140	543006	561134
		65-69	768141	363846	404295
		70-74	615357	309442	305915
		75-79	258189	131458	126731

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	293273	154978	138295
		Age not stated	62062	34379	27683
22	Punjab	All ages	24358999	12985045	11373954
		0-4	2128738	1186499	942239
		5-9	2657368	1458964	1198404
		10-14	2831770	1522899	1308871
		15-19	2555933	1393473	1162460
		20-24	2339151	1255974	1083177
		25-29	1945622	1012264	933358
		30-34	1769154	889759	879395
		35-39	1725411	892126	833285
		40-44	1433430	765875	667555
		45-49	1174037	628232	545805
		50-54	895611	503353	392258
		55-59	617179	311595	305584
		60-64	669648	323616	346032
		65-69	585810	286101	299709
		70-74	438386	243010	195376
		75-79	199895	103950	95945
		80+	297954	155014	142940
		Age not stated	93902	52341	41561
23	Rajasthan	All ages	56507188	29420011	27087177
		0-4	7233220	3781055	3452165
		5-9	8068070	4242507	3825563
		10-14	7241941	3847418	3394523
		15-19	5490214	2987604	2502610
		20-24	4749366	2470943	2278423
		25-29	4197223	2127889	2069334
		30-34	3821151	1917187	1903964
		35-39	3453860	1788941	1664919
		40-44	2760275	1476036	1284239
		45-49	2269651	1183740	1085911
		50-54	1775046	974037	801009
		55-59	1349315	646505	702810
		60-64	1361274	676223	685051
		65-69	982874	457287	525587
		70-74	757998	376076	381922
		75-79	315930	145849	170081

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	392196	173490	218706
		Age not stated	287584	147224	140360
24	Sikkim	All ages	540851	288484	252367
		0-4	52269	26789	25480
		5-9	64970	32655	32315
		10-14	71668	36516	35152
		15-19	63444	32639	30805
		20-24	55171	29567	25604
		25-29	47552	24964	22588
		30-34	39153	21650	17503
		35-39	36384	20383	16001
		40-44	28129	16214	11915
		45-49	22177	12832	9345
		50-54	16919	9771	7148
		55-59	12037	7071	4966
		60-64	10469	5812	4657
		65-69	7593	4250	3343
		70-74	5523	3233	2290
		75-79	2749	1552	1197
		80+	2706	1544	1162
		Age not stated	1938	1042	896
25	Tamil Nadu	All ages	62405679	31400909	31004770
		0-4	5098462	2619883	2478579
		5-9	5600086	2875394	2724692
		10-14	6012326	3086803	2925523
		15-19	6183767	3135595	3048172
		20-24	5801384	2872914	2928470
		25-29	5719070	2732907	2986163
		30-34	4687799	2344412	2343387
		35-39	4919080	2396927	2522153
		40-44	3786341	1978669	1807672
		45-49	3610873	1842970	1767903
		50-54	2817473	1452890	1364583
		55-59	2232676	1101957	1130719
		60-64	2049791	1019088	1030703
		65-69	1374926	663631	711295
		70-74	1030919	520254	510665
		75-79	498560	261694	236866

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	553204	271133	282071
		Age not stated	428942	223788	205154
26	Tripura	All ages	3199203	1642225	1556978
		0-4	294460	149741	144719
		5-9	362924	185024	177900
		10-14	418168	214033	204135
		15-19	339439	174314	165125
		20-24	274087	135058	139029
		25-29	278984	136617	142367
		30-34	243142	126049	117093
		35-39	245388	129677	115711
		40-44	171319	94513	76806
		45-49	149769	81560	68209
		50-54	106263	59390	46873
		55-59	77906	40798	37108
		60-64	72848	36201	36647
		65-69	53253	25895	27358
		70-74	46459	22721	23738
		75-79	24745	12036	12709
		80+	35244	15803	19441
		Age not stated	4805	2795	2010
27	Uttar Pradesh	All ages	166197921	87565369	78632552
		0-4	20721672	10741471	9980201
		5-9	24891226	13144490	11746736
		10-14	22310434	11986055	10324379
		15-19	16044841	8976423	7068418
		20-24	13311974	6974638	6337336
		25-29	11792446	5981334	5811112
		30-34	10814273	5339396	5474877
		35-39	9808560	5076548	4732012
		40-44	8047432	4314100	3733332
		45-49	6639015	3452212	3186803
		50-54	5334446	3013249	2321197
		55-59	4095223	1982803	2112420
		60-64	4292319	2263835	2028484
		65-69	2906703	1467691	1439012
		70-74	2239888	1252699	987189

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	943157	498182	444975
		80+	1267401	692487	574914
		Age not stated	736911	407756	329155
28	Uttaranchal	All ages	8489349	4325924	4163425
		0-4	922085	483708	438377
		5-9	1071361	557449	513912
		10-14	1093530	566264	527266
		15-19	929859	485918	443941
		20-24	742540	371700	370840
		25-29	625834	302807	323027
		30-34	547173	267320	279853
		35-39	527314	260250	267064
		40-44	434970	224267	210703
		45-49	375690	189277	186413
		50-54	309198	162143	147055
		55-59	237669	118279	119390
		60-64	229519	113902	115617
		65-69	166863	80695	86168
		70-74	127320	65530	61790
		75-79	60470	31216	29254
		80+	70184	35372	34812
		Age not stated	17770	9827	7943
29	West Bengal	All ages	80176197	41465985	38710212
		0-4	7616261	3874439	3741822
		5-9	9490608	4851125	4639483
		10-14	9538536	4914752	4623784
		15-19	7633878	4069305	3564573
		20-24	7066173	3570800	3495373
		25-29	7051603	3487173	3564430
		30-34	6247678	3224082	3023596
		35-39	6020467	3153170	2867297
		40-44	4598048	2552521	2045527
		45-49	3964137	2171113	1793024
		50-54	2865721	1555475	1310246
		55-59	2271271	1194984	1076287
		60-64	1957889	963542	994347
		65-69	1469768	702927	766841

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	1066622	529068	537554
		75-79	535936	268959	266977
		80+	669884	319995	349889
		Age not stated	111717	62555	49162
	Union Territories				
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	All ages	356152	192972	163180
		0-4	31241	15956	15285
		5-9	34049	17310	16739
		10-14	38754	19924	18830
		15-19	38448	20801	17647
		20-24	38290	20956	17334
		25-29	36751	19383	17368
		30-34	28599	15911	12688
		35-39	28531	15191	13340
		40-44	20609	11720	8889
		45-49	19077	11067	8010
		50-54	12649	7786	4863
		55-59	9509	5921	3588
		60-64	6496	3790	2706
		65-69	4688	2659	2029
		70-74	2983	1654	1329
		75-79	1534	869	665
		80+	1665	862	803
		Age not stated	2279	1212	1067
31	Chandigarh	All ages	900635	506938	393697
		0-4	79225	42917	36308
		5-9	90190	48915	41275
		10-14	91773	49928	41845
		15-19	93276	55014	38262
		20-24	103533	60442	43091
		25-29	93095	52897	40198
		30-34	74786	42125	32661
		35-39	69529	38557	30972
		40-44	55340	31339	24001
		45-49	47079	26644	20435
		50-54	34370	20475	13895
		55-59	22227	13201	9026

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		60-64	15542	8459	7083
		65-69	11226	5671	5555
		70-74	8277	4440	3837
		75-79	4659	2507	2152
		80+	5208	2667	2541
		Age not stated	1300	740	560
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	All ages	220490	121666	98824
		0-4	29421	14861	14560
		5-9	25573	12904	12669
		10-14	22764	11935	10829
		15-19	19967	11313	8654
		20-24	27032	16762	10270
		25-29	25146	15557	9589
		30-34	18006	10441	7565
		35-39	14739	8418	6321
		40-44	10351	5702	4649
		45-49	8327	4534	3793
		50-54	5682	3034	2648
		55-59	4564	2270	2294
		60-64	3702	1623	2079
		65-69	2495	1160	1335
		70-74	1427	590	837
		75-79	579	255	324
		80+	611	254	357
		Age not stated	104	53	51
33	Daman & Diu	All ages	158204	92512	65692
		0-4	14957	7777	7180
		5-9	14261	7376	6885
		10-14	13976	7341	6635
		15-19	17679	11117	6562
		20-24	24834	17610	7224
		25-29	19974	12969	7005
		30-34	13437	8288	5149
		35-39	10433	6034	4399
		40-44	7105	4022	3083
		45-49	5722	2910	2812
		50-54	4363	2182	2181
		55-59	3350	1519	1831
		60-64	3033	1326	1707
		65-69	2080	876	1204

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	1379	552	827
		75-79	739	287	452
		80+	811	281	530
		Age not stated	71	45	26
34	Lakshadweep	All ages	60650	31131	29519
		0-4	6468	3289	3179
		5-9	6625	3415	3210
		10-14	7641	3983	3658
		15-19	6230	3203	3027
		20-24	5634	2769	2865
		25-29	5160	2597	2563
		30-34	4358	2245	2113
		35-39	4105	2040	2065
		40-44	3003	1603	1400
		45-49	3253	1669	1584
		50-54	2287	1263	1024
		55-59	2104	1140	964
		60-64	1487	761	726
		65-69	955	487	468
		70-74	639	309	330
		75-79	267	152	115
		80+	381	175	206
		Age not stated	53	31	22
35	Pondicherry	All ages	974345	486961	487384
		0-4	84617	42930	41687
		5-9	83653	42740	40913
		10-14	94416	48091	46325
		15-19	97688	49398	48290
		20-24	97694	48028	49666
		25-29	96515	45974	50541
		30-34	81221	41258	39963
		35-39	78419	39641	38778
		40-44	59082	31637	27445
		45-49	50482	26101	24381
		50-54	38842	20077	18765
		55-59	29887	14143	15744
		60-64	28624	13170	15454

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			Persons	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6
		65-69	20479	9039	11440
		70-74	15263	6762	8501
		75-79	8434	3838	4596
		80+	8216	3652	4564
		Age not stated	813	482	331

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Census of India 2001: Population in Five Year Age Groups. Compact Disc. New Delhi.

The Scheduled Castes (SC) population in India in five year age groups of children, adolescents, youth, adults and aged is given in Table 8.

Table 8: Scheduled Castes (SC) Population in Five Year Age Groups by Sex in States/Union Territories (Total), 2001

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	India	All ages	166635700	86088760	80546940
		0-4	19446272	9977298	9468974
		5-9	22662508	11778026	10884482
		10-14	21332322	11314211	10018111
		15-19	16120667	8851508	7269159
		20-24	13957965	7109731	6848234
		25-29	13140261	6502353	6637908
		30-34	11537943	5742649	5795294
		35-39	11065850	5629795	5436055
		40-44	8519706	4560214	3959492
		45-49	7271189	3783144	3488045
		50-54	5531990	2990927	2541063
		55-59	4177831	1994748	2183083
		60-64	4350089	2128695	2221394
		65-69	2947771	1389824	1557947
		70-74	2179293	1129098	1050195
		75-79	861740	429920	431820
		80+	1101864	543453	558411
		Age not stated	430439	233166	197273
1	Andhra Pradesh	All ages	12339496	6228011	6111485
		0-4	1135888	574578	561310
		5-9	1575547	799730	775817
		10-14	1547308	807529	739779
		15-19	1220693	645332	575361
		20-24	1078406	528945	549461
		25-29	1074200	512024	562176
		30-34	868661	437320	431341
		35-39	878606	429256	449350
		40-44	673660	359114	314546
		45-49	593986	303257	290729
		50-54	481576	251026	230550
		55-59	325016	148720	176296
		60-64	374561	181262	193299
		65-69	206386	94127	112259

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	171991	89218	82773
		75-79	52201	26763	25438
		80+	61062	29002	32060
		Age not stated	19748	10808	8940
2	Arunachal Pradesh	All ages	6188	3590	2598
		0-4	706	360	346
		5-9	853	441	412
		10-14	777	396	381
		15-19	614	357	257
		20-24	525	309	216
		25-29	642	363	279
		30-34	533	319	214
		35-39	531	337	194
		40-44	324	222	102
		45-49	253	170	83
		50-54	177	134	43
		55-59	112	92	20
		60-64	56	38	18
		65-69	32	20	12
		70-74	23	15	8
		75-79	12	5	7
		80+	10	6	4
		Age not stated	8	6	2
3	Assam	All ages	1825949	943674	882275
		0-4	196350	99896	96454
		5-9	242415	123976	118439
		10-14	238870	122021	116849
		15-19	185052	98402	86650
		20-24	156922	81493	75429
		25-29	154094	75292	78802
		30-34	130406	65417	64989
		35-39	130162	67909	62253
		40-44	92962	51817	41145
		45-49	78879	43594	35285
		50-54	58431	31888	26543
		55-59	42350	22408	19942
		60-64	42056	20235	21821
		65-69	28725	14214	14511

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	23223	12063	11160
		75-79	10216	5639	4577
		80+	13232	6521	6711
		Age not stated	1604	889	715
4	Bihar	All ages	13048608	6784676	6263932
		0-4	1916076	965284	950792
		5-9	2176556	1141615	1034941
		10-14	1707444	943846	763598
		15-19	1012008	569078	442930
		20-24	955125	456141	498984
		25-29	924376	448801	475575
		30-34	884706	432567	452139
		35-39	803527	411153	392374
		40-44	648339	351053	297286
		45-49	528253	271580	256673
		50-54	405999	235807	170192
		55-59	299883	138255	161628
		60-64	315307	170519	144788
		65-69	185327	91594	93733
		70-74	137807	77435	60372
		75-79	52821	26815	26006
		80+	65886	36381	29505
		Age not stated	29168	16752	12416
5	Chhattisgarh	All ages	2418722	1213194	1205528
		0-4	302808	153441	149367
		5-9	324351	165029	159322
		10-14	324563	167208	157355
		15-19	225776	121794	103982
		20-24	190756	94764	95992
		25-29	179820	89256	90564
		30-34	164044	79458	84586
		35-39	149178	74321	74857
		40-44	115628	58032	57596
		45-49	102929	50675	52254
		50-54	84502	42328	42174
		55-59	69340	32631	36709
		60-64	68585	31326	37259
		65-69	48208	21299	26909

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	34117	15802	18315
		75-79	14402	6362	8040
		80+	16289	7539	8750
		Age not stated	3426	1929	1497
6	Delhi	All ages	2343255	1265182	1078073
		0-4	258981	135968	123013
		5-9	297143	156243	140900
		10-14	308431	162829	145602
		15-19	276634	153865	122769
		20-24	239076	132692	106384
		25-29	210684	114019	96665
		30-34	175096	93295	81801
		35-39	164824	89135	75689
		40-44	122381	69861	52520
		45-49	93471	52875	40596
		50-54	62923	36373	26550
		55-59	43747	23173	20574
		60-64	35824	17586	18238
		65-69	21929	10750	11179
		70-74	15107	7837	7270
		75-79	5830	3021	2809
		80+	8180	3938	4242
		Age not stated	2994	1722	1272
7	Goa	All ages	23791	12047	11744
		0-4	2017	1033	984
		5-9	2206	1105	1101
		10-14	2626	1332	1294
		15-19	2498	1324	1174
		20-24	2572	1297	1275
		25-29	2414	1183	1231
		30-34	1961	1031	930
		35-39	1765	868	897
		40-44	1385	707	678
		45-49	1307	690	617
		50-54	978	513	465
		55-59	687	345	342
		60-64	537	260	277
		65-69	359	142	217

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	236	105	131
		75-79	108	45	63
		80+	108	49	59
		Age not stated	27	18	9
8	Gujarat	All ages	3592715	1866283	1726432
		0-4	381929	201766	180163
		5-9	407827	215922	191905
		10-14	426725	226854	199871
		15-19	401984	215901	186083
		20-24	345205	184279	160926
		25-29	290288	148103	142185
		30-34	268478	135627	132851
		35-39	247698	127328	120370
		40-44	203339	106098	97241
		45-49	166387	85491	80896
		50-54	129266	68452	60814
		55-59	95664	45272	50392
		60-64	91418	43912	47506
		65-69	55869	25620	30249
		70-74	40954	18519	22435
		75-79	15403	6753	8650
		80+	21226	8667	12559
		Age not stated	3055	1719	1336
9	Haryana	All ages	4091110	2188585	1902525
		0-4	490452	262594	227858
		5-9	567022	304226	262796
		10-14	566767	302544	264223
		15-19	453011	257313	195698
		20-24	364269	201445	162824
		25-29	318317	168468	149849
		30-34	274213	138844	135369
		35-39	251929	131814	120115
		40-44	192299	104072	88227
		45-49	149022	80864	68158
		50-54	106714	59507	47207
		55-59	73402	36826	36576
		60-64	85026	38400	46626
		65-69	76796	36334	40462

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	54904	29615	25289
		75-79	22774	12162	10612
		80+	28258	14827	13431
		Age not stated	15935	8730	7205
10	Himachal Pradesh	All ages	1502170	763333	738837
		0-4	151904	78596	73308
		5-9	166282	85219	81063
		10-14	185335	94172	91163
		15-19	154829	80630	74199
		20-24	140632	71076	69556
		25-29	125133	62291	62842
		30-34	102855	51432	51423
		35-39	99296	48391	50905
		40-44	77401	39099	38302
		45-49	72323	36310	36013
		50-54	55355	28988	26367
		55-59	43675	21933	21742
		60-64	41271	21083	20188
		65-69	28719	14022	14697
		70-74	23918	12611	11307
		75-79	11713	6191	5522
		80+	17853	9293	8560
		Age not stated	3676	1996	1680
11	Jammu & Kashmir	All ages	770155	403256	366899
		0-4	79537	41916	37621
		5-9	93596	48894	44702
		10-14	101371	52406	48965
		15-19	90280	46722	43558
		20-24	70512	37780	32732
		25-29	62404	32552	29852
		30-34	52008	26806	25202
		35-39	50761	26112	24649
		40-44	37092	20291	16801
		45-49	31784	16545	15239
		50-54	24314	13481	10833
		55-59	18065	9119	8946
		60-64	17606	9164	8442
		65-69	13292	6664	6628
		70-74	11308	6172	5136

Factsheet on Women in India 2005

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	5570	2946	2624
		80+	7930	4182	3748
		Age not stated	2725	1504	1221
12	Jharkhand	All ages	3189320	1640583	1548737
		0-4	426825	213835	212990
		5-9	505408	258226	247182
		10-14	436784	232447	204337
		15-19	282137	156570	125567
		20-24	243380	120542	122838
		25-29	228233	112922	115311
		30-34	215341	104826	110515
		35-39	203124	103639	99485
		40-44	163262	86067	77195
		45-49	138559	72824	65735
		50-54	101666	56384	45282
		55-59	76188	37566	38622
		60-64	69361	34730	34631
		65-69	41189	19410	21779
		70-74	29028	15108	13920
		75-79	11144	5498	5646
		80+	13679	7281	6398
		Age not stated	4012	2708	1304
13	Karnataka	All ages	8563930	4339745	4224185
		0-4	896315	456465	439850
		5-9	1046013	529613	516400
		10-14	1130638	584988	545650
		15-19	881836	480516	401320
		20-24	724298	369143	355155
		25-29	698189	330387	367802
		30-34	575116	282820	292296
		35-39	606280	292621	313659
		40-44	462324	245006	217318
		45-49	410904	215648	195256
		50-54	317766	167104	150662
		55-59	205269	97571	107698
		60-64	233776	112075	121701
		65-69	134903	61246	73657
		70-74	119149	57406	61743
		75-79	46560	22344	24216

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	66436	30273	36163
		Age not stated	8158	4519	3639
14	Kerala	All ages	3123941	1525114	1598827
		0-4	268058	136908	131150
		5-9	230469	117097	113372
		10-14	279559	142369	137190
		15-19	298655	147770	150885
		20-24	311857	148414	163443
		25-29	304133	144741	159392
		30-34	257788	126420	131368
		35-39	256474	123711	132763
		40-44	186274	92568	93706
		45-49	197957	98447	99510
		50-54	130134	65971	64163
		55-59	108179	51071	57108
		60-64	99455	44450	55005
		65-69	80629	34665	45964
		70-74	49304	21729	27575
		75-79	31277	14173	17104
		80+	31294	13297	17997
		Age not stated	2445	1313	1132
15	Madhya Pradesh	All ages	9155177	4804881	4350296
		0-4	1195674	616728	578946
		5-9	1304937	681252	623685
		10-14	1224889	664276	560613
		15-19	844197	489582	354615
		20-24	758120	396155	361965
		25-29	681869	347969	333900
		30-34	632243	318544	313699
		35-39	569500	301621	267879
		40-44	431116	235369	195747
		45-49	347647	181652	165995
		50-54	273772	149130	124642
		55-59	220271	100556	119715
		60-64	247327	120299	127028
		65-69	165369	75985	89384
		70-74	124325	62390	61935
		75-79	48130	21985	26145

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	61512	28300	33212
		Age not stated	24279	13088	11191
16	Maharashtra	All ages	9881656	5063062	4818594
		0-4	1023599	527471	496128
		5-9	1105205	567546	537659
		10-14	1256160	657448	598712
		15-19	1003858	559213	444645
		20-24	869318	456228	413090
		25-29	797635	397623	400012
		30-34	709676	355528	354148
		35-39	678013	335485	342528
		40-44	531080	284176	246904
		45-49	433468	225008	208460
		50-54	327057	173581	153476.
		55-59	261248	123484	137764
		60-64	292549	121813	170736
		65-69	280724	127302	153422
		70-74	168701	84287	84414
		75-79	60452	29315	31137
		80+	72208	31634	40574
		Age not stated	10705	5920	4785
17	Manipur	All ages	60037	29934	30103
		0-4	5833	2940	2893
		5-9	6512	3321	3191
		10-14	6533	3330	3203
		15-19	5809	2881	2928
		20-24	5971	2878	3093
		25-29	5573	2618	2955
		30-34	4773	2366	2407
		35-39	4198	2132	2066
		40-44	3347	1709	1638
		45-49	2938	1507	1431
		50-54	2372	1167	1205
		55-59	1779	919	860
		60-64	1461	734	727
		65-69	1111	546	565
		70-74	815	384	431
		75-79	484	244	240

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	488	232	256
		Age not stated	40	26	14
18	Meghalaya	All ages	11139	5920	5219
		0-4	1223	637	586
		5-9	1532	779	753
		10-14	1490	765	725
		15-19	1159	655	504
		20-24	917	483	434
		25-29	918	462	456
		30-34	867	449	418
		35-39	841	449	392
		40-44	565	325	240
		45-49	474	278	196
		50-54	340	188	152
		55-59	254	157	97
		60-64	229	121	108
		65-69	128	63	65
		70-74	80	44	36
		75-79	49	27	22
		80+	54	26	28
		Age not stated	19	12	7
19	Mizoram	All ages	272	212	60
		0-4	16	9	7
		5-9	18	6	12
		10-14	16	7	9
		15-19	12	8	4
		20-24	34	28	6
		25-29	53	45	8
		30-34	51	44	7
		35-39	31	28	3
		40-44	14	12	2
		45-49	12	11	1
		50-54	9	9	0
		55-59	5	5	0
		60-64	0	0	0
		65-69	0	0	0
		70-74	1	0	1
		75-79	0	0	0

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	0	0	0
		Age not stated	0	0	0
20	Nagaland	There is no SC population in Nagaland			
21	Orissa	All ages	6082063	3073278	3008785
		0-4	631123	321034	310089
		5-9	762410	388563	373847
		10-14	730178	371543	358635
		15-19	579410	291291	288119
		20-24	492233	248876	243357
		25-29	493087	237026	256061
		30-34	439652	214294	225358
		35-39	442473	225510	216963
		40-44	330870	177360	153510
		45-49	280663	148468	132195
		50-54	211698	110459	101239
		55-59	174044	82795	91249
		60-64	186606	91211	95395
		65-69	130616	62089	68527
		70-74	103967	53731	50236
		75-79	39462	20419	19043
		80+	44030	23391	20639
		Age not stated	9541	5218	4323
22	Punjab	All ages	7028723	3714350	3314373
		0-4	727171	390467	336704
		5-9	897944	480284	417660
		10-14	902411	478272	424139
		15-19	774178	422635	351543
		20-24	639697	345881	293816
		25-29	527998	270564	257434
		30-34	481499	237630	243869
		35-39	463371	238479	224892
		40-44	368841	197528	171313
		45-49	300220	160543	139677
		50-54	219511	125133	94378
		55-59	149378	72525	76853
		60-64	172808	82377	90431
		65-69	148423	71795	76628
		70-74	112147	64117	48030

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	45984	24086	21898
		80+	69064	36977	32087
		Age not stated	28078	15057	13021
23	Rajasthan	All ages	9694462	5067679	4626783
		0-4	1348680	699028	649652
		5-9	1497671	790411	707260
		10-14	1292557	696981	595576
		15-19	941271	530437	410834
		20-24	792081	415293	376788
		25-29	697148	356814	340334
		30-34	626892	314588	312304
		35-39	564365	292126	272239
		40-44	444200	237061	207139
		45-49	363793	187303	176490
		50-54	285630	155311	130319
		55-59	212707	98238	114469
		60-64	224211	106954	117257
		65-69	156379	70061	86318
		70-74	118362	57831	60531
		75-79	43122	19343	23779
		80+	53768	23469	30299
		Age not stated	31625	16430	15195
24	Sikkim	All ages	27165	13807	13358
		0-4	2931	1499	1432
		5-9	3558	1810	1748
		10-14	3847	1927	1920
		15-19	3382	1631	1751
		20-24	2790	1353	1437
		25-29	2254	1061	1193
		30-34	1739	916	823
		35-39	1698	828	870
		40-44	1240	692	548
		45-49	1019	543	476
		50-54	797	453	344
		55-59	621	348	273
		60-64	471	275	196
		65-69	333	183	150
		70-74	226	140	86

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	97	49	48
		80+	104	62	42
		Age not stated	58	37	21
25	Tamil Nadu	All ages	11857504	5932925	5924579
		0-4	1106599	563223	543376
		5-9	1193026	608302	584724
		10-14	1286520	656115	630405
		15-19	1250092	634939	615153
		20-24	1076442	524223	552219
		25-29	1076826	509347	567479
		30-34	824525	403911	420614
		35-39	934250	447440	486810
		40-44	673514	350478	323036
		45-49	664138	338401	325737
		50-54	492583	252592	239991
		55-59	383958	192695	191263
		60-64	348781	174827	173954
		65-69	204782	99507	105275
		70-74	149047	77396	71651
		75-79	60218	32672	27546
		80+	71615	36172	35443
		Age not stated	60588	30685	29903
26	Tripura	All ages	555724	283186	272538
		0-4	50532	25778	24754
		5-9	61204	31149	30055
		10-14	77182	39236	37946
		15-19	63073	32597	30476
		20-24	49549	24767	24782
		25-29	48269	23303	24966
		30-34	40757	20800	19957
		35-39	40919	21087	19832
		40-44	28512	15694	12818
		45-49	24843	13277	11566
		50-54	17828	9661	8167
		55-59	13002	6797	6205
		60-64	12825	6091	6734
		65-69	8820	4357	4463
		70-74	7902	3742	4160

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	3928	1892	2036
		80+	5731	2470	3261
		Age not stated	848	488	360
27	Uttar Pradesh	All ages	35148377	18502838	16645539
		0-4	4763113	2444736	2318377
		5-9	5609988	2958149	2651839
		10-14	4728933	2575211	2153722
		15-19	3172725	1829540	1343185
		20-24	2660273	1376585	1283688
		25-29	2460362	1246998	1213364
		30-34	2279178	1120773	1158405
		35-39	2048825	1069956	978869
		40-44	1650895	884239	766656
		45-49	1353845	696183	657662
		50-54	1083445	609627	473818
		55-59	836291	385690	450601
		60-64	927842	482371	445471
		65-69	596830	294614	302216
		70-74	442877	245613	197264
		75-79	166464	85267	81197
		80+	223853	119633	104220
		Age not stated	142638	77653	64985
28	Uttaranchal	All ages	1517186	780772	736414
		0-4	190846	98523	92323
		5-9	217549	112355	105194
		10-14	206273	107046	99227
		15-19	163259	86672	76587
		20-24	124173	63258	60915
		25-29	108798	53184	55614
		30-34	94343	46156	48187
		35-39	92181	46003	46178
		40-44	72255	37864	34391
		45-49	62839	32241	30598
		50-54	49392	26633	22759
		55-59	38066	19223	18843
		60-64	37303	19420	17883
		65-69	24499	12429	12070
		70-74	17657	9862	7795

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	7296	4036	3260
		80+	8603	4765	3838
		Age not stated	1854	1102	752
29	West Bengal	All ages	18452555	9469659	8982896
		0-4	1857046	945007	912039
		5-9	2329374	1188175	1141199
		10-14	2320071	1201244	1118827
		15-19	1795650	974372	821278
		20-24	1629455	808042	821413
		25-29	1636237	799559	836678
		30-34	1405893	717656	688237
		35-39	1356287	709344	646943
		40-44	989065	544019	445046
		45-49	854420	460665	393755
		50-54	597457	313382	284075
		55-59	476942	242393	234549
		60-64	416377	194052	222325
		65-69	303352	138919	164433
		70-74	219277	104553	114724
		75-79	104741	51226	53515
		80+	137980	64359	73621
		Age not stated	22931	12692	10239
	Union Territories				
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	There is no SC population in Andaman & Nicobar Islands			
31	Chandigarh	All ages	157597	86187	71410
		0-4	17127	9004	8123
		5-9	19809	10522	9287
		10-14	19413	10379	9034
		15-19	17510	9863	7647
		20-24	16872	9226	7646
		25-29	14923	8174	6749
		30-34	12048	6486	5562
		35-39	11562	6292	5270
		40-44	8360	4773	3587
		45-49	6929	3968	2961
		50-54	4672	2775	1897
		55-59	3098	1868	1230
		60-64	2047	1120	927

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		65-69	1226	632	594
		70-74	914	518	396
		75-79	405	229	176
		80+	537	283	254
		Age not stated	145	75	70
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	All ages	4104	2159	1945
		0-4	476	251	225
		5-9	437	219	218
		10-14	366	200	166
		15-19	413	229	184
		20-24	504	259	245
		25-29	473	255	218
		30-34	337	194	143
		35-39	278	137	141
		40-44	186	108	78
		45-49	178	83	95
		50-54	123	70	53
		55-59	96	43	53
		60-64	76	42	34
		65-69	65	33	32
		70-74	46	17	29
		75-79	20	8	12
		80+	28	10	18
		Age not stated	2	1	1
33	Daman & Diu	All ages	4838	2498	2340
		0-4	484	255	229
		5-9	493	269	224
		10-14	574	298	276
		15-19	556	287	269
		20-24	527	285	242
		25-29	463	254	209
		30-34	363	207	156
		35-39	320	155	165
		40-44	243	126	117
		45-49	200	101	99
		50-54	159	72	87
		55-59	140	61	79
		60-64	109	48	61
		65-69	98	40	58
		70-74	51	16	35

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	SC Persons	SC Males	SC Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	23	11	12
		80+	34	12	22
		Age not stated	1	1	0
34	Lakshadweep	There is no SC population in Lakshadweep			
35	Pondicherry	All ages	157771	78140	79631
		0-4	15953	8068	7885
		5-9	15153	7578	7575
		10-14	17711	8992	8719
		15-19	18106	9102	9004
		20-24	15474	7591	7883
		25-29	14448	6695	7753
		30-34	11901	5925	5976
		35-39	12583	6128	6455
		40-44	8733	4674	4059
		45-49	7549	3942	3607
		50-54	5344	2728	2616
		55-59	4354	1969	2385
		60-64	4228	1900	2328
		65-69	2653	1162	1491
		70-74	1829	822	1007
		75-79	834	394	440
		80+	812	402	410
		Age not stated	106	68	38

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Census of India 2001: Population in Five Year Age Groups. Compact Disc. New Delhi.

The Scheduled Tribes (ST) population in India in five year age groups of children, adolescents, youth, adults and aged is given in Table 9.

Table 9: Scheduled Tribes (ST) Population in Five Year Age Groups by Sex in States / Union Territories (Total), 2001

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
	India	All ages	84326240	42640829	41685411
		0-4	10535556	5324400	5211156
		5-9	11990558	6128221	5862337
		10-14	10721378	5587180	5134198
		15-19	7857411	4073351	3784060
		20-24	6745721	3260929	3484792
		25-29	6641651	3235544	3406107
		30-34	5986735	2936777	3049958
		35-39	5696039	2920762	2775277
		40-44	4330501	2271096	2059405
		45-49	3685371	1926499	1758872
		50-54	2734626	1446186	1288440
		55-59	2072535	991116	1081419
		60-64	2036863	972771	1064092
		65-69	1334211	613245	720966
		70-74	929890	452967	476923
		75-79	370754	173635	197119
		80+	456782	220550	236232
		Age not stated	199658	105600	94058
1	Andhra Pradesh	All ages	5024104	2548295	2475809
		0-4	560639	283787	276852
		5-9	778149	400303	377846
		10-14	634396	342685	291711
		15-19	447380	231229	216151
		20-24	410952	189770	221182
		25-29	435164	208119	227045
		30-34	356813	179780	177033
		35-39	345669	173892	171777
		40-44	257759	137756	120003
		45-49	221170	113840	107330
		50-54	170016	90904	79112
		55-59	111459	50486	60973
		60-64	124115	61436	62679
		65-69	67193	30400	36793

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	53981	28796	25185
		75-79	17177	8690	8487
		80+	22414	10882	11532
		Age not stated	9658	5540	4118
2	Arunachal Pradesh	All ages	705158	352017	353141
		0-4	91774	46154	45620
		5-9	110146	56184	53962
		10-14	96627	48450	48177
		15-19	75250	37868	37382
		20-24	50531	23712	26819
		25-29	54198	24908	29290
		30-34	43344	21051	22293
		35-39	43480	21572	21908
		40-44	31883	16546	15337
		45-49	29286	14911	14375
		50-54	22958	12307	10651
		55-59	16186	8272	7914
		60-64	15338	7776	7562
		65-69	9274	4617	4657
		70-74	6499	3309	3190
		75-79	3235	1662	1573
		80+	4520	2349	2179
		Age not stated	629	369	260
3	Assam	All ages	3308570	1678117	1630453
		0-4	363706	185103	178603
		5-9	452313	230771	221542
		10-14	433374	221286	212088
		15-19	361231	181030	180201
		20-24	294227	139926	154301
		25-29	292989	137615	155374
		30-34	240692	118619	122073
		35-39	234350	124787	109563
		40-44	157357	85118	72239
		45-49	135910	74043	61867
		50-54	95490	51762	43728
		55-59	70133	35887	34246
		60-64	65226	33126	32100
		65-69	42058	20870	21188

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	31743	17236	14507
		75-79	15489	8751	6738
		80+	19242	10464	8778
		Age not stated	3040	1723	1317
4	Bihar	All ages	758351	393114	365237
		0-4	100086	50286	49800
		5-9	120979	62834	58145
		10-14	98366	52979	45387
		15-19	62987	35233	27754
		20-24	55140	26797	28343
		25-29	56543	27790	28753
		30-34	54627	26794	27833
		35-39	51473	26833	24640
		40-44	40635	22112	18523
		45-49	33162	17680	15482
		50-54	24519	14032	10487
		55-59	17525	8312	9213
		60-64	17582	8993	8589
		65-69	9975	4637	5338
		70-74	7221	3843	3378
		75-79	2741	1373	1368
		80+	3498	1848	1650
		Age not stated	1292	738	554
5	Chhattisgarh	All ages	6616596	3287334	3329262
		0-4	810092	405021	405071
		5-9	879088	441292	437796
		10-14	816115	417668	398447
		15-19	590211	301906	288305
		20-24	485868	230868	255000
		25-29	503538	247962	255576
		30-34	487872	233800	254072
		35-39	467244	239983	227261
		40-44	355229	181013	174216
		45-49	310972	159300	151672
		50-54	239794	121524	118270
		55-59	198001	93942	104059
		60-64	181331	82943	98388
		65-69	121580	53233	68347

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	82740	37022	45718
		75-79	36380	15595	20785
		80+	41376	19084	22292
		Age not stated	9165	5178	3987
6	Delhi	Delhi does not have any tribal population			
7	Goa	All ages	566	299	267
		0-4	67	34	33
		5-9	56	28	28
		10-14	71	32	39
		15-19	65	38	27
		20-24	62	33	29
		25-29	64	39	25
		30-34	42	16	26
		35-39	49	31	18
		40-44	26	13	13
		45-49	21	12	9
		50-54	16	9	7
		55-59	10	8	2
		60-64	10	2	8
		65-69	4	2	2
		70-74	2	1	1
		75-79	0	0	0
		80+	0	0	0
		Age not stated	1	1	0
8	Gujarat	All ages	7481160	3790117	3691043
		0-4	925972	469431	456541
		5-9	976072	500560	475512
		10-14	882375	459797	422578
		15-19	687951	357522	330429
		20-24	638830	311811	327019
		25-29	611188	303129	308059
		30-34	583916	287929	295987
		35-39	521940	271936	250004
		40-44	419345	212764	206581
		45-49	348385	183199	165186
		50-54	254066	131695	122371
		55-59	195085	94712	100373
		60-64	175856	83817	92039
		65-69	113584	53621	59963

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	75751	35401	40350
		75-79	29319	13062	16257
		80+	35535	16311	19224
		Age not stated	5990	3420	2570
9	Haryana	Haryana does not have any tribal population			
10	Himachal Pradesh	All ages	244587	122549	122038
		0-4	23544	12162	11382
		5-9	26636	13445	13191
		10-14	30458	15363	15095
		15-19	25916	12868	13048
		20-24	22011	11013	10998
		25-29	19489	9675	9814
		30-34	16685	8269	8416
		35-39	16346	8049	8297
		40-44	12587	6302	6285
		45-49	11723	5809	5914
		50-54	9326	4845	4481
		55-59	7485	3767	3718
		60-64	7230	3568	3662
		65-69	4929	2351	2578
		70-74	4039	2039	2000
		75-79	2218	1070	1148
		80+	3178	1537	1641
		Age not stated	787	417	370
11	Jammu & Kashmir	All ages	1105979	578949	527030
		0-4	134821	68043	66778
		5-9	166714	85135	81579
		10-14	155801	81799	74002
		15-19	116681	61928	54753
		20-24	86260	44780	41480
		25-29	78394	39455	38939
		30-34	68290	35260	33030
		35-39	68387	34829	33558
		40-44	52548	29356	23192
		45-49	45021	23555	21466
		50-54	33835	20207	13628
		55-59	23502	11390	12112
		60-64	26134	15385	10749
		65-69	15256	7905	7351

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	14754	8848	5906
		75-79	6016	3170	2846
		80+	9690	5789	3901
		Age not stated	3875	2115	1760
12	Jharkhand	All ages	7087068	3565960	3521108
		0-4	872440	438025	434415
		5-9	1064835	544310	520525
		10-14	918344	476232	442112
		15-19	621855	323183	298672
		20-24	521630	248546	273084
		25-29	528328	257918	270410
		30-34	503673	240779	262894
		35-39	484148	247548	236600
		40-44	386019	198878	187141
		45-49	334134	174838	159296
		50-54	248722	130553	118169
		55-59	190149	91317	98832
		60-64	173860	80805	93055
		65-69	102854	46402	56452
		70-74	68438	32244	36194
		75-79	26934	12706	14228
		80+	31336	15937	15399
		Age not stated	9369	5739	3630
13	Karnataka	All ages	3463986	1756238	1707748
		0-4	367127	187095	180032
		5-9	435859	219876	215983
		10-14	453709	233167	220542
		15-19	344831	189575	155256
		20-24	287508	147762	139746
		25-29	279596	131589	148007
		30-34	237919	116845	121074
		35-39	248684	121124	127560
		40-44	192321	103637	88684
		45-49	164842	87122	77720
		50-54	128694	67549	61145
		55-59	82638	39203	43435
		60-64	93912	44848	49064
		65-69	53910	24012	29898
		70-74	46941	22216	24725

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		75-79	17948	8251	9697
		80+	24432	10637	13795
		Age not stated	3115	1730	1385
14	Kerala	All ages	364189	180169	184020
		0-4	37016	18775	18241
		5-9	31389	15869	15520
		10-14	35239	18213	17026
		15-19	36891	18259	18632
		20-24	39406	17804	21602
		25-29	37380	18286	19094
		30-34	27162	13514	13648
		35-39	28078	13771	14307
		40-44	19836	9949	9887
		45-49	20537	10270	10267
		50-54	13366	6942	6424
		55-59	10353	5088	5265
		60-64	9452	4642	4810
		65-69	7424	3488	3936
		70-74	4719	2297	2422
		75-79	2590	1332	1258
		80+	3006	1482	1524
		Age not stated	345	188	157
15	Madhya Pradesh	All ages	12233474	6195240	6038234
		0-4	1802892	909258	893634
		5-9	1891572	960813	930759
		10-14	1615656	846089	769567
		15-19	1032986	539011	493975
		20-24	916153	440896	475257
		25-29	896036	441490	454546
		30-34	860878	423545	437333
		35-39	770926	403482	367444
		40-44	572930	303343	269587
		45-49	470707	243493	227214
		50-54	356103	191174	164929
		55-59	284842	130968	153874
		60-64	298218	144017	154201
		65-69	190000	86885	103115
		70-74	129335	62961	66374
		75-79	49612	21934	27678

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	60865	28209	32656
		Age not stated	33763	17672	16091
16	Maharashtra	All ages	8577276	4347754	4229522
		0-4	1080075	548146	531929
		5-9	1124181	577521	546660
		10-14	1097116	577393	519723
		15-19	816252	431060	385192
		20-24	698207	347260	350947
		25-29	655744	322156	333588
		30-34	603125	296065	307060
		35-39	580585	292498	288087
		40-44	451103	236805	214298
		45-49	369129	194100	175029
		50-54	269149	140526	128623
		55-59	218003	104225	113778
		60-64	223925	96971	126954
		65-69	188900	87512	101388
		70-74	109978	52904	57074
		75-79	39744	18444	21300
		80+	42785	19101	23684
		Age not stated	9275	5067	4208
17	Manipur	All ages	741141	374319	366822
		0-4	67549	34511	33038
		5-9	87694	44923	42771
		10-14	95372	49100	46272
		15-19	90127	45350	44777
		20-24	77341	38046	39295
		25-29	64245	30784	33461
		30-34	49844	24484	25360
		35-39	47463	23446	24017
		40-44	37529	19088	18441
		45-49	33629	16959	16670
		50-54	25723	13703	12020
		55-59	18069	9418	8651
		60-64	15618	8164	7454
		65-69	11174	5593	5581
		70-74	8523	4644	3879
		75-79	4386	2388	1998

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	5028	2750	2278
		Age not stated	1827	968	859
18	Meghalaya	All ages	1992862	996567	996295
		0-4	290156	146769	143387
		5-9	297471	150453	147018
		10-14	279904	141185	138719
		15-19	216392	108093	108299
		20-24	164599	77585	87014
		25-29	153629	70993	82636
		30-34	120970	59379	61591
		35-39	125471	63886	61585
		40-44	85788	44803	40985
		45-49	76055	39887	36168
		50-54	53090	27981	25109
		55-59	35913	18091	17822
		60-64	33858	17396	16462
		65-69	22915	11620	11295
		70-74	16102	8139	7963
		75-79	8285	4195	4090
		80+	9552	4618	4934
		Age not stated	2712	1494	1218
19	Mizoram	All ages	839310	422963	416347
		0-4	97234	49265	47969
		5-9	100419	51133	49286
		10-14	105189	53396	51793
		15-19	94972	47579	47393
		20-24	86235	42111	44124
		25-29	71561	35174	36387
		30-34	54193	27063	27130
		35-39	54003	27457	26546
		40-44	44076	22406	21670
		45-49	34337	17735	16602
		50-54	29201	15120	14081
		55-59	19185	9992	9193
		60-64	16187	8253	7934
		65-69	12140	6186	5954
		70-74	9217	4735	4482
		75-79	5302	2629	2673

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	5189	2361	2828
		Age not stated	670	368	302
20	Nagaland	All ages	1774026	913203	860823
		0-4	167203	84304	82899
		5-9	233464	120895	112569
		10-14	259820	135052	124768
		15-19	245399	127741	117658
		20-24	187692	96191	91501
		25-29	139665	68195	71470
		30-34	101090	49494	51596
		35-39	101668	49327	52341
		40-44	81918	41639	40279
		45-49	77636	40729	36907
		50-54	53460	30327	23133
		55-59	36276	20024	16252
		60-64	29573	16607	12966
		65-69	19605	10773	8832
		70-74	13980	7780	6200
		75-79	8681	4744	3937
		80+	12813	7214	5599
		Age not stated	4083	2167	1916
21	Orissa	All ages	8145081	4066783	4078298
		0-4	944381	473842	470539
		5-9	1170182	600090	570092
		10-14	967850	499137	468713
		15-19	699896	348262	351634
		20-24	608192	286895	321297
		25-29	666906	319202	347704
		30-34	608229	293459	314770
		35-39	595825	307431	288394
		40-44	447179	237242	209937
		45-49	382354	200000	182354
		50-54	285535	149251	136284
		55-59	214333	99222	115111
		60-64	224891	104042	120849
		65-69	138398	59346	79052
		70-74	100302	45780	54522
		75-79	34451	15136	19315

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	41575	20648	20927
		Age not stated	14602	7798	6804
22	Punjab	Punjab does not have any tribal population			
23	Rajasthan	All ages	7097706	3650982	3446724
		0-4	1057311	540686	516625
		5-9	1117452	579897	537555
		10-14	887662	470493	417169
		15-19	633930	334752	299178
		20-24	551472	275554	275918
		25-29	518727	261531	257196
		30-34	477999	238931	239068
		35-39	421983	219957	202026
		40-44	324722	172358	152364
		45-49	269520	140358	129162
		50-54	201773	110781	90992
		55-59	155343	72903	82440
		60-64	156067	78415	77652
		65-69	105540	48358	57182
		70-74	76763	38707	38056
		75-79	28969	12826	16143
		80+	38660	17974	20686
		Age not stated	73813	36501	37312
24	Sikkim	All ages	111405	56940	54465
		0-4	10459	5332	5127
		5-9	13600	6798	6802
		10-14	15295	7655	7640
		15-19	13472	6742	6730
		20-24	10648	5286	5362
		25-29	9571	4756	4815
		30-34	7482	3789	3693
		35-39	7047	3649	3398
		40-44	5411	2873	2538
		45-49	4593	2499	2094
		50-54	3506	1860	1646
		55-59	2549	1429	1120
		60-64	2519	1374	1145
		65-69	1729	951	778
		70-74	1344	772	572
		75-79	661	358	303

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	662	340	322
		Age not stated	857	477	380
25	Tamil Nadu	All ages	651321	328917	322404
		0-4	66229	33853	32376
		5-9	75877	39365	36512
		10-14	68790	35985	32805
		15-19	60595	31068	29527
		20-24	56623	25929	30694
		25-29	59703	28500	31203
		30-34	46699	22674	24025
		35-39	52409	25159	27250
		40-44	39128	20824	18304
		45-49	36052	19267	16785
		50-54	25415	13619	11796
		55-59	18583	9316	9267
		60-64	17759	9118	8641
		65-69	10030	4858	5172
		70-74	7620	4128	3492
		75-79	2959	1586	1373
		80+	3680	2024	1656
		Age not stated	3170	1644	1526
26	Tripura	All ages	993426	504320	489106
		0-4	107301	54115	53186
		5-9	141125	71886	69239
		10-14	142800	73796	69004
		15-19	104141	52864	51277
		20-24	78218	36395	41823
		25-29	80312	38535	41777
		30-34	66483	32410	34073
		35-39	70167	36790	33377
		40-44	47917	25296	22621
		45-49	42019	22619	19400
		50-54	27982	15616	12366
		55-59	20779	10635	10144
		60-64	19659	10366	9293
		65-69	13731	6766	6965
		70-74	12124	6481	5643
		75-79	6908	3597	3311

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	10159	5195	4964
		Age not stated	1601	958	643
27	Uttar Pradesh	All ages	107963	55834	52129
		0-4	15647	7946	7701
		5-9	17891	9127	8764
		10-14	14103	7402	6701
		15-19	9649	5047	4602
		20-24	8626	4184	442
		25-29	8237	4251	3986
		30-34	7222	3578	3644
		35-39	6554	3400	3154
		40-44	5008	2788	2220
		45-49	3863	2114	1749
		50-54	2885	1678	1207
		55-59	2112	1037	1075
		60-64	2201	1190	1011
		65-69	1462	731	731
		70-74	1090	597	493
		75-79	471	249	222
		80+	661	367	294
		Age not stated	281	148	133
28	Uttaranchal	All ages	256129	131334	124795
		0-4	28270	14397	13873
		5-9	35214	17883	17331
		10-14	33823	17286	16537
		15-19	29120	14601	14519
		20-24	21605	10898	10707
		25-29	18804	9525	9279
		30-34	16130	8084	8046
		35-39	15181	7890	7291
		40-44	12461	6439	6022
		45-49	11095	5830	5265
		50-54	8625	4746	3879
		55-59	6907	3537	3370
		60-64	6644	3526	3118
		65-69	4569	2380	2189
		70-74	3542	1987	1555
		75-79	1567	881	686

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		80+	2173	1218	955
		Age not stated	399	226	173
29	West Bengal	All ages	4406794	2223924	2182870
		0-4	482107	242277	239830
		5-9	612533	311792	300741
		10-14	553750	290219	263531
		15-19	416020	218880	197140
		20-24	366602	170980	195622
		25-29	381796	184251	197545
		30-34	328485	162911	165574
		35-39	320679	163978	156701
		40-44	237751	125670	112081
		45-49	208061	110578	97483
		50-54	143943	73707	70236
		55-59	110577	54715	55862
		60-64	94270	43530	50740
		65-69	62333	28017	34316
		70-74	41019	19170	21849
		75-79	17832	8560	9272
		80+	23850	11816	12034
		Age not stated	5186	2873	2313
	Union Territories				
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	All ages	29469	15127	14342
		0-4	2567	1311	1256
		5-9	2842	1499	1343
		10-14	3190	1661	1529
		15-19	2995	1528	1467
		20-24	2689	1341	1348
		25-29	2774	1322	1452
		30-34	2297	1155	1142
		35-39	2524	1262	1262
		40-44	1826	943	883
		45-49	1787	1020	767
		50-54	980	590	461
		55-59	861	469	392
		60-64	792	392	400
		65-69	639	327	312

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	Total		
			ST Persons	ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		70-74	335	171	164
		75-79	199	116	83
		80+	125	61	64
		Age not stated	47	30	17
31	Chandigarh	Chandigarh does not have any tribal population			
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	All ages	137225	67663	69562
		0-4	21125	10523	10602
		5-9	18668	9342	9326
		10-14	17071	8896	8175
		15-19	12624	6210	6414
		20-24	11739	5387	6352
		25-29	10991	5496	5495
		30-34	9473	4561	4912
		35-39	8998	4527	4471
		40-44	6797	3369	3428
		45-49	5817	3010	2807
		50-54	3941	1965	1976
		55-59	3397	1599	1798
		60-64	2844	1182	1662
		65-69	1881	836	1045
		70-74	1057	419	638
		75-79	377	166	211
		80+	358	146	212
		Age not stated	67	29	38
33	Daman & Diu	All ages	13997	7190	6807
		0-4	1433	722	711
		5-9	1634	840	794
		10-14	1667	892	775
		15-19	1597	876	721
		20-24	1449	775	674
		25-29	1360	675	685
		30-34	1083	568	515
		35-39	974	503	471
		40-44	721	386	335
		45-49	600	294	306
		50-54	432	205	227
		55-59	348	160	188
		60-64	324	139	185

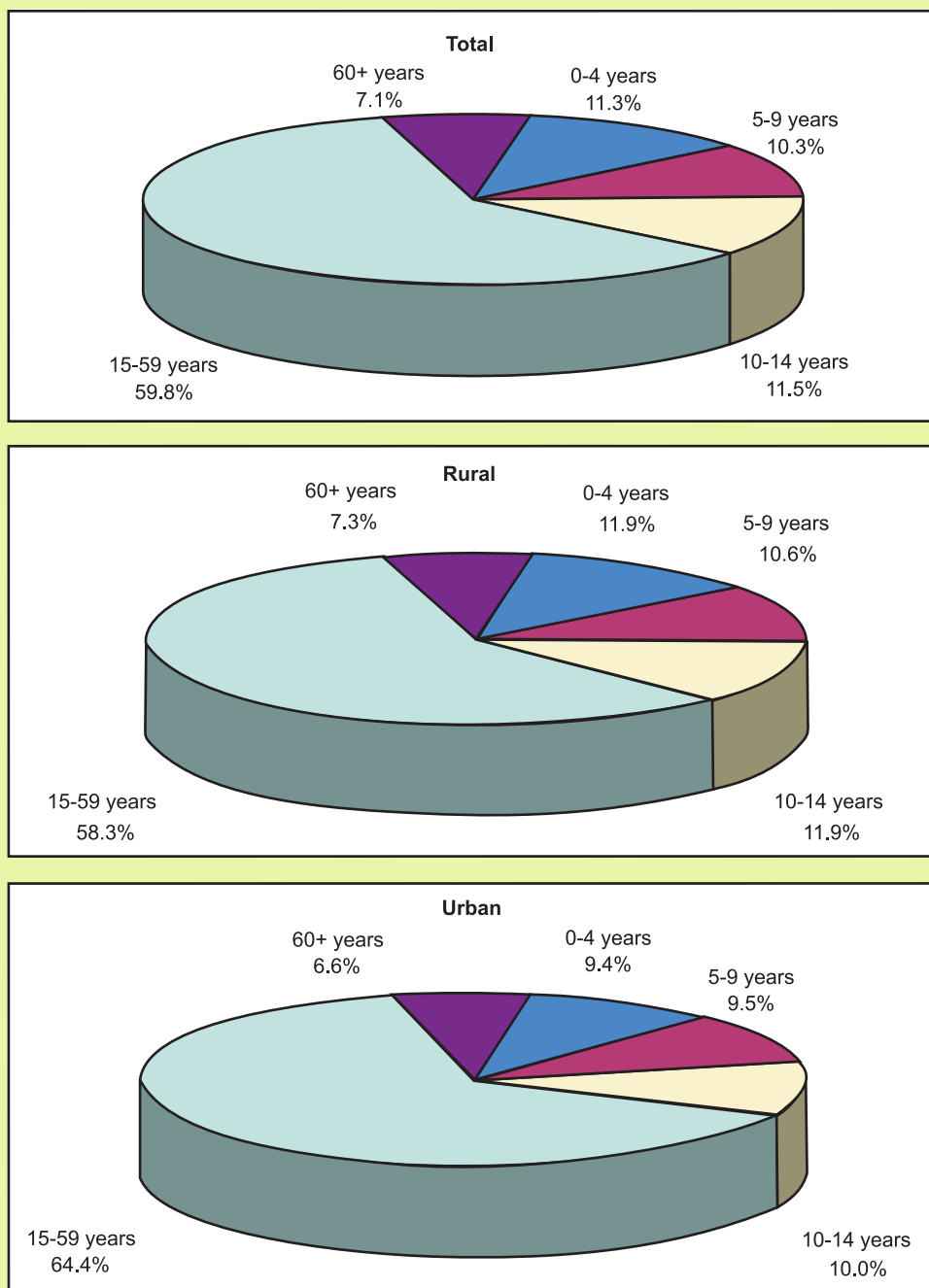
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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Age Group	ST Persons	Total ST Males	ST Females
1	2	3	4	5	6
		65-69	177	85	92
		70-74	104	38	66
		75-79	41	15	26
		80+	44	14	30
		Age not stated	9	3	6
34	Lakshadweep	All ages	57321	28611	28710
		0-4	6333	3227	3106
		5-9	6503	3357	3146
		10-14	7445	3872	3573
		15-19	5995	3048	2947
		20-24	5206	2394	2812
		25-29	4719	2223	2496
		30-34	4018	1971	2047
		35-39	3734	1765	1969
		40-44	2691	1380	1311
		45-49	2954	1428	1526
		50-54	2081	1079	1002
		55-59	1932	992	940
		60-64	1468	748	720
		65-69	947	483	464
		70-74	627	302	325
		75-79	262	149	113
		80+	376	174	202
		Age not stated	30	19	11
35	Pondicherry	Pondichery does not have any tribal population			

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Census of India 2001: Scheduled Tribes (ST) Population in Five Year Age Groups. Compact Disc. New Delhi.

The distribution of population by broad age groups by residence in rural and urban areas is given in Figure 2.

Figure 2. Percentage Distribution of Population by Broad Age Groups and Residence, India, 2002



Source: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistic Division. (2004). Sample Registration System: Statistical Report 2002. New Delhi. P.11.

The number of households in India, population by rural urban distribution, and child population aged 0-6 years is given in Table 10.

Table 10: Population by Residence and Sex, and Households, India and States/ Union Territories (Final), 2001

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Total/ R/U	Number of Households	Total Population*			Child Population 0-6 Years \$		
				Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	India *(excluding the population of Mao Maram, Paomata & Purul Sub-divs. of Senapati dist. of Manipur)	Total	191963935	1028610328	532156772	496453556	163819614	84999203	78820411
		Rural	138271559	742490639	381602674	360887965	126470497	65407648	61062849
		Urban	53692376	286119689	150554098	135565591	37349117	19591555	17757562
1	Andhra Pradesh	Total	16849857	76210007	38527413	37682594	10171857	5187321	4984536
		Rural	12676218	55401067	27937204	27463863	7621799	3883008	3738791
		Urban	4173639	20808940	10590209	10218731	2550058	1304313	1245745
2	Arunachal Pradesh	Total	212615	1097968	579941	518027	205871	104833	101038
		Rural	164501	870087	454680	415407	169029	86230	82799
		Urban	48114	227881	125261	102620	36842	18603	18239
3	Assam	Total	4935358	26655528	13777037	12878491	4498075	2289116	2208959
		Rural	4220173	23216288	11939945	11276343	4104407	2086499	2017908
		Urban	715185	3439240	1837092	1602148	393668	202617	191051
4	Bihar	Total	13982590	82998509	43243795	39754714	16806063	8652705	8153358
		Rural	12660007	74316709	38594996	35721713	15398489	7921089	7477400
		Urban	1322583	8681800	4648799	4033001	1407574	731616	675958
5	Chhattisgarh	Total	4148518	20833803	10474218	10359585	3554916	1800413	1754503
		Rural	3359078	16648056	8307443	8340613	2963980	1495500	1468480
		Urban	789440	4185747	2166775	2018972	590936	304913	286023
6	Delhi	Total	2554149	13850507	7607234	6243273	2016849	1079618	937231
		Rural	169528	944727	522087	422640	158160	85484	72676
		Urban	2384621	12905780	7085147	5820633	1858689	994134	864555
7	Goa	Total	279216	1347668	687248	660420	145968	75338	70630
		Rural	140755	677091	340545	336546	71338	36547	34791
		Urban	138461	670577	346703	323874	74630	38791	35839
8	Gujarat	Total	9643989	50671017	26385577	24285440	7532404	4000148	3532256
		Rural	5885961	31740767	16317771	15422996	5085941	2668527	2417414
		Urban	3758028	18930250	10067806	8862444	2446463	1331621	1114842
9	Haryana	Total	3529642	21144564	11363953	9780611	3335537	1833655	1501882
		Rural	2454463	15029260	8052988	6976272	2482148	1361694	1120454
		Urban	1075179	6115304	3310965	2804339	853389	471961	381428
10	Himachal Pradesh	Total	1240633	6077900	3087940	2989960	793137	418426	374711
		Rural	1097520	5482319	2756073	2726246	730628	384534	346094
		Urban	143113	595581	331867	263714	62509	33892	28617
11	Jammu & Kashmir	Total	1551768	10143700	5360926	4782774	1485803	765394	720409
		Rural	1161357	7627062	3977652	3649410	1214965	620809	594156
		Urban	390411	2516638	1383274	1133364	270838	144585	126253
12	Jharkhand	Total	4862590	26945829	13885037	13060792	4956827	2522036	2434791
		Rural	3802412	20952088	10679596	10272492	4110326	2083426	2026900
		Urban	1060178	5993741	3205441	2788300	846501	438610	407891
13	Karnataka	Total	10232133	52850562	26898918	25951644	7182100	3690958	3491142
		Rural	6675173	34889033	17648958	17240075	4935380	2532557	2402823
		Urban	3556960	17961529	9249960	8711569	2246720	1158401	1088319
14	Kerala	Total	6595206	31841374	15468614	16372760	3793146	1935027	1858119
		Rural	4942550	23574449	11451282	12123167	2857686	1457233	1400453
		Urban	1652656	8266925	4017332	4249593	935460	477794	457666
15	Madhya Pradesh	Total	10919653	60348023	31443652	28904371	10782214	5579847	5202367
		Rural	8124795	44380878	23031093	21349785	8443744	4353726	4090018
		Urban	2794858	15967145	8412559	7554586	2338470	1226121	1112349
16	Maharashtra	Total	19063149	96878627	50400596	46478031	13671126	7146432	6524694
		Rural	10993623	55777647	28458677	27318970	8428828	4399083	4029745
		Urban	8069526	41100980	21941919	19159061	5242298	2747349	2494949

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S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Total/ R/U	Number of Households	Total Population*			Child Population 0-6 Years \$		
				Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
17	Manipur (excluding the Population of Mao Maram, Paomata & Purul Sub-divs. of Senapati district)	Total	397656	2166788	1095634	1071154	308585	157682	150903
		Rural	296354	1590820	808953	781867	233675	119486	114189
		Urban	101302	575968	286681	289287	74910	38196	36714
18	Meghalaya	Total	420246	2318822	1176087	1142735	467979	237215	230764
		Rural	329678	1864711	946999	917712	400563	202981	197582
		Urban	90568	454111	229088	225023	67416	34234	33182
19	Mizoram	Total	160966	888573	459109	429464	143734	73176	70558
		Rural	79362	447567	232726	214841	80466	40947	39519
		Urban	81604	441006	226383	214623	63268	32229	31039
20	Nagaland	Total	332050	1990036	1047141	942895	289678	147524	142154
		Rural	265334	1647249	859716	787533	241197	122519	118678
		Urban	66716	342787	187425	155362	48481	25005	23476
21	Orissa	Total	7870127	36804660	18660570	18144090	5358810	2744552	2614258
		Rural	6782879	31287422	15748970	15538452	4696358	2401932	2294426
		Urban	1087248	5517238	2911600	2605638	662452	342620	319832
22	Punjab	Total	4265156	24358999	12985045	11373954	3171829	1763801	1408028
		Rural	2775462	16096488	8516596	7579892	2176726	1209856	966870
		Urban	1489694	8262511	4468449	3794062	995103	553945	441158
23	Rajasthan	Total	9342294	56507188	29420011	27087177	10651002	5579616	5071386
		Rural	7156703	43292813	22426640	20866173	8587389	4486277	4101112
		Urban	2185591	13214375	6993371	6221004	2063613	1093339	970274
24	Sikkim	Total	104738	540851	288484	252367	78195	39842	38353
		Rural	91723	480981	255774	225207	72017	36627	35390
		Urban	13015	59870	32710	27160	6178	3215	2963
25	Tamil Nadu	Total	14173626	62405679	31400909	31004770	7235160	3725616	3509544
		Rural	8274799	34921681	17531494	17390187	4232644	2189995	2042649
		Urban	5898836	27483998	13869415	13614583	3002516	1535621	1466895
26	Tripura	Total	662023	3199203	1642225	1556978	436446	222002	214444
		Rural	539680	2653453	1363638	1289815	383177	194660	188517
		Urban	122343	545750	278587	267163	53269	27342	25927
27	Uttar Pradesh	Total	25760601	166197921	87565369	78632552	31624628	16509033	15115595
		Rural	20590074	131658339	69157470	62500869	26259213	13670442	12588771
		Urban	5170527	34539582	18407899	16131683	5365415	2838591	2526824
28	Uttaranchal	Total	1586321	8489349	4325924	4163425	1360032	712949	647083
		Rural	1196157	6310275	3144590	3165685	1072360	559248	513112
		Urban	390164	2179074	1181334	997740	287672	153701	133971
29	West Bengal	Total	15715915	80176197	41465985	38710212	11414222	5824180	5590042
		Rural	11161870	57748946	29616009	28132937	9119003	4645812	4473191
		Urban	4554045	22427251	11849976	10577275	2295219	1178368	1116851
Union Territories									
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Total	73062	356152	192972	163180	44781	22885	21896
		Rural	49653	239954	128961	110993	31443	15996	15447
		Urban	23409	116198	64011	52187	13338	6889	6449
31	Chandigarh	Total	201878	900635	506938	393697	115613	62664	52949
		Rural	21302	92120	56816	35304	14416	7805	6611
		Urban	180576	808515	450122	358393	101197	54859	46338
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Total	43973	220490	121666	98824	40199	20308	19891
		Rural	32783	170027	91832	78195	32420	16188	16232
		Urban	11190	50463	29834	20629	7779	4120	3659
33	Daman & Diu	Total	34342	158204	92512	65692	20578	10685	9893
		Rural	22091	100856	63606	37250	13236	6907	6329
		Urban	12251	57348	28906	28442	7342	3778	3564
34	Lakshadweep	Total	9240	60650	31131	29519	9091	4641	4450
		Rural	5351	33683	17191	16492	5525	2764	2761
		Urban	3889	26967	13940	13027	3566	1877	1689
35	Pondicherry	Total	208655	974345	486961	487384	117159	59565	57594
		Rural	72199	325726	163703	162023	41821	21260	20561
		Urban	136456	648619	323258	325361	75338	38305	37033

Source: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Census of India 2001: Final Population Totals. New Delhi. P.1-9.
* India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004.) Census of India 2001: Tables on Houses, Household Amenities and Assets. New Delhi. P.105 -110.
\$ India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004.) Census of India 2001: Primary Census Abstract: Total Population: Table A-5. New Delhi. P.1 -18

The birth rate, death rate and natural growth rate is given in Table 11.

Table 11: Birth Rate, Death Rate and Natural Growth Rate, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Birth Rate			Death Rate			Natural Growth Rate		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
	India*	25.0	26.6	20.0	8.1	8.7	6.1	16.9	17.9	13.9
1.	Andhra Pradesh	20.7	21.1	19.3	8.1	8.9	5.5	12.6	12.2	13.8
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	20.2	20.9	12.3	4.8	5.0	2.6	15.4	15.9	9.7
3.	Assam	26.6	27.5	18.3	9.2	9.6	6.0	17.4	17.9	12.3
4.	Bihar	30.9	31.8	23.5	7.9	8.2	6.1	23.0	23.6	17.4
5.	Chhattisgarh	25.0	26.5	22.6	8.7	9.7	7.2	16.3	16.8	15.4
6.	Delhi	17.2	18.2	17.1	5.1	5.7	5.1	12.1	12.5	12.0
7.	Goa	14.0	14.4	13.5	8.3	9.0	7.2	5.7	5.4	6.3
8.	Gujarat	24.7	26.6	20.6	7.7	8.3	6.4	17.0	18.3	14.2
9.	Haryana	26.6	27.6	22.6	7.1	7.2	6.4	19.5	20.4	16.2
10.	Himachal Pradesh	20.7	21.1	16.5	7.5	7.7	5.1	13.2	13.4	11.4
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	19.2	19.9	16.0	5.7	5.7	5.7	13.5	14.2	10.3
12.	Jharkhand	26.4	28.5	19.0	7.9	8.6	5.8	18.5	19.9	13.2
13.	Karnataka	22.1	23.5	18.8	7.2	7.9	5.7	14.9	15.6	13.1
14.	Kerala	16.9	17.0	16.4	6.4	6.4	6.2	10.5	10.6	10.2
15.	Madhya Pradesh	30.4	32.3	22.7	9.8	10.5	7.2	20.6	21.8	15.5
16.	Maharashtra	20.3	20.6	19.8	7.3	8.3	5.6	13.0	12.3	14.2
17.	Manipur	16.8	17.4	15.3	4.6	4.2	5.8	12.2	13.2	9.5
18.	Meghalaya	25.8	27.8	14.6	7.7	8.4	3.9	18.1	19.4	10.7
19.	Mizoram	16.9	20.8	12.0	4.8	5.7	3.7	12.1	15.1	8.3
20.	Nagaland	-	-	11.9	-	-	2.5	-	-	9.4
21.	Orissa	23.2	23.7	19.6	9.8	10.3	6.4	13.4	13.4	13.2
22.	Punjab	20.8	21.7	18.1	7.1	7.4	6.2	13.7	14.3	11.9
23.	Rajasthan	30.6	31.9	24.2	7.7	8.0	6.4	22.9	23.9	17.8
24.	Sikkim	21.9	22.2	13.4	4.9	5.0	4.1	17.0	17.2	9.3
25.	Tamil Nadu	18.5	19.1	17.5	7.7	8.6	5.9	10.8	10.5	11.6
26.	Tripura	14.9	15.3	13.3	5.7	5.6	6.2	9.2	9.7	7.1
27.	Uttar Pradesh	31.6	32.6	26.8	9.7	10.2	7.3	21.9	22.4	19.5
28.	Uttaranchal	17.0	18.1	16.2	6.4	9.0	4.4	10.6	9.1	11.8
29.	West Bengal	20.5	22.6	14.1	6.7	6.9	6.4	13.8	15.7	7.7
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	16.8	17.6	14.6	5.5	6.1	3.8	11.3	11.5	10.8
31.	Chandigarh	14.6	21.5	13.8	3.4	4.1	3.4	11.2	17.4	10.4
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	30.4	31.3	20.4	6.8	7.1	4.0	23.6	24.2	16.4
33.	Daman & Diu	22.4	23.5	21.4	6.6	7.4	5.9	15.8	16.1	15.5
34.	Lakshadweep	19.3	20.2	18.3	5.2	5.3	5.1	14.1	14.9	13.2
35.	Pondicherry	17.9	18.1	17.7	6.7	8.1	5.7	11.2	10.0	12.0

Notes: * Excludes Nagaland (Rural) due to part-receipt of returns.

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System Bulletin April 2004. New Delhi. P. 1.

The infant mortality rate (IMR) and child mortality rate (CMR) is given in Table 12.

Table 12: Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) 2002, and Child Mortality Rate, 2000

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) 2002* (per 1000 live births)			Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) 2002 \$ (per 1000 live births)			Child Mortality 2000 (per 1000 live births) #	
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Rural	Urban	Child Mortality**	Under Five Mortality***
		India	63	62	65	63	69	40	29.3
	India (1990)	80¹							109.3²
1.	Andhra Pradesh	62	64	60	62	71	35	21.0	85.5
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	38	36	40	37	38	12	37.4	98.1
3.	Assam	70	70	71	70	73	38	21.4	89.5
4.	Bihar	61	56	66	61	62	50	34.7	105.1
5.	Chhattisgarh	64	61	66	73	80	51	-	-
6.	Delhi	33	29	38	30	31	30	9.0	55.4
7.	Goa	16	17	16	17	19	14	10.5	46.8
8.	Gujarat	60	55	66	60	68	37	24.0	85.1
9.	Haryana	62	54	53	62	64	51	21.2	76.8
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61	66	55	52	53	28	8.3	42.4
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	43	45	40	45	47	34	16.1	80.1
12.	Jharkhand	41	44	37	51	55	33	-	-
13.	Karnataka	55	56	53	55	65	25	19.3	69.8
14.	Kerala	10	9	12	10	11	8	2.6	18.8
15.	Madhya Pradesh	85	81	88	85	89	56	56.4	137.6
16.	Maharashtra	45	48	42	45	52	34	15.0	58.1
17.	Manipur	10	13	7	14	12	21	19.9	56.1
18.	Meghalaya	66	64	69	61	62	49	36.2	122.0
19.	Mizoram	5	9	2	14	14	14	18.4	54.7
20.	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	15	22.7	63.8
21.	Orissa	87	95	79	87	90	56	25.5	104.4
22.	Punjab	51	38	66	51	55	35	15.9	72.1
23.	Rajasthan	78	75	80	78	81	55	37.6	114.9
24.	Sikkim	25	23	27	34	34	25	28.4	71.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	44	46	43	44	50	32	15.9	63.3
26.	Tripura	33	35	31	34	35	32	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	80	76	84	80	83	58	39.2	122.5
28.	Uttaranchal	34	16	55	41	62	21	-	-
29.	West Bengal	49	53	45	49	52	36	19.9	67.6
	Union Territories								
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	23	17	29	15	17	10	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	22	15	30	21	25	21	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	51	51	52	56	58	21	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	30	46	12	42	42	43	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	15	6	26	25	31	18	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	25	24	25	22	29	17	-	-

Notes: ** Child Mortality: The probability of dying between the first and fifth birthdays.

*** Under Five Mortality: The probability of dying before the fifth birthday.

1. Sample Registration System.

2. National Family Health Survey 1992-93.

- Sources:** * India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System: SRS Bulletin April 2004 New Delhi. P. 5.
- \$ India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System: SRS Bulletin April 2004 New Delhi. P. 1.
- # International Institute of Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey (NFHS-2). Mumbai. P.194.

Infant Mortality Rate (death of children from 0-12 months per 1000 live births)

National Average : 66 (Sample Registration System, SRS 2001)

States with IMR Below 25

Andaman & Nicobar Islands (7), Manipur (10), Kerala (11), Goa (14) Chandigarh (16), Mizoram (18), Pondicherry (22)

States with IMR Between 25 and 59

Delhi (25), Sikkim (29), Arunachal Pradesh (33), Tripura (35), Lakshadweep (38) J&K (40), Uttaranchal (40), Arunachal Pradesh (33), Daman & Diu (43), HP (43), Jharkhand (45), Maharashtra (45), Tamil Nadu (49), Meghalaya (51), Punjab (52), Karnataka (58)

States with IMR Above 60 per 1000 live births

Gujarat (60), Dadra & Nagar Haveli (61), Haryana (66), AP (66), Bihar (62), Assam (74), Chhattisgarh (75), Rajasthan (80), UP (83), MP (86), Orissa (91)

States with IMR Not Available : Nagaland

Under Five Mortality (death of children from 0- 5 years per 1000 live births)

National Average : 94.9 (National Family Health Survey II, 2000)

States with Under Five Mortality Below 40 : Kerala (18.8)

States with Under Five Mortality Between 40 and 79

HP(42.4), Goa (46.8), Mizoram (54.7), Delhi (55.4), Manipur (56.1) Maharashtra (58.1) Tamil Nadu (63.3), Nagaland (63.8), WB (67.6), Karnataka (69.8), Sikkim (71.0), Punjab (72.1), Haryana (76.8)

States with Under Five Mortality Above 80: J&K (80.1), Gujarat (85.1), AP (85.5), Assam (89.5), Arunachal Pradesh (98.1), Orissa (104.4), Bihar (105.1), Rajasthan (114.9), Meghalaya, (122.0), UP (122.5), MP (137.6)

States with Under Five Mortality Not Available

Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Tripura, Uttaranchal, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshwadeep and Pondicherry.

India has a high infant mortality rate (IMR) of 63 per 1,000 live births as indicated by the Vital Statistics Division of the Office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India (April 2004). The IMR in rural and urban areas was 69 and 40 per 1,000 live births respectively. The female infant mortality rate was 65 while for males it was 62 per 1,000 live births respectively. The infant mortality rate (IMR) for males and females in rural and urban areas is given in Table 13.

Table 13: Infant Mortality Rate, Sex-wise and Rural Urban Distribution, 2002

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) 2002 (per 1000 live births)			Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) 2002 (per 1000 live births)			Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) 2002 (per 1000 live births)		
		Total			Rural			Urban		
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	India	63	62	65	69	67	72	40	40	39
1	Andhra Pradesh	62	64	60	71	69	72	35	47	23
2	Arunachal Pradesh	38	36	40	39	39	40	12	#	28
3	Assam	70	70	71	73	72	73	38	34	43
4	Bihar	61	56	66	62	57	67	50	47	53
5	Chhattisgarh	64	61	66	73	84	62	46	17	72
6	Delhi	33	29	38	28	6	53	34	32	36
7	Goa	16	17	16	18	18	19	13	15	10
8	Gujarat	60	55	66	68	60	76	37	39	34
9	Haryana	62	54	73	64	56	75	51	43	61
10	Himachal Pradesh	61	66	55	63	68	57	28	26	31
11	Jammu & Kashmir	43	45	40	45	46	44	28	38	18
12	Jharkhand	41	44	37	44	45	42	26	38	11
13	Karnataka	55	56	53	65	67	62	25	23	27
14	Kerala	10	9	12	11	8	14	8	11	4
15	Madhya Pradesh	85	81	88	89	85	94	56	60	51
16	Maharashtra	45	48	42	52	54	49	34	38	29
17	Manipur	10	13	7	8	10	6	14	21	7
18	Meghalaya	66	64	69	68	60	75	51	105	#
19	Mizoram	5	9	2	1	#	3	14	27	#
20	Nagaland	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	20	#	43
21	Orissa	87	95	79	90	101	80	56	45	69
22	Punjab	51	38	66	55	41	73	35	28	43
23	Rajasthan	78	75	80	81	79	83	55	49	62
24	Sikkim	25	23	27	25	23	27	13	#	26
25	Tamil Nadu	44	46	43	50	51	49	32	35	28
26	Tripura	33	35	31	32	33	32	38	49	28
27	Uttar Pradesh	80	76	84	83	78	90	58	66	47
28	Uttaranchal	34	16	55	57	38	77	15	#	35
29	West Bengal	49	53	45	52	55	49	36	45	25
	Union Territories									
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	23	17	29	27	17	38	7	14	#
31	Chandigarh	22	15	30	25	25	25	22	13	31
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	51	51	52	53	53	52	26	#	54
33	Daman & Diu	30	46	12	26	30	22	34	59	#
34	Lakshadweep	15	6	26	18	11	25	12	#	26
35	Pondicherry	25	24	25	32	34	29	20	17	22

Notes: N.A : Not available due to part receipt of returns.

: Inadequate sample to provide estimate.

Estimates of Infant mortality rate by sex are subject to year by year fluctuations.

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System Bulletin April 2004. New Delhi. P. 5.

The sex ratio of women of all ages, expectation of life at birth, and maternal mortality rate is given in Table 14.

Table 14: Sex Ratio, Expectation of Life at Birth, Maternal Mortality Rate, 1996-2001

S.No.	India/State/UTs	Sex Ratio 2001 @	Expectation of Life at Birth 2001-2006 #		Maternal Mortality Rate 1998 (per 1,00,000 Live Births) \$
		Total	Male	Female	
	India	933	63.87	66.91	407 (SRS) 540 (NFHS 2)
	India (1990)				437
1.	Andhra Pradesh	978	61.5	33	159
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	893	-	-	-
3.	Assam	935	58.96	60.87	409
4.	Bihar	919	65.66	64.79	452
5.	Chhattisgarh	989	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	821	-	-	-
7.	Goa	961	-	-	-
8.	Gujarat	920	63.12	64.10	28
9.	Haryana	861	64.64	69.30	103
10.	Himachal Pradesh	968	-	-	-
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	892	-	-	-
12.	Jharkhand	941	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	965	62.43	66.44	195
14.	Kerala	1058	71.67	75.00	198
15.	Madhya Pradesh	919	59.19	58.01	498
16.	Maharashtra	922	66.75	69.76	135
17.	Manipur	978	-	-	-
18.	Meghalaya	972	-	-	-
19.	Mizoram	935	-	-	-
20.	Nagaland	900	-	-	-
21.	Orissa	972	60.05	59.71	367
22.	Punjab	876	69.78	72.00	199
23.	Rajasthan	921	62.17	62.80	670
24.	Sikkim	875	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	987	67.00	69.75	79
26.	Tripura	948	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	898	63.54	64.09	707
28.	Uttaranchal	962	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	934	66.08	69.34	266
	Union Territories				

S.No.	India/State/UTs	Sex Ratio 2001 @	Expectation of Life at Birth 2001-2006 #		Maternal Mortality Rate 1998 (per 1,00,000 Live Births) \$
			Male	Female	
		Total			
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	846	-	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	777	-	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	812	-	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	710	-	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	948	-	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	1001	-	-	-

Sources: @ India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Primary Census Abstract Total Population: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. lii
National Commission for Women. (2004). A Study of the Implementation of Current Policies, Programmes and Schemes for Women and Girls in India : A Comparative Study : Volume 1. New Delhi. P.49.
\$ India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 26

Maternal Mortality Rate

Maternal Mortality Rate (MMR) : Deaths of Women due to pregnancy related causes per 1 lakh live births)

National Average: 407 (SRS 2001) 540 (NFHS 2, 2000)

States with MMR Below 100: Gujarat (28), Tamil Nadu (79)

States with MMR Between 100 and 299: Haryana (103), Maharashtra (135), AP (159), Karnataka (195), Kerala (198), Punjab (199), WB (266)

States with MMR Above 300 : Orissa (367), Assam (409), Bihar (452), MP (498), Rajasthan (670), UP (707)

States with MMR Not Available: Arunachal Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Delhi, Goa, HP, J&K, Jharkhand, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tripura, Uttaranchal, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshwadeep and Pondicherry

The sex ratio of some select countries is given in Table 15.

Table 15 : Sex Ratio of Select Countries, 1998

S. No.	Country	Sex Ratio (females per 1,000 males)
1.	China	944
2.	India	933
3.	U.S.A.	1,029
4.	Indonesia	1,004
5.	Brazil	1,025
6.	Pakistan	938
7.	Russian Fed.	1,140
8.	Bangladesh	953
9.	Japan	1,041
10.	Nigeria	1,016
	World	986

Notes: World Population Prospects (mid year estimates) 1998 Revision, volume 2, Sex and Age, United Nations.

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals: Paper 1 of 2001: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 83.

The sex ratio in India from 1901 to 2001 is given in Table 16.

Table 16 : Sex Ratio, India, 1901-2001

Census Year	Sex Ratio (females per 1,000 males)	Sex Ratio 0-6 Years (females per 1,000 males)
1901	972	N.A
1911	964	N.A.
1921	955	N.A.
1931	950	N.A
1941	945	N.A.
1951	946	N.A.
1961	941	976
1971	930	964
1981	934	962
1991	927	945
2001	933	927

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals : Paper 1 of 2001: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 96, 154.

Statewise sex ratio for all ages, and in the age group 0-6 years is given in Table 17.

Table 17: Sex Ratio of Total Population and Child Population in the Age Group 0-6 Years, 1991 and 2001

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Sex Ratio (Females per 1,000 Males)					
		Total Population		Child Population in the Age Group 0-6 Years		Population Aged 7 Years and Above	
		1991	2001	1991	2001	1991	2001
	India^{1,2}	927	933	945	927	923	935
1.	Andhra Pradesh	972	978	975	961	972	980
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	859	893	982	964	829	888
3.	Assam	923	935	975	965	910	926
4.	Bihar	907	919	953	942	895	916
5.	Chhattisgarh	985	989	984	975	986	992
6.	Delhi	827	821	915	868	810	813
7.	Goa	967	961	964	938	967	964
8.	Gujarat	934	920	928	883	936	927
9.	Haryana	865	861	879	819	862	869
10.	Himachal Pradesh	976	968	951	896	980	981
11.	Jammu & Kashmir ¹	N.A	892	N.A	941	N.A	894
12.	Jharkhand	922	941	979	965	908	936
13.	Karnataka	960	965	960	946	960	966
14.	Kerala	1,036	1058	958	960	1,049	1,071
15.	Madhya Pradesh	912	919	941	932	905	918
16.	Maharashtra	934	922	946	913	931	923
17.	Manipur ²	958	978	974	957	955	981
18.	Meghalaya	955	972	986	973	947	974
19.	Mizoram	921	935	969	964	911	932
20.	Nagaland	886	900	993	964	865	899
21.	Orissa	971	972	967	953	972	976
22.	Punjab	882	876	875	798	883	886
23.	Rajasthan	910	921	916	909	908	925
24.	Sikkim	878	875	965	963	860	858
25.	Tamil Nadu	974	987	948	942	978	992
26.	Tripura	945	948	967	966	940	947
27.	Uttar Pradesh	876	898	927	916	863	895
28.	Uttaranchal	937	962	949	908	933	976
29.	West Bengal	917	934	967	960	907	929
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	818	846	973	957	790	830
31.	Chandigarh	790	777	899	845	772	763
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	952	812	1,013	979	937	779
33.	Daman & Diu	969	710	958	926	971	682
34.	Lakshadweep	943	948	941	959	943	943
35.	Pondicherry	979	1001	963	967	982	1,007

Notes:

- i) While working out sex ratio of child population for 1991 Census in the age group 0-6 and population aged 7 and above for India, the population in the age group 0-6 and population aged 7 and above of areas of Gujarat and Himachal Pradesh affected by natural calamities have been excluded. The details of affected areas are given in Note numbers 2 and 3 below.
- ii) To make the data comparable with Census of India, 2001, the proportion of child population for 1991 Census in the age group 0-6 and population aged 7 and above shown against Himachal Pradesh for 1991 excludes population in the age group 0-6 and population aged 7 and above of Kinnaur district where population enumeration of Census of India, 2001, could not be conducted due to natural calamity.
- iii) To make the data comparable with Census of India, 2001, the proportion of child population for 1991 Census in the age group 0-6 and population aged 7 and above shown against Gujarat excludes the population data of entire Kachchh district, Morvi, Maliya-Miyana and Wankaner talukas of Rajkot district and Jodiya taluka of Jamnagar district of Gujarat state where population enumeration of Census of India, 2001, could not be conducted due to natural calamity.
- iv) ¹Excludes Jammu & Kashmir for ranking as 1991 Census Data is not available
- v) ²Excludes figures of Paomata, Mao Maram and Puru sub-divisions of Senapati district of Manipur for 2001

- Sources:**
1. India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals: Paper 1 of 2001: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. 92.
 2. India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Primary Census Abstract Total Population: Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P. lii-liiii.

Sex Ratio (Females per 1000 Males)

National Average: 933 females for 1000 males (Census of India 2001)

States with Sex Ratio Above 970:

Kerala (1058), Pondicherry (1001), Chhattisgarh (989), Tamil Nadu (987), Manipur (978), AP (978), Meghalaya (972), Orissa (972)

States with Sex Ratio Between 890 and 969:

HP (968), Karnataka (965), Uttaranchal (962), Goa (961), Tripura (948), Lakshadweep (948), Jharkhand (941), Assam (935), Mizoram (935), WB (934), Maharashtra (922), Rajasthan (921), Gujarat (920), Bihar (919), MP (919), Nagaland (900), Arunachal Pradesh (893) and J&K (892)

States with Sex Ratio Below 900:

UP (898), Punjab (876), Sikkim (875), Haryana (861), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (846), Delhi (821), Dadra & Nagar Haveli (812), Chandigarh (777), Daman & Diu (710)

Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years)

National Average : 927 females for 1000 males (Census of India 2001)

States with Child (0-6 years) Sex Ratio Above 970

Sikkim (986), Chhattisgarh (975), Meghalaya (975), Nagaland (975), Tripura (975), Lakshadweep (974), Dadra & Nagar Haveli (973), Mizoram (971)

States with Child (0-6 years) Sex Ratio Between 900 and 969

Jharkhand (966), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (965), AP (964), Assam (964), Kerala (963), WB (963), Manipur (961), Arunachal Pradesh (961), Pondicherry (958), Orissa (950), Karnataka (949), Tamil Nadu (939), Bihar (938), J&K (937), Goa (933), MP (929) Daman & Diu (925), Maharashtra (917), UP (916), Rajasthan (909), Uttaranchal (906)

States with Child (0-6 years) Sex Ratio Below 900

HP (897), Delhi (865), Gujarat (878), Chandigarh (845), Haryana (820), Punjab (798)

The projected population of adolescents to total population is given in Table 18.

Table 18 : Percentage Distribution of Adolescent Population and Projected Adolescent Population by Sex and Age Group, 1981-2016

Age Group	1981		1991		1996*		2001*		2006*		2011*		2016*	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
10-14	13.2	12.6	11.9	11.6	12.0	11.5	12.1	12.1	10.5	10.6	8.9	9.0	8.7	8.7
15-19	9.9	9.4	9.7	9.1	9.9	9.5	11.0	10.5	11.2	11.2	9.7	9.9	8.3	8.3

Notes: 1. India, Central Statistical Organisation. (1998). Youth in India : Profile and Programmes 1998. New Delhi: CSO. P. 23-24.
2. * Projected figures.

Source: United Nations Population Fund. (2000). Adolescents in India : A Profile. New Delhi. P.6.

The age specific fertility rate is defined as the number of live births in a specific age group of women per one thousand female population of that age group. It is the number of live births in a particular age group divided by the mid-year female population of the same age group multiplied by 1000. The age specific fertility rates in five year age groups are given in Table 19.

Table 19 : Age-specific Fertility Rates, 2002

Age Group	1980	1990	1992*	1993*	1995*	1997*	1998	1999	2002
15-19	88.2	83.1	74.4	69.6	55.2	53.7	54.0	52.1	47.0
20-24	246.1	237.0	235.2	234.4	238.4	225.6	220.3	213.1	214.0
25-29	227.6	198.5	189.6	189.7	194.2	188.2	182.8	181.9	175.9
30-34	163.1	121.6	113.0	114.3	119.1	109.1	104.2	103.8	92.8
35-39	97.1	72.5	66.0	61.1	59.2	54.6	54.3	54.8	47.8
40-44	44.8	31.2	30.9	28.5	31.0	25.8	25.0	23.5	18.5
45-49	20.2	12.9	11.4	10.1	10.3	7.7	9.0	8.2	6.6

Notes: 1. India, Registrar General. Sample Registration System (Various Years).
2. * Excludes Jammu and Kashmir

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P.9.

India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System : Statistical Report 1999 and 2002. New Delhi. P. xiv.

Total marital fertility rate (TMFR) is the cumulative value of age specific marital fertility rates at the end of the reproductive period. It indicates the average number of children expected to be born per married woman during the entire span of her reproductive period, if the ASMR continues to be the same and there is no mortality. The TMFR worked out on the basis of ASMR for the year 1999 and 2002 for India and bigger states for rural and urban areas is given in Table 20.

Table 20 : Total Marital Fertility Rate (TMFR) by Residence India and Bigger States, 1999 and 2002

S. No.	India and Bigger States	Total Marital Fertility Rate (TMFR)					
		Total 1999	Rural 1999	Urban 1999	Total 2002	Rural 2002	Urban 2002
	India*	4.7	4.9	4.2	4.6	4.8	4.2
1.	Andhra Pradesh	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7
2.	Assam	6.1	6.2	5.1	6.2	6.3	4.5
3.	Bihar	5.5	5.6	5.0	5.4	5.5	4.5
4.	Gujarat	4.1	4.4	3.5	4.0	4.4	3.1
5.	Haryana	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.2
6.	Himachal Pradesh	4.9	4.9	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.9
7.	Karnataka	4.4	4.6	4.2	4.3	4.4	3.9
8.	Kerala	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.5	3.3	4.2
9.	Madhya Pradesh	5.1	5.3	4.4	5.2	5.4	4.3
10.	Maharashtra	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.5	4.2
11.	Orissa	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.3	4.4	4.4
12.	Punjab	4.8	4.9	4.7	5.0	5.2	4.2
13.	Rajasthan	5.1	5.3	4.0	4.7	4.9	3.8
14.	Tamil Nadu	3.8	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.0	4.1
15.	Uttar Pradesh	6.1	6.2	5.9	6.0	6.1	5.7
16.	West Bengal	4.0	4.2	3.6	3.9	4.0	3.7

Notes: * Excludes Jammu and Kashmir for which data are not available.

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System : Statistical Report 1999 and 2002. New Delhi. P. 44, 52.

Age specific mortality rate is defined as the number of deaths in specific age group per thousand population in the same age group in a given year. Age specific mortality rate in five year age groups are given in Table 21.

Table 21: Age Specific Mortality Rates, 1999

Age Group (in years)	1980		1990		1995*		1997*		1998		1999	
	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M
0-4	43.5	40.1	27.9	24.8	25.3	23.2	24.5	21.8	24.1	21.0	21.1	19.8
5-9	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	2.7	2.2	2.4	1.8	2.4	2.1	2.1	1.6
10-14	1.7	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.3	1.2
15-19	2.9	2.0	2.5	1.7	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.4	2.0	1.7	2.1	1.7
20-24	3.8	2.3	3.1	2.4	2.7	2.1	2.8	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.3
35-39	4.6	4.7	3.2	3.9	3.1	3.7	2.9	3.9	3.0	4.2	2.8	4.8
45-49	7.3	9.6	6.3	9.0	5.2	8.1	5.8	9.0	5.2	7.4	5.3	8.5
55-59	16.7	21.5	14.4	20.9	11.8	17.5	14.1	19.7	13.7	18.9	13.0	19.4
All ages	12.4	12.4	9.6	9.7	8.7	9.3	8.6	9.2	8.8	9.2	8.3	9.0

Notes: * Excludes Jammu and Kashmir

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 12.

The percentage distribution of deaths in five year age groups to total number of deaths are given in Table 22.

Table 22 : Distribution of Deaths to Total Deaths in India by Residence, Sex and Age Group (Percentage), 2002

Age Group (Years)	Total			Rural			Urban		
	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
Below 1	19.6	18.8	20.6	21.2	20.3	22.1	13.0	12.6	13.4
1-4	5.2	4.5	6.0	5.7	5.0	6.6	2.9	2.6	3.3
0-4	24.9	23.3	26.6	26.9	25.3	28.8	15.9	15.3	16.7
5-9	1.9	1.7	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.3	1.0	0.8	1.3
10-14	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.4
15-19	2.0	1.8	2.3	2.1	1.8	2.4	1.8	1.8	1.8
20-24	2.7	2.3	3.1	2.8	2.4	3.2	2.5	2.1	3.0
25-29	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.9
30-34	2.6	2.9	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.4	2.6	3.3	1.7
35-39	3.4	3.7	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.9	5.0	2.6
40-44	3.1	3.7	2.5	2.8	3.2	2.3	4.5	5.5	3.2
45-49	3.9	4.5	3.3	3.8	4.2	3.3	4.7	5.8	3.3
50-54	4.4	5.3	3.4	4.1	4.9	3.2	5.8	6.9	4.5
55-59	5.9	6.6	5.1	5.7	6.4	5.0	6.5	7.4	5.4
60-64	6.5	6.9	6.0	6.2	6.6	5.7	7.8	8.0	7.6
65-69	9.7	9.8	9.6	9.4	9.7	9.0	11.2	10.3	12.3
70-74	8.4	8.0	8.8	8.3	8.1	8.4	8.9	7.7	10.4
75-79	7.6	7.2	8.1	7.6	7.4	7.8	7.9	6.5	9.6
80-84	4.3	4.0	4.6	4.1	3.9	4.4	5.0	4.4	5.6
85+	4.5	4.1	5.0	4.2	3.8	4.7	5.9	5.4	6.7
All Ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Sources : India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System : Statistical Report 2002. New Delhi. P. 165.

Maternal deaths due to various causes related to pregnancy are given in Table 23.

Table 23: Percentage Distribution of Deaths Due to Causes Related to Child Birth and Pregnancy Recorded in the Survey of Causes of Deaths, 1989, 1994, 1995 and 1998

S.No.	Causes	1989	1994	1995	1998*	1998
1.	Abortion	10.9	12.6	17.6	9	12.4
2.	Toxaemia	7.9	13.1	7.9	8	9.9
3.	Anaemia	20.3	19.3	17.0	19	23.7
4.	Bleeding during Pregnancy And Puerperium	23.8	23.7	28.9	29	23.3
5.	Mal-position of Child Leading to Death of Mother	10.9	6.4	4.0	10	7.4
6.	Puerperial Sepsis	5.9	10.6	8.5	16	9.5
7.	Not Classifiable	20.3	14.2	14.1	9	13.8
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistical Division. (1998). Survey of Causes of Death 1989, 1992, 1995 and 1998. New Delhi.

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 25.

*India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (2002). Annual Report 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 163.

3. Girl Child

Although the Constitution of India guarantees equality to all citizens, the status of women and girls is not at par with that of males in some sections of society. The skewed sex ratio in the 0-6 years age group is an indicator of this fact. The Government of India has launched several schemes and programmes for the welfare of the girl child, and reduce discrimination against the girl child. Some of these are:

Girl Child Scheme/Adolescent Girl Scheme

1. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (2002)
2. Balika Samriddhi Yojana (1997).
3. Kishori Shakti Yojana (2000)
4. Janshala (GoI-UN) Programme (1998)
5. District Primary Education Programme (1994)
6. Shiksha Karmi Project (1987)
7. Reproductive and Child Health Programme (1996)
8. Integrated Child Development Services (1975)
9. National Programme of Nutritional Support to Primary Education (Mid Day Meal Scheme) (1995)
10. Free Education for Only Girl Child

Legislative Measures

Various legislations have been enacted for the protection of children. These are:

1. The Pre-natal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994.
2. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971.
3. Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929 (Amended in 1979).
4. Child Labour (Regulation and Prohibition) Act, 1986.
5. Infant Milk Substitutes, Feeding Bottles and Infant Food (Regulation of Production, Supply and Distribution) Act, 1992.

Discrimination against girls is evident from indicators such as enrolment of girls in schools, drop out rates, and sex ratio in the age group 0-6 years, which are given in Table 24.

Table 24: Discrimination against the Girl Child, 2002-2003

S.No.	India/State/UT	Sex Ratio* 2001 0-6 Years	School Enrolment % 2002-2003 #						Dropout Rate # Classes I – VIII 2002 – 2003		
			Classes I – V			Classes VI – VIII			Male	Female	Total
			Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total			
	India	927	97.53	93.07	95.39	65.34	56.22	60.99	52.28	53.45	52.79
1.	Andhra Pradesh	964	95.47	96.41	95.93	65.81	60.27	63.12	58.10	62.00	59.94
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	961	112.36	99.15	105.93	69.76	61.48	65.69	59.50	56.13	58.01
3.	Assam	964	88.17	85.43	86.83	52.00	50.39	51.22	67.07	70.85	68.76
4.	Bihar	938	80.74	65.58	73.52	30.36	18.77	24.98	77.91	80.78	79.01
5.	Chhattisgarh	975	107.30	101.54	104.45	79.18	62.75	71.12	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	865	90.73	93.10	91.83	88.75	87.87	88.34	19.46	27.75	23.57
7.	Goa	933	106.22	102.13	104.22	109.08	101.45	105.34	2.28	9.01	5.54
8.	Gujarat	878	114.06	108.61	111.50	82.85	68.12	75.94	43.09	48.76	45.48
9.	Haryana	820	80.78	81.23	80.98	70.28	63.97	67.33	5.70	14.82	9.90
10.	Himachal Pradesh	897	116.56	116.27	116.42	106.83	101.15	104.06	7.90	11.32	9.56
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	937	89.92	78.54	84.39	67.02	54.42	60.93	27.53	25.57	26.71
12.	Jharkhand	966	81.31	67.93	74.79	36.19	26.32	31.46	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	949	112.13	109.11	110.65	77.34	71.09	74.28	47.46	49.61	48.46
14.	Kerala	963	98.48	97.73	98.11	99.27	94.77	97.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
15.	Madhya Pradesh	929	98.62	91.15	95.02	72.94	53.01	63.50	43.29	51.78	46.94
16.	Maharashtra	917	107.74	105.27	106.55	89.51	84.22	86.97	29.51	35.98	32.59
17.	Manipur	961	148.83	144.85	146.88	80.76	80.14	80.46	35.43	30.08	32.93
18.	Meghalaya	975	113.59	118.85	116.19	50.25	55.97	53.08	73.13	70.21	71.67
19.	Mizoram	971	131.38	125.91	128.70	78.70	78.23	78.47	60.05	56.39	58.31
20.	Nagaland	975	66.00	64.39	65.22	34.89	35.32	35.10	53.79	52.93	53.38
21.	Orissa	950	106.12	99.77	103.02	61.07	51.57	56.43	63.97	58.39	61.73
22.	Punjab	793	68.55	74.26	71.12	57.84	60.53	59.09	33.71	31.67	32.75
23.	Rajasthan	909	101.60	92.43	97.25	68.93	40.78	55.67	62.74	72.44	66.60
24.	Sikkim	986	120.46	122.92	121.68	62.13	68.36	65.19	72.68	66.32	69.66
25.	Tamil Nadu	939	116.61	114.34	115.50	100.21	97.88	99.08	46.06	39.00	42.85
26.	Tripura	975	126.98	120.58	123.85	73.51	69.24	71.42	65.17	65.22	65.19
27.	Uttar Pradesh	916	93.02	89.26	91.25	51.57	41.43	46.84	47.53	42.46	45.57
28.	Uttaranchal	906	106.95	108.87	107.87	81.53	75.96	78.84	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	963	102.60	103.41	102.99	60.28	55.60	58.00	67.26	69.30	68.23
	Union Territories										
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	965	119.02	113.64	116.38	98.81	91.64	95.30	17.64	19.26	18.42
31.	Chandigarh	845	73.25	71.85	72.61	74.45	74.95	74.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	973	136.77	117.03	126.99	94.43	62.00	78.83	39.87	58.14	48.00
33.	Daman & Diu	925	116.46	111.37	114.00	107.74	97.67	102.81	9.57	20.44	14.83
34.	Lakshadweep	974	118.10	103.43	110.99	112.72	97.52	105.44	0.00	8.36	4.48
35.	Pondicherry	958	117.26	115.03	116.17	122.92	117.52	120.27	0.00	0.00	0.00

Sources : * India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals : Paper 1 of 2001 : Census of India 2001. New Delhi. P.92-94.

India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Education. (2005). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P.259, 264.

The National Family Health Survey 2000 conducted by International Institute for Population Sciences, Mumbai, covering more than 80,000 women, found that Indian women have a preference for sons, though a majority want at least one daughter. Sex preference of ever married women is given in Table 25.

Table 25: Sex Preference of Ever Married Women by State, 1998-99

S.No.	India/States	Mean Ideal Number of			Who Want More Sons than Daughters (%)	Who Want More Daughters than Sons (%)	Who Want At Least One Son (%)	Who Want At Least One Daughter (%)
		Sons	Daughters	Either Sex				
	India	1.4	1.0	0.3	33.2	2.2	85.1	80.1
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1.0	0.8	0.5	19.8	2.7	76.0	71.3
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	1.8	1.3	0.1	41.9	2.5	93.5	90.5
3.	Assam	1.6	1.2	0.1	38.2	2.9	94.5	91.0
4.	Bihar	1.9	1.3	0.1	47.9	2.1	97.2	93.6
5.	Delhi	1.2	0.9	0.3	23.1	2.6	85.5	82.0
6.	Goa	0.9	0.8	0.7	17.0	5.1	67.9	64.9
7.	Gujarat	1.2	0.8	0.5	33.2	1.8	78.9	68.1
8.	Haryana	1.4	0.9	0.3	37.5	0.5	89.8	80.9
9.	Himachal Pradesh	1.1	0.8	0.3	25.9	0.6	87.5	79.4
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	1.4	1.0	0.3	38.0	2.7	87.6	82.5
11.	Karnataka	0.9	0.8	0.5	13.0	1.9	70.0	67.5
12.	Kerala	1.0	0.8	0.7	14.6	5.2	72.6	70.7
13.	Madhya Pradesh	1.5	1.0	0.3	42.5	2.9	87.8	82.4
14.	Maharashtra	1.2	0.9	0.3	27.1	1.9	84.5	79.3
15.	Manipur	1.9	1.6	0.1	36.5	4.8	96.2	93.0
16.	Meghalaya	2.3	2.2	0.2	20.9	16.9	94.7	93.6
17.	Mizoram	2.0	1.9	0.1	26.0	19.0	97.6	97.1
18.	Nagaland	2.0	1.7	0.3	32.7	6.3	91.6	88.7
19.	Orissa	1.5	1.0	0.2	37.6	2.1	92.8	85.3
20.	Punjab	1.2	0.8	0.3	29.1	0.4	86.2	78.0
21.	Rajasthan	1.6	1.1	0.1	47.5	1.3	95.7	89.4
22.	Sikkim	1.1	0.9	0.3	22.4	3.1	83.4	77.6
23.	Tamil Nadu	0.8	0.7	0.6	9.6	1.9	66.3	63.9
24.	Uttar Pradesh	1.8	1.1	0.2	53.3	1.4	94.1	89.3
25.	West Bengal	1.1	0.9	0.4	20.7	3.4	79.9	75.5

Notes: Table excludes women who gave non-numeric responses to the questions on ideal number of children or ideal number of sons or daughters.

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey (NFHS-2) 1998-99 India. Mumbai. P. 122.

Social indicators of sex preference of ever married women are given in Table 26.

Table 26: Indicators of Sex Preference of Ever Married Women, 1998-99

Background Characteristic	Mean Ideal Number of			Who Want More Sons than Daughters (%)	Who Want More Daughters than Sons (%)	Who Want At Least One Son (%)	Who Want At Least One Daughter (%)	Number of Women
	Sons	Daughters	Either Sex					
Residence								
Urban	1.1	0.8	0.4	22.6	2.5	76.9	72.7	22,027
Rural	1.5	1.0	0.3	37.0	2.1	88.1	82.8	60,911
Education								
Illiterate	1.6	1.1	0.3	41.7	2.0	90.2	84.8	47,104
Literate, < middle school complete	1.2	0.9	0.4	27.7	2.2	83.2	78.7	16,289
Middle school complete	1.0	0.8	0.4	21.5	2.1	80.0	75.6	7,135
High school complete and above	0.8	0.7	0.5	14.6	3.0	71.0	67.0	12,401
Religion								
Hindu	1.3	0.9	0.3	33.6	2.0	85.3	80.1	68,574
Muslim	1.6	1.1	0.4	34.4	2.8	85.3	82.2	9,582
Christian	1.2	1.0	0.5	20.0	5.2	77.6	74.1	2,036
Sikh	1.2	0.8	0.3	30.1	0.8	86.7	76.1	1,393
Jain	1.0	0.8	0.4	18.3	1.5	81.1	75.7	326
Buddhist/ Neo-Buddhist	1.1	0.9	0.3	25.1	2.1	83.2	78.2	654
Other	1.6	1.2	0.2	32.5	3.9	93.5	89.0	259
No religion	2.0	1.9	0.1	22.1	15.6	87.1	89.3	42
Castes/Tribes								
Scheduled Castes	1.5	1.0	0.3	37.9	1.8	87.3	82.1	15,232
Scheduled Tribes	1.6	1.2	0.2	38.0	3.6	91.5	86.6	7,313
Other Backward Classes	1.3	0.9	0.4	32.5	1.9	83.7	79.4	27,169
Other	1.3	0.9	0.3	30.0	2.3	83.6	78.2	32,455

Background Characteristic	Mean Ideal Number of			Who Want More Sons than Daughters (%)	Who Want More Daughters than Sons (%)	Who Want At Least One Son (%)	Who Want At Least One Daughter (%)	Number of Women
	Sons	Daughters	Either Sex					
Work Status								
Working in Family Farm/Business	1.5	1.0	0.3	39.6	2.1	89.2	83.0	11,861
Employed by Someone else	1.3	0.9	0.4	30.8	2.6	82.8	78.0	16,051
Self-employed	1.3	1.0	0.3	30.7	3.4	83.1	78.6	4,153
Not worked in past 12 months	1.4	1.0	0.3	32.6	2.0	85.0	80.3	50,855
Standard of Living								
Low	1.5	1.1	0.3	38.4	2.3	89.0	84.1	26,517
Medium	1.4	1.0	0.3	34.3	2.0	85.7	80.7	38,378
High	1.0	0.8	0.4	22.5	2.5	77.5	72.8	17,067
Husband's education								
Illiterate	1.6	1.1	0.3	40.2	2.1	89.4	84.2	24,572
Literate, < Primary school complete	1.4	1.0	0.3	34.9	2.7	87.5	82.7	7,395
Primary school complete	1.4	1.0	0.3	33.3	2.1	85.3	80.3	13,558
Middle school complete	1.3	0.9	0.3	33.7	2.0	86.1	80.9	11,348
High school complete	1.2	0.9	0.3	28.8	2.1	83.3	78.1	12,290
Higher Secondary complete & above	1.0	0.8	0.4	23.0	2.5	76.6	72.4	13,545
Total	1.4	1.0	0.3	33.2	2.2	85.1	80.1	82,939

Notes: Table excludes women who gave non-numeric responses to the questions on ideal number of children or ideal number of sons or daughters. Total includes 11, 73, 770, 18, 976 and 230 women with missing information on education, religion, caste/tribe, work status, the standard of living index, and husband's education, respectively, who are not shown separately.

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey (NFHS-2) 1998-99 India. Mumbai. P. 120-121.

4. Early Marriage

Early marriage is defined as a marriage in which the bride is below 18 years and the groom is below 21 years. Girls who bear children before they close their adolescent growth spurt remain physically under developed and have greater risk of complications of pregnancy and maternal death. To reduce the incidence of child marriage, the Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929 was passed and amended in 1979.

Under this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, (a) “child” means a person who, if a male, under 21 years of age and if a female, is under 18 years of age ; (b) “child marriage” means a marriage to which either of the contracting parties is a child; (c) “contracting party” to a marriage means either of the parties whose marriage is or is about to be thereby solemnised; and (d) “minor” means a person of either sex who is under 18 years of age.

Punishment under the Act : Whoever performs, conducts or directs any child marriage shall be punishable with simple imprisonment which may extend to three months and shall also be liable to fine, unless he proves that he had reason to believe that the marriage was not a child marriage.

Legislative Measures

To reduce and eliminate the incidence of child marriage, the following act has been enacted:
1. Child Marriage Restraint Act, 1929 (Amended in 1979).

The incidence of early marriage is given in Table 27.

Table 27 : Incidence of Early Marriage in India, 1999

S. No.	India/States	Percentage Women 20-24 Years Married before 18 Years 1998-99
	India	50.0
1.	Andhra Pradesh	64.3
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	27.6
3.	Assam	40.7
4.	Bihar	71.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	-
6.	Delhi	19.8
7.	Goa	10.1
8.	Gujarat	40.7
9.	Haryana	41.5
10.	Himachal Pradesh	10.7
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	22.1
12.	Jharkhand	-
13.	Karnataka	46.3
14.	Kerala	17.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	64.7
16.	Maharashtra	47.7
17.	Manipur	9.9

S.No.	India/State	Percentage Women 20-24 Years Married before 18 Years 1998-99
18.	Meghalaya	25.5
19.	Mizoram	11.6
20.	Nagaland	22.9
21.	Orissa	37.6
22.	Punjab	11.6
23.	Rajasthan	68.3
24.	Sikkim	22.3
25.	Tamil Nadu	24.9
26.	Tripura	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	62.4
28.	Uttaranchal	-
29.	West Bengal	45.9

Sources : International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey-2, 1998-99 : Data Sheet. Mumbai. P. 440.

The percentage of never married, married, and widowed, divorced or separated women is given in Table 28.

Table 28: Distribution of Population Age 10+ by Marital Status and Sex in India and Bigger States, (Percentage), 2002

S.No	India and Bigger States	Never Married			Married			Widow/Divorced/ Separated		
		Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females
	India*	35.9	41.5	30.1	57.4	55.3	59.6	6.7	3.1	10.3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	30.3	36.1	24.6	60.9	60.3	61.4	8.8	3.6	14.0
2.	Assam	44.5	50.0	38.6	49.4	47.5	51.3	6.2	2.4	10.1
3.	Bihar	36.1	41.8	30.1	58.5	54.7	62.4	5.4	3.5	7.5
4.	Gujarat	32.8	37.2	28.2	60.4	59.1	61.7	6.8	3.7	10.1
5.	Haryana	36.1	42.0	29.5	58.8	55.2	62.9	5.1	2.8	7.6
6.	Himachal Pradesh	36.3	42.8	30.3	57.2	54.1	60.1	6.5	3.1	9.6
7.	Karnataka	36.3	43.0	29.4	55.7	54.9	56.6	8.0	2.1	14.0.
8.	Kerala	34.6	42.1	27.9	57.6	55.9	59.0	7.8	2.0	13.1
9.	Madhya Pradesh	34.1	39.5	28.2	59.7	57.1	62.4	6.2	3.3	9.4
10.	Maharashtra	33.6	39.6	27.4	59.0	57.6	60.5	7.3	2.7	12.1
11.	Orissa	36.6	41.8	31.6	56.0	55.1	57.0	7.3	3.1	11.4
12.	Punjab	38.1	43.3	32.5	56.2	53.5	59.0	5.7	3.2	8.5
13.	Rajasthan	31.8	36.8	26.4	62.4	60.1	64.9	5.7	3.0	8.6
14.	Tamil Nadu	33.4	39.9	27.0	58.1	57.4	58.8	8.5	2.7	14.2
15.	Uttar Pradesh	38.3	43.2	32.9	55.9	52.4	59.7	5.8	4.4	7.4
16.	West Bengal	36.4	43.0	29.3	56.8	55.3	58.5	6.8	1.8	12.2

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System: Statistical Report 2002. New Delhi. P. 21.

5. Child Labour

Children who are working before they attain the age of 14 years are termed as child labour. The Government enacted “The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act”, 1986 to prevent the employment of children in hazardous industries or in hazardous processes. A high powered body, the National Authority for the Elimination of Child Labour (NAECL), was constituted in September 1994 to lay down policies and programmes for elimination of child labour, particularly in hazardous industries. In 1996, the Supreme Court issued a directive ordering the setting up of a corpus fund “Child Labour Rehabilitation-cum-Welfare Fund” with Rs.25,000 to be contributed by the employer of a child in a hazardous industry, towards the compulsory primary education of all working children.

In 1981, out of a total population 685 million, working children were 13.6 million, which was about 2 per cent of the total population. In 1991, out of a total population of 838.6 million, working children were 11.28 million, which was 1.34 per cent of the total population. As per Census of India 2001, there were 7,424,377 child labourers in India, comprising 5,808,991 main workers and 1,615,386 marginal workers.

Child Labour Act has been amended in 2001 and the scope of the Act has been extended to prohibit employment of children in 70 hazardous occupations and processes, including rag-picking and scavenging.

Legislative/Other Measures for Child Labour

1. Child Labour (Regulation and Prohibition Act), 1986
2. National Child Labour Policy, 1987
3. National Child Labour Projects
4. International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC), 1992
5. Committee on Child Labour (Gurupadswamy : 1979)
6. Task Force on Child Labour (Singhvi : 1989)
7. National Commission on Rural Labour, 1991
8. National Authority for Elimination of Child Labour, 1994
9. The Children (Pledging of Labour) Act, 1933
10. The Factories Act, 1948
11. The Mines Act, 1952
12. The Motor Transport Workers Act, 1961
13. The Beedi and Cigar Workers (Condition of Employment), Act, 1966
14. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
15. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948

The incidence of child labour is given in Table 29.

Table 29: Child Labour in India, 1991-2000

S.No	India/State/UTs	Child Labour 1991			Child Labour 2000 \$	
		Main	Marginal	Total	Number	Percentage
	India	9,082,141	2,203,208	11,285,349	10,404,869	100.00
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1,537,293	124,647	1,661,940	18,62,168	17.89
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11,632	763	12,395	6,423	0.06
3.	Assam	259,953	67,645	327,598	1,71,237	1.64
4.	Bihar	795,444	146,801	942,245	5,45,796	5.24
5.	Chhatisgarh	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	26,670	681	27,351	70,076	0.67
7.	Goa	3,938	718	4,656	1,158	0.01
8.	Gujarat	373,027	150,558	523,585	5,01,555	4.82
9.	Haryana	89,030	20,661	109,691	70,677	0.67
10.	Himachal Pradesh	30,771	25,667	56,438	56,461	0.51
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	NA	NA	NA	35,538	0.34
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	818,159	158,088	976,247	7,74,251	7.44
14.	Kerala	28,590	6,210	34,800	19,747	0.81
15.	Madhya Pradesh	997,940	354,623	1,352,563	6,89,355	6.62
16.	Maharashtra	805,847	262,571	1,068,418	7,45,953	7.16
17.	Manipur	13,478	3,015	16,493	3,651	0.03
18.	Meghalaya	30,730	3,903	34,633	18,187	0.17
19.	Mizoram	6,391	10,020	16,411	7,508	0.07
20.	Nagaland	16,106	370	16,476	8,921	0.08
21.	Orissa	325,250	127,144	452,394	3,41,749	3.28
22.	Punjab	132,414	10,454	142,868	1,60,100	1.53
23.	Rajasthan	490,522	283,677	774,199	11,85,873	1.39
24.	Sikkim	5,254	344	5,598	2108	0.02
25.	Tamil Nadu	523,125	55,764	578,889	4,29,229	4.12
26.	Tripura	13,506	2,972	16,478	7,901	0.07
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1,145,087	264,999	1,410,086	13,67,723	13.14
28.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	593,387	118,304	711,691	8,255.3	7.93
	Union Territories					
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	758	507	1,265	1,557	0.01
31.	Chandigarh	1,839	31	1,870	979	0.009
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2,677	1,739	4,416	1,378	0.01
33.	Daman & Diu	741	200	941	595	0.005
34.	Lakshadweep	17	17	34	111	0.001
35.	Pondicherry	2,565	115	2,680	879	0.008

Sources: India, Ministry of Labour. (2000). Annual Report 1999-2000. New Delhi. P.160

\$ Diwedi, H.K. (2004). Towards Eradicating Child Labour: Magnitude, Concern and Strategy. In Labour and Development, 2004 Jun, 10(1): 80-112. Noida: V.V. Giri National Labour Institute. P.84.

6. Health and Nutrition

For a nation's progress it is essential that the health and nutrition of women and girls, mothers of the new generation, is adequately cared for. Although the expectation of life at birth for women has increased from 36.1 years in 1951 to 63.4 years in 2001, the health and nutrition status of women and girls leaves much scope for improvement. The dietary intake of women in low economic group was deficient by 500 to 600 calories. Other factors influencing the poor status of women and girls are unsafe drinking water, inadequate sanitation facilities, poor hygiene and housing conditions in rural and urban poor areas, disproportionate workload, physical and mental violence, etc. Information on a few health and nutrition indicators is given in the subsequent tables.

Health situation in India at a glance is given in Table 30.

Table 30: Commitment to Health : Access, Services and Resources, 1994-2003

S.No	Indicator	Percentage
1.	Population with sustainable access to improved sanitation (%) 2000	28
2.	Population with sustainable access to improved water source (%) 2000	84
3.	Population with sustainable access to affordable essential drugs (%) ^b 1999	0-49
4.	One year olds fully immunized	
	· against tuberculosis (%) 2002	81
	· against measles (%) 2002	67
5.	Oral rehydration therapy use rate (%) ^c 1994-2002	----
6.	Contraceptive Prevalence Rate ^a (%) ^c 1995-2002	48 ^f
7.	Physicians (per 100,000 population) ^c 1990-2003	51
8.	Health expenditure – private (as % of GDP) 2001	4.2
9.	Undernourished people (as % of total population) ^{a1} 1999/2001	21
10.	Children under weight for age (% under age 5) ^{b1} 1995-2002	47
11.	Children under height for age (% under age 5) ^{b1} 1995-2002	46
12.	Infants with low birth weight (%) ^{b1} 1998-2002	30
13.	HIV Prevalence in age group 15-49 years (%) ^{a2} 2003	0.4-1.3
14.	Malaria Cases (per 100,000 people) ^{c1} 2000	7
15.	Tuberculosis cases (per 100,000 people) ^c 2002	344
16.	Prevalence of Smoking (% of adults) ^d	
	· Women (2000)	3
	· Men (2000)	29

Notes: Sources of information are UNICEF, WHO, UNAIDS

a: Data usually refer to married women ages 15-49 years.

a¹: Data refer to the average for the years specified.

a²: Data refer to point and range estimates based on new estimation models developed by the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS). Range estimates are presented in square brackets.

b: The Data on access to essential drugs are based on statistical estimates received from World Health Organisation (WHO) country and regional offices, regional adviser and through the World Drug Situation Survey 1998-99.

b¹: Data refer to the most recent year available during the period specified

c: Data refer to most recent year available during the period specified.

c¹: Data refer to malaria cases reported to the World Health Organization (WHO) and may represent only a fraction of the true number in a country.

d: The age range varies but in most is 18 and older or 15 and older.

e: Data refer to the prevalence of all forms of tuberculosis.

f: Excluding the state of Tripura

Sources: United Nations Development Programme. (2004). Human Development Report 2004. New York: Oxford University Press. P. 158-159,162,166-167.

The rural health infrastructure in India is often plagued with inadequate resources of trained manpower, equipment, medicines, electricity and transport. To reduce the high maternal mortality rate of 407 per 1,00,000 live births, rural health infrastructure needs strengthening. In 2005, National Rural Health Mission has been launched to provide improved health care services in rural areas. The number of health centres, and trained personnel available in rural areas is given in Table 31.

Table 31 : Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC), Community Health Centres (CHC), Doctors, Lady Health Visitors (LHVs), and Multipurpose Worker (Female)/ Auxiliary Nurse Midwives (ANM) in Rural Areas, 2002

S. No	India/State/UTs	Sub Centres	Primary Health Centres (PHC)	CHCs	ANMs	Lady Health Visitors (LHVs)	Doctors
	India	139526	23133	3057	137407	19855	25724
1.	Andhra Pradesh	12522	1490	161	10888	1553	1495
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	273	65	20	301	16	80
3.	Assam	5109	610	100	5719	411	610
4.	Bihar	10337	1648	101	7541	1248	2121
5.	Chhattisgarh	3818	512	114			
6.	Delhi	42	8	0	89	48	6
7.	Goa	171	19	5	197	24	105
8.	Gujarat	7274	1001	242	6888	851	949
9.	Haryana	2433	402	72	1975	182	935
10.	Himachal Pradesh	2067	438	66	1974	347	326
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	1879	334	70	381	67	158
12.	Jharkhand	4462	561	47			
13.	Karnataka	8143	1677	253	8270	1161	1901

S. No	India/State/UTs	Sub Centres	Primary Health Centres (PHC)	CHCs	ANMs	Lady Health Visitors (LHVs)	Doctors
14.	Kerala	5094	933	115	5396	858	1131
15.	Madhya Pradesh	8129	1178	228	10426	1558	1469
16.	Maharashtra	9725	1768	351	10553	1536	3160
17.	Manipur	420	69	16	413	72	95
18.	Meghalaya	413	85	13	715	50	86
19.	Mizoram	346	58	9	385	78	49
20.	Nagaland	302	46	9	162	31	29
21.	Orissa	5927	1352	157	6944	998	2351
22.	Punjab	2852	484	117	3982	668	424
23.	Rajasthan	9926	1674	263	11791	1318	1537
24.	Sikkim	147	24	2	288	21	41
25.	Tamil Nadu	8682	1436	72	10538	1679	2648
26.	Tripura	539	58	11	517	31	120
27.	Uttaranchal	1525	229	36			
28.	Uttar Pradesh	18577	3640	294	22629	3544	2263
29.	West Bengal	8126	1262	99	8126	1447	1547
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	107	20	4	118	22	28
31.	Chandigarh	13	0	1	12	2	0
32.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	36	6	1	40	9	6
33.	Daman and Diu	21	3	1	23	4	3
34.	Lakshadweep	14	4	3	18	1	6
35.	Pondicherry	75	39	4	108	20	45

Sources: India, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Department of Family Welfare, Infrastructure Division. (2004). Bulletin on Rural Health Statistics in India March 2002 (updated upto 31.03.2001). New Delhi. P. 19, 32, 35, 37.

The maternal mortality rate (MMR) of developed countries ranges between 4 and 20. India's maternal mortality rate of 407 maternal deaths per 100,000 live births is unacceptably high and all efforts are being made to increase the number of institutional deliveries, so that emergency medical services can be provided when needed. Rural areas lack all weather roads and transport services, blood banks, operation theatres and other support services. The aim must be to ensure that every delivery takes place in a hospital. The incidence of safe delivery and assisted delivery is given in Table 32.

Table 32 : Safe Delivery and Assisted Delivery among Women, 1999-2002

S.No.	India/State/ UTs	Percentage of Safe Delivery Sep-Dec. 1999 \$	Institutional Delivery or Home Delivery Assisted by Doctor/Nurse/ ANM (%) 2002 @	Percentage of Births Attended by Health Professional 1998-99 #
	India	41.9	54	42.3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	63.2	76	65.2
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	32.9	-	31.9
3.	Assam	38.6	-	21.4
4.	Bihar	18.4	30	23.4
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	40	-
6.	Delhi	73.5	-	65.9
7.	Goa	93.2	-	90.8
8.	Gujarat	51.6	77	53.5
9.	Haryana	33.0	56	42.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	42.2	68	40.2
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	42.4	78	42.4
12.	Jharkhand	-	31	-
13.	Karnataka	62.3	71	59.1
14.	Kerala	97.1	98	94.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	30.2	47	29.7
16.	Maharashtra	57.2	73	59.4
17.	Manipur	53.6	-	53.9
18.	Meghalaya	29.7	-	20.6
19.	Mizoram	22.1	-	67.5
20.	Nagaland	31.0	-	32.8
21.	Orissa	31.6	47	33.4
22.	Punjab	55.5	86	62.6
23.	Rajasthan	32.3	46	35.8
24.	Sikkim	40.8	-	35.1
25.	Tamil Nadu	80.2	93	83.8
26.	Tripura	47.3	-	N.A
27.	Uttar Pradesh	21.9	34	22.4
28.	Uttaranchal	-	46	-
29.	West Bengal	47.1	67	44.2
	Union Territories			
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	71.7	-	N.A
31.	Chandigarh	71.3	-	N.A
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	N.A	-	N.A
33.	Daman & Diu	89.9	-	N.A
34.	Lakshadweep	N.A	-	N.A
35.	Pondicherry	93.6	-	N.A

Sources: \$ India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare. (2000). Annual Report 1999-2000. New Delhi. P.58-59.
 @ International Institute for Population Sciences. (2004). National Dissemination Seminar on Reproductive and Child Health Project (Phase 1, Round 2, 2002) Reproductive and Child Health Services: Results: Fifth Session, 27- 28 Jan 2004: New Delhi. Mumbai. P. 118.
 # International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey-2, 1998-99 : India. Mumbai. P. 442.

The percentage of ever married women who make decisions regarding their own health care is given in Table 33.

Table 33 : Decision Making by Ever Married Women Aged 15-49 Years on Own Health Care (Percentage), 1998-99.

S.No.	India/State/UTs	Decision Making on Health Care by Married Women Aged 15-49 Years (%)
	India	51.6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	56.1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	70.0
3.	Assam	65.1
4.	Bihar	47.6
5.	Chhattisgarh	-
6.	Delhi	68.7
7.	Goa	61.6
8.	Gujarat	71.4
9.	Haryana	67.2
10.	Himachal Pradesh	80.8
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	55.5
12.	Jharkhand	-
13.	Karnataka	49.3
14.	Kerala	72.6
15.	Madhya Pradesh	36.6
16.	Maharashtra	49.9
17.	Manipur	43.3
18.	Meghalaya	78.9
19.	Mizoram	73.2
20.	Nagaland	69.4
21.	Orissa	38.6
22.	Punjab	78.5
23.	Rajasthan	40.6
24.	Sikkim	60.2
25.	Tamil Nadu	61.1
26.	Tripura	N.A
27.	Uttar Pradesh	44.8
28.	Uttaranchal	-
29.	West Bengal	45.1
	Union Territories	
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	N.A
31.	Chandigarh	N.A
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	N.A
33.	Daman & Diu	N.A
34.	Lakshadweep	N.A
35.	Pondicherry	N.A.

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey – 2, 1998-99 : India. Mumbai. P. 440.

The death rate in India in 2002 is 8.1 per 1,00,000 population, as per statistics from the Vital Statistics Division of the Office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India (April 2004). The death rate in rural and urban areas is 8.7 and 6.1 per 1,00,000 population respectively.

The various causes of death among the general population, infants and children, and women are given in the subsequent tables.

The causes of death in various age groups by sex is given in Table 34.

Table 34: Percentage Distribution of Deaths for Selected Major Cause Groups by Age and Sex, 1999

S. No.	ICD Code	Major Cause Groups	Sex	Age Group (in years)								Total
				Below 1Year	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 & over	
1.	I.	Infectious and parasitic diseases	M	6.6	4.4	5.0	7.2	14.1	18.1	14.4	30.2	100.0
			F	7.9	7.2	7.8	13.9	15.6	12.8	9.5	25.2	100.0
2.	II.	Neoplasm	M	0.9	1.1	3.1	4.2	6.8	11.8	18.7	53.4	100.0
			F	0.8	0.9	1.9	3.4	7.3	15.3	21.3	59.0	100.0
3.	III.	Diseases of blood and blood forming organs	M	5.2	6.1	8.6	9.2	9.5	11.8	10.9	38.7	100.0
			F	4.3	7.4	8.3	12.9	15.2	10.0	9.3	32.8	100.0
4.	IV.	Endocrine and Metabolic diseases	M	2.1	1.7	1.0	1.5	3.4	7.9	16.8	65.6	100.0
			F	1.8	2.7	1.8	2.4	3.0	6.1	14.0	68.3	100.0
5.	V.	Mental and behavioural disorders	M	1.3	0.9	1.9	3.9	12.2	22.1	26.4	31.4	100.0
			F	1.8	0.9	0.9	11.4	9.6	15.8	18.4	41.2	100.0
6.	VI.	Diseases of central nervous system	M	12.7	9.8	12.0	7.4	9.5	10.3	9.3	29.0	100.0
			F	12.4	13.1	13.9	10.6	10.6	8.6	7.0	24.0	100.0
7.	VII.	Eye and Adnexa Diseases	M	3.8	1.3	12.8	5.1	3.8	15.4	10.3	47.3	100.0
			F	5.7	5.7	5.7	2.9	5.7	11.4	5.7	57.1	100.0
8.	VIII.	Ear and Mastoid Diseases	M	3.8	0.0	15.4	7.7	19.2	7.7	3.8	42.2	100.0
			F	6.3	0.0	6.3	25.0	6.3	12.5	6.3	37.7	100.0
9.	IX.	Diseases of circulatory system	M	0.6	0.4	1.1	2.7	5.1	10.4	16.6	63.2	100.0
			F	0.6	0.6	1.5	3.9	5.5	7.7	12.0	68.2	100.0
10.	X.	Diseases of respiratory system	M	10.5	5.4	3.7	3.9	6.0	9.5	12.2	58.8	100.0
			F	11.3	8.0	5.1	5.7	6.6	7.0	8.9	47.4	100.0
11.	XI.	Diseases of digestive system	M	1.3	1.6	2.4	4.2	11.3	21.5	22.1	35.6	100.0
			F	2.6	2.8	5.5	9.2	13.0	14.1	14.7	40.1	100.0
12.	XII.	Diseases of skin	M	2.1	1.8	2.7	5.7	6.4	14.2	17.2	49.9	100.0
			F	1.3	1.7	3.9	8.3	11.8	11.4	8.3	53.2	100.0

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S. No.	ICD Code	Major Cause Groups	Sex	Age Group (in years)								Total
				Below 1Year	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 & over	
13.	XIII.	Diseases of musculoskeletal system	M	1.8	1.8	3.5	5.9	8.2	19.4	12.4	47.0	100.0
			F	0.7	0.7	1.4	10.4	18.1	20.8	9.0	38.9	100.0
14.	XIV.	Diseases of genitourinary system	M	1.5	2.2	3.1	5.3	9.5	13.4	16.3	48.6	100.0
			F	1.1	1.9	4.4	8.2	10.9	11.2	14.7	47.5	100.0
15.	XV.	Pregnancy, child birth and puerperium	F	0.0	0.0	1.1	34.3	41.8	14.2	3.6	4.9	100.0
16.	XVI.	Conditions originating in the perinatal period	M	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
			F	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
17.	XVII.	Congenital malformations, deformations and abnormalities	M	71.3	9.6	5.4	3.1	0.8	1.7	1.1	7.1	100.0
			F	69.3	11.2	6.6	3.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	5.8	100.0
18.	XVIII.	Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical findings not else where classified	M	6.5	2.7	3.2	5.9	9.4	11.8	11.8	48.6	100.0
			F	7.6	3.2	4.0	7.7	8.6	7.5	7.5	53.9	100.0
19.	XIX.	Injuries poisoning and other consequences of external causes	M	1.0	1.8	4.7	17.7	24.0	20.1	12.2	18.5	100.0
			F	0.9	1.9	5.4	30.1	27.9	14.0	6.9	12.9	100.0
		All Causes	M	11.4	2.4	3.2	6.0	9.7	12.7	13.4	41.2	100.0
			F	12.2	3.3	4.1	10.6	11.6	9.3	9.2	39.3	100.0
			T	11.6	2.8	3.5	7.7	10.4	11.4	11.8	40.5	100.0

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Medical Certification of Causes of Death 1999. New Delhi. P.38.

The top ten killers in various age groups in rural areas are given in Table 35.

Table 35: Age-wise Deaths to Total Deaths of Top Ten Killers in Rural India, (percentage), 1998

S.No	ICD CODE	Ten Top Killers	Age Groups (in years)								Total Reported Deaths in 2059 PHC Villages out of 40,351 Deaths
			0-1	1-4	5-14	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-59	60 & over	
1.	J 20 & 45	Bronchitis and Asthma	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.2	2.1	10.7	82.9	5,055
2.	I 21- 25	Heart Attack	0.1	0.2	0.8	1.9	3.4	7.9	25.1	60.7	3,577
3.	A 15	Tuberculosis of Lungs	0.6	1.2	1.8	6.2	13.1	18.5	26.2	32.4	1,987
4.	G 41	Paralysis of Cerebral Apoplexy	0.1	0.4	1.4	1.1	1.9	3.6	13.5	77.9	1,828
5.	P 07	Prematurity	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,762
6.	C 00-97	Cancer	0.7	0.8	2.5	3.3	6.3	12.3	28.8	45.3	1,718
7.	D 50 – 64	Anaemia	12.8	10.8	4.8	3.5	4.0	5.1	11.1	48.0	1,321
8.	J 18	Pneumonia	54.0	23.7	7.6	2.0	1.2	1.4	2.5	7.6	1,282
9.	X 60 – 84	Intentional Self Harm (Suicide)	0.0	0.0	2.5	28.8	26.8	16.3	14.2	11.4	1,107
10.	V 1-99	Vehicular Accidents	1.3	2.5	11.2	18.9	21.1	15.8	15.3	13.9	873

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India: Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P.17

The percentage distribution of top ten killer diseases of infants in rural India is given in Table 36.

Table 36 : Percentage Distribution of Ten Top Killer Diseases of Infants (Below One year) in Rural India, 1998

S. No.	India/States	Rank	Prematurity	Pneumonia	Respiratory infection of new born	Congenital malformation	Anaemia	Diarrhoea of new born	Birth injury	Tetanus neonatorum	Diarrhoea & gastroenteritis	Convulsions	Total
			I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	
		ICD Codes	P 07	J 18	P 22	Q 00 - 99	D 50 - 64	P 75 - 78	P 10 - 15	A 33	A 09	G 40	
	India		34.4	13.5	11.5	3.5	3.3	2.4	2.0	1.3	1.1	0.9	73.7
1	Andhra Pradesh		21.0	3.2	14.9	2.3	1.7	4.4	2.6	2.9	0.6	2.0	55.7
2	Bihar		23.2	29.3	9.8	3.7	14.6	3.7	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	86.6
3	Gujarat		29.2	4.5	5.8	10.4	2.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.9	55.8
4	Haryana		13.7	24.8	2.0	2.6	5.9	3.3	0.7	5.2	0.7	0.0	58.8
5	Karnataka		39.5	0.0	15.6	4.2	0.0	1.8	1.2	1.8	0.0	0.0	64.1
6	Kerala		16.7	16.7	16.7	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7
7	Maharashtra		54.8	12.8	4.1	2.8	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.0	0.2	1.8	78.1
8	Madhya Pradesh		37.7	20.5	14.8	3.4	5.6	2.5	2.8	2.0	0.7	0.1	90.0
9	Orissa		41.8	8.8	22.0	4.4	4.4	1.1	1.1	2.2	1.1	0.0	86.8
10	Punjab		14.3	0.0	7.1	0.0	14.3	7.1	0.0	0.0	14.3	0.0	57.1
11	Rajasthan		25.3	25.0	6.4	4.2	10.3	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	73.1
12	Tamil Nadu		23.9	1.7	25.5	4.8	0.4	2.5	2.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	63.3
13	Uttar Pradesh		28.1	21.4	7.4	2.2	4.9	3.6	1.7	1.2	1.2	1.3	73.0

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India: Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P. 26.

The major causes of child deaths in the age group 1-4 years are given in Table 37.

Table 37: Child Deaths (1-4) Years Reported by Major Cause Groups All India, 1998

S.No.	ICD Code	Major Cause Groups	Number of Child Deaths 1-4 Years Reported from 2059 PHC Villages Where 40,351 Deaths Were Reported			Percentage		
			M	F	P	M	F	P
1.	J	Diseases of the respiratory system	206	227	433	28.9	27.7	28.3
2.	A	Infectious and parasitic diseases	138	178	316	19.4	21.7	20.6
3.	B	Viral infection	67	104	171	9.4	12.7	11.2
4.	D	Diseases of the blood and blood forming organs	61	82	143	8.6	10.0	9.3
5.	X	With venomous animal contact	73	43	106	10.3	5.2	7.6
6.	G	Inflammatory diseases of central nervous system	41	53	94	5.8	6.5	6.1
7.	R	Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical findings not elsewhere mentioned	31	35	66	4.4	4.3	4.3
8.	I	Diseases of circulatory system	24	38	62	3.4	4.6	4.0
9.	T	Injuries, poisoning and other consequences of external causes	17	12	29	2.4	1.5	1.9
10.	K	Diseases of the digestive system	10	12	22	1.4	1.5	1.4
11.	V	External causes of mortality	12	10	22	1.7	1.2	1.4
12.	F	Mental and behavioural disorders	7	10	17	1.0	1.2	1.1
13.	W	Other external causes of accidental injuries	9	7	16	1.3	0.9	1.0
14.	C	Neoplasm	10	4	14	1.4	0.5	0.9
15.	N	Diseases of genitourinary system	4	4	8	0.6	0.5	0.5
16.	E	Metabolic diseases	2	1	3	0.3	0.1	0.2
17.		Total Child Deaths	712	820	1,532	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: P= Persons M=Males F=Female

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India: Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P. 27

The ten major killer diseases of children aged 1-4 years in bigger states of India are given in Table 38.

Table 38 : Ten Top Killer Diseases of Children 1-4 Years by Specific Causes, 1998

S. No.	India/States	ICD Code	Pneumonia	Anaemia	Diarrhoea and Gastroenteritis	Typhoid and Paratyphoid	Influenza	Congestive and Other Heart Diseases	Drowning	Convulsions	Dysentery	Malaria	Total
			J 18	D 50-64	A 09	A 01	J 10-11	151	X 71	G 40	A 06	B 50-54	
	India		19.0	9.0	6.3	5.1	3.8	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.1	2.6	59.2
1	Andhra Pradesh		6.3	7.9	3.2	3.2	0.0	7.9	7.9	6.3	1.6	0.0	44.4
2	Bihar		22.0	22.0	2.4	7.3	2.4	0.0	2.4	2.4	7.3	0.0	68.3
3	Gujarat		1.7	11.9	1.7	5.1	0.0	1.7	3.4	5.1	0.0	1.7	32.2
4	Haryana		26.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	0.0	6.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	58.0
5	Karnataka		14.7	13.3	8.0	1.3	6.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	5.3	0.0	54.7
6	Kerala		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.0	20.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
7	Madhya Pradesh		22.1	6.2	1.6	2.3	0.0	8.1	3.3	7.5	0.3	0.0	51.5
8	Maharashtra		26.2	13.9	7.5	6.5	7.8	0.0	1.0	1.4	2.4	10.2	76.9
9	Orissa		25.0	21.4	7.1	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	7.1	75.0
10	Punjab		20.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	60.0
11	Rajasthan		39.1	15.2	0.0	3.3	3.3	0.0	4.3	1.1	3.3	0.0	69.6
12	Tamil Nadu		2.4	3.2	7.1	0.0	4.8	8.7	8.7	2.4	4.0	0.0	41.3
13	Uttar Pradesh		25.9	6.5	7.3	14.6	2.8	1.2	2.0	3.2	5.7	2.0	71.3

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P. 28

The major causes of child deaths in the age group 5-14 years are given in Table 39.

Table 39: Child Deaths in 5-14 Years Age Group by Major Cause Groups in Rural India, 1998

S.No.	ICD Code	Major Cause Groups	Number of Child Deaths 5-14 Years Reported from 2059 PHC Villages Where 40,351 Deaths Were Reported			Percentage		
			M	F	P	M	F	P
1.	X	With venomous animal contact	150	116	266	19.3	15.4	17.4
2.	A	Infectious and parasitic diseases	116	145	261	14.9	19.3	17.0
3.	J	Diseases of the respiratory system	89	97	186	11.4	12.9	12.1
4.	G	Inflammatory diseases of central nervous system	82	64	146	10.5	8.5	9.5
5.	B	Viral infection	58	68	126	7.5	9.0	8.2
6.	R	Symptoms, signs and abnormal clinical findings not elsewhere mentioned	58	56	114	7.5	7.4	7.4
7.	V	External causes of mortality	62	36	98	8.0	4.8	6.4
8.	I	Diseases of circulatory system	45	42	87	5.8	5.6	5.7
9.	D	Diseases of the blood and blood forming organs	27	36	63	3.5	4.8	4.1
10.	C	Neoplasm	26	17	43	3.3	2.3	2.8
11.	T	Injuries poisoning and other consequences of external causes	14	25	39	1.8	3.3	2.5
12.	W	Other external causes of accidental injuries	18	14	32	2.3	1.9	2.1
13.	K	Diseases of the digestive system	10	20	30	1.3	2.7	2.0
14.	F	Mental and behavioural disorders	12	10	22	1.5	1.3	1.4
15.	N	Diseases of genitourinary system	10	6	16	1.3	0.8	1.0
16.	E	Metabolic diseases	1	1	2	0.1	0.1	0.1
		Total	778	753	1,531	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: P= Persons M=Males F=Females

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India: Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P.29

The ten major causes of death of women in the reproductive age group 15-44 years in major states of India are given in Table 40.

Table 40: Top Ten Killer Diseases of Females in Reproductive Age Group 15- 44 Years in Major States of India, (%), 1998

S. No.	India/States	ICD Code	Suicide	T.B. of lungs	Burns	Cancer	Heart Attack	Anaemia	Bronchitis & Asthma	Acute Abdomen	Drowning	Vehicular Accident	Total
			X 60-84	A 15	T 20-32	C 00-97	I 21-25	D 50-64	J 20 & 45	R-10	X 71	V 1-99	
	India		11.3	9.2	7.1	6.7	5.3	3.6	3.5	2.8	2.6	2.4	54.4
1	Andhra Pradesh		12.8	7.3	6.1	6.4	9.5	4.3	3.4	1.5	2.4	1.5	55.2
2	Bihar		0.0	9.6	1.1	2.1	3.2	17.0	4.3	8.5	3.2	2.1	51.1
3	Gujarat		13.1	10.7	10.7	8.3	10.7	1.2	1.2	2.4	0.0	7.1	65.5
4	Haryana		10.8	10.8	9.2	13.8	10.8	1.5	0.0	4.6	0.0	1.5	63.1
5	Karnataka		15.5	9.5	2.6	13.8	8.6	0.9	5.2	0.9	2.6	0.9	60.3
6	Kerala		26.5	0.0	0.0	14.7	11.8	2.9	8.8	0.0	2.9	0.0	67.6
7	Maharashtra		3.9	8.6	15.2	7.4	2.0	2.0	6.4	1.6	4.7	3.1	55.1
8	Madhya Pradesh		6.9	13.2	7.2	4.1	5.5	4.4	2.5	5.5	2.5	0.8	52.6
9	Orissa		14.5	5.8	0.0	1.4	8.7	8.7	2.9	2.9	1.4	0.0	46.4
10	Punjab		12.9	6.5	0.0	6.5	32.3	0.0	3.2	0.0	3.2	9.7	74.2
11	Rajasthan		7.9	19.7	3.9	5.5	2.4	1.6	3.9	6.3	0.8	7.1	59.1
12	Tamil Nadu		33.0	4.3	3.4	6.5	4.7	2.7	0.2	2.0	4.3	2.5	63.7
13	Uttar Pradesh		5.2	14.9	5.9	2.8	3.5	4.9	2.1	2.4	0.3	1.4	43.4

Sources : India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India : Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P. 34.

The ten top killer diseases of women in five year age groups in the reproductive period 15-44 years in rural areas are given in Table 41.

Table 41: Ten Top Killer Diseases of Females in the Reproductive Age Group (15-44 years), India, (Percentage), 1998

Rank	Specific Causes (Top killer diseases)	ICD Code	Number of Deaths of Women 15-44 Years Reported from 2059 PHC Villages Where 40,351 Deaths Were Reported	Reproductive Age Groups (in years)					
				15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
I	Intentional self harm (suicide)	X 60-84	336	23.5	27.7	22.9	11.9	11.6	2.4
II	T.B. of lungs	A 15	273	7.0	12.1	19.8	17.6	22.3	21.2
III	Burns	T 20-32	212	13.2	27.8	26.4	18.4	10.8	3.3
IV	Cancer	C 00-97	198	6.1	8.6	11.6	15.7	28.3	29.8
V	Heart Attack	I 21-25	157	3.8	17.8	13.4	15.9	21.7	27.4
VI	Anaemia	D 50-64	108	13.9	19.4	18.5	11.1	22.2	14.8
VII	Bronchitis & asthma	J 20 & 45	104	4.8	13.5	15.4	21.2	14.4	30.8
VIII	Acute Abdomen	R 10	82	14.6	17.1	12.2	19.5	18.3	18.3
IX	Drowning	X 71	77	28.6	19.5	18.2	10.4	14.3	9.1
X	Vehicular Accidents	V 1-99	71	22.5	18.3	12.7	16.9	18.3	11.3

Sources: India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2002). Survey of Causes of Death (Rural), India : Annual Report 1998. New Delhi. P. 35.

AIDS has emerged as a major killer in India. The incidence of AIDS is spreading from the high risk population to the general population, and the infection has spread even to new born babies. The incidence of AIDS among adults, women and children is given in Table 42.

Table 42: Adults and Children Living with HIV/AIDS, 2003

S.No.	Group	Persons Living with HIV / AIDS
1.	Adults	50,00,000
2.	Women	19,00,000
3.	Children	1,20,000
	Total	55,00,000

Notes: Adult HIV prevalence estimate 0.9%. Figures are for the end of 2003. These calculations are based on previously published estimates for 1999 and 2001 and recent trends in HIV/AIDS surveillance in various populations. Adults are defined as Men and Women aged 15 to 49 years. NACO sources.

Sources: The Pioneer (India, New Delhi), Wednesday October 13, 2004. P. 3.

The nutritional status of women and children in India is not quite satisfactory and requires intervention to bring improvement in the current situation. Although programmes have targeted vulnerable sections of the population, more concerted effort is required to bring about tangible change in the situation.

The incidence of anaemia among married women is quite high in India. The incidence of anaemia among pregnant women, and ever married women is given in Table 43.

Table 43: Anaemia among Pregnant Women, Currently Married (15-44 Years), and Ever Married Women, (Percentage), 2002

S.No.	India/States	Ever Married Women with Anaemia (%) 1998-99 #	Anaemia among Pregnant Women 2002		
			Severe	Moderate	Total
	India	51.8	3	36	39
1.	Andhra Pradesh	49.8	3	34	37
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	62.5	-	-	-
3.	Assam	69.7	-	-	-
4.	Bihar	63.4	1	36	37
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	5	46	51
6.	Delhi	40.5	-	-	-
7.	Goa	36.4	-	-	-
8.	Gujarat	46.3	1	40	41
9.	Haryana	47.0	3	55	58

S.No.	India/States	Ever Married Women with Anaemia (%) 1998-99 #	Anaemia among Pregnant Women 2002		
			Severe	Moderate	Total
10.	Himachal Pradesh	40.5	2	34	36
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	58.7	-	-	-
12.	Jharkhand	-	0	31	31
13.	Karnataka	42.4	2	24	26
14.	Kerala	22.7	1	3	4
15.	Madhya Pradesh	54.3	2	40	42
16.	Maharashtra	48.5	2	58	60
17.	Manipur	28.9	-	-	-
18.	Meghalaya	63.3	-	-	-
19.	Mizoram	48.0	-	-	-
20.	Nagaland	38.4	-	-	-
21.	Orissa	63.0	4	34	38
22.	Punjab	41.4	4	54	58
23.	Rajasthan	48.5	3	39	42
24.	Sikkim	61.1	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	56.5	1	25	26
26.	Tripura	N.A	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	48.7	3	40	43
28.	Uttaranchal	-	1	27	28
29.	West Bengal	62.7	8	24	32

Notes : Union Territories were not covered.

- Sources:**
1. # International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey-2, 1998-99. Mumbai. P. 252.
 2. International Institute for Population Sciences. (2004). National Dissemination Seminar on Reproductive and Child Health Project (Phase 1, Round 2, 2002) Results, New Delhi, 2004 Jan. 27-28. Fifth Session: Reproductive and Child Health Services. Mumbai. P.145.

The incidence of anaemia among children in the age group 0-6 years is given in Table 44.

Table 44: Anaemia among Children 0-72 Months, and 6-35 Months (Percentage), 2002

S.No.	India/States	Percentage of Children Aged 6-35 Months with any Anaemia #	Anaemia among Children (0-72 months)		
			Moderate	Severe	Total
	India	74.3	36	3	39
1.	Andhra Pradesh	72.3	38	3	41
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	54.5	-	-	-
3.	Assam	63.2	-	-	-
4.	Bihar	81.3	41	2	43
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	48	4	52
6.	Delhi	69.0	-	-	-
7.	Goa	53.4	-	-	-
8.	Gujarat	74.5	43	1	44
9.	Haryana	83.9	54	5	59
10.	Himachal Pradesh	69.9	39	2	41
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	71.1	-	-	-
12.	Jharkhand	-	33	0	33
13.	Karnataka	70.6	35	4	39
14.	Kerala	43.9	5	0	5
15.	Madhya Pradesh	75.0	44	3	47
16.	Maharashtra	76.0	53	3	56
17.	Manipur	45.2	-	-	-
18.	Meghalaya	67.6	-	-	-
19.	Mizoram	57.2	-	-	-
20.	Nagaland	43.7	-	-	-
21.	Orissa	72.3	37	4	41
22.	Punjab	80.0	48	6	54
23.	Rajasthan	82.3	36	2	38
24.	Sikkim	76.5	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	69.0	27	4	31
26.	Tripura	-	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	73.9	41	2	43
28.	Uttaranchal	-	21	1	22
29.	West Bengal	78.3	24	4	28

Notes : Union Territories were not covered.

Sources: International Institute for Population Sciences. (2004). National Dissemination Seminar on Reproductive and Child Health Project (Phase 1, Round 2, 2002) Reproductive and Child Health Services: Fifth Session: Results: 2004 Jan. 27-28, New Delhi. Mumbai. P.138.

International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey-2, 1998-99. Mumbai. P. 443.

Anaemia Among Children (Aged 6 – 35 months)

National Average : 74.3% NFHS 2 (2000)

States with Anaemia Below 55%: Nagaland (43.7%), Kerala (43.9%) , Manipur (45.2%), Goa (53.4%), Arunachal Pradesh (54.5%)

States with Anaemia Between 55 to 74% : Mizoram (57.2%), Assam (63.2%) Meghalaya (67.6%), Tamil Nadu (69.0%), Delhi (69.0%), HP (69.9%), Karnataka (70.6%), J&K (71.1%), AP (72.3%), Orissa (72.3%), UP (73.9%),

States with Anaemia Above 75%: Gujarat (74.5), MP (75.0%), Maharashtra (76.0%), Sikkim (76.5%), WB (78.3%), Punjab (80.0%), Bihar (81.3%), Rajasthan (82.3%) Haryana (83.9%)

States with Anaemia Rate Not Available: Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Tripura, Uttaranchal, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry

The incidence of malnutrition and undernutrition among children aged 0-6 years is given in Table 45.

Table 45: Children with Malnutrition/Undernutrition 0-6 Years, (%), 1994-2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Percentage of Moderately and Severely Malnourished Children 1-5 Yrs. (1994-96) (Wt. for age) *		Percentage of Children under 3 Years ** (NFHS 2, 2000)			Under Weight Children 0-6 Years below -2 SD (%)
		Male	Female	Stunted	Wasted	Under Weight	
	India	42.1^P	40.8				47
	India (2000) NFHS 2			45.5	15.5	47.0	
	India (1995) NFHS 1			52.0	17.5	53.4	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	48.6 ^R	49.6	38.6	9.1	37.7	42
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	59.2 ^R	54.5	26.5	7.9	24.3	-
3.	Assam	29.4 ^R	27.6	50.2	13.3	36.0	-
4.	Bihar	56.6 ^C	55.4	53.7	21.0	54.4	56
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	42
6.	Delhi	37.0 ^C	33.4	36.8	12.5	34.7	-
7.	Goa	25.1 ^C	17.5	18.1	13.1	28.6	-
8.	Gujarat	74.2 ^R	61.8	43.6	16.2	45.1	46
9.	Haryana	34.3 ^R	33.0	50.0	5.3	34.6	42
10.	Himachal Pradesh	36.6 ^R	34.7	41.3	16.9	43.6	34
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	38.8	11.8	34.5	-
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	52
13.	Karnataka	55.6 ^R	51.1	36.6	20.0	43.9	40
14.	Kerala	34.4 ^R	34.2	21.9	11.1	26.9	31
15.	Madhya Pradesh	57.9 ^R	49.6	51.0	19.8	55.1	58
16.	Maharashtra	52.7 ^R	55.6	39.9	21.2	49.6	50
17.	Manipur	31.0 ^C	28.6	31.3	8.2	27.5	-
18.	Meghalaya	11.5 ^C	10.7	44.9	13.3	37.9	-
19.	Mizoram	17.5 ^C	18.2	34.6	10.2	27.7	-
20.	Nagaland	27.5 ^R	27.1	33.0	10.4	24.1	-
21.	Orissa	55.1 ^C	51.4	44.0	24.3	54.4	52
22.	Punjab	32.2 ^R	31.6	39.2	7.1	28.7	41
23.	Rajasthan	42.3 ^C	42.6	52.0	11.7	50.6	62
24.	Sikkim	37.7 ^C	36.8	31.7	4.8	20.6	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	40.9 ^R	39.7	29.4	19.9	36.7	-

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Percentage of Moderately and Severely Malnourished Children 1-5 Yrs. (1994-96) (Wt. for age) *		Percentage of Children under 3 Years ** (NFHS 2, 2000)			Under Weight Children 0-6 Years below -2 SD (%)
		Male	Female	Stunted	Wasted	Under Weight	
26.	Tripura	33.6 ^C	40.6	-	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	-	-	55.5	11.1	51.7	52
28.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	41
29.	West Bengal	-	-	41.5	13.6	48.7	46
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	21.1 ^C	25.2	-	-	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	44.9 ^R	37.7	-	-	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	29.7 ^R	35.5	-	-	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-				-
35.	Pondicherry	-	-				-

Notes: P=Pooled R=Rural C=Combined
Sources: * India, Planning Commission. (2000). Women in India Statistical Profile : A Comparative Picture of the Status of Women and Men : Data Sheet. New Delhi. P. 1.
 ** International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey-2, 1998-99. Mumbai. P. 443.
 International Institute for Population Sciences. (2004). National Dissemination Seminar on Reproductive and Child Health Project (Phase 1, Round 2, 2002) Reproductive and Child Health Services: Fifth Session: Results: 2004 Jan. 27-28, New Delhi. Mumbai. P.133.

Under Weight Children (Below 3 Years)

National Average : 47 % NFHS 2 (2000)

States with Under Weight Children 20% to 34%

Sikkim (20.6%), Nagaland (24.1%), Arunachal Pradesh (24.3%), Kerala (26.9%) Manipur (27.5%), Mizoram (27.7%), Goa (28.6%), Punjab (28.7%), J&K (34.5%), Haryana (34.6%), Delhi (34.7%)

States with Under Weight Children 35% to 49%

Assam (36.0%), Tamil Nadu (36.7%), AP (37.7%), Meghalaya (37.9), HP (43.6%) Karnataka (43.9%), Gujarat (45.1%), WB (48.7%), Maharashtra (49.6%),

States with Under Weight Children 50% to 60%

Rajasthan (50.6%), UP (51.7%), Bihar (54.4%), Orissa (54.4%), MP(55.1%)

States with Under Weight Children % Not Available

Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Tripura, Uttaranchal, Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Chandigarh, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry

The average intake of energy, proteins, iron and Vitamin A against the Recommended Daily Intake Allowances (RDA) by boys and girls in various age groups is given in Table 46.

Table 46 : Average Intake of Energy, Proteins, Iron and Vitamin A against the Recommended Daily Intake Allowances (RDA), 1998

Age (Yrs.)	Sex	Energy (Kcal/day)		Proteins (g/day)		Iron (mg)		Vitamin A (ug)	
		Intake	RDA	Intake	RDA	Intake	RDA	Intake	RDA
1-3	Boys	918.1	1240	30.1	22	8.9	12	195.5	400
	Girls	925.9		30.5		9.2		200.8	
4-6	Boys	1299.5	1690	40.6	30	13.0	18	249.8	400
	Girls	1298.5		41.2		11.3		240.7	
7-9	Boys	1570.3	1950	50.0	41	20.0	26	258.4	600
	Girls	1520.0		49.7		18.3		246.5	
10-12	Boys	1847.0	2190	56.8	54	18.7	34	306.6	600
	Girls	1482.2	1970	45.7	57	15.1	19	309.8	
13-15	Boys	2184.9	2450	67.1	70	22.1	41	356.3	600
	Girls	2097.1	2060	65.6	65	21.4	28	369.4	
16-17	Boys	2514.3	2640	79.2	78	25.7	50	416.2	600
	Girls	2327.1	2060	74.2	63	23.9	30	396.7	
≥18	Boys	2592.3	2425	79.7	60	26.1	20	396.6	600
	Girls	2292.9	1875	70.8	50	23.0	30	376.1	

Notes: Pooled for 18 States/UTs.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (1998). India Nutrition Profile 1998. New Delhi. P. 14-15.

The per capita consumption of various food items per day in rural areas of different states and the ICMR Norms are given in Table 47.

Table 47: Per Capita Consumption of Various Foods Items (gms/day) in Rural Areas, 1993-94

S.No	State	Cereals	Cereals Substitute	Sugar	Pulses	Vegetables	Fruits	Fats and Oils	Milk	Eggs	Meat	Fish
	ICMR Norm	420	75	30	40	125	50	22	150	45	25	25
1.	Andhra Pradesh	442.33	0.00	14.33	23.33	66.00	22.36	12.33	78.60	6.00	7.33	3.67
2.	Assam	439.00	0.33	14.00	17.00	47.33	32.15	11.00	36.30	4.67	5.00	14.33
3.	Bihar	477.00	0.00	10.67	24.00	63.00	17.52	9.67	71.70	0.58	2.33	4.00
4.	Gujarat	355.33	0.00	32.00	12.33	74.67	17.72	21.67	152.10	0.71	1.67	0.67
5.	Haryana	430.67	0.00	53.33	20.67	64.67	30.18	9.67	414.60	0.33	2.00	0.00
6.	Himachal Pradesh	445.67	0.00	32.33	36.00	51.3	12.88	18.00	225.60	0.92	3.00	0.00
7.	Karnataka	438.33	0.00	19.00	26.33	62.67	31.93	8.00	86.40	3.71	4.33	4.67
8.	Kerala	337.00	54.00	27.67	14.33	35.67	43.41	8.67	78.30	8.33	8.00	45.00

S.No	State	Cereals	Cereals Substitute	Sugar	Pulses	Vegetables	Fruits	Fats and Oils	Milk	Eggs	Meat	Fish
9.	Madhya Pradesh	473.33	0.67	19.33	32.33	56.33	10.27	10.00	82.80	0.63	2.00	2.00
10.	Maharashtra	379.67	3.00	33.00	31.00	61.67	20.57	10.00	75.00	2.54	4.00	3.67
11.	Orissa	531.00	0.33	11.00	15.00	58.67	13.50	6.00	23.10	1.21	2.00	9.67
12.	Punjab	359.33	0.00	56.00	29.67	77.33	21.50	18.00	429.90	1.96	2.00	0.00
13.	Rajasthan	495.00	0.00	32.00	21.33	47.33	14.91	8.67	312.30	0.29	1.67	0.00
14.	Tamil Nadu	390.67	0.67	14.67	22.67	67.33	35.38	8.67	63.60	4.42	5.67	5.67
15.	Uttar Pradesh	463.67	0.33	17.33	32.67	56.33	18.08	12.67	163.20	0.88	3.67	1.33
16.	West Bengal	498.67	0.33	12.00	14.00	63.67	19.20	11.33	46.20	7.04	4.33	18.00
	Average	434.79	3.73	24.92	23.29	59.63	22.60	11.52	146.23	2.76	3.69	7.04

Notes: Col. 1, 2, 4, NSSO, 50th Round, (Report No.402), Level and Patterns of Consumer Expenditure (1993-94)
Col. 3, 5-11, NSSO, 50th Round, Quantity of Consumption of all Food Items (Rural)

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2001). Food Insecurity Atlas of Rural India/ M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.35.

The consumption index of various foods as a percentage of ICMR norms is given in Table 48.

Table 48: Consumption Index with ICMR Norms as the Base for Various Food Items in Rural Areas, 1993-94

S.No.	State	Cereals	Cereals Substitute	Sugar	Pulses	Vegetables	Fruits	Fats and Oils	Milk	Eggs	Meat	Fish
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1.05	0.00	0.48	0.58	0.53	0.45	0.56	0.52	0.13	0.29	0.15
2.	Assam	1.05	0.00	0.47	0.43	0.38	0.64	0.50	0.24	0.10	0.20	0.57
3.	Bihar	1.14	0.00	0.36	0.60	0.50	0.35	0.44	0.48	0.01	0.09	0.16
4.	Gujarat	0.85	0.00	1.07	0.31	0.60	0.35	0.98	1.01	0.02	0.07	0.03
5.	Haryana	1.03	0.00	1.78	0.52	0.52	0.60	0.44	2.76	0.01	0.08	0.00
6.	Himachal Pradesh	1.06	0.00	1.08	0.90	0.41	0.26	0.82	1.50	0.02	0.12	0.00
7.	Karnataka	1.04	0.00	0.63	0.66	0.50	0.64	0.36	0.58	0.08	0.17	0.19
8.	Kerala	0.80	0.72	0.92	0.36	0.29	0.87	0.39	0.52	0.19	0.32	1.80
9.	Madhya Pradesh	1.13	0.01	0.64	0.81	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.55	0.01	0.08	0.08
10.	Maharashtra	0.90	0.04	1.10	0.78	0.49	0.41	0.45	0.50	0.06	0.16	0.15
11.	Orissa	1.26	0.00	0.37	0.38	0.47	0.27	0.27	0.15	0.03	0.08	0.39
12.	Punjab	0.86	0.00	1.87	0.74	0.62	0.43	0.82	2.87	0.04	0.08	0.00
13.	Rajasthan	1.18	0.00	1.07	0.53	0.38	0.30	0.39	2.08	0.01	0.07	0.00
14.	Tamil Nadu	0.93	0.01	0.49	0.57	0.54	0.71	0.39	0.42	0.10	0.23	0.23
15.	Uttar Pradesh	1.10	0.00	0.58	0.82	0.45	0.36	0.58	1.09	0.02	0.15	0.05
16.	West Bengal	1.19	0.00	0.40	0.35	0.51	0.38	0.52	0.31	0.16	0.17	0.72
	All India	1.04	0.05	0.83	0.58	0.48	0.45	0.52	0.97	0.06	0.15	0.28

Notes: Col. 1, 2, 4, NSSO, 50th Round, (Report No.402), Level and Patterns of Consumer Expenditure (1993-94)
Col. 3, 5-11, NSSO, 50th Round, Quantity of Consumption of all Food Items (Rural)

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation (2001). Food Insecurity Atlas of Rural India/ M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.36

The percentage of people consuming less calories than that recommended by ICMR norms is given in Table 49.

Table 49: Deficient Calorie Intake (per cu/day) in Rural Areas, 1997

S. No.	India / State	Percentage of Households Consuming Less than 1890 Kcal	Percentage of Households Consuming Less than 2400 Kcal
1.	Andhra Pradesh	14.10	48.40
2.	Assam	13.30	53.90
3.	Bihar	14.10	41.80
4.	Gujarat	20.40	53.70
5.	Haryana	8.70	28.40
6.	Himachal Pradesh	5.30	29.30
7.	Karnataka	17.40	48.60
8.	Kerala	23.70	55.10
9.	Madhya Pradesh	12.20	41.00
10.	Maharashtra	21.90	57.40
11.	Orissa	10.40	35.40
12.	Punjab	6.30	27.60
13.	Rajasthan	4.20	23.00
14.	Tamil Nadu	28.20	61.30
15.	Uttar Pradesh	8.00	31.00
16.	West Bengal	7.40	37.20
	All India	13.40	42.00

Notes: Col. 1-2, NSSO, Sarvekshana, Vol. XXI, No.2, 73rd Issue (1997)

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2001). Food Insecurity Atlas of Rural India/ M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.41

The percentage of persons consuming zero meals in rural areas is given in Table 50.

Table 50: Number of Persons Consuming Zero Meals in Rural Areas, 1997

S. No.	India / State	No. of persons reporting zero meals per 1000 persons All Classes	No. of persons reporting zero meals per 1000 persons in the Lower Expenditure Groups below Rs.190*
1.	Andhra Pradesh	12.00	18.50
2.	Assam	9.00	9.00
3.	Bihar	11.00	14.50
4.	Gujarat	18.00	25.50
5.	Haryana	19.00	18.25
6.	Himachal Pradesh	17.00	23.50
7.	Karnataka	12.00	17.25
8.	Kerala	6.00	11.25
9.	Madhya Pradesh	19.00	23.50
10.	Maharashtra	17.00	22.00
11.	Orissa	14.00	16.00
12.	Punjab	11.00	23.50
13.	Rajasthan	18.00	24.75
14.	Tamil Nadu	13.00	16.25
15.	Uttar Pradesh	23.00	26.50
16.	West Bengal	14.00	21.25
	All India	16.00	20.00

Notes: * Average of all classes below Rs. 190/- monthly per capita expenditure groups. Col. 1-2, NSSO, Sarvekshana, Vol. XXI, No.2, 73rd Issue (1997)

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2001). Food Insecurity Atlas of Rural India/ M.S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.44

The number of households per 1,000 households getting two square meals a day is given in Table 51.

Table 51: Per Thousand Distribution of Households by Availability of Two Square Meals a Day in Rural Areas, 1993-94

S. No.	India/State	Members of households getting two square meals a day					
		Throughout the year	Only some months of the year	Not getting throughout the year	Not getting meals Col.2+3	Not reported	All
1.	Andhra Pradesh	966.00	17.00	12.00	29.00	5	1000.00
2.	Assam	901.00	61.00	30.00	91.00	8	1000.00
3.	Bihar	928.00	51.00	15.00	66.00	6	1000.00
4.	Gujarat	976.00	9.00	4.00	13.00	11	1000.00
5.	Haryana	992.00	8.00	0.00	8.00	0	1000.00
6.	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Karnataka	960.00	27.00	8.00	35.00	4	1000.00
8.	Kerala	910.00	74.00	4.00	78.00	12	1000.00
9.	Madhya Pradesh	970.00	25.00	3.00	28.00	1	1000.00
10.	Maharashtra	954.00	41.00	4.00	45.00	1	1000.00
11.	Orissa	844.00	149.00	5.00	154.00	2	1000.00
12.	Punjab	999.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0	1000.00
13.	Rajasthan	985.00	6.00	0.00	6.00	8	1000.00
14.	Tamil Nadu	969.00	15.00	9.00	24.00	7	1000.00
15.	Uttar Pradesh	963.00	29.00	5.00	34.00	3	1000.00
16.	West Bengal	856.00	111.00	30.00	141.00	4	1000.00
	All India	945.00	42.00	9.00	51.00	4	1000.00

Notes: Col. 1-6, NSSO, (Report No.415) Reported Adequacy of Food Intake in India (1993-94)

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2001). Food Insecurity Atlas of Rural India/ M.S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.45

The per capita consumption of food items in kilograms per month in urban areas in 1999-2000 are given in Table 52.

Table 52: Per Capita Consumption of Food Items (kg/month) in Urban Areas, 1999-2000

S.No	India /State	Cereals	Pulses & Pulse Products	Milk*	Edible Oil	Eggs*	Fish & Prawn	Meats	Vegetables	Fruits	Sugar
1.	Andhra Pradesh	10.94	0.87	3.96	0.60	0.32	0.08	0.29	2.93	0.97	0.67
2.	Assam	12.26	0.75	1.93	0.55	0.34	0.79	0.23	2.25	0.80	0.64
3.	Bihar	12.70	0.93	3.06	0.52	0.16	0.16	0.20	2.76	0.80	0.67
4.	Delhi	8.61	1.17	7.86	0.74	0.24	0.12	0.26	3.29	1.94	1.07
5.	Gujarat	8.49	1.03	5.92	1.05	0.11	0.03	0.12	3.31	1.01	1.16
6.	Haryana	9.36	1.05	8.13	0.63	0.12	0.00	0.07	2.81	1.21	1.49
7.	Himachal Pradesh	10.33	1.40	9.07	0.73	0.31	0.01	0.18	3.06	1.23	1.16
	Jammu & Kashmir	12.84	0.93	7.22	0.77	0.27	0.01	0.56	3.69	1.29	0.72
8.	Karnataka	10.21	1.04	4.56	0.59	0.31	0.12	0.33	2.85	1.12	0.97
9.	Kerala	9.25	0.69	3.14	0.46	0.40	1.88	0.33	1.66	1.022	0.88
10.	Madhya Pradesh	11.09	1.00	3.90	0.64	0.14	0.05	0.12	3.22	0.82	1.02
11.	Maharashtra	9.35	1.02	4.31	0.84	0.24	0.15	0.29	3.17	1.16	1.15
12.	Orissa	14.51	0.74	1.77	0.43	0.21	0.35	0.19	3.41	0.78	0.66
13.	Punjab	9.21	1.17	8.76	0.67	0.18	0.00	0.08	3.65	1.17	1.62
14.	Rajasthan	11.56	0.96	6.95	0.62	0.07	0.00	0.11	2.97	0.76	1.16
15.	Tamil Nadu	9.65	1.02	4.29	0.58	0.47	0.18	0.35	3.16	1.17	0.75
15.	Uttar Pradesh	10.79	0.98	4.74	0.60	0.14	0.03	0.24	2.64	1.13	1.06
16.	West Bengal	11.17	0.60	2.37	0.68	0.58	0.86	0.25	2.88	0.93	0.68
	Union Territories										
18.	Chandigarh	8.74	1.39	9.48	0.76	0.31	0.00	0.13	3.65	1.83	1.35
19.	Pondicherry	9.62	1.00	4.16	0.64	0.56	0.43	0.26	3.33	0.93	0.67
	All India	10.42	1.00	4.59	0.72	0.26	0.22	0.24	3.02	1.06	1.00

Notes: NSSO, 55th Round, Report No. 461. *One litre of milk is taken as 900 grams; one egg is taken as 125 grams.

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2002). Food Insecurity Atlas of Urban India/ M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.16.

The per capita consumption index of food items as compared to ICMR Norm in urban areas in 1999-2000 is given in Table 53.

Table 53: Per Capita Consumption Index of Food Items Compared with ICMR Norm in Urban Areas, 1999-2000

S.No	India /State/UTs	Cereals	Sugar	Pulses	Total Veg.	Fruits	Edible Oil	Milk	Eggs	Meat	Fish and Prawn
	ICMR Norm (gms)	420	30	40	125	50	22	150	45	25	25
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.87	0.74	0.73	0.78	0.64	0.91	0.88	0.24	0.39	0.11
2.	Assam	0.97	0.71	0.63	0.60	0.53	0.83	0.43	0.25	0.31	1.05
3.	Bihar	1.01	0.74	0.78	0.74	0.53	0.79	0.68	0.12	0.27	0.21
4.	Delhi	0.68	1.19	0.98	0.88	1.29	1.12	1.75	0.18	0.35	0.16
5.	Gujarat	0.67	1.29	0.86	0.88	0.68	1.59	1.32	0.08	0.16	0.04
6.	Haryana	0.74	1.66	0.88	0.75	0.80	0.95	1.81	0.09	0.09	0.00
7.	Himachal Pradesh	0.82	1.29	1.17	0.82	0.82	1.11	2.02	0.23	0.24	0.01
8.	Jammu & Kashmir	1.02	0.80	0.78	0.98	0.86	1.17	1.60	0.20	0.75	0.01
9.	Karnataka	0.81	1.08	0.87	0.76	0.75	0.89	1.01	0.23	0.44	0.16
10.	Kerala	0.73	0.98	0.58	0.44	0.68	0.70	0.70	0.30	0.44	2.51
11.	Madhya Pradesh	0.88	1.13	0.83	0.86	0.55	0.97	0.87	0.10	0.16	0.07
12.	Maharashtra	0.74	1.28	0.85	0.85	0.77	1.27	0.96	0.18	0.39	0.20
13.	Orissa	1.15	0.73	0.62	0.91	0.52	0.65	0.39	0.16	0.25	0.47
14.	Punjab	0.73	1.80	0.98	0.97	0.78	1.02	1.95	0.14	0.11	0.00
15.	Rajasthan	0.92	1.29	0.80	0.79	0.50	0.94	1.54	0.05	0.15	0.00
16.	Tamil Nadu	0.77	0.83	0.85	0.84	0.78	0.88	0.95	0.34	0.47	0.24
17.	Uttar Pradesh	0.86	1.18	0.82	0.70	0.76	0.91	1.05	0.11	0.32	0.04
18.	West Bengal	0.89	0.76	0.50	0.77	0.62	1.03	0.53	0.43	0.33	1.15
	Union Territories										
19.	Chandigarh	0.69	1.50	1.16	0.97	1.22	1.15	2.11	0.23	0.17	0.00
20.	Pondicherry	0.76	0.74	0.83	0.89	0.62	0.97	0.93	0.41	0.35	0.57
	All India	0.83	1.11	0.83	0.81	0.71	1.09	1.02	0.19	0.32	0.29

Notes: NSSO 55th Round Report No. 461.

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2002). Food Insecurity Atlas of Urban India/ M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.17.

The cereal consumption and calorie intake in urban areas in 1999-2000 is given in Table 54.

Table 54: Cereal Consumption and Calorie Intake in Urban Areas, 1999-2000

S.No.	India/State/UTs	Cereal Consumption of the Lowest Ten Percent (Kg/month)	Cereal Consumption for All Classes (Kg/month)	Calorie Intake by the Lowest Ten Percent (Kcal/cu/day)	Calorie Intake by All Classes (Kcal/cu/day)
1.	Andhra Pradesh	9.67	10.94	1842	2508
2.	Assam	10.68	12.26	1876	2630
3.	Bihar	9.87	12.70	1813	2645
4.	Delhi	7.96	8.61	1943	2623
5.	Gujarat	7.62	8.49	1829	2518
6.	Haryana	7.66	9.36	1692	2665
7.	Himachal Pradesh	10.47	10.33	2222	3218
8.	Jammu & Kashmir	11.51	12.84	2357	5955
9.	Karnataka	8.57	10.21	1776	2494
10.	Kerala	6.93	9.25	1581	2498
11.	Madhya Pradesh	9.51	11.09	1867	2904
12.	Maharashtra	9.74	9.35	1867	2484
13.	Orissa	13.03	14.51	2100	2802
14.	Punjab	8.06	9.21	1979	2667
15.	Rajasthan	10.19	11.56	2071	2869
16.	Tamil Nadu	8.04	9.65	1676	2509
17.	Uttar Pradesh	8.83	10.79	1765	2610
18.	West Bengal	10.03	11.17	1900	2597
	Union Territories				
19.	Chandigarh	7.03	8.74	1803	2741
20.	Pondicherry	8.20	9.62	1665	2441
	All India	9.55	10.44	1890	2637

Notes: NSSO 55th Round Report No.457, NSSO 55th Round, Report No. 471.
(Kcal/ cu/day = Kilocalories per consumer unit per day).

Sources: M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation. (2002). Food Insecurity Atlas of Urban India/ M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation and World Food Programme. Chennai. P.19.

7. Education

Education is a critical input in human resource development and is essential for the country's economic growth. A high literacy rate, especially in the case of women, correlates with improvement in several socio-economic indicators, namely low birth rate, low IMR and increase in life expectancy. The recognition of this fact has created awareness on the need to focus on improving literacy and universalizing elementary education programme. The task of providing basic education for all, with concrete plans of action, gained greater momentum only after the National Policy of Education (NPE) was adopted in 1986 and revised in 1992.

Primary education was earlier a State subject under the Constitution, but it has been brought under the Concurrent List to enable both, the Centre and State, to undertake measures to achieve universalization of primary education. The Supreme Court of India, in the Unnikrishnan Case (1993), declared primary education to be a fundamental right. The Constitution (86th Amendment) Act, 2002, was enacted by the Parliament of India making education a fundamental right. It was enacted to provide free and compulsory education to all children in the age group 6-14 years.

With the World Declaration on Education For All (EFA) adopted in Jomtien, Thailand in 1990, basic education in all its facets - Early Childhood Care and Education (ECCE), Elementary Education, Education for Adolescents, Adult Education, Gender Equality and Quality Improvement - was recognised as a fundamental right of every citizen. The nation is firmly committed to providing Education for All, the priority areas being free and compulsory primary education, covering children with special needs, eradication of illiteracy, vocationalisation, education for women's equality, and special focus on the education of SCs/STs and minorities.

Major programmes of the Department of Education are District Primary Education Programme, Janshala Programme, Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Lok Jumbish, Shiksha Karmi, Mahila Samakhya, Education Guarantee Scheme, Alternative and Innovative Education, Mid-Day Meals, National Programme of Nutritional Support to Primary Education, which accords priority to areas of concentration of SCs and STs, and Teacher Education.

The Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA), the National Programme for Universalisation of Elementary Education for children in the age group 6-14 years, was launched by the Government of India in mission mode in partnership with the States and Union Territories. Apart from providing quality elementary education, the SSA also focuses on free textbooks for girls, toilets especially for girls, setting up of Village Education Committees and Mother Teacher Associations.

The literacy rate has been going up steadily, and the Census of India 2001 revealed that while the total literacy rate was 65 per cent, for women and girls it was 54 per cent. The literacy rate of the population aged 7 years and above is given in Table 55.

Table 55: Literacy Rate of Population Aged 7 Years and Above in 2001, and Children Aged 11-14 Years in School, (%), 1998-99.

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Literacy Rate > 7 Years * (%) 2001			Children Aged 11-14 Years in School (%) # 1998-99	
		Total	Male	Female	Boys	Girls
	India	65.38	75.85	54.16	80.2	67.0
	India (Census 1991) Aged 15 yrs. & above	48.3%¹				
1.	Andhra Pradesh	61.11	70.85	51.17	71.0	54.6
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	54.74	64.07	44.24	88.1	78.1
3.	Assam	64.28	71.93	56.03	76.3	70.8
4.	Bihar	47.53	60.32	33.57	72.4	52.6
5.	Chhattisgarh	65.18	77.86	52.40	-	-
6.	Delhi	81.82	87.37	75.00	91.0	89.9
7.	Goa	82.32	88.88	75.51	95.1	89.7
8.	Gujarat	69.97	80.50	58.60	79.4	63.1
9.	Haryana	68.59	79.25	56.31	89.1	80.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	77.13	86.02	68.08	98.2	95.5
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	54.46	65.75	41.82	88.6	71.1
12.	Jharkhand	54.13	67.94	39.38	-	-
13.	Karnataka	67.04	76.29	57.45	75.2	68.0
14.	Kerala	90.92	94.20	87.86	96.9	96.8
15.	Madhya Pradesh	64.11	76.80	50.28	78.5	61.1
16.	Maharashtra	77.27	86.27	67.51	87.0	82.5
17.	Manipur	68.87	77.87	59.70	90.7	87.6
18.	Meghalaya	63.31	66.14	60.41	80.8	86.8
19.	Mizoram	88.49	90.69	86.13	90.4	87.9
20.	Nagaland	67.11	71.77	61.92	86.1	80.2
21.	Orissa	63.61	75.95	50.97	79.7	66.1
22.	Punjab	69.95	75.63	63.55	89.1	84.9
23.	Rajasthan	61.03	76.46	44.34	84.3	52.7
24.	Sikkim	69.68	76.73	61.46	85.3	85.9

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Literacy Rate > 7 Years * (%) 2001			Children Aged 11-14 Years in School (%) # 1998-99	
		Total	Male	Female	Boys	Girls
25.	Tamil Nadu	73.47	82.33	64.55	84.8	79.6
26.	Tripura	73.66	81.47	65.41	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	57.36	70.23	42.98	80.6	62.4
28.	Uttaranchal	72.28	84.01	60.26	-	-
29.	West Bengal	69.22	77.58	60.22	75.4	68.7
	Union Territories					
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	81.18	86.07	75.29	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	81.76	85.65	76.65	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	60.03	73.32	42.99	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	81.09	88.40	70.37	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	87.52	93.15	81.56	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	81.49	88.89	74.13	-	-

Sources : * India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2001). Provisional Population Totals : Paper 1 of 2001. New Delhi. P. 143.

1 India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2000). India Report on the World Summit for Children 2000. New Delhi. P. 31.

International Institute for Population Sciences. (2000). National Family Health Survey-2, 1998-99, India : Data Sheet. Mumbai. P. 1.

Literacy Rate (> 7 years) Census 2001

National Average : 65.38%

Literacy Rate Above 80%

Kerala (90.92%), Mizoram (88.49%), Lakshadweep (87.52%), Goa (82.32%), Delhi (81.82%), Chandigarh (81.76%), Pondicherry (81.49%), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (81.18%), Daman and Diu (81.09%)

Literacy Rate Between 60% to 79%

Maharashtra (77.27%), HP (77.13%), Karnataka (67.04%), Tripura (73.66%), Tamil Nadu (73.47%), Uttaranchal (72.28%), Gujarat (69.97%), Punjab (69.95%), Sikkim (69.68%) WB (69.22%), Manipur (68.87%), Haryana (68.59%), Nagaland (67.11%), Chhattisgarh (65.18%), Assam (64.28%), Meghalaya (63.31%), Orissa (63.61%), MP (64.11%), AP (61.11%), Rajasthan (61.03%), Dadra & Nagar Haveli (60.03%)

Literacy Rate Below 60%

UP (57.36%), Arunachal Pradesh (54.74%), J&K (54.46%), Jharkhand (54.13%), Bihar (47.53%)

The Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) for primary and middle school children is given in Table 56.

Table 56: Gross Enrolment Ratio in Schools for General Education (All Students) as on 30 September 2002, 2002-2003

S. No.	India/State/UTs	School Enrolment Ratio 2002-2003								
		Classes I – V (6-11 Years)			Classes VI–VIII (11-14 Years)			Classes 1-VIII (6-14 Years)		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	India	97.53	93.07	95.39	65.34	56.22	60.99	85.43	79.33	82.51
1.	Andhra Pradesh	95.47	96.41	95.93	65.81	60.27	63.12	84.35	83.04	83.71
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	112.36	99.15	105.93	69.76	61.48	65.69	97.36	85.73	91.68
3.	Assam	88.17	85.43	86.83	52.00	50.39	51.22	74.93	72.72	73.85
4.	Bihar	80.74	65.58	73.52	30.36	18.77	24.98	62.62	49.25	56.31
5.	Chhattisgarh	107.30	101.54	104.45	79.18	62.75	71.12	96.57	86.89	91.80
6.	Delhi	90.73	93.10	91.83	88.75	87.87	88.34	89.98	91.11	90.51
7.	Goa	106.22	102.13	104.22	109.08	101.45	105.34	107.35	101.86	104.67
8.	Gujarat	114.06	108.61	111.50	82.85	68.12	75.94	102.30	93.40	98.12
9.	Haryana	80.78	81.23	80.98	70.28	63.97	67.33	76.81	74.50	75.74
10.	Himachal Pradesh	116.56	116.27	116.42	106.83	101.15	104.06	112.66	110.07	111.41
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	89.92	78.54	84.39	67.02	54.42	60.93	80.97	69.17	75.25
12.	Jharkhand	81.31	67.93	74.79	36.19	26.32	31.46	64.79	53.01	59.09
13.	Karnataka	112.13	109.11	110.65	77.34	71.09	74.28	98.27	94.01	96.18
14.	Kerala	98.48	97.73	98.11	99.27	94.77	97.07	98.80	96.52	97.69
15.	Madhya Pradesh	98.62	91.15	95.02	72.94	53.01	63.50	88.93	77.09	83.26
16.	Maharashtra	107.74	105.27	106.55	89.51	84.22	86.97	100.41	96.85	98.70
17.	Manipur	148.83	144.85	146.88	80.76	80.14	80.46	122.24	119.67	120.98
18.	Meghalaya	113.59	118.85	116.19	50.25	55.97	53.08	90.26	95.67	92.93
19.	Mizoram	131.38	125.91	128.70	78.70	78.23	78.47	111.10	107.49	109.33
20.	Nagaland	66.00	64.39	65.22	34.89	35.32	35.10	53.65	52.91	53.30
21.	Orissa	106.12	99.77	103.02	61.07	51.57	56.43	89.29	81.75	85.61
22.	Punjab	68.55	74.26	71.12	57.84	60.53	59.09	64.42	68.81	66.42
23.	Rajasthan	101.60	92.43	97.25	68.93	40.78	55.67	89.83	73.98	82.33
24.	Sikkim	120.46	122.92	121.68	62.13	68.36	65.19	97.04	101.32	99.16
25.	Tamil Nadu	116.61	114.34	115.50	100.21	97.88	99.08	110.24	107.96	109.13
26.	Tripura	126.98	120.58	123.85	73.51	69.24	71.42	105.00	99.54	102.33
27.	Uttar Pradesh	93.02	89.26	91.25	51.57	41.43	46.84	78.01	72.18	75.27
28.	Uttaranchal	106.95	108.87	107.87	81.53	75.96	78.84	97.26	96.23	96.76
29.	West Bengal	102.60	103.41	102.99	60.28	55.60	58.00	86.42	85.19	85.82
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	119.02	113.64	116.38	98.81	91.64	95.30	110.88	104.81	107.90
31.	Chandigarh	73.25	71.85	72.61	74.45	74.95	74.68	73.70	73.03	73.39
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	136.77	117.03	126.99	94.43	62.00	78.83	121.48	97.88	109.91
33.	Daman & Diu	116.46	111.37	114.00	107.74	97.67	102.81	113.32	106.35	109.93
34.	Lakshadweep	118.10	103.43	110.99	112.72	97.52	105.44	115.88	101.02	108.71
35.	Pondicherry	117.26	115.03	116.17	122.92	117.52	120.27	119.51	116.02	117.80

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Education. (2005). Annual Report 2004-05 (as on 30th September 2002). New Delhi. P. 259.

The enrolment of girls per 100 boys enrolled is given in Table 57.

Table 57: Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys Enrolled, 2002-03

S. No.	India/State/UTs	No. of Girls Enrolled per 100 Boys in Classes			
		I-V	VI-VIII	I-VIII	IX-XII
	India	88	78	85	70
1.	Andhra Pradesh	97	86	94	73
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	84	85	84	70
3.	Assam	93	92	93	85
4.	Bihar	74	54	70	41
5.	Chhattisgarh	93	76	88	59
6.	Delhi	89	88	89	89
7.	Goa	92	89	91	95
8.	Gujarat	85	73	81	69
9.	Haryana	84	80	83	69
10.	Himachal Pradesh	91	90	91	87
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	83	76	80	71
12.	Jharkhand	79	67	77	56
13.	Karnataka	94	88	92	81
14.	Kerala	96	91	94	106
15.	Madhya Pradesh	86	65	80	53
16.	Maharashtra	91	87	89	78
17.	Manipur	93	95	94	93
18.	Meghalaya	102	109	103	100
19.	Mizoram	92	96	93	101
20.	Nagaland	91	93	91	90
21.	Orissa	90	81	87	75
22.	Punjab	89	90	89	90
23.	Rajasthan	82	53	74	42
24.	Sikkim	101	106	102	97
25.	Tamil Nadu	93	92	93	95
26.	Tripura	91	90	91	82
27.	Uttar Pradesh	86	70	82	57
28.	Uttaranchal	94	87	92	75
29.	West Bengal	96	88	94	73
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	92	89	91	95
31.	Chandigarh	83	87	84	91
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	84	61	78	69
33.	Daman & Diu	89	87	88	77
34.	Lakshadweep	82	79	81	92
35.	Pondicherry	94	92	93	99

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Secondary and Higher Education, Planning, Monitoring and Statistics Division. (2004). Selected Educational Statistics 2002-03 (as on 30th September 2002): Abstract. New Delhi. P. 20.

The Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) of Scheduled Castes Students in primary and middle schools is given in Table 58.

Table 58: Gross Enrolment Ratio For Scheduled Castes (SC) Students in Age Group 6-11 Years and 11-14 Years (as on 30.09.2002), (Percentage), 2002-2003

S.No	India/States/UTs	Enrolment Ratio SC Classes (I-V)			Enrolment Ratio SC Classes (VI-VIII)		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	India	101.40	89.35	95.61	63.17	48.60	56.28
1.	Andhra Pradesh	108.52	108.30	108.41	71.48	62.10	66.97
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Assam	107.08	102.92	105.05	62.66	56.70	59.73
4.	Bihar	78.02	48.69	64.08	24.94	13.84	19.93
5.	Chhattisgarh	120.95	114.89	117.98	95.42	70.04	83.03
6.	Delhi	67.70	72.20	69.84	45.35	47.98	46.60
7.	Goa	114.66	114.53	114.60	71.28	55.86	63.62
8.	Gujarat	102.23	104.25	103.18	103.98	93.71	99.16
9.	Haryana	99.40	104.63	101.82	61.74	50.10	56.27
10.	Himachal Pradesh	130.53	128.43	129.51	97.46	89.20	93.39
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	80.60	78.80	79.74	71.68	58.92	65.53
12.	Jharkhand	81.97	57.46	69.99	38.05	22.44	30.67
13.	Karnataka	124.36	119.88	122.15	77.02	70.79	73.99
14.	Kerala	112.78	110.18	111.50	110.32	103.35	106.91
15.	Madhya Pradesh	119.90	107.77	114.11	76.33	50.99	64.57
16.	Maharashtra	120.58	117.22	118.94	107.84	104.51	106.24
17.	Manipur	98.89	96.33	97.64	62.17	55.74	59.03
18.	Meghalaya	103.08	108.50	105.74	116.45	119.30	117.86
19.	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	-	-
20.	Nagaland	-	-	-	-	-	-
21.	Orissa	113.94	108.78	111.41	68.95	52.12	60.70
22.	Punjab	103.04	107.10	104.93	61.45	61.31	61.38
23.	Rajasthan	130.03	113.08	122.03	65.94	35.16	51.63
24.	Sikkim	127.29	131.86	129.54	58.82	66.64	62.70
25.	Tamil Nadu	90.93	100.88	95.81	102.01	94.90	98.53
26.	Tripura	117.39	111.07	114.29	77.81	70.83	74.37
27.	Uttar Pradesh	86.45	56.93	72.50	44.45	19.09	32.77
28.	Uttaranchal	108.89	106.67	107.82	88.50	81.80	85.27
29.	West Bengal	110.20	109.52	109.86	53.35	37.39	45.59
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	62.86	64.57	63.66	51.66	51.35	51.51.
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	116.44	118.35	117.39	105.08	100.00	102.71
33.	Daman & Diu	122.68	134.38	127.99	106.15	109.76	107.87
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	123.96	118.07	121.02	112.92	107.11	110.06

Notes: SC : Scheduled Castes

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Education. (2004). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P. 261.

The Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) of scheduled tribes students in primary and middle schools is given in Table 59.

Table 59: Gross Enrolment Ratio of Scheduled Tribes (ST) Students in Age Group 6-11 Years and 11-14 Years (as on 30.9.2002), (Percentage), 2002-2003

S.No	India/States/UTs	Enrolment Ratio ST Student Classes (I-V)			Enrolment Ratio ST Student Classes (VI-VIII)		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	India	104.80	92.25	98.67	55.03	40.78	48.19
1.	Andhra Pradesh	118.11	113.56	115.90	54.33	38.53	47.04
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	120.75	108.24	114.62	72.65	62.86	67.77
3.	Assam	91.39	90.18	90.80	47.84	38.32	43.19
4.	Bihar	59.60	32.54	46.59	18.56	8.53	13.88
5.	Chhattisgarh	108.82	94.42	101.65	71.29	52.99	62.33
6.	Delhi	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Goa	92.86	96.43	94.64	38.89	13.04	24.39
8.	Gujarat	111.59	107.87	109.78	67.82	58.18	63.19
9.	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-
10.	Himachal Pradesh	126.51	122.14	124.34	100.62	75.92	88.40
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	50.93	31.50	41.42	20.47	13.98	17.37
12.	Jharkhand	95.55	72.21	84.14	36.90	23.91	30.63
13.	Karnataka	119.98	107.84	113.96	72.71	61.43	67.16
14.	Kerala	112.94	107.71	110.35	84.62	80.77	82.76
15.	Madhya Pradesh	91.93	71.77	82.01	41.65	24.57	33.48
16.	Maharashtra	116.62	106.40	111.65	72.92	63.75	68.56
17.	Manipur	116.72	116.85	116.78	62.62	56.52	59.67
18.	Meghalaya	90.20	92.97	91.57	41.57	51.25	46.37
19.	Mizoram	119.27	122.69	120.95	78.25	77.97	78.11
20.	Nagaland	72.93	70.90	71.95	38.03	38.28	38.15
21.	Orissa	103.38	87.33	95.56	38.37	26.59	32.68
22.	Punjab	-	-	-	-	-	-
23.	Rajasthan	118.72	106.39	112.79	64.80	31.79	49.24
24.	Sikkim	129.94	129.92	129.93	57.32	64.00	60.66
25.	Tamil Nadu	105.69	113.21	109.31	85.55	99.17	92.05
26.	Tripura	130.14	116.50	123.45	56.37	47.51	52.09
27.	Uttar Pradesh	130.36	124.59	127.53	108.57	99.26	104.13
28.	Uttaranchal	107.56	112.58	110.03	81.17	81.81	81.49
29.	West Bengal	108.07	94.55	101.43	60.48	29.76	45.78
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	104.54	107.82	106.09	92.18	89.13	90.73
31.	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	108.94	109.48	109.21	89.69	52.73	72.01
33.	Daman & Diu	122.14	115.74	119.03	100.75	92.14	96.71
34.	Lakshadweep	111.89	95.77	104.09	111.97	97.14	96.71
35.	Pondicherry	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: ST : Scheduled Tribes.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Education. (2005). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P. 263.

School dropout rate in primary, middle and secondary schools is given in Table 60.

Table 60: School Dropout Rates as on 30.09.2002, (%), 2002-2003

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Dropout Rates								
		Classes I – V			Classes I–VIII			Classes 1-X		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	India	35.85	33.72	34.89	52.28	53.45	52.79	60.72	64.97	62.58
1.	Andhra Pradesh	41.66	41.76	41.71	58.10	62.00	59.94	67.36	70.78	68.95
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	38.42	37.37	37.94	59.50	56.13	58.01	70.17	73.59	71.66
3.	Assam	62.51	59.63	61.17	67.07	70.85	68.76	74.28	75.65	74.91
4.	Bihar	62.74	61.66	62.31	77.91	80.78	79.01	82.27	85.83	83.60
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	6.72	17.64	12.13	19.46	27.75	23.57	44.88	49.59	47.19
7.	Goa	0.08	5.45	2.69	2.28	9.01	5.54	40.18	39.14	39.68
8.	Gujarat	26.02	23.14	24.77	43.09	48.76	45.48	59.21	67.13	62.82
9.	Haryana	3.45	10.74	6.89	5.70	14.82	9.90	22.31	37.05	29.14
10.	Himachal Pradesh	10.82	14.08	12.42	7.90	11.32	9.56	28.75	31.23	29.95
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	33.06	11.50	24.82	27.53	25.57	26.71	50.29	52.08	51.07
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	19.77	17.59	18.74	47.46	49.61	48.46	60.67	63.72	62.14
14.	Kerala	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16.78	8.88	12.90
15.	Madhya Pradesh	32.66	29.87	31.43	43.29	51.78	46.94	58.36	70.78	63.79
16.	Maharashtra	14.40	16.80	15.55	29.51	35.98	32.59	48.98	55.42	52.05
17.	Manipur	25.92	25.24	25.60	35.43	30.08	32.93	61.92	59.01	60.54
18.	Meghalaya	58.19	54.81	56.51	73.13	70.21	71.67	81.40	80.45	80.93
19.	Mizoram	56.25	56.52	56.38	60.05	56.39	58.31	77.11	74.11	75.68
20.	Nagaland	49.16	54.49	51.80	53.79	52.93	53.38	77.08	77.90	77.47
21.	Orissa	50.40	40.05	46.13	63.97	58.39	61.73	71.04	72.56	71.74
22.	Punjab	26.37	24.07	25.29	33.71	31.67	32.75	48.81	47.10	48.01
23.	Rajasthan	54.81	59.86	56.93	62.74	72.44	66.60	72.66	81.16	75.77
24.	Sikkim	54.74	49.29	52.06	72.68	66.32	69.66	76.85	73.07	75.12
25.	Tamil Nadu	14.56	16.22	15.37	46.06	39.00	42.85	47.31	46.26	46.80
26.	Tripura	43.28	42.62	42.97	65.17	65.22	65.19	74.24	74.29	74.27
27.	Uttar Pradesh	24.19	22.75	23.55	47.53	42.46	45.57	43.05	51.47	46.31
28.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	37.39	35.32	36.41	67.26	69.30	68.23	77.08	80.61	78.74
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.73	4.00	2.31	17.64	19.26	18.42	51.44	51.24	51.35
31.	Chandigarh	32.32	28.05	30.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.28	20.29	21.90
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	16.99	33.96	24.82	39.87	58.14	48.00	72.69	71.86	72.34
33.	Daman & Diu	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.57	20.44	14.83	43.81	46.93	45.24
34.	Lakshadweep	0.00	6.06	3.03	0.00	8.36	4.48	25.51	22.63	24.13
35.	Pondicherry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	22.97	20.32	21.69

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Education. (2005). Annual Report 2004-05 (as on 30th September 2002). New Delhi. P. 264.

School dropout rate of scheduled castes (SC) students is given in Table 61.

Table 61: School Dropout Rates of Scheduled Castes (SC) (%) as on 30.09.2002, 2002-2003

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Dropout Rates (SC Students)								
		Classes I – V			Classes I–VIII			Classes 1-X		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	India	41.13	41.91	41.47	58.24	62.19	59.91	69.74	74.93	71.92
1.	Andhra Pradesh	45.67	47.63	46.63	64.07	70.07	66.90	74.00	78.93	76.29
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.	Assam	49.80	47.73	48.80	65.98	66.38	66.16	72.71	68.94	71.02
4.	Bihar	56.61	62.64	58.81	82.88	83.88	83.23	88.59	90.97	89.36
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	16.33	15.34	15.85	50.76	44.62	47.93	80.23	73.58	77.45
7.	Goa	37.13	32.81	35.13	53.47	62.63	57.95	78.57	78.98	78.77
8.	Gujarat	28.83	23.71	26.44	39.95	59.11	48.93	70.29	81.21	75.58
9.	Haryana	25.47	25.16	25.32	35.36	48.65	41.58	59.55	66.57	62.77
10.	Himachal Pradesh	18.05	22.01	20.02	27.38	31.50	29.34	44.64	46.92	45.73
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	35.44	11.15	25.72	41.01	36.05	38.77	72.53	68.58	70.89
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	15.64	20.81	18.14	56.38	58.77	57.50	65.49	68.19	66.74
14.	Kerala	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.89	18.19	23.67
15.	Madhya Pradesh	35.39	34.52	35.00	45.76	60.25	51.89	70.22	82.66	75.44.
16.	Maharashtra	6.81	10.68	8.68	36.85	43.08	39.82	54.68	63.05	58.71
17.	Manipur	46.03	34.58	40.51	42.68	51.12	46.74	54.62	62.88	58.67
18.	Meghalaya	70.15	70.51	70.33	74.97	74.39	74.69	73.91	80.77	77.31
19.	Mizoram	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
20.	Nagaland	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21.	Orissa	37.87	34.68	36.48	66.55	72.34	69.13	66.23	79.48	72.14
22.	Punjab	32.84	30.60	31.78	54.49	53.19	53.87	62.91	63.88	63.35
23.	Rajasthan	51.20	57.52	53.82	54.79	67.77	59.67	76.95	86.07	79.95
24.	Sikkim	60.05	46.12	53.85	78.66	68.89	74.28	88.14	86.34	87.31
25.	Tamil Nadu	40.00	25.51	33.53	44.01	40.44	42.32	56.66	57.44	57.03
26.	Tripura	36.70	36.02	36.37	62.44	68.01	65.11	74.44	77.06	75.68
27.	Uttar Pradesh	47.88	56.23	51.02	64.34	76.14	68.77	62.13	76.18	67.40
28.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	50.31	54.74	52.32	63.48	63.65	63.54	83.47	86.91	84.93
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
31.	Chandigarh	14.31	14.35	14.33	55.36	37.06	47.88	80.74	75.92	78.52
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	33.33	33.90	33.60	42.59	36.17	39.60	27.78	34.09	30.61
33.	Daman & Diu	2.99	-3.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
34.	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
35.	Pondicherry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.46	26.25	25.84

Notes: Dropout rates are shown combined with the respective parent State.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Secondary and Higher Education, Planning, Monitoring and Statistics Division. (2004). Selected Educational Statistics 2002-03 (as on 30th September 2002): Abstract. New Delhi. P. 18.

School dropout rate of scheduled tribes (ST) students is given in Table 62.

Table 62: School Dropout Rates of Scheduled Tribes (ST) (%) as on 30.09.2002, 2002-2003

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Dropout Rates (ST Students)								
		Classes I – V			Classes I–VIII			Classes 1-X		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
	India	50.82	52.10	51.37	66.86	71.17	68.67	78.35	82.97	80.29
1.	Andhra Pradesh	63.29	68.71	65.82	78.59	84.34	81.09	84.70	89.32	86.64
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	43.92	44.99	44.41	67.12	64.28	65.85	72.47	75.06	73.62
3.	Assam	59.49	52.88	56.72	68.49	73.42	70.60	76.52	74.19	75.52
4.	Bihar	66.60	65.39	66.13	82.43	85.57	83.73	89.01	91.24	88.89
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	68.75	71.43	70.04	72.30	72.55	72.42	76.67	74.51	75.89
7.	Goa	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8.	Gujarat	36.13	43.10	39.32	58.26	67.04	62.30	78.45	82.33	80.22
9.	Haryana	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
10.	Himachal Pradesh	16.23	21.70	18.95	26.79	37.43	31.90	32.36	50.54	41.10
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	43.48	39.16	41.76	73.79	79.29	76.14	79.59	80.62	79.95
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	1.79	10.77	6.13	52.73	56.65	54.53	63.87	64.96	64.36
14.	Kerala	2.20	5.96	4.01	33.63	40.03	36.73	58.16	49.71	54.11
15.	Madhya Pradesh	51.90	50.51	51.30	65.56	70.16	67.47	78.56	87.42	82.15
16.	Maharashtra	28.79	40.23	34.21	61.03	66.43	63.54	71.90	82.12	76.66
17.	Manipur	37.57	52.74	45.23	62.70	61.56	62.18	78.54	78.54	78.54
18.	Meghalaya	61.42	59.29	60.36	81.11	80.30	80.71	87.05	86.74	86.90
19.	Mizoram	55.90	54.90	55.43	59.89	56.34	58.20	76.89	73.37	75.23
20.	Nagaland	37.38	37.01	37.21	42.81	44.19	43.47	67.72	67.91	67.81
21.	Orissa	58.03	53.50	56.28	77.45	79.12	78.12	84.38	85.84	84.97
22.	Punjab	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
23.	Rajasthan	50.61	59.87	54.31	52.58	73.17	60.27	78.44	87.24	81.17
24.	Sikkim	48.52	38.69	43.84	73.20	64.03	68.89	87.21	85.32	86.34
25.	Tamil Nadu	27.24	21.01	24.41	56.98	54.36	55.80	74.43	77.48	75.79
26.	Tripura	58.08	61.31	59.60	78.45	80.33	79.31	85.31	87.22	86.17
27.	Uttar Pradesh	31.19	30.02	30.69	36.97	36.45	36.75	47.38	69.01	56.36
28.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	53.70	59.26	55.54	60.73	42.42	55.81	61.76	75.86	67.16
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	19.34	15.34	17.56	35.55	26.59	31.42	62.92	54.72	59.40
31.	Chandigarh	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	23.21	41.31	31.52	47.96	67.99	56.86	78.55	81.69	79.86
33.	Daman & Diu	6.13	1.41	4.01	28.83	48.94	38.94	64.83	71.43	67.57
34.	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	29.92	20.34	25.47
35.	Pondicherry	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Notes: ST : Scheduled Tribes - Dropout rates are shown combined with the respective parent State.
Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Secondary and Higher Education, Planning, Monitoring and Statistics Division. (2004). Selected Educational Statistics 2002-03 (as on 30th September 2002): Abstract. New Delhi. P. 19.

Reasons given for children never attending school or currently not attending school are given in Table 63.

Table 63: Reasons for Children Not Attending School in India, 1999

S. No.	Reason	Rural		Urban		Combined	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	Main reason for never attending school^a						
1.	School too far away	4.5	3.8	2.8	1.3	4.3	3.5
2.	Transport not available	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.6
3.	Education not considered necessary	13.1	7.8	12.9	6.1	13.1	7.6
4.	Required for household work	15.5	6.7	9.6	4.6	14.9	6.4
5.	Required for work on farm/family business	3.4	5.2	1.2	2.8	3.2	4.9
6.	Required for outside work for payment in cash or kind	2.6	4.3	2.9	4.6	2.6	4.4
7.	Costs too much	23.8	25.8	30.1	28.5	24.5	26.2
8.	No proper school facilities for girls	2.6	0.0	1.1	0.0	2.5	0.0
9.	Required for care of siblings	3.0	0.9	1.7	0.6	2.9	0.9
10.	Not interest in studies	15.9	25.7	15.7	26.5	15.8	25.8
11.	Other	12.8	17.0	18.6	21.9	13.4	17.6
12.	Don't Know	2.1	2.0	2.8	3.0	2.2	2.2
13.	Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
14.	Number of children in the sample	12614	7081	1438	1107	14052	8188
B	Main reason for currently not attending school^b						
1.	School too far away	5.9	1.0	1.0	0.2	4.8	0.8
2.	Transport not available	1.6	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.3
3.	Further education not considered necessary	4.3	2.3	5.4	2.4	4.5	2.4
4.	Required for household work	17.3	8.7	14.7	5.7	16.7	8.0
5.	Required for work on farm/family business	2.9	9.2	1.6	4.7	2.6	8.0
6.	Required for outside work for payment in cash or kind	3.7	9.9	3.0	11.3	3.5	10.3
7.	Costs too much	11.4	13.3	17.0	15.2	12.6	13.8
8.	No proper school facilities for girls	3.5	0.0	1.2	0.0	3.0	0.0
9.	Required for care of siblings	2.3	0.6	1.5	0.2	2.2	0.5
10.	Not interested in studies	24.8	40.0	30.2	42.5	26.0	40.6
11.	Repeated failures	3.7	5.3	6.1	6.0	4.2	5.5
12.	Got married	8.5	0.2	4.9	0.1	7.7	0.2
13.	Other	6.2	5.3	8.2	5.8	6.6	5.5
14.	Don't know	4.0	3.8	5.1	5.7	4.2	4.2
15.	Total percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Number of children in the sample	6121	5475	1747	1852	7868	7327

Notes: National Family Health Survey-II, 1998-99. Figures give the percent distribution of children age 6-17 years who never attended school by the main reason for never attending school, and percent distribution of children age 6-17 years who have dropped out of school by the main reason for not currently attending school, according to residence and sex, India, 1998-99.

a. For children who have never attended school. b. For children who have dropped out of school.

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 90.

8. Women and Economy

With the advent of industrialization and modernization, women have assumed greater responsibility, both at home and in the world of work. This is reflected in the work participation rate of women which was 19.7% in 1981 and rose to 25.7% in 2001. However, this is still low compared to male work participation rate, which was 52.6% in 1981 and 51.9 % in 2001.

The number of women employed in the organised sector was 4.39 millions in 1997, 2.76 million in the public sector in 1998 and 1.5 million in the government sector in 1996. The number rose to 4.95 million in the organised sector as on 31st March 2001, of whom 2.86 million were in the public sector and 2.09 million were in the private sector.

Support Measures for Working Women

The Government of India has undertaken several initiatives to provide support to working women. Some of these are:

1. Creches/Day Care Centres for Children of Working and Ailing Mothers
2. National Creche Fund (NCF)
3. Working Women's Hostels with Day Care Centres
4. Swawlamban, erstwhile Setting up of Employment and Income Generating Training - cum - Production Units for Women (NORAD)
5. Support to Training and Employment Programme for Women (STEP)
6. Swayamsidha

Legislation for Working Women

Several legislations have been enacted since Independence for the welfare of workers and women workers. These are:

1. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
2. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
3. The Mines Act, 1952
4. The Factories Act, 1948 (Amended in 1949, 1950 and 1954)
5. The Contract Labour Act 1976 (Regulation and Abolition)
6. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 (with rules upto 1984)
7. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
8. Supreme Court Order regarding Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place and Other Institutions, 1999

The percentage work participation rate of males and females by rural urban residence is given in Table 64.

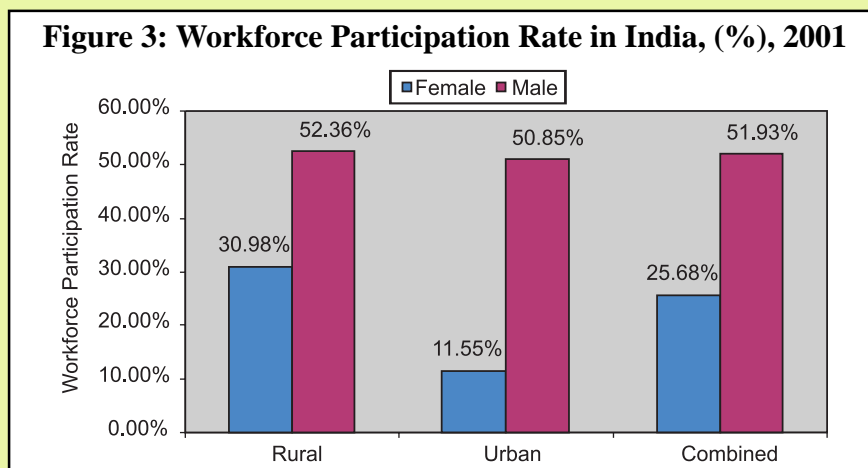
Table 64: Workforce Participation Rate by Sex and Residence in India, States and Union Territories, (Percentage), 2001

S. No.	India/State/Union Territory	Work Participation Rate (provisional)								
		Rural			Urban			Combined		
		Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total
	India	30.98	52.36	41.97	11.55	50.85	32.23	25.68	51.93	39.26
1.	Andhra Pradesh	43.24	58.48	50.92	12.62	51.10	32.22	34.93	56.44	45.81
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	41.33	51.13	46.47	16.69	48.99	34.16	36.45	50.69	43.97
3.	Assam	22.28	49.77	36.45	10.29	51.03	31.98	20.80	49.93	35.88
4.	Bihar	20.19	48.43	34.85	6.86	41.93	25.62	18.84	47.73	33.88
5.	Chhattisgarh	46.59	54.28	50.43	12.96	47.95	31.09	40.04	52.97	46.54
6.	Delhi	10.12	49.71	32.00	9.08	52.40	32.85	9.15	52.21	32.80
7.	Goa	26.37	54.85	40.70	17.96	54.86	37.05	22.24	54.86	38.88
8.	Gujarat	39.04	55.59	47.55	9.11	54.12	33.07	28.03	55.02	42.10
9.	Haryana	34.18	50.88	43.13	10.27	49.52	31.52	27.31	50.49	39.76
10.	Himachal Pradesh	46.47	54.74	50.63	14.96	54.38	36.89	43.69	54.70	49.28
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	25.84	49.14	37.93	9.50	51.80	32.71	21.96	49.83	36.63
12.	Jharkhand	31.86	49.91	41.06	6.29	42.57	25.69	26.40	48.21	37.64
13.	Karnataka	39.86	58.32	49.20	16.06	54.11	35.67	31.88	56.87	44.60
14.	Kerala	15.88	50.22	32.56	13.55	50.78	31.65	15.28	50.36	32.32
15.	Madhya Pradesh	40.68	53.08	47.11	11.70	47.64	30.64	33.10	51.62	42.75
16.	Maharashtra	46.52	54.18	50.43	12.72	52.60	34.00	32.59	53.49	43.46
17.	Manipur	43.20	50.07	46.72	32.28	45.17	38.71	40.51	48.91	44.79
18.	Meghalaya	38.92	50.09	44.58	19.15	38.19	28.74	35.02	47.76	41.47
19.	Mizoram	54.73	59.52	57.22	40.50	55.32	48.09	47.63	57.45	52.70
20.	Nagaland	42.92	47.08	45.08	14.87	45.70	31.91	38.25	46.82	42.74
21.	Orissa	27.10	53.38	40.33	9.76	49.37	30.66	24.62	52.75	38.88
22.	Punjab	23.15	54.45	39.73	9.74	53.42	33.40	18.68	54.10	37.58
23.	Rajasthan	40.70	50.82	45.94	9.24	47.64	29.56	33.48	50.07	42.11
24.	Sikkim	40.67	57.75	49.75	21.42	56.27	40.49	38.59	57.58	48.72
25.	Tamil Nadu	41.33	59.38	50.39	18.42	56.37	37.59	31.32	58.06	44.78
26.	Tripura	22.86	50.61	37.11	12.09	51.78	32.32	21.02	50.81	36.29
27.	Uttar Pradesh	18.89	47.84	34.10	6.19	45.08	26.92	16.28	47.26	32.60
28.	Uttaranchal	33.32	45.99	39.63	7.28	47.58	29.09	27.09	46.42	36.93
29.	West Bengal	20.70	54.30	37.93	11.13	54.07	33.82	18.08	54.23	36.78
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	18.50	57.05	39.20	12.09	56.09	36.33	16.45	56.73	38.27
31.	Chandigarh	10.32	63.96	43.41	14.06	55.12	36.97	13.72	56.10	37.63
32.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	45.10	61.29	53.85	14.35	65.74	44.74	38.68	62.38	51.77
33.	Daman & Diu	19.76	70.89	52.03	16.48	53.83	35.31	18.34	65.56	45.97
34.	Lakshadweep	6.07	40.70	23.77	8.61	44.75	27.28	7.19	42.51	25.33
35.	Pondicherry	23.78	54.47	39.20	13.61	52.68	33.08	17.00	53.28	35.13

Notes: The figures for India and Gujarat exclude the data for the entire Kachhh district, Morvi, Maliya-Miyana and Wankaner talukas of Rajkot district and Jodiya taluka of Jamnagar district where population enumeration of Census of India, 2001 could not be conducted due to earthquake.

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 41.

The work participation rate of males and females in rural and urban areas is given in Figure 3.



Sources : India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organization. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 41.

The total population of workers, main and marginal workers by sectors, and non workers are given in Table 65.

Table 65: Total Workers, Main Workers, Marginal Workers, (Cultivators, Agricultural Labourers, Household Industry Workers, Other Workers), Non-Workers by Residence and Sex, India, 2001

	Total/ Rural/ Urban	Total Workers (1)			Main Workers (2)			Marginal Workers (3)		
		Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
India	Total	402234724	275014476	127220248	313004983	240147813	72857170	89229741	34866663	54363078
	Rural	309956070	198839153	111116917	229186552	169101251	60085301	80769518	29737902	51031616
	Urban	92278654	76175323	16103331	83818431	71046562	12771869	8460223	5128761	3331462
					Cultivators					
	Total				103626068	78258978	25367090	23686783	7157520	16529263
	Rural				101345252	76435797	24909455	23374495	7040054	16334441
	Urban				2280816	1823181	457635	312288	117466	194822
					Agricultural Labourers					
	Total				63497114	41119069	22378045	43278216	16210031	27068185
	Rural				60517788	39130317	21387471	41913430	15575894	26337536
	Urban				2979326	1988752	990574	1364786	634137	730649
					Household Industry Workers					
	Total				12206084	7509013	4697071	4750858	1235170	3515688
	Rural				8330814	5036347	3294467	3811866	954879	2856987
	Urban				3875270	2472666	1402604	938992	280291	658701
					Other Workers					
	Total				133675717	113260753	20414964	17513884	10263942	7249942
	Rural				58992698	48498790	10493908	11669727	6167075	5502652
	Urban				74683019	64761963	9921056	5844157	4096867	1747290
					Non Workers (4)					
	Total	626375604	257142296	369233308						
	Rural	432534569	182763521	249771048						
	Urban	193841035	74378775	119462260						

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Census of India 2001: Primary Census Abstract: Total Population. New Delhi. P.1.

The number of workers in the organized and unorganized sectors is given in Table 66.

Table 66: Organized and Unorganized Workers, 1999-2000

S. No.	Sector	Organized Workers (millions)	Unorganized Workers (millions)	Total Workers (millions)	Share of Unorganized Sector (%)
1.	Agricultural and allied activities	1.39	236.11	237.61	99.42
2.	Mining and quarrying	1.01	1.25	2.26	55.31
3.	Manufacturing including repair services	6.79	37.27	44.02	84.67
4.	Electricity, gas and water	1.00	0.05	1.05	4.76
5.	Construction	1.18	16.41	17.59	93.29
6.	Trade, hotel and restaurants	0.49	40.77	41.26	98.81
7.	Transport, storage and communication	3.15	11.59	14.74	78.63
8.	Financial services	1.65	3.37	5.02	67.13
9.	Community, social and personal services	11.49	21.95	33.44	65.64
	All Sectors (Total)	28.11	368.89	397.00	92.92

Notes: Government of India sources, 2001.

Sources: Centre for Economic and Social Studies, (2004). Jobs - The challenge and opportunities / by Mahendra Dev. In IDPAD Newsletter Indo-Dutch Programme on Alternatives Development, 2004, Jul-Dec, 2 (2): 14-23. New Delhi. P. 15.

The percentage work participation rate of main and marginal workers, and non workers by sex in different states and union territories is given in Table 67.

Table 67: Work Participation Rate, Main and Marginal Workers by Sex, (Percentage), 1991 and 2001

S. No.	India/States/ Union Territories	Main Workers				Marginal Workers				Non-Workers			
		1991		2001		1991		2001		1991		2001	
		F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M
	India	15.9	50.9	14.68	45.5	6.3	0.6	10.99	6.59	77.7	48.4	74.32	48.07
1.	Andhra Pradesh	30.0	55.1	25.21	50.71	0.4	0.3	9.72	5.74	65.7	44.5	65.07	43.56
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	35.6	53.5	28.33	46.9	1.9	0.2	8.13	4.60	62.5	46.2	63.55	49.31
3.	Assam	12.6	48.4	9.68	42.35	0.9	1.1	11.12	7.58	78.4	50.6	79.20	50.07
4.	Bihar	10.0	47.6	8.76	40.72	4.9	0.3	10.07	7.01	85.1	52.1	81.16	52.27
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	22.28	45.44	-	-	17.15	7.54	-	-	59.06	47.03
6.	Delhi	7.2	51.6	8.19	50.06	0.2	0.1	0.96	2.15	92.6	48.3	90.85	47.79
7.	Goa	16.8	48.3	14.79	47.89	3.8	1.3	7.46	6.97	79.5	50.4	77.76	45.14
8.	Gujarat	13.7	53.2	14.53	51.25	12.2	0.4	13.50	3.77	74.0	46.4	71.97	44.98
9.	Haryana	6.0	48.3	13.37	43.62	4.7	0.3	13.94	6.86	89.2	51.5	72.69	49.57
10.	Himachal Pradesh	19.4	49.1	21.08	43.30	15.5	1.6	22.61	11.40	65.2	49.4	56.31	45.30
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	7.28	41.30	-	-	14.68	8.53	-	-	78.04	50.17
12.	Jharkand	-	-	10.00	37.22	-	-	16.41	11.00	-	-	73.60	51.79
13.	Karnataka	22.7	53.5	20.92	51.92	6.7	0.6	10.96	4.95	70.6	45.9	68.12	43.13
14.	Kerala	12.8	44.8	10.74	41.89	3.0	2.8	4.54	8.48	84.2	52.4	84.72	49.64
15.	Madhya Pradesh	22.8	51.5	17.31	44.87	9.9	0.8	15.79	6.76	67.3	47.7	66.90	48.38
16.	Maharashtra	26.5	51.2	24.10	48.65	6.6	0.9	8.49	4.85	66.9	47.8	67.41	46.51
17.	Manipur	32.7	44.2	23.22	39.83	6.3	1.1	17.29	9.08	61.0	54.7	59.49	51.09
18.	Meghalaya	30.7	49.5	23.80	40.40	4.3	0.5	11.22	7.36	65.1	49.9	64.98	52.24
19.	Mizoram	34.0	49.6	31.82	49.29	9.6	4.3	15.82	8.16	56.5	46.1	52.37	42.55
20.	Nagaland	37.3	46.7	30.01	40.73	4.8	0.6	8.24	6.10	62.5	62.0	61.75	53.18
21.	Orissa	12.1	52.9	8.60	43.07	8.7	0.9	16.02	9.68	69.1	79.2	75.38	47.25
22.	Punjab	2.8	54.1	11.92	49.97	1.6	0.1	6.76	4.13	95.6	45.8	81.32	45.90
23.	Rajasthan	13.0	48.5	16.83	43.81	14.4	0.8	16.66	6.26	72.6	50.7	66.52	49.93
24.	Sikkim	28.6	50.8	26.09	50.89	1.8	0.4	12.51	6.69	69.6	48.7	61.41	42.42
25.	Tamil Nadu	25.1	56.1	23.79	52.28	4.8	0.3	7.52	5.78	68.9	70.1	68.68	41.94
26.	Tripura	10.1	47.0	10.70	45.24	3.6	0.6	10.32	5.57	86.2	52.5	78.98	49.19
27.	Uttaranchal	-	-	16.24	38.13	-	-	10.85	8.29	-	-	72.91	53.58
28.	Uttar Pradesh	7.5	49.3	6.10	39.58	4.9	0.4	10.18	7.68	87.7	50.3	83.72	52.74
29.	West Bengal	8.0	50.7	8.86	47.32	3.3	0.7	9.22	6.91	88.8	48.6	81.92	45.77
	Union Territories												
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	8.0	52.3	9.85	50.70	5.1	1.1	6.60	6.03	86.9	46.7	83.55	43.27
31.	Chandigarh	10.3	54.2	12.87	54.77	0.1	0.1	0.85	1.33	89.6	45.7	86.28	43.90
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	31.3	55.9	25.30	58.62	17.5	1.6	13.38	3.77	51.2	42.5	61.32	37.62
33.	Daman & Diu	12.0	50.7	13.07	63.84	10.1	1.0	5.27	1.72	76.8	48.4	81.66	34.44
34.	Lakshadweep	5.9	41.0	4.77	33.20	1.7	3.1	2.42	9.31	92.4	55.8	92.81	57.49
35.	Pondicherry	14.3	50.1	14.57	50.52	0.9	0.4	2.43	2.76	84.8	49.4	83.0	46.72

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Government of India, II & IIIrd Periodic Report on the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women : CEDAW Periodic Report. New Delhi. P. 102.

The total workforce population, main workers and marginal workers are given in Table 68.

Table 68: Total Workforce Population, Main and Marginal Workers, by Residence and Sex, India and States/Union Territories, 2001

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Total/ R/U	Total Workforce Population			Main Worker			Marginal Worker		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	India	Total	402234724	275014476	127220248	313004983	240147813	72857170	89229741	34866663	54363078
		Rural	309956070	198839153	111116917	229186552	169101251	60085301	80769518	29737902	51031616
		Urban	92278654	76175323	16103331	83818431	71046562	12771869	8460223	5128761	3331462
1	Andhra Pradesh	Total	34893859	21662192	13231667	29040873	19455492	9585381	5852986	2206700	3646286
		Rural	28172888	16287101	11885787	22977594	14467183	8510411	5195294	1819918	3375376
		Urban	6720971	5375091	1345880	6063279	4988309	1074970	657692	386782	270910
2	Arunachal Pradesh	Total	482902	293612	189290	415007	267384	147623	67895	26228	41667
		Rural	402010	230320	171690	340027	207110	132917	61983	23210	38773
		Urban	80892	63292	17600	74980	60274	14706	5912	3018	2894
3	Assam	Total	9538591	6870960	2667631	7114097	5849032	1265065	2424494	1021928	1402566
		Rural	8396769	5899204	2497565	6050639	4926395	1124244	2346130	972809	1373321
		Urban	1141822	971756	170066	1063458	922637	140821	78364	49119	29245
4	Bihar	Total	27974606	20483003	7491603	21052875	17511018	3541857	6921731	2971985	3949746
		Rural	25752569	18544822	7207747	19112829	15760425	3352404	6639740	2784397	3855343
		Urban	2222037	1938181	283856	1940046	1750593	189453	281991	187588	94403
5	Chhattisgarh	Total	9679871	5531859	4148012	7054595	4742935	2311660	2625276	788924	1836352
		Rural	8377674	4495979	3881695	5883797	3777194	2106603	2493877	718785	1775092
		Urban	1302197	1035880	266317	1170798	965741	205057	131399	70139	61260
6	Delhi	Total	4545234	3960101	585133	4317516	3794345	523171	227718	165756	61962
		Rural	301064	258032	43032	273677	240572	33105	27387	17460	9927
		Urban	4244170	3702069	542101	4043839	3553773	490066	200331	148296	52035
7	Goa	Total	522855	375218	147637	425305	326993	98312	97550	48225	49325
		Rural	274452	185648	88804	204915	154069	50846	69537	31579	37958
		Urban	248403	189570	58833	220390	172924	47466	28013	16646	11367
8	Gujarat	Total	21255521	14477286	6778235	17025074	13480566	3544508	4230447	996720	3233727
		Rural	14993312	9049438	5943874	11114041	8210091	2903950	3879271	839347	3039924
		Urban	6262209	5427848	834361	5911033	5270475	640558	351176	157373	193803
9	Haryana	Total	8377466	5715526	2661940	6241324	4933004	1308320	2136142	782522	1353620
		Rural	6451587	4085621	2365966	4519240	3425749	1093491	1932347	659872	1272475
		Urban	1925879	1629905	295974	1722084	1507255	214829	203795	122650	81145
10	Himachal Pradesh	Total	2992461	1686658	1305803	1963882	1333361	630521	1028579	353297	675282
		Rural	2772351	1506711	1265640	1758872	1162619	596253	1013479	344092	669387
		Urban	220110	179947	40163	205010	170742	34268	15100	9205	5895
11	Jammu & Kashmir	Total	3753815	2679941	1073874	2608668	2226958	381710	1145147	452983	692164
		Rural	2924686	1968549	956137	1862629	1559977	302652	1062057	408572	653485
		Urban	829129	711392	117737	746039	666981	79058	83090	44411	38679
12	Jharkhand	Total	10109030	6659856	3449174	6446782	5134067	1312715	3662248	1525789	2136459
		Rural	8569591	5302143	3267448	5105341	3921518	1183823	3464250	1380625	2083625
		Urban	1539439	1357713	181726	1341441	1212549	128892	197998	145164	52834
13	Karnataka	Total	23534791	15235355	8299436	19364759	13896845	5467914	4170032	1338510	2831522
		Rural	17127803	10254252	6873551	13462535	9194812	4267723	3665268	1059440	2605828
		Urban	6406988	4981103	1425885	5902224	4702033	1200191	504764	279070	225694
14	Kerala	Total	10283887	7765645	2518242	8236973	6460693	1776280	2046914	1304952	741962
		Rural	7671110	5732387	1938723	5998150	4677067	1321083	1672960	1055320	617640
		Urban	2612777	2033258	579519	2238823	1783626	455197	373954	249632	124322
15	Madhya Pradesh	Total	25793519	16194368	9599151	19102572	14056279	5046293	6690947	2138089	4552858
		Rural	20900226	12205916	8694310	14776619	10387506	4389113	6123607	1818410	4305197
		Urban	4893293	3988452	904841	4325953	3668773	657180	567340	319679	247661
16	Maharashtra	Total	41173351	26852095	14321256	34748053	24416295	10331758	6425298	2435800	3989498
		Rural	27261431	15348636	11912795	21853804	13528493	8325311	5407627	1820143	3587484
		Urban	13911920	11503459	2408461	12894249	10887802	2006447	1017671	615657	402014
17	Manipur	Total	945213	527216	417997	659364	430227	229137	285849	96989	188860
		Rural	723087	398374	324713	494747	320432	174315	228340	77942	150398
		Urban	222126	128842	93284	164617	109795	54822	57509	19047	38462

S. No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Total/ R/U	Total Workforce Population			Main Worker			Marginal		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
18	Meghalaya	Total	970146	568491	401655	757011	485694	271317	213135	82797	130338
		Rural	822531	468095	354436	626538	393364	233174	195993	74731	121262
		Urban	147615	100396	47219	130473	92330	38143	17142	8066	9076
19	Mizoram	Total	467159	263008	204151	362450	225428	137022	104709	37580	67129
		Rural	256044	138855	117189	201599	120662	80937	54445	18193	36252
		Urban	211115	124153	86962	160851	104766	56085	50264	19387	30877
20	Nagaland	Total	847796	488968	358828	703977	424811	279166	143819	64157	79662
		Rural	741439	406859	334580	608335	348972	259363	133104	57887	75217
		Urban	106357	82109	24248	95642	75839	19803	10715	6270	4445
21	Orissa	Total	14276488	9802006	4474482	9589269	8004740	1584529	4687219	1797266	2889953
		Rural	12586969	8373695	4213274	8071999	6677417	1394582	4514970	1696278	2818692
		Urban	1689519	1428311	261208	1517270	1327323	189947	172249	100988	71261
22	Punjab	Total	9127474	6960213	2167261	7835732	6426028	1409704	1291742	534185	757557
		Rural	6360351	4589049	1771302	5248225	4161003	1087222	1112126	428046	684080
		Urban	2767123	2371164	395959	2587507	2265025	322482	179616	106139	73477
23	Rajasthan	Total	23766655	14695802	9070853	17436888	12841318	4595570	6329767	1854484	4475283
		Rural	19856423	11379536	8476887	13962042	9771540	4190502	5894381	1607996	4286385
		Urban	3910232	3316266	593966	3474846	3069778	405068	435386	246488	188898
24	Sikkim	Total	263043	165716	97327	212904	146541	66363	50139	19175	30964
		Rural	239002	147560	91442	190656	129679	60977	48346	17881	30465
		Urban	24041	18156	5885	22248	16862	5386	1793	1294	499
25	Tamil Nadu	Total	27878282	18100397	9777885	23757783	16303310	7454473	4120499	1797087	2323412
		Rural	17559768	10360726	7199042	14290543	9039189	5251354	3269225	1321537	1947688
		Urban	10318514	7739671	2578843	9467240	7264121	2203119	851274	475550	375724
26	Tripura	Total	1159561	831346	328215	912292	742054	170238	247269	89292	157977
		Rural	982447	687482	294965	747822	606103	141719	234625	81379	153246
		Urban	177114	143864	33250	164470	135951	28519	12644	7913	4731
27	Uttar Pradesh	Total	53983824	40981558	13002266	39337649	34338260	4999389	14646175	6643298	8002877
		Rural	44675952	32770685	11905267	31242754	26975069	4267685	13433198	5795616	7637582
		Urban	9307872	8210873	1096999	8094895	7363191	731704	1212977	847682	365295
28	Uttaranchal	Total	3134036	1996177	1137859	2322347	1639242	683105	811689	356935	454754
		Rural	2498842	1436711	1062131	1745562	1123925	621637	753280	312786	440494
		Urban	635194	559466	75728	576785	515317	61468	58409	44149	14260
29	West Bengal	Total	29481690	22388044	7093646	23023583	19494971	3528612	6458107	2893073	3565034
		Rural	21889642	16019881	5869761	16106580	13551865	2554715	5783062	2468016	3315046
		Urban	7592048	6368163	1223885	6917003	5943106	973897	675045	425057	249988
Union Territories											
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Total	136254	109162	27092	113607	97349	16258	22647	11813	10834
		Rural	94052	73350	20702	73454	63186	10268	20598	10164	10434
		Urban	42202	35812	6390	40153	34163	5990	2049	1649	400
31	Chandigarh	Total	340422	284419	56003	328989	277050	51939	11433	7369	4064
		Rural	40203	36293	3910	38168	34934	3234	2035	1359	676
		Urban	300219	248126	52093	290821	242116	48705	9398	6010	3388
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Total	114122	75835	38287	96184	71156	25028	17938	4679	13259
		Rural	91542	56255	35287	75016	52037	22979	16526	4218	12308
		Urban	22580	19580	3000	21168	19119	2049	1412	461	951
33	Daman & Diu	Total	72791	60569	12222	67522	58874	8648	5269	1695	3574
		Rural	52480	45018	7462	48455	43747	4708	4025	1271	2754
		Urban	20311	15551	4760	19067	15127	3940	1244	424	820
34	Lakshadweep	Total	15354	13204	2150	11710	10288	1422	3644	2916	728
		Rural	8007	6984	1023	5895	5212	683	2112	1772	340
		Urban	7347	6220	1127	5815	5076	739	1532	1144	388
35	Pondicherry	Total	342655	258670	83985	317367	245205	72162	25288	13465	11823
		Rural	127766	88986	38780	113453	82135	31318	14313	6851	7462
		Urban	214889	169684	45205	203914	163070	40844	10975	6614	4361

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2004). Census of India 2001: Primary Census Abstract: Total Population. New Delhi. P. 1-18.

The number of child labour, women labour, and labour in various age groups is given in Table 69.

Table 69 : Child Labour, Women Labour, and Labour, 2001

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1.	India	T	All Ages	313004983	240147813	72857170	89229741	34866663	54363078
		R		229186552	169101251	60085301	80769518	29737902	51031616
		U		83818431	710465562	12771869	8460223	5128761	3331462
		T	5-9	820050	507111	312939	1029630	494752	534878
		R		657033	398578	258455	965993	460134	505859
		U		163017	108533	54484	63637	34618	29019
		T	10-14	4958941	3089793	1869148	585756	2712680	3145076
		R		4165427	2527984	1637443	5556500	2537732	3018768
		U		793514	561809	231705	301256	174948	126308
		T	15-19	20642416	15167982	5474434	11747146	5821580	5925566
		R		16392967	11659849	4733118	10771622	5159377	5612245
		U		4249449	3508133	741316	975524	662203	313321
		T	20-24	35442698	27114855	8327843	12768725	5628239	7140486
		R		26259445	19222059	7037386	11436946	4706929	6730017
		U		9183253	7892796	1290457	1331779	921310	410469
		T	25-29	42269247	32331772	9937475	11901409	4521629	7379780
		R		30373031	22167517	8205514	10648178	3723465	6924713
		U		11896216	10164255	1731961	1253231	798164	455067
		T	30-34	42049980	32059675	9990305	10263309	3429216	6834093
		R		29983262	21809064	8174198	9206685	2818928	6387757
		U		12066718	10250611	1816107	1056624	610288	446336
		T	35-39	42090591	31941636	10148955	9259328	2978344	6280984
		R		29941956	21779628	8162318	8266051	2445234	5820817
		U		12148635	10161998	1986637	993277	533110	460167
		T	40-49	63426352	49119357	14306995	12595381	3994391	8600990
		R		44701364	33209787	11491577	11317814	3296993	8020821
		U		18724988	15909570	2815418	1277567	697398	580169
		T	50-59	36037600	28371884	7665716	7336595	2393671	4942924
		R		26151686	19884152	6267534	6687078	2034984	4652094
		U		9885914	8487732	1398182	649517	358687	290830
T	60-69	17850055	14188148	3661907	4611342	1890643	2720699		
R		14585117	11423942	3161175	4229837	1668309	2561528		
U		3264938	2764206	500732	381505	222334	159171		

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	70-79	5374296	4585141	789155	1340257	734948	605309
		R		4423666	3759385	664281	1221795	656214	565581
		U		950630	825756	124874	118462	78734	39728
		T	80+	1380978	1173222	207756	329225	183817	145408
		R		1102307	934279	168028	296611	162316	134295
		U		278671	238943	39728	32614	21501	11113
2.	Andhra Pradesh	T	All Ages	29040873	19455492	9585381	5852986	2206700	3646286
		R		22977594	14467183	8510411	5195294	1819918	3375376
		U		6063279	4988309	1074970	657692	386782	270910
		T	5-9	104150	55067	49083	53009	22820	30189
		R		85061	43099	41962	46809	19596	27213
		U		19089	11968	7121	6200	3224	2976
		T	10-14	839326	419978	419348	366854	140018	226836
		R		754542	363628	390914	342015	126359	215656
		U		84784	56350	28434	24839	13659	11180
		T	15-19	2432386	1509643	922743	738746	323931	414815
		R		2106388	1257874	848514	667607	279520	388087
		U		325998	251769	74229	71139	44411	26728
		T	20-24	3388039	2209185	1178854	779090	313192	465898
		R		2759273	1695955	1063318	685105	252228	432877
		U		628766	513230	115536	93985	60964	33021
		T	25-29	4069286	2655307	1413979	806503	283141	523362
		R		3178868	1926776	1252092	706039	223154	482885
		U		890418	728531	161887	100464	59987	40477
		T	30-34	3752074	2535100	1216974	650370	228682	421688
		R		2869307	1803397	1065910	568636	181162	387474
		U		882767	731703	151064	81734	47520	34214
		T	35-39	3798250	2531779	1266471	644199	213244	430955
		R		2897794	1796260	1101534	562157	168923	393234
		U		900456	735519	164937	82042	44321	37721
		T	40-49	5576006	3897274	1678732	877246	306222	571024
		R		4238358	2769044	1469314	773814	247721	526093
		U		1337648	1128230	209418	103432	58501	44931
		T	50-59	3099794	2181090	918704	527917	185903	342014
		R		2427556	1613862	813694	475262	156661	318601
		U		672238	567228	105010	52655	29242	23413
		T	60-69	1475806	1062291	413515	307242	131863	175379

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		1245446	873911	371535	278187	114882	163305
		U		230360	188380	41980	29055	16981	12074
		T	70-79	398613	318524	80089	80649	46343	34306
		R		334419	264523	69896	72017	40582	31435
		U		64194	54001	10193	8632	5761	2871
		T	80+	76156	58905	17251	15138	6639	8499
		R		59960	45626	14334	13027	7157	5870
		U		16196	13279	2917	2111	1342	769
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	All Ages	415007	267384	147623	67895	26228	41667
		R		340027	207110	132917	61983	23210	38773
		U		74980	60274	14706	5912	3018	2894
		T	5-9	1340	661	679	1857	869	988
		R		1142	556	586	1716	811	905
		U		198	105	93	141	58	83
		T	10-14	7007	2939	4068	8278	3670	4608
		R		5978	2602	3376	7834	3508	4326
		U		1029	337	692	444	162	282
		T	15-19	25526	13404	12122	11790	5527	6263
		R		22359	11375	10984	10880	5050	5830
		U		3167	2029	1138	910	477	433
		T	20-24	45533	27399	18134	9771	4078	5693
		R		37457	21233	16224	8769	3533	5236
		U		8076	6166	1910	1002	545	457
		T	25-29	62513	39182	23331	8726	3128	5598
		R		49715	29445	20270	7702	2610	5092
		U		12798	12798	9737	3061	1024	518
		T	30-34	57455	38372	19083	5999	1859	4140
		R		44335	27763	16572	5336	1529	3807
		U		13120	10609	2511	663	330	333
		T	35-39	60084	40513	19571	5419	1578	3841
		R		46717	29484	17233	4784	1278	3506
		U		13367	11029	2338	635	300	335
		T	40-49	82626	55107	27519	6976	2030	4946
		R		67405	42045	25360	6345	1689	4656
		U		15221	13062	2159	631	341	290
T	50-59	46968	32137	14831	4392	1444	2948		
R		40440	26232	14208	4112	1285	2827		

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		6528	5905	623	280	159	121
		T	60-69	19146	12718	6428	3180	1263	1917
		R		18091	11784	6307	3058	1183	1875
		U		1055	934	121	122	80	42
		T	70-79	5043	3609	1434	1072	520	552
		R		4826	3420	1406	1044	501	543
		U		217	189	28	28	19	9
		T	80+	1406	1055	351	381	221	160
		R		1285	951	334	374	214	160
		U		121	104	17	7	7	0
4.	Assam	T	All Ages	7114097	5849032	1265065	2424494	1021928	1402566
		R		6050639	4926395	1124244	2346130	972809	1373321
		U		1063458	922637	140821	78364	49119	29245
		T	5-9	22896	14133	8763	37945	19425	18520
		R		19849	12437	7412	37242	19095	18147
		U		3047	1696	1351	703	330	373
		T	10-14	112781	81370	31411	177794	99334	78460
		R		98765	74267	24498	173988	97499	76489
		U		14016	7103	6913	3806	1835	1971
		T	15-19	387556	308207	79349	353778	194362	159416
		R		349874	278157	71717	345293	188677	156616
		U		37682	30050	7632	8485	5685	2800
		T	20-24	664521	530098	134423	384343	182193	202150
		R		578490	454396	124094	372147	173575	198572
		U		86031	75702	10329	12196	8618	3578
		T	25-29	965077	772944	192133	371903	147611	224292
		R		822303	649175	173128	358527	138717	219810
		U		142774	123769	19005	13376	8894	4482
		T	30-34	1015081	822120	192961	283391	98208	185183
		R		853464	682212	171252	273155	91825	181330
		U		161617	139908	21709	10236	6383	3853
		T	35-39	1095383	897150	198233	250468	79996	170472
		R		921483	747055	174428	241296	74829	166467
		U		173900	150095	23805	9172	5167	4005
		T	40-49	1509544	1260233	249311	296429	92849	203580
		R		1258629	1040206	218423	285621	86664	198957
		U		250915	220027	30888	10808	6185	4623

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	50-59	795888	683037	112851	150806	50357	100449
		R		663558	563887	99671	145670	47340	98330
		U		132330	119150	13180	5136	3017	2119
		T	60-69	370165	322592	47573	82333	36726	45607
		R		327382	283995	43387	79280	34722	44558
		U		42783	38597	4186	3053	2004	1049
		T	70-79	131427	118633	12794	26091	15584	10507
		R		118223	106617	11606	25072	14829	10243
		U		13204	12016	1188	1019	755	264
		T	80+	3667	32582	4075	7592	4468	3124
		R		32902	29270	3632	7309	4280	3029
U		3755	3312	443	283	188	95		
5.	Bihar	T	All Ages	21052875	17511018	3541857	6921731	2971985	3949746
		R		19112829	15760425	3352404	6639740	2784397	3855343
		U		1940046	1750593	189453	281991	187588	94403
		T	5-9	84856	58423	26433	87515	44293	43222
		R		79282	54515	24767	84486	42600	41886
		U		5574	3908	1666	3029	1693	1336
		T	10-14	454904	346626	108278	490225	261501	228724
		R		428303	325409	102894	475251	251937	223314
		U		26601	21217	5384	14974	9564	5410
		T	15-19	1462138	1227178	234960	815488	457534	357954
		R		1369466	1143956	225510	784376	434623	349753
		U		92672	83222	9450	31112	22911	8201
		T	20-24	2187840	1805675	382165	921614	418684	502930
		R		2024078	1655656	368422	884172	391516	492656
		U		163762	150019	13743	37442	27168	10274
		T	25-29	2570735	2114781	455954	907325	368932	538393
		R		2351796	1915279	436517	869228	342627	526601
		U		218939	199502	19437	38097	26305	11792
		T	30-34	2709804	2206429	503375	847188	310626	536562
		R		2454447	1975828	478619	811296	287477	523819
		U		255357	230601	24756	35892	23149	12743
		T	35-39	2674339	2194846	479493	738748	266657	472091
		R		2400949	1950382	450567	705951	246094	459857
		U		273390	244464	28926	32797	20563	12234
		T	40-49	4223388	3509470	713918	103527	369450	666277

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		3753629	3087212	666417	990993	341850	649143
		U		469759	422258	47501	44734	276001	17134
		T	50-59	2588920	2202241	386679	580568	218097	362471
		R		2310004	1948474	361530	557236	203743	353493
		U		278916	253767	25149	23332	14354	8978
		T	60-69	1452571	1267329	185242	350119	168483	181636
		R		1343824	1168392	175432	335870	158979	176891
		U		108747	98937	9810	14249	9504	4745
		T	70-79	473223	428004	45219	107181	64201	42980
		R		439754	396987	42767	102597	60742	41855
		U		33469	31017	2452	4584	3459	1125
		T	80+	136555	123818	12737	30056	18630	11426
		R		126399	114369	12030	28668	17558	11110
		U		10156	9449	707	1388	1072	316
6.	Chhattisgarh	T	All Ages	7054595	4742935	2311660	2625276	788924	1836352
		R		5883797	3777194	2106603	2493877	718785	1775092
		U		1170798	965741	205057	131399	70139	61260
		T	5-9	14268	8117	6151	34518	15534	18984
		R		12845	7217	5628	33944	15242	18702
		U		1423	900	523	574	292	282
		T	10-14	116637	63366	53271	199149	79122	120027
		R		108357	58034	50323	195517	77291	118226
		U		8280	5332	2948	3632	1831	1801
		T	15-19	476282	293614	182668	367416	144731	222685
		R		426053	253592	172461	352325	135018	217307
		U		50229	40022	10207	15091	9713	5378
		T	20-24	763489	494949	268540	360092	120313	239779
		R		652725	401892	250833	339890	107371	232519
		U		110764	93057	17707	20202	12942	7260
		T	25-29	946359	642292	304067	337163	99378	237785
		R		783995	505950	278045	316604	87440	229164
		U		162364	136342	26022	20550	11938	8621
		T	30-34	985493	655559	329934	303285	73931	229354
		R		802143	504006	298137	285159	64959	220200
		U		183350	151553	31797	18126	8972	9154
		T	35-39	958588	652250	306338	259124	63741	195383
		R		776360	503610	272750	243321	56471	186850

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		182228	148640	33588	15803	7270	8533
		T	40-49	1397236	948392	448844	350516	78996	271520
		R		1127498	724952	402546	331253	70452	260801
		U		269738	223440	46298	19263	8544	10719
		T	50-59	852157	590057	262100	227560	51341	176219
		R		707254	469246	238008	217156	46782	170374
		U		144903	120811	24092	10404	4559	5845
		T	60-69	406704	288370	118334	138969	41828	97141
		R		363243	254428	108815	133021	38900	94121
		U		43461	33942	9519	5948	2928	3020
		T	70-79	105690	81661	24029	37202	15391	21811
		R		95361	73061	22300	35836	14499	21337
		U		10329	8600	1729	1366	892	474
		T	80+	24224	19045	5179	7974	3715	4259
		R		21708	16919	4789	7673	3529	4144
		U		2516	2126	390	301	186	115
7.	Delhi	T	All Ages	4317516	3794345	523171	227718	165756	61962
		R		273677	240572	33105	27387	17460	9927
		U		4043839	3553773	490066	200331	148296	52035
		T	5-9	4859	3767	1092	1448	853	595
		R		258	204	54	135	76	59
		U		4601	3563	1038	1313	777	536
		T	10-14	28627	23539	5088	6965	4786	2179
		R		1511	1234	277	846	527	319
		U		27116	22305	4811	6119	4259	1860
		T	15-19	228024	208599	19425	30484	24371	6113
		R		15271	14011	1260	3605	2680	925
		U		213753	194588	18165	26879	21691	5188
		T	20-24	561244	504879	56365	43832	35247	8585
		R		37273	33938	3335	5005	3690	1315
		U		523971	470941	53030	38827	31557	7270
		T	25-29	721705	642429	79276	37352	28621	8731
		R		46610	41753	4857	4445	3058	1387
		U		675095	600676	74419	32907	25563	7344
		T	30-34	668102	588303	79799	29394	20132	9262
		R		45107	39739	5368	3727	2217	1510
		U		622995	548564	74431	25667	17915	7752

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	35-39	632980	546906	86074	26710	17388	9322
		R		41920	36280	5640	3276	1803	1473
		U		591060	510626	80434	23434	15585	7849
		T	40-49	889972	767437	122535	30591	20108	10483
		R		52899	45231	7668	3592	1838	1754
		U		837073	722206	114867	26999	18270	8729
		T	50-59	428368	372297	56071	11960	7991	3969
		R		23316	20013	3303	1569	798	771
		U		405052	352284	52768	10391	7193	3198
		T	60-69	111344	98199	13145	6361	4330	2031
		R		6876	5814	1062	888	546	342
		U		104468	92385	12083	5473	3784	1689
		T	70-79	29676	26800	2876	1837	1364	473
		R		1888	1684	204	233	180	53
		U		27788	25116	2672	1604	1184	420
		T	80+	6919	6144	775	425	297	128
		R		430	391	39	49	35	14
		U		6489	5753	736	376	262	114
8.	Goa	T	All Ages	425305	326993	98312	97550	48225	49325
		R		204915	154069	50846	69537	31579	37958
		U		220390	172924	47766	28013	16646	11367
		T	5-9	332	222	110	291	160	131
		R		138	90	48	147	80	67
		U		194	132	62	144	80	64
		T	10-14	2087	1093	994	1428	689	739
		R		863	430	433	862	363	499
		U		1224	663	561	566	326	240
		T	15-19	18015	12013	6002	8297	4320	3977
		R		8715	5290	3425	5988	2802	3186
		U		9300	6723	2577	2309	1518	791
		T	20-24	52740	38799	13941	15756	8968	6788
		R		25868	18173	7695	11023	5801	5222
		U		26872	20626	6246	4733	3167	1566
		T	25-29	65359	50975	14384	14539	7975	6564
		R		31836	24503	7333	10089	5124	4965
		U		33523	26472	7051	4450	2851	1599
T	30-34	63085	50254	12831	11285	5690	5595		

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		29993	23835	6158	7714	3532	4182
		U		33092	26419	6673	3571	2158	1413
		T	35-39	58874	45310	13564	10447	4617	5830
		R		27680	21058	6622	7336	2931	4405
		U		31194	24252	6942	3111	1686	1425
		T	40-49	90254	69478	20776	16307	6927	9380
		R		42457	32115	10342	11788	4531	7257
		U		47797	37363	10434	4519	2396	2123
		T	50-59	52034	41147	10887	11106	4808	6298
		R		24475	18767	5708	8323	3362	4961
		U		27559	22380	5179	2783	1446	1337
		T	60-69	15992	12529	3463	5938	2986	2952
		R		8912	6695	2217	4561	2240	2321
		U		7080	5834	1246	1377	746	631
		T	70-79	3631	2883	748	1391	738	653
		R		2039	1608	431	1051	534	517
		U		1592	1275	317	340	204	136
		T	80+	745	597	148	229	133	96
		R		388	303	85	167	104	63
		U		357	294	63	62	29	33
9.	Gujarat	T	All Ages	17025074	13480566	3544508	4230447	996720	3233727
		R		11114041	8210091	2903950	3879271	839347	3039924
		U		5911033	5270475	640558	351176	157373	193803
		T	5-9	18816	12231	6585	26633	11003	15630
		R		12394	7494	4900	24501	9918	14583
		U		6422	4737	1685	2132	1085	1047
		T	10-14	197706	126927	70779	242375	88661	153714
		R		153373	92736	60637	229033	81768	147265
		U		44333	34191	10142	13342	6893	6449
		T	15-19	1251329	954443	296886	661078	244057	417021
		R		878011	624346	253665	607663	213054	394609
		U		373318	330097	43221	53415	31003	22412
		T	20-24	2259093	1820031	439062	688132	209549	478583
		R		1458618	1086546	372072	627864	174654	453210
		U		800475	733485	66990	60268	34895	25373
		T	25-29	2399108	1934173	464935	556039	126269	429770
		R		1520264	1132673	387591	508876	104095	404781

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		878844	801500	77344	47163	22174	24989
		T	30-34	2421224	1897294	523930	503113	80994	422119
		R		1549159	1117958	431201	459757	65639	394118
		U		872065	779336	92729	43356	15355	28001
		T	35-39	2303993	1810113	493880	415176	58230	356946
		R		1466208	1073215	392993	375716	46178	329538
		U		837785	736898	100887	39460	12052	27408
		T	40-49	3452914	2719019	733895	595131	71684	523447
		R		2190300	1606561	583739	544951	55714	489237
		U		1262614	1112458	150156	50180	15970	34210
		T	50-59	1770241	1423381	346860	327338	47960	279378
		R		1177916	898488	279428	304166	39045	265121
		U		592325	524893	67432	23172	8915	14257
		T	60-69	726203	593916	132287	165975	40618	125357
		R		543322	433311	110011	152993	34643	118350
		U		182881	160605	22276	12982	5975	7007
		T	70-79	176078	149161	26917	38226	13599	24627
		R		130837	109452	21385	34594	11618	22976
		U		45241	39709	5532	3632	1981	1651
		T	80+	39908	33255	6653	8840	3201	5639
		R		28911	23725	5186	7767	2643	5124
		U		10997	9530	1467	1073	558	515
10.	Haryana	T	All Ages	6241324	4933004	1308320	2136142	782522	1353620
		R		4519240	3425749	1093491	1932347	659872	1272475
		U		1722084	1507255	214829	203795	122650	81145
		T	5-9	10577	7062	3515	22129	10772	11357
		R		8037	5230	2807	20943	10115	10828
		U		2540	1832	708	1186	657	529
		T	10-14	62161	42197	19964	158624	74798	83826
		R		50188	32673	17515	152245	70838	81407
		U		11973	9524	2449	6379	3960	2419
		T	15-19	399020	317410	81610	332196	168973	1632223
		R		317966	244304	73662	307519	151261	156258
		U		81054	73106	7948	24677	17712	6965
		T	20-24	850334	682031	168303	329278	137934	191344
		R		646207	498132	148075	295206	114149	181057
		U		204127	183899	20228	34072	23785	10287

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	25-29	959094	760789	198305	282837	93539	189298
		R		698093	529139	168954	252232	74565	177667
		U		261001	231650	29351	30605	18974	11631
		T	30-34	885440	682925	202515	241858	66420	175438
		R		634843	465418	169425	215002	52034	162968
		U		250597	217507	33090	26856	14386	12470
		T	35-39	850962	656409	194553	213418	57205	156213
		R		597069	439907	157162	188181	44383	143798
		U		253893	216502	37391	25237	12822	12415
		T	40-49	1226732	966283	260449	275108	72607	202501
		R		835702	628178	207524	244828	56587	188241
		U		391030	338105	52925	30280	16020	14260
		T	50-59	591595	479313	112282	139538	40043	99495
		R		411597	321498	90099	126912	33073	93839
		U		179998	157815	22183	12626	6970	5656
		T	60-69	286785	234368	52417	103264	39050	64214
		R		228603	182316	46287	95125	34265	60860
		U		58182	52052	6130	8139	4785	3354
		T	70-79	88968	78853	10115	29023	16451	12572
		R		69679	61048	8631	26292	14563	11729
		U		19289	17805	1484	2731	1888	843
		T	80+	18079	15845	2234	5583	3320	2263
		R		13593	11816	1777	4995	2911	2084
		U		4486	4029	457	588	409	179
11.	Himachal Pradesh	T	All Ages	1963882	1333361	630521	1028579	353297	675282
		R		1758872	1162619	596253	1013479	344092	669387
		U		205010	170742	34268	15100	9205	5895
		T	5-9	2268	1240	1028	16993	8426	8567
		R		2077	1121	956	16925	8391	8534
		U		191	119	72	68	35	33
		T	10-14	11423	6030	5393	77090	36915	40175
		R		10447	5366	5081	76743	36719	40024
		U		976	664	312	347	196	151
		T	15-19	80210	49937	30273	132605	60905	71700
		R		72756	43268	29488	131345	59976	71369
		U		7454	6669	785	1260	929	331
		T	20-24	223649	146345	77304	155502	60569	94933

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		201325	126464	74861	152976	58776	94200
		U		22324	19881	2443	2526	1793	733
		T	25-29	279517	188423	91094	130537	42666	87871
		R		249865	163362	86503	127941	40969	86972
		U		29652	25061	4591	2596	1697	899
		T	30-34	263907	180150	83757	97542	26642	70900
		R		233418	155171	78247	95631	25539	70092
		U		30489	24979	5510	1911	1103	808
		T	35-39	259085	173210	85875	90112	21094	69018
		R		228209	148489	79720	88323	20150	68173
		U		30876	24721	6155	1789	944	845
		T	40-49	406833	278131	128702	137021	30920	106101
		R		358064	238313	119751	134775	29753	105022
		U		48769	39818	8951	2246	1167	1079
		T	50-59	254268	177641	76627	94303	24496	69807
		R		228505	156318	72187	93100	23879	69221
		U		25763	21323	4440	1203	617	586
		T	60-69	122796	85950	36846	65751	25090	40661
		R		117407	81259	36148	64983	24619	40364
		U		5389	4691	698	768	471	297
		T	70-79	45565	35167	10398	24368	11875	12493
		R		43413	33211	10202	24078	11696	12382
		U		2152	1956	196	290	179	111
		T	80+	12225	9565	2660	5984	3378	2606
		R		11577	8998	2579	5902	3316	2586
		U		648	567	81	82	62	20
12.	Jammu & Kashmir	T	All Ages	2608668	2226958	381710	1145147	452983	692164
		R		1862629	1559977	302652	1062057	408572	653485
		U		746039	666981	79058	83090	44411	38679
		T	5-9	12191	7336	4855	23249	11119	12130
		R		9971	5928	4043	22397	10703	11694
		U		2220	1408	812	852	416	436
		T	10-14	42090	26534	15556	98100	44910	53190
		R		35705	21881	13824	95207	43393	51814
		U		6385	4653	1732	2893	1517	1376
		T	15-19	140692	105809	34883	168665	76842	91823
		R		117096	85822	31274	159825	71755	88070

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		23596	19987	3609	8840	5087	3753
		T	20-24	273457	227693	45764	162607	71524	91083
		R		203356	165257	38099	150027	64223	85804
		U		70101	62436	7665	12580	7301	5279
		T	25-29	343737	291996	51741	142347	55681	86666
		R		238698	198283	40415	130341	48962	81379
		U		105039	93713	11326	12006	6719	5287
		T	30-34	357789	307421	50368	116372	40356	76016
		R		239973	201894	38079	106384	35315	71069
		U		117816	105527	12289	9988	5041	4947
		T	35-39	363533	310490	53043	113239	34495	78744
		R		248021	208555	39466	103324	29967	73357
		U		115512	101935	13577	9915	4528	5387
		T	40-49	545940	476012	69928	155618	49416	106202
		R		375383	323438	51945	142289	43066	99223
		U		170557	152574	17983	13329	6350	6979
		T	50-59	302875	269169	33706	87461	30471	56990
		R		214538	187902	26636	80586	26907	53679
		U		88337	81267	7070	6875	3564	3311
		T	60-69	149021	134414	14607	50759	23307	27452
		R		118243	105416	12827	46971	20844	26127
		U		30778	28998	1780	3788	2463	1325
		T	70-79	54118	49429	4689	17872	10041	7831
		R		43990	39944	4046	16600	9122	7478
		U		10128	9485	643	1272	919	353
		T	80+	15504	14129	1375	4885	2928	1957
		R		12625	11486	1139	4522	2664	1858
		U		2879	2643	236	363	264	99
13.	Jharkhand	T	All Ages	6446782	5134067	1312715	3662248	1525789	2136459
		R		5105341	3921518	1183823	3464250	1380625	2083625
		U		1341441	1212549	128892	197998	145164	52834
		T	5-9	19948	12327	7621	42319	19632	22687
		R		17712	10759	6953	41187	18986	22201
		U		2236	1568	668	1132	646	486
		T	10-14	112635	71371	41264	232298	105156	127142
		R		102349	64111	38238	226553	101622	124931
		U		10286	7260	3026	5745	3534	2211

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	15-19	377025	278301	98724	444354	215151	229203
		R		333904	240715	93189	425165	200462	224703
		U		43121	37586	5535	19189	14689	4500
		T	20-24	622311	477654	144657	512491	224111	288380
		R		522558	386700	135858	483309	201007	282302
		U		99753	90954	8799	29182	23104	6078
		T	25-29	806251	635398	170853	509705	212489	297216
		R		651778	494614	157164	477365	187351	290014
		U		154473	140784	13689	32340	25138	7202
		T	30-34	872709	686328	186381	463459	176050	287409
		R		688378	519498	168880	434445	154796	279649
		U		184331	166830	17501	29014	21254	7760
		T	35-39	900350	719887	180463	406260	156083	250177
		R		698033	538611	159422	380261	137776	242485
		U		202317	181276	21041	25999	18307	7692
		T	40-49	1426733	1157850	268883	550696	205315	345381
		R		1069118	835729	233389	518637	183046	335591
		U		357615	322121	35494	32059	22269	9790
		T	50-59	850185	710101	140084	296395	111685	184710
		R		627833	504898	122935	282568	102360	180208
		U		222352	205203	17149	13827	9325	4502
		T	60-69	334067	277427	56640	150845	69979	80866
		R		287574	235270	52304	144200	65273	78927
		U		46493	42157	4336	6645	4706	1939
		T	70-79	91454	79394	12060	39320	22360	16960
		R		79357	68308	11049	37425	20887	16538
		U		12097	11086	1011	1895	1473	422.
		T	80+	27158	23501	3657	11470	6536	4934
		R		22515	19251	3264	10769	5999	4770
		U		4643	4250	393	701	537	164
14.	Karnataka	T	All Ages	19364759	13896845	5467914	4170032	1338510	2831522
		R		13462535	9194812	4267723	3665268	1059440	2605828
		U		5902224	4702033	1200191	504764	279070	225694
		T	5-9	48757	30626	18131	37382	17559	19823
		R		35835	21874	13961	33564	15371	18193
		U		12922	8752	4170	3818	2188	1630
		T	10-14	438588	264956	173632	297888	126268	171620

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		354036	206216	147820	275161	112939	162222
		U		84552	58740	25812	22727	13329	9398
		T	15-19	1553743	1091526	462217	576187	256481	319706
		R		1171570	799369	372201	510700	213695	297005
		U		382173	292157	90016	65487	42786	22701
		T	20-24	2310615	1686072	624543	581812	228422	353390
		R		1589896	1110194	479702	499019	174816	324203
		U		720719	575878	144841	82793	53606	29187
		T	25-29	2634337	1853389	780948	556787	165677	391110
		R		1747927	1154004	593923	480841	123052	357789
		U		886410	699385	187025	75946	42625	33321
		T	30-34	2461387	1734681	726706	445698	114735	330963
		R		1639372	1082743	556629	386999	84863	302136
		U		822015	651938	170077	58699	29872	28827
		T	35-39	2582246	1782868	799378	453850	103598	350252
		R		1746410	1131728	614682	395911	76867	319044
		U		835836	651140	184696	57939	26731	31208
		T	40-49	3905316	2852482	1052834	605757	144950	460807
		R		2657022	1840448	816574	532681	109626	423055
		U		1248294	1012034	236260	73076	35324	37752
		T	50-59	2098387	1570471	527916	344216	84415	259801
		R		1470681	1049323	421358	307271	66555	240716
		U		627706	521148	106558	36945	17860	19085
		T	60-69	966892	736021	230871	195486	62923	132563
		R		762810	569441	193369	175990	52811	123179
		U		204082	166580	37502	19496	10112	9384
		T	70-79	285625	231911	53714	58016	25763	32253
		R		226844	182739	44105	52194	22302	29892
		U		58781	49172	9609	5822	3461	2361
		T	80+	66142	52789	13353	14337	6700	7637
		R		51055	40493	10562	12688	5742	6946
		U		15087	12296	2791	1649	958	691
15.	Kerala	T	All Ages	8236973	6460693	1776280	2046914	1304952	741962
		R		5998150	4677067	1321083	1672960	1055320	617640
		U		2238823	1783626	455197	373954	249632	124322
		T	5-9	5438	3793	1645	2510	1549	961
		R		4020	2818	1202	2038	1268	770

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		1418	975	443	472	281	191
		T	10-14	11228	6999	4229	6980	4085	2895
		R		8257	5105	3152	5807	3369	2438
		U		2971	1894	1077	1173	716	457
		T	15-19	242625	185965	56660	117321	84361	32960
		R		185858	140395	45463	95562	67881	27681
		U		56767	45570	11197	21759	16480	5279
		T	20-24	783592	639232	144360	270602	197666	72936
		R		582692	472645	110047	217417	157295	60122
		U		200900	166587	34313	53185	40371	12814
		T	25-29	1087266	880816	206450	279480	191457	88023
		R		789901	635745	154156	225322	152039	73283
		U		297365	245071	52294	54158	39418	14740
		T	30-34	1170641	924628	246013	258153	160509	97644
		R		842010	660230	181780	209272	128145	81127
		U		328631	264398	64233	48881	32364	16517
		T	35-39	1231656	929240	302416	270065	153238	116827
		R		893303	667834	225469	221877	124177	97700
		U		338353	261406	76947	48188	29061	19127
		T	40-49	2009790	1536234	473556	415875	241529	174346
		R		1439019	1092216	346803	342383	196712	145671
		U		570771	444018	126753	73492	44817	28675
		T	50-59	1110572	872018	238554	241723	148319	93404
		R		795943	622003	173940	199552	121869	77683
		U		314629	250015	64614	42171	26450	15721
		T	60-69	434371	353572	80799	137928	89145	48783
		R		337137	274661	62476	114895	74534	40361
		U		97234	78911	18323	23033	14611	8422
		T	70-79	122394	105347	17047	38399	27503	10896
		R		98393	85211	13182	32231	23304	8927
		U		24001	20136	3865	6168	4199	1969
		T	80+	24069	20358	3711	7000	5032	1968
		R		19210	16389	2821	5927	4295	1632
		U		4859	3969	890	1073	737	336
16.	Madhya Pradesh	T	All Ages	19102572	14056279	5046293	6690947	2138089	4552858
		R		14776619	10387506	4389113	6123607	1818410	4305197
		U		4325953	3668773	657180	567340	319679	247661

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	5-9	41766	24295	17471	89585	41580	48005
		R		35443	20038	15405	86459	39851	46608
		U		6323	4257	2066	3126	1729	1397
		T	10-14	346499	210336	136163	587409	257706	329703
		R		312328	185378	126950	566170	245691	320479
		U		34171	24958	9213	21239	12015	9224
		T	15-19	1355989	969185	386804	957421	428732	528689
		R		1150612	794281	356331	888391	381683	506708
		U		205377	174904	30473	69030	47049	21981
		T	20-24	2328436	1707724	620712	984558	349521	635037
		R		1862265	1301676	560589	894630	288711	605919
		U		466171	406048	60123	89928	60810	29118
		T	25-29	2610429	1922345	688084	865019	254212	610807
		R		2017771	1412280	605491	782249	204862	577387
		U		592658	510065	82593	82770	49350	33420
		T	30-34	2661394	1925808	735586	775849	192280	583569
		R		2019201	1383125	636076	701421	153345	548076
		U		642193	542683	99510	74428	38935	35493
		T	35-39	2531170	1863804	667366	638322	157277	481045
		R		1878956	1319304	559652	571633	124808	446825
		U		652214	544500	107714	66689	32469	34220
		T	40-49	3604407	2672588	931819	825277	184468	640809
		R		2645845	1858783	787062	744351	145644	598707
		U		958562	813805	144757	80926	3824	42102
		T	50-59	2075187	1551212	523975	502326	108452	393874
		R		1567780	1119849	447931	461269	89934	371335
		U		507407	431363	76044	41057	18518	22539
		T	60-69	117477	855660	261817	339942	106490	233452
		R		931152	703572	227580	312379	92998	219381
		U		186325	152088	34237	27563	13492	14071
		T	70-79	318275	263948	54327	92797	42729	50068
		R		265928	218857	47071	85091	38047	47044
		U		52347	45091	7256	7706	4682	3024
		T	80+	70781	59012	11769	19588	9955	9633
		R		58090	48042	10048	17904	8886	9018
		U		12691	10970	1721	1684	1069	615
17.	Maharashtra	T	All Ages	34748053	24416295	10331758	6425298	2435800	3989498

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		21853804	13528493	8325311	5407627	1820143	3587484
		U		12894249	10887802	2006447	1017671	615657	402014
		T	5-9	44868	26601	18267	44741	21352	23389
		R		32039	17841	14198	41252	19423	21829
		U		12829	8760	4069	3489	1929	1560
		T	10-14	347318	199882	147436	327148	150811	176337
		R		269200	141321	127879	305774	137462	168312
		U		78118	58561	19557	21374	13349	8025
		T	15-19	2048503	1402986	645517	838724	415777	422947
		R		1423691	866839	556852	727231	334233	392998
		U		624812	536147	88665	111493	81544	29949
		T	20-24	4093124	2922154	1170970	944029	442071	501958
		R		2517164	1561566	955598	764397	311289	453108
		U		1575960	1360588	215372	179632	130782	48850
		T	25-29	4906345	3492389	1413956	822740	311932	510808
		R		2866581	1751813	1114768	661367	207561	453806
		U		2039764	1740576	299188	161373	104371	57002
		T	30-34	4930570	3454939	1475631	694491	223538	470953
		R		2923783	1758170	1165613	560818	148933	411885
		U		2006787	1696769	310018	133673	74605	59068
		T	35-39	4760147	3275672	1484475	645457	189641	455816
		R		2887783	1726182	1161601	523424	129299	394125
		U		1872364	1549490	322874	122033	60342	61691
		T	40-49	7039087	5002480	2036607	874460	261139	613321
		R		4260678	2671711	1588967	723763	183784	539979
		U		2778409	2330769	447640	150697	77355	73342
		T	50-59	3798581	2705925	1092656	550831	158228	392603
		R		2430231	1540418	889813	478698	120306	358392
		U		1368350	1165507	202843	72133	37922	34211
		T	60-69	2113401	1410138	703263	510485	170876	339609
		R		1714550	1086293	628257	464798	147526	317272
		U		398851	323845	75006	45687	23350	22337
		T	70-79	526407	419470	106937	139622	74122	65500
		R		424427	332869	91558	126892	66095	60797
		U		101980	86601	15379	12730	8027	4703
		T	80+	104048	79479	24569	25689	13496	12193
		R		77716	57304	20412	22995	11826	11169

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		26332	22175	4157	2694	1670	1024
18.	Manipur	T	All Ages	659364	430227	229137	285849	96989	188860
		R		494747	320432	174315	228340	77942	150398
		U		164617	109795	54822	57509	19047	38462
		T	5-9	3052	1665	1387	3951	1813	2138
		R		2593	1395	1198	3504	1625	1879
		U		459	270	189	447	188	259
		T	10-14	7342	3942	3400	14491	6829	7662
		R		6515	3468	3047	12903	6125	6778
		U		827	474	353	1588	704	884
		T	15-19	25413	14016	11397	32496	13960	18536
		R		22116	11942	10174	27865	12090	15775
		U		3297	2074	1223	4631	1870	2761
		T	20-24	59874	36788	23086	44192	16430	27762
		R		48908	29721	19187	35962	13485	22477
		U		10966	7067	3899	8230	2945	5285
		T	25-29	85603	54789	30814	43186	14254	28932
		R		66145	41803	24342	33965	11155	22810
		U		19458	12986	6472	9221	3099	6122
		T	30-34	89908	59730	30178	33413	10307	23106
		R		67165	44443	22722	25864	7842	18022
		U		22743	15287	7456	7549	2465	5084
		T	35-39	92851	61147	31704	29309	7950	21359
		R		68493	44991	23502	22720	6083	16637
		U		24358	16156	8202	6589	1867	4722
		T	40-49	145729	95336	50393	39471	10101	29370
		R		104942	68438	36504	30730	7817	22913
		U		40787	26898	13889	8741	2284	6457
		T	50-59	88157	60056	28101	23338	6279	17059
		R		62565	42522	20043	18152	4864	13288
		U		25592	17534	8058	5186	1415	3771
T	60-69	41795	28671	13124	14577	5404	9173		
R		30929	21292	9637	11151	4111	7040		
U		10866	7379	3487	3426	1293	2133		
T	70-79	14498	10415	4083	5541	2774	2767		
R		10572	7712	2860	4175	2081	2094		
U		3926	2703	1223	1366	693	673		

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	80+	3798	2745	1053	1341	694	647
		R		2836	2069	767	1024	541	483
		U		962	676	286	317	153	164
19.	Meghalaya	T	All Ages	757011	485694	271317	213135	82797	130338
		R		626538	393364	233174	195993	74731	121262
		U		130473	92330	38143	17142	8066	9076
		T	5-9	4695	2569	2126	5465	2670	2795
		R		4335	2356	1979	5142	2527	2615
		U		360	213	147	323	143	180
		T	10-14	20788	12134	8654	22992	11333	11659
		R		19531	11537	7994	21814	10763	11051
		U		1257	597	660	1178	570	608
		T	15-19	61702	37349	24353	34947	17027	17920
		R		56194	34124	22070	32545	15778	16767
		U		5508	3225	2283	2402	1249	1153
		T	20-24	82965	50206	32759	30611	12491	18120
		R		71708	42201	29507	27881	11070	16811
		U		11257	8005	3252	2730	1421	1309
		T	25-29	106155	65818	40337	29543	10251	19292
		R		87046	52123	34923	26756	8883	17873
		U		19109	13695	5414	2787	1368	1419
		T	30-34	98890	64169	34721	20833	6702	14131
		R		78834	49850	28984	18912	5871	13041
		U		20056	14319	5737	1921	831	1090
		T	35-39	107307	70403	36904	20568	6241	14327
		R		85990	55081	30909	18703	5463	13240
		U		21317	15322	5995	1865	778	1087
		T	40-49	143751	94283	49468	24002	7494	16508
		R		114189	73301	40888	21946	6673	15273
		U		29562	20982	8580	2056	821	1235
		T	50-59	76409	51027	25382	12715	3963	8752
		R		61027	39800	21227	11686	3539	8147
		U		15382	11227	4155	1029	424	605
T	60-69	37781	25895	11886	7650	2821	4829		
R		33001	22490	10511	7080	2529	4551		
U		4780	3405	1375	570	292	278		
T	70-79	12073	8603	3470	2780	1314	1466		

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		10668	7611	3057	2572	1194	1378
		U		1405	992	413	208	120	88
		T	80+	3610	2602	1008	813	393	420
		R		3214	2322	892	751	352	399
		U		396	280	116	62	41	21
20.	Mizoram	T	All Ages	362450	225428	137022	104709	37580	67129
		R		201599	120662	80937	54445	18193	36252
		U		160851	104766	56085	50264	19387	30877
		T	5-9	656	344	312	3335	1648	1687
		R		514	257	257	2284	1124	1160
		U		142	87	55	1051	524	527
		T	10-14	4520	2358	2162	17754	8512	9242
		R		3567	1828	1739	12636	6004	6632
		U		953	530	423	5118	2508	2610
		T	15-19	30022	17270	12752	20957	9663	11294
		R		21126	11697	9429	11173	4821	6352
		U		8896	5573	3323	9784	4842	4942
		T	20-24	49692	31101	18591	17206	6435	10771
		R		29780	17633	12147	7325	2078	5247
		U		19912	13468	6444	9881	4357	5524
		T	25-29	52772	34118	18654	12175	3467	8708
		R		28373	17645	10728	5307	1013	4294
		U		24399	16473	7926	6868	2454	4414
		T	30-34	45574	28972	16602	7234	1578	5656
		R		22755	13877	8878	3125	402	2723
		U		22819	15095	7724	4109	1176	2933
		T	35-39	47263	29420	17843	6050	1128	4922
		R		23895	14334	9561	2515	315	2200
		U		23368	15086	8282	3535	813	2722
		T	40-49	69322	41682	27640	7385	1283	6102
		R		36488	21224	15264	3336	411	2925
		U		32834	20458	12376	4049	872	3177
		T	50-59	40735	25456	15279	5078	976	4102
		R		22248	13594	8654	2508	396	2112
		U		18487	11862	6625	2570	580	1990
T	60-69	16531	10882	5649	4587	1475	3112		
R		9700	6333	3367	2524	785	1739		

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		6831	4549	2282	2063	690	1373
		T	70-79	4443	3181	1262	2463	1156	1307
		R		2591	1848	743	1407	683	724
		U		1852	1333	519	1056	473	583
		T	80+	659	468	191	420	231	189
		R		407	290	117	264	143	121
		U		252	178	74	156	88	68
21.	Nagaland	T	All Ages	703977	424811	279166	143819	64157	79662
		R		608335	348972	259363	133104	57887	75217
		U		95642	75839	19803	10715	6270	4445
		T	5-9	4716	2432	2284	5578	2764	2814
		R		4203	2171	2032	5341	2636	2705
		U		513	261	252	237	128	109
		T	10-14	16811	8621	8190	18769	9397	9372
		R		15401	7817	7584	17782	8911	8871
		U		1410	804	606	987	486	501
		T	15-19	47518	25728	21790	28396	14446	13950
		R		43963	23105	20858	26814	13532	13282
		U		3555	2623	932	1582	914	668
		T	20-24	78692	44250	34442	24566	12108	12458
		R		70908	38360	32548	22929	11089	11840
		U		7784	5890	1894	1637	1019	618
		T	25-29	92804	53992	38812	17655	7657	9998
		R		78412	43178	35234	16117	6747	9370
		U		14392	10814	3578	1538	910	628
		T	30-34	85630	53030	32600	11312	4359	6953
		R		70062	40643	29419	10095	3646	6449
		U		15568	12387	3181	1217	713	504
		T	35-39	92163	56869	35294	10094	3322	6772
		R		75789	43688	32101	8924	2625	6299
		U		16374	13181	3193	1170	697	473
		T	40-49	146305	90385	55920	13409	4269	9140
		R		124643	72841	51802	12008	3466	8542
		U		21662	17544	4118	1401	803	598
		T	50-59	81060	52401	28659	7071	2534	4537
R		70684	43504	27180	6521	2198	4323		
U		10376	8897	1479	550	336	214		

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	60-69	37566	23640	13926	4179	1894	2285
		R		34937	21352	13585	3909	1713	2196
		U		2629	2288	341	270	181	89
		T	70-79	13412	8617	4795	1800	888	912
		R		12612	7938	4674	1720	834	886
		U		800	679	121	80	54	26
		T	80+	6028	4010	2018	760	400	360
		R		5635	3692	1943	733	384	349
		U		393	318	75	27	16	11
22.	Orissa	T	All Ages	9589269	8004740	1584529	4687219	1797266	2889953
		R		8071999	6677417	1394582	4514970	1696278	2818692
		U		1517270	1327323	189947	172249	100988	71261
		T	5-9	15154	9539	5615	32431	14640	17791
		R		13153	8233	4920	31189	13993	17196
		U		2001	1306	695	1242	647	595
		T	10-14	94606	59862	34744	235403	99229	136174
		R		82920	51813	31107	229090	95900	133190
		U		11686	8049	3637	6313	3329	2984
		T	15-19	452782	342009	110773	597776	284346	313430
		R		396772	295396	101376	578406	272065	306341
		U		56010	46613	9397	19370	12281	7089
		T	20-24	863503	702617	160886	659190	300853	358337
		R		736885	591944	144941	633089	282973	350116
		U		126618	110673	15945	26101	17880	8221
		T	25-29	1252054	1032046	220008	657524	247079	410445
		R		1050989	856103	194886	630950	230202	400748
		U		201065	175943	25122	26574	16877	9697
		T	30-34	1349510	1116043	233467	562868	180915	381953
		R		1118897	914600	204297	541119	168721	372398
		U		230613	201443	29170	21749	12194	9555
		T	35-39	1406701	1171916	234785	514529	159935	354594
		R		1166484	963905	202579	494514	149711	344803
		U		240217	208011	32206	20015	10224	9791
		T	40-49	2093342	1775351	317991	682947	209342	473605
		R		1724014	1449197	274817	658040	196506	461534
		U		369328	326154	43174	24907	12836	12071
T	50-59	1186101	1024876	161225	397814	129651	268163		

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		992297	850878	141419	384456	122794	261662
		U		193804	173998	19806	13358	6857	6501
		T	60-69	623058	544397	78661	250805	113832	136973
		R		563645	492571	71074	242068	108655	133413
		U		59413	51826	7587	8737	5177	3560
		T	70-79	193370	174252	19118	73523	44901	28622
		R		175367	158378	16989	70681	42922	27759
		U		18003	15874	2129	2842	1979	863
		T	80+	46784	41719	5065	16838	10004	6834
		R		40478	36157	4321	16078	9493	6585
		U		6306	5562	744	760	511	249
23.	Punjab	T	All Ages	7835732	6426028	1409704	1291742	534185	757557
		R		5248225	4161003	1087222	1112126	428046	684080
		U		2587507	2265025	322482	179616	106139	73477
		T	5-9	18478	12057	6421	10442	5694	4748
		R		12698	8230	4468	8406	4495	3911
		U		5780	3827	1953	2036	1199	837
		T	10-14	92160	68577	23583	56188	30003	26185
		R		66463	48105	18358	48928	25287	23641
		U		25697	20472	5225	7260	4716	2544
		T	15-19	511515	426201	85314	173497	93164	80333
		R		369436	298544	70892	150638	77035	73603
		U		142079	127657	14422	22859	16129	6730
		T	20-24	1003439	845780	157659	202294	97643	104651
		R		687867	561304	126563	171999	77263	94736
		U		315572	284476	31096	30295	20380	9915
		T	25-29	1042703	865390	177313	161954	64775	97179
		R		680811	542957	137854	137994	50245	87749
		U		361892	322433	39459	23960	14530	9430
		T	30-34	1001903	806266	195637	148816	48824	99992
		R		658083	506771	151312	128313	38308	90005
		U		343820	299495	44325	20503	10516	9987
		T	35-39	1024609	820588	204021	140603	45340	95263
		R		667895	514133	153762	120284	35510	84774
		U		356714	306455	50259	20319	9830	10489
		T	40-49	1589886	1283574	306312	194743	63556	131187
		R		1016561	790203	226358	167486	49689	117797

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		573325	493371	79954	27257	13867	13390
		T	50-59	861217	709917	151300	98477	35014	63463
		R		569918	457317	112601	86347	28222	58125
		U		291299	252600	38699	12130	6792	5338
		T	60-69	460813	385545	75268	71900	31075	40825
		R		347909	284392	63517	63505	26054	37451
		U		112904	101153	11751	8395	5021	3374
		T	70-79	167986	149611	18375	23566	14093	9473
		R		127447	112307	15140	20443	11911	8532
		U		40539	37304	3235	3123	2182	941
		T	80+	43738	38550	5188	6372	3677	2695
		R		33066	28930	4136	5530	3093	2437
		U		10672	9620	1052	842	584	258
24.	Rajasthan	T	All Ages	17436888	12841318	4595570	6329767	1854484	4475283
		R		13962042	9771540	4190502	5894381	1607996	4286385
		U		3474846	3069778	405068	435386	246488	188898
		T	5-9	52808	28484	24324	150713	69514	81199
		R		45563	23423	22140	147209	67603	79606
		U		7245	5061	2184	3504	1911	1593
		T	10-14	337212	167484	169728	721837	294744	427093
		R		307552	145324	162228	702449	284476	417973
		U		29660	22160	7500	19388	10268	9120
		T	15-19	1405578	961330	444248	1013516	410515	603001
		R		1219841	798717	421124	953617	371478	582139
		U		185737	162613	23124	59899	39037	20862
		T	20-24	2295798	1680179	615619	887030	279299	607731
		R		1870530	1294164	576366	813890	230697	583193
		U		425268	386015	39253	73140	48602	24538
		T	25-29	2452534	1818511	634023	740807	180651	560156
		R		1942371	1361506	580865	677327	142880	534447
		U		510163	457005	53158	63480	37771	25709
		T	30-34	2376255	1739027	637228	645340	126915	518425
		R		1867985	1291864	576121	591124	98953	492171
		U		508270	447163	61107	54216	27962	26254
		T	35-39	2226574	1651117	575457	543929	102954	440975
		R		1728774	1217406	511368	496214	79869	41635
		U		497800	433711	64089	47715	23085	24630

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	40-49	3282621	2460695	821926	756880	139158	617722
		R		2526908	1797088	729820	696924	110489	586435
		U		755713	663607	92106	59956	28669	31287
		T	50-59	1810092	1387738	422354	461604	101163	360441
		R		1436575	1056188	380387	432375	86392	345983
		U		373517	331550	41967	29229	14771	14458
		T	60-69	847953	667933	180020	284051	95494	188557
		R		727023	560920	166103	267683	86328	181355
		U		120930	107013	13917	16368	9166	7202
		T	70-79	220708	185118	35590	75729	36907	38822
		R		184058	151840	32218	70817	33726	37091
		U		36650	33278	3372	4912	3181	1731
		T	80+	40653	33642	7011	14167	7362	6805
		R		32381	26282	6099	12988	6561	6427
		U		8272	7360	912	1179	801	378
25.	Sikkim	T	All Ages	212904	146541	66363	50139	19175	30964
		R		190656	129679	60977	48346	17881	30465
		U		22248	16862	5386	1793	1294	499
		T	5-9	973	526	447	1644	771	873
		R		842	451	391	1621	758	863
		U		131	75	56	23	13	10
		T	10-14	5470	2797	2673	8370	4154	4216
		R		4880	2539	2341	8273	4102	4171
		U		590	258	332	97	52	45
		T	15-19	17481	10838	6643	10119	4721	5398
		R		16020	9851	6169	9821	4503	5318
		U		1461	987	474	298	218	80
		T	20-24	28946	19536	9410	7255	2848	4407
		R		26457	17554	8903	6937	2603	4334
		U		2489	1982	507	318	245	73
		T	25-29	31083	21014	10069	5169	1586	3583
		R		27520	18401	9119	4918	1409	3509
		U		3563	2613	950	251	177	74
		T	30-34	28663	19854	8809	3561	926	2635
		R		25337	17361	7976	3350	770	2580
U		3326	2493	833	211	156	55		
T	35-39	27415	19136	8279	3217	754	2463		

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		24069	16609	7460	3045	625	2420
		U		3346	2527	819	172	129	43
		T	40-49	38591	27309	11282	4416	1033	3383
		R		33946	23648	10298	4191	877	3314
		U		4645	3661	984	225	156	69
		T	50-59	20605	15126	5479	3095	863	2232
		R		18723	13557	5166	2974	769	2205
		U		1882	1569	313	121	94	27
		T	60-69	9868	7370	2498	2074	810	1264
		R		9288	6882	2406	2017	771	1246
		U		580	488	92	57	39	18
		T	70-79	2928	2368	560	831	460	371
		R		2772	2226	546	816	450	366
		U		156	142	14	15	10	5
		T	80+	493	398	95	211	163	48
		R		442	350	92	206	158	48
		U		51	48	3	5	5	0
		26.	Tamil Nadu	T	All Ages	23757783	16303310	7454473	4120499
R				14290543	9039189	5251354	3269225	1321537	1947688
U				9467240	7264121	2203119	851274	475550	375724
T	5-9			51137	29727	21410	22063	10815	11248
R				32040	18016	14024	16212	7758	8454
U				19097	11711	7386	5851	3057	2794
T	10-14			253202	142154	111048	92399	42337	50062
R				168649	90094	78555	75411	33255	42156
U				84553	52060	32493	16988	9082	7906
T	15-19			1527808	944840	582968	412678	196918	215760
R				1025859	605395	420464	337061	153253	183808
U				501949	339445	162504	75617	43665	31952
T	20-24			2520871	1715705	805166	534059	255432	278627
R				1554784	991562	563222	419627	185834	233793
U				966087	724143	241944	114432	69598	44834
T	25-29			3155510	2158793	996717	561509	239417	322092
R				1852645	1151438	701207	439708	168998	270710
U				1302865	1007355	295510	121801	70419	51382
T	30-34			2958388	2045269	913119	447291	183898	263393
R				1666468	1042180	624288	347800	128772	219028

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		1291920	1003089	288831	99491	55126	44365
		T	35-39	3199768	2141568	1058200	495730	189083	306647
		R		1868760	1129463	739297	391429	135870	255559
		U		1331008	1012105	318903	104301	53213	51088
		T	40-49	4913148	3426213	1486935	700057	284916	415141
		R		2864656	1821949	1042707	557169	209328	347841
		U		2048492	1604264	444228	142888	75588	67300
		T	50-59	3040486	2140922	899564	455632	191593	264039
		R		1843247	1198321	644926	367188	143971	223217
		U		1197239	942601	254638	88444	47622	40822
		T	60-69	1434192	1026247	407945	269323	129513	139810
		R		976593	669346	307247	217999	100113	117886
		U		457599	356901	100698	51324	29400	21924
		T	70-79	445732	344305	101427	85208	49620	35588
		R		304579	230367	74212	67886	38546	29340
		U		141153	113938	27215	17322	11074	6248
		T	80+	115903	87677	28226	22091	12698	9393
		R		74180	54870	19310	17066	9558	7508
		U		41723	32807	8916	5025	3140	1885
27.	Tripura	T	All Ages	912292	742054	170238	247269	89292	157977
		R		747822	606103	141719	234625	81379	153246
		U		164470	135951	28519	12644	7913	4731
		T	5-9	1542	867	675	1485	693	792
		R		1333	751	582	1435	674	761
		U		209	116	93	50	19	31
		T	10-14	7601	4459	3142	11128	5362	5766
		R		6258	3939	2319	10771	5237	5534
		U		1343	520	823	357	125	232
		T	15-19	39252	29164	10088	32841	16621	16220
		R		34995	26084	8911	31709	15877	15832
		U		4257	3080	1177	1132	744	388
		T	20-24	80375	64380	15995	38753	16846	21907
		R		70361	55697	14664	36899	15544	21355
		U		10014	8683	1331	1854	1302	552
		T	25-29	121987	99064	22923	38570	14012	24558
		R		103189	82121	20068	36277	12479	23798
		U		18798	15943	2855	2293	1533	760

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	30-34	131921	107693	24228	29717	8766	20951
		R		107299	87092	20207	27854	7587	20267
		U		24622	20601	4021	1863	1179	684
		T	35-39	145842	117789	28053	27566	6998	20568
		R		117652	94895	22757	25970	6083	19887
		U		28190	22894	5296	1596	915	681
		T	40-49	200730	163554	37176	32372	7555	24817
		R		156718	127380	29338	30588	6558	24030
		U		44012	36174	7838	1784	997	787
		T	50-59	106571	89559	17012	16943	4517	12426
		R		82733	69627	13106	16150	4050	12100
		U		23838	19932	3906	793	467	326
		T	60-69	49095	41799	7296	10944	4258	6686
		R		42978	36451	6527	10390	3877	6513
		U		6117	5348	769	554	381	173
		T	70-79	19636	17140	2496	4965	2599	2366
		R		17512	15282	2230	4693	2412	2281
		U		2124	1858	266	272	187	85
T	80+	6291	5363	928	1705	940	765		
R		5597	4773	824	1626	887	739		
U		694	590	104	79	53	26		
28.	Uttar Pradesh	T	All Ages	39337649	34338260	4999389	14646175	6643298	8002877
		R		31242754	26975069	4267685	13433198	5795616	7637582
		U		8094895	7363191	731704	1212977	847682	365295
		T	5-9	185440	125554	59886	206897	106240	100657
		R		154540	104334	50206	192012	97821	94191
		U		30900	21220	9680	14885	8419	6466
		T	10-14	616284	479557	136727	919376	484201	435175
		R		504544	390882	113662	858059	445635	412424
		U		111740	88675	23065	61317	38566	22751
		T	15-19	2459320	2175450	283870	1819405	1069607	749798
		R		1990543	1753463	237080	1661923	953317	708606
		U		468777	421987	46790	157482	116290	41192
		T	20-24	4224051	3745598	478453	2043191	1047512	995679
		R		3351661	2938638	413023	1859908	905749	954159
		U		872390	806960	65430	183283	141763	41520
T	25-29	4867123	4290914	576209	1914651	876364	1038287		

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		3853467	3356482	496985	1755380	758458	996922
		U		1013656	934432	79224	159271	117906	41365
		T	30-34	4923852	4267380	656472	1748689	697896	1050793
		R		3869886	3303664	566222	1605974	600676	1005298
		U		1053966	963716	90250	142715	97220	45495
		T	35-39	4895076	4245858	649218	1511899	600711	911188
		R		3787095	3240425	546670	1377585	511285	866300
		U		1107981	1005433	102548	134314	89426	44888
		T	40-49	7768436	6717559	1050877	2115930	779039	1336891
		R		5937899	5056219	881680	1931931	658508	1273423
		U		1830537	1661340	169197	183999	120531	63468
		T	50-59	4912986	4290439	622547	1225388	440282	785106
		R		3909508	3376855	532653	1133136	380259	752877
		U		1003478	913584	89894	92252	60023	32229
		T	60-69	2971311	2632277	339034	777076	339667	437409
		R		2572102	2269807	302295	722714	303102	419612
		U		399209	362470	36739	54362	36565	17797
		T	70-79	1060688	967568	93120	237990	132912	105078
		R		930097	847866	82231	220319	120018	100301
		U		130591	119702	10889	17671	12894	4777
		T	80+	306334	279427	26907	68081	40014	28067
		R		266963	243586	23377	62527	35908	26619
		U		39371	35841	3530	5554	4106	1448
29.	Uttaranchal	T	All Ages	2322347	1639242	683105	811689	356935	454754
		R		1745562	1123925	621637	753280	312786	440494
		U		576785	515317	61468	58409	44149	14260
		T	5-9	3988	2475	1513	6928	3117	3811
		R		3014	1787	1227	6608	2926	3682
		U		974	688	286	320	191	129
		T	10-14	19304	11947	7357	39963	17633	22330
		R		15209	8573	6636	38382	16516	21866
		U		4095	3374	721	1581	1117	464
		T	15-19	123040	79899	43141	105562	50203	55359
		R		98095	56631	41464	98912	44667	54245
		U		24945	23268	1677	6650	5536	1114
		T	20-24	256031	166900	89131	117612	56177	61435
		R		197630	113159	84471	107569	47815	59754

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		58401	53741	4660	10043	8362	1681
		T	25-29	304969	211907	93062	99930	45616	54314
		R		228544	143219	85325	90855	38429	52426
		U		76425	68688	7737	9075	7187	1888
		T	30-34	302591	217626	84965	81585	34824	46761
		R		220631	144636	75995	74382	29494	44888
		U		81960	72990	8970	7203	5330	1873
		T	35-39	306702	219917	86785	77502	31027	46475
		R		220537	143779	76758	70592	26219	44373
		U		86165	76138	10027	6910	4808	2102
		T	40-49	490804	352228	138576	116348	44677	71671
		R		354236	231809	122427	107541	38592	68949
		U		136568	120419	16149	8807	6085	2722
		T	50-59	307364	221640	85724	83716	32316	51400
		R		231946	154275	77671	79385	29273	50112
		U		75418	67365	8053	4331	3043	1288
		T	60-69	145780	104913	40867	58491	27292	31199
		R		124621	85951	38670	56141	25644	30497
		U		21159	18962	2197	2350	1648	702
		T	70-79	46247	37320	8927	18587	10966	7621
		R		39330	30993	8337	17773	10367	7406
		U		6917	6327	590	814	599	215
		T	80+	10602	8919	1683	3450	2242	1208
		R		8522	7026	1496	3246	2094	1152
		U		2080	1893	187	204	148	56
30.	West Bengal	T	All Ages	23023583	19494971	3528612	6458107	2893073	3565034
		R		16106580	13551865	2554715	5783062	2468016	3315046
		U		6917003	5943106	973897	675045	425057	249988
		T	5-9	39109	24376	14733	55656	26983	28673
		R		25762	15755	10007	50618	24357	26261
		U		13347	8621	4726	5038	2626	2412
		T	10-14	345846	227402	118444	416476	218666	197810
		R		266463	179823	86640	387661	202824	184837
		U		79383	47579	31804	28815	15842	12973.
		T	15-19	1407195	1131852	275343	899221	527907	371314
		R		1121390	910571	210819	819594	474380	345214
		U		285805	221281	64524	79627	53527	26100

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	20-24	2363888	1984543	379345	1004227	511378	492849
		R		1785618	1491431	294187	892058	432942	459116
		U		578270	493112	85158	112169	78436	33733
		T	25-29	3123569	2619999	503570	976582	417054	559528
		R		2267804	1885694	382110	864854	342557	522297
		U		855765	734305	121460	111728	74497	37231
		T	30-34	3243488	2732871	510617	785590	298478	487112
		R		2291566	1912057	379509	697615	244201	453414
		U		951922	820814	131108	87975	54277	33698
		T	35-39	3324351	2801568	522783	688447	241431	447016
		R		2302786	1927409	375377	610743	197656	413087
		U		1021565	874159	147406	77704	43775	33929
		T	40-49	4969283	4273092	696191	847207	298811	548396
		R		3272675	2792734	479941	755774	246616	509158
		U		1696608	1480358	216250	91433	52195	39238
		T	50-59	2691593	2360804	330789	440833	167887	272946
		R		1696380	1481112	215268	398139	142704	255435
		U		995213	879692	115521	42694	25183	17511
		T	60-69	1044029	921135	122894	237053	120053	117000
		R		745173	659801	85372	212578	104325	108253
		U		298856	261334	37522	24475	15728	8747
		T	70-79	308789	277513	31276	73060	47067	25993
		R		223296	202619	20677	64455	41104	23351
		U		85493	74894	10599	8605	5963	2642
		T	80+	133688	116112	17576	27581	14350	13231
		R		89398	77906	11492	23690	11898	11792
		U		44290	38206	6084	3891	2452	1439
	Union Territories								
31.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	All Ages	113607	97349	16258	22647	11813	10834
		R		73454	63186	10268	20598	10164	10434
		U		40153	34163	5990	2049	1649	400
		T	5-9	124	92	32	172	88	84
		R		69	52	17	161	84	77
		U		55	40	15	11	4	7
		T	10-14	477	346	131	1187	656	531
		R		337	232	105	1159	643	516
		U		140	114	26	28	13	15

Factsheet on Women in India 2005

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	15-19	4340	3819	521	3422	2205	1217
		R		2963	2577	386	3182	1998	1184
		U		1377	1242	135	240	207	33
		T	20-24	12706	11228	1478	4584	2925	1659
		R		7840	6892	948	4052	2475	1577
		U		4866	4336	530	532	450	82
		T	25-29	17669	15145	2524	3713	2024	1689
		R		10981	9395	1586	3259	1648	1611
		U		6688	5750	938	454	376	78
		T	30-34	17002	14205	2797	2285	1004	1281
		R		10553	8825	1728	2046	825	1221
		U		6449	5380	1069	239	179	60
		T	35-39	17284	14094	3190	2082	763	1319
		R		11049	9098	1951	1886	617	1269
		U		6235	4996	1239	196	146	50
		T	40-49	25071	21310	3761	2704	1015	1689
		R		16285	13993	2292	2462	819	1643
		U		8786	7317	1469	242	196	46
		T	50-59	12879	12565	1314	1263	446	817
		R		9218	8382	836	1208	404	804
		U		4661	4183	478	55	42	13
		T	60-69	3484	3126	358	832	430	402
		R		2869	2568	301	804	410	394
		U		615	558	57	28	20	8
		T	70-79	1059	964	95	296	187	109
		R		920	846	74	288	181	107
		U		139	118	21	8	6	2
T	80+	269	239	30	51	34	17		
R		231	206	25	48	33	15		
U		38	33	5	3	1	2		
32.	Chandigarh	T	All Ages	328989	277050	51939	11433	7369	4064
		R		38168	34934	3234	2035	1359	676
		U		290821	242116	48705	9398	6010	3388
		T	5-9	465	273	192	244	137	107
		R		46	26	20	58	35	23
		U		419	247	172	186	102	84
		T	10-14	2592	1946	646	478	320	158

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		363	292	71	82	53	29
		U		2229	1654	575	396	267	129
		T	15-19	18202	16443	1759	1632	1265	367
		R		3691	3501	190	290	229	61
		U		14511	12942	1569	1342	1036	306
		T	20-24	43494	38360	5134	2527	1878	649
		R		7570	7154	416	428	342	86
		U		35924	31206	4718	2099	1536	563
		T	25-29	55016	47234	7782	1907	1258	649
		R		7875	7331	544	326	227	99
		U		47141	39903	7238	1581	1031	550
		T	30-34	48259	40415	7844	1239	665	574
		R		6047	5506	541	240	126	114
		U		42212	34909	7303	999	539	460
		T	35-39	46173	37416	8757	1108	542	566
		R		4706	4157	549	202	112	90
		U		41467	33259	8208	906	430	476
		T	40-49	69337	56177	13160	1179	591	588
		R		5025	4440	585	211	113	98
		U		64312	51737	12575	968	478	490
		T	50-59	35896	30450	5446	542	296	246
		R		1953	1728	225	98	51	47
		U		33943	28722	5221	444	245	199
		T	60-69	6622	5743	879	375	257	118
		R		574	502	72	58	36	22
		U		6048	5241	807	317	221	96
		T	70-79	2183	1944	239	143	111	32
		R		244	228	16	26	20	6
		U		1939	1716	223	117	91	26
		T	80+	543	484	59	49	41	8
		R		66	63	3	16	15	1
		U		477	421	56	33	26	7
33.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	All Ages	96184	71156	25028	17938	4679	13259
		R		75016	52037	22979	16526	4218	12308
		U		21168	19119	2049	1412	461	951
		T	5-9	158	82	76	408	174	234
		R		144	71	73	405	173	232

Factsheet on Women in India 2005

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		14	11	3	3	1	2
		T	10-14	1822	821	1001	1886	638	1248
		R		1718	748	970	1856	623	1233
		U		104	73	31	30	15	15
		T	15-19	9113	6086	3027	2693	929	1764
		R		7505	4682	2823	2535	856	1679
		U		1608	1404	204	158	73	85
		T	20-24	18509	14895	3614	2763	687	2076
		R		14177	10843	3334	2513	595	1918
		U		4332	4052	280	250	92	158
		T	25-29	18339	14778	3561	2223	497	1726
		R		13423	10214	3209	1991	431	1560
		U		4916	4564	352	232	66	166
		T	30-34	13329	9980	3349	1805	362	1443
		R		9786	6792	2994	1628	312	1316
		U		3543	3188	355	177	50	127
		T	35-39	11145	8005	3140	1651	332	1319
		R		8598	5758	2840	1486	292	1194
		U		2547	2247	300	165	40	125
		T	40-49	13828	9614	4214	2260	462	1798
		R		11169	7283	3886	2060	415	1645
		U		2659	2331	328	200	47	153
		T	50-59	6754	4680	2074	1374	323	1051
		R		5701	3771	1930	1239	279	960
		U		1053	909	144	135	44	91
		T	60-69	2605	1781	824	716	219	497
		R		2296	1513	783	671	195	476
		U		309	268	41	45	24	21
		T	70-79	445	330	115	127	45	82
		R		387	280	107	112	37	75
		U		58	50	8	15	8	7
		T	80+	108	79	29	27	9	18
		R		90	64	26	26	8	18
		U		18	15	3	1	1	0
34.	Daman & Diu	T	All Ages	67522	58874	8648	5269	1695	3574
		R		48455	43747	4708	4025	1271	2754
		U		19067	15127	3940	1244	424	820

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		T	5-9	39	28	11	28	14	14
		R		20	15	5	20	8	12
		U		19	13	6	8	6	2
		T	10-14	518	352	166	144	62	82
		R		412	294	118	114	45	69
		U		106	58	48	30	17	13
		T	15-19	7240	6376	864	733	348	385
		R		6168	5552	616	598	281	317
		U		1072	824	248	135	67	68
		T	20-24	16289	15285	1004	964	471	493
		R		13616	13019	597	760	365	395
		U		2673	2266	407	204	106	98
		T	25-29	13242	12073	1169	798	255	543
		R		9844	9204	640	624	197	427
		U		3398	2869	529	174	58	116
		T	30-34	9169	7941	1228	600	131	469
		R		6088	5403	685	434	86	348
		U		3081	2538	543	166	45	121
		T	35-39	7006	5776	1230	517	87	430
		R		4491	3815	676	375	60	315
		U		2515	1961	554	142	27	115
		T	40-49	8077	6476	1601	732	143	589
		R		4688	3914	774	552	103	449
		U		3389	2562	827	180	40	140
		T	50-59	3989	3061	928	431	88	343
		R		2051	1638	413	313	62	251
		U		1938	1423	515	118	26	92
		T	60-69	1548	1179	369	233	61	172
		R		850	698	152	168	37	131
		U		696	481	217	65	24	41
		T	70-79	308	244	64	74	28	46
		R		164	138	26	57	23	34
		U		144	106	38	17	5	12
		T	80+	76	63	13	13	7	6
		R		46	40	6	8	4	4
		U		30	23	7	5	3	2
35.	Lakshadweep	T	All Ages	11710	10288	1422	3644	2916	728

Factsheet on Women in India 2005

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		R		5895	5212	683	2112	1772	340
		U		5815	5076	739	1532	1144	388
		T	5-9	3	2	1	3	2	1
		R		2	1	1	2	1	1
		U		1	1	0	1	1	0
		T	10-14	9	8	1	12	11	1
		R		4	3	1	7	7	0
		U		5	5	0	5	4	1
		T	15-19	154	145	9	229	189	40
		R		83	81	2	139	119	20
		U		71	64	7	90	70	20
		T	20-24	959	846	113	685	547	138
		R		486	437	49	401	330	71
		U		473	409	64	284	217	67
		T	25-29	1482	1269	213	745	616	129
		R		710	612	98	443	374	69
		U		772	657	115	302	242	60
		T	30-34	1740	1500	240	529	431	98
		R		871	756	115	325	279	46
		U		869	744	125	204	152	52
		T	35-39	1920	1636	284	344	254	90
		R		990	846	144	213	166	47
		U		930	790	140	131	88	43
		T	40-49	3173	2754	419	443	315	128
		R		1623	1408	215	247	201	46
		U		1550	1346	204	196	114	82
		T	50-59	1919	1793	126	334	261	73
		R		963	911	52	168	141	27
		U		956	882	74	166	120	46
		T	60-69	290	279	11	259	233	26
		R		138	134	4	134	125	9
		U		152	145	7	125	108	17
		T	70-79	46	42	4	50	48	2
		R		16	15	1	25	23	2
		U		30	27	3	25	25	0
		T	80+	9	9	0	7	7	0
		R		5	5	0	5	5	0
		U		4	4	0	2	2	0
36.	Pondicherry	T	All Ages	317367	245205	72162	25288	13465	11823
		R		113453	82135	31318	14313	6851	7462

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Age Group years	Main Workers			Marginal Workers		
				Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
		U		203914	163070	40844	10975	6614	4361
		T	5-9	183	118	65	63	29	34
		R		59	33	26	21	10	11
		U		124	85	39	42	19	23
		T	10-14	1360	883	477	298	163	135
		R		439	282	157	117	41	76
		U		921	601	320	181	122	59
		T	15-19	15678	10947	4731	2476	1491	985
		R		6617	4342	2275	1325	728	597
		U		9061	6605	2456	1151	763	388
		T	20-24	34599	26738	7861	3507	2237	1270
		R		13414	9923	3491	1763	1046	717
		U		21185	16815	4370	1744	1191	553
		T	25-29	47515	37290	10225	3766	2088	1678
		R		16881	12297	4584	1959	947	1012
		U		30634	24993	5641	1807	1141	666
		T	30-34	47753	37393	10360	3155	1583	1572
		R		16016	11757	4259	1733	747	986
		U		31737	25636	6101	1422	836	586
		T	35-39	48801	36966	11835	3169	1410	1759
		R		17008	11892	5116	1880	739	1141
		U		31793	25074	6719	1289	671	618
		T	40-49	68140	53295	14845	4161	2021	2140
		R		22693	16536	6157	2554	1135	1419
		U		45447	36759	8688	1607	886	721
		T	50-59	35767	28137	7630	2507	1209	1298
		R		12322	8994	3328	1585	717	868
		U		23445	19143	4302	922	492	430
		T	60-69	12993	9842	3151	1640	898	742
		R		5919	4381	1538	1044	534	510
		U		7074	5461	1613	596	364	232
		T	70-79	3558	2812	746	458	288	170
		R		1656	1352	304	283	181	102
		U		1902	1460	442	175	107	68
		T	80+	816	637	179	77	42	35
		R		386	315	71	43	22	21
		U		430	322	108	34	20	14

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2005). Child Labour, Women Labour and Labour : Census of India 2001 : Compact disc. New Delhi.

Employment of women in the organized sector in the States and Union Territories is given in Table 70.

Table 70: Employment of Women in the Organised Sector as on 31.3.2001

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Employment of Women (in thousands) 1991		Employment of Women (in thousands) as on 31.3.2001		
		#Public Sector	#Private Sector	*Public Sector	*Private Sector	*Total
	India	2346.8	1434.2	2859.2	2090.1	4949.3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	146.1	72.9	223.7	195.4	419.1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	N.A	N.A	N.A
3.	Assam	61.2	259.2	79.1	275.6	354.7
4.	Bihar	96.8	17.4	89.9	17.2	107.1
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	@	36.8	4.7	41.4
6.	Delhi	81.8	27.4	91.5	30.1	121.6
7.	Goa	13.3 ^a	6.3 ^a	14.9	7.4	22.3
8.	Gujarat	142.6	67.3	136.4	69.3	205.7
9.	Haryana	51.7	17.0	62.7	27.5	90.2
10.	Himachal Pradesh	28.7	3.3	42.2	4.9	47.1
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	22.2	1.7	20.7	1.9	22.6
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	@	@	@
13.	Karnataka	160.1	92.1	254.5	314.2	568.8
14.	Kerala	185.6	223.4	193.5	292.4	485.9
15.	Madhya Pradesh	145.6	26.1	129.2	21.3	150.4
16.	Maharashtra	303.5	171.7	357.7	207.0	564.7
17.	Manipur	8.6	0.3	18.0	1.0	19.0
18.	Meghalaya	10.7	1.9	15.0	4.4	19.3
19.	Mizoram	7.6	0.4	10.4	0.6	11.0
20.	Nagaland	8.7	0.6	11.2	1.4	12.5
21.	Orissa	54.1	13.1	88.3	10.4	98.7
22.	Punjab	84.2	23.0	99.5	34.4	133.9
23.	Rajasthan	99.3	40.7	131.7	40.9	172.6
24.	Sikkim	-	-	N.A	N.A	N.A

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Employment of Women (in thousands) 1991		Employment of Women (in thousands) as on 31.3.2001		
		#Public Sector	#Private Sector	*Public Sector	*Private Sector	*Total
25.	Tamil Nadu	323.5	179.4	402.0	327.5	729.6
26.	Tripura	14.0	4.6	21.0	5.8	26.9
27.	Uttar Pradesh	162.9	48.2	159.8	48.5	208.3
28.	Uttaranchal	@	@	28.8	4.3	33.1
29.	West Bengal	114.2	132.0	119.8	133.7	253.5
	Union Territories					
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.1	0.1	5.3	0.2	5.5
31.	Chandigarh	9.4	2.7	12.7	6.3	19.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	N.A	N.A	N.A
33.	Daman & Diu	-	-	0.4	1.5	2.0
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	N.A	N.A	N.A
35.	Pondicherry	7.4	1.4	2.3	0.6	2.8

Notes: @ The figures for these States were included in their parent States.

Sources: # India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women & Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 45

* India, Ministry of Labour, Directorate General of Employment and Training. (2003). Employment Review Jan-Mar. 2001. P. 23.

The number of women employed in various sectors and industries in the organized sectors is given in Table 71.

Table 71: Women's Employment in the Organised Sector by Major Industry Divisions, as on 31.3.2001

S. No.	Division & Industry	Women Employees (in Thousands) as on 31-03-2001		
		Public Sector	Private Sector	Total
1.	Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry & Fishing (0)	48.3	464.4	512.8
2.	Mining and Quarrying (1)	55.6	8.4	64.0
3.	Manufacturing (2 & 3)	93.0	937.0	1030.0
4.	Electricity, Gas & Water (4)	44.7	1.3	46.0
5.	Construction (5)	63.2	4.0	67.3
6.	Wholesale & Retail Trade & Restaurants and Hotels (6)	17.4	29.4	46.8
7.	Transport, Storage & Communications (7)	174.9	8.1	182.9
8.	Financing, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services (8)	184.8	60.2	245.0
9.	Community, Social & Personal Services (9)	2177.2	577.3	2754.5
	Total	2859.2	2090.1	4949.3

Notes : Figures in brackets are industrial codes of National Industrial Classification.

Sources : India, Ministry of Labour, Directorate General Employment and Training. (2003). Employment Review January – March 2001. New Delhi. P. 24.

Women's employment in the public and private organized sector is given in Table 72.

Table 72: Women's Employment in the Organised Sector as on 31.3.2001

S. No.	Sector	Employment (in Thousands) as on 31 st March		Percentage Change in 2001 over 2000
		2000	2001	
1.	Public	2857.0	2859.2	0.08
2.	Private	2065.8	2090.1	1.18
	Total	4922.8	4949.3	0.54

Sources : India, Ministry of Labour, Directorate General Employment and Training. (2003). Employment Review January – March 2001. New Delhi. P. 13.

The labour force in the organized and unorganized sectors in 1991 is given in Table 73

Table 73: India's Labour Force in Organised and Unorganised Sectors, 1991

S. No.	Sector	Male		Female		Total	
		Actual (in millions)	Percentage	Actual (in millions)	Percentage	Actual (in millions)	Percentage
1.	Organised	22.95	10.2	3.78	4.2	26.73	8.5
2.	Unorganised	201.41	89.8	85.99	95.8	287.40	91.5
	Total	224.36	100	89.77	100	314.13	100

Sources : India, Planning Commission. (1997). Ninth Five Year Plan, Volume II. New Delhi. P.318.

The percentage work participation rate of males and females by rural urban distribution in Census of India 1981 to 2001 is given in Table 74.

Table 74: Work Participation Rates by Sex and Residence, (Percentage), 1981 to 2001

S.No	Census	Residence R/T/U	Female	Male	Persons
1.	1981	Total	19.7	52.6	36.7
		Rural	23.1	53.8	38.8
		Urban	8.3	49.1	30.0
2.	1991	Total	22.3	51.6	37.5
		Rural	26.8	52.6	40.1
		Urban	9.2	48.9	30.2
3.	2001	Total	25.7	51.9	39.3
		Rural	31.0	52.4	42.0
		Urban	11.6	50.9	32.2

Sources: India, Planning Commission. (2003). Tenth Five Year Plan (2002-2007) Volume II. New Delhi. P. 233.

Persons registered in Employment Exchanges who are job seekers are given in Table 75.

Table 75: Job Seekers Registered with Employment Exchanges in India, States and Union Territories, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UT	No. on Live Register as at the end of the year (Figures in thousand)					
		2001			2002		
		Female	Male	Person	Female	Male	Person
	India	10884.8	31111.1	41995.9	10649.5	30521.6	41171.2
1.	Andhra Pradesh	724.4	2433.9	3158.2	703.3	2244.0	2947.3
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	7.5	14.6	22.1	7.5	15.3	22.8
3.	Assam	320.6	1166.0	1486.6	327.5	1219.8	1547.3
4.	Bihar	135.7	1646.3	1782.0	130.3	1682.5	1812.8
5.	Chhattisgarh	120.5	674.0	794.4	131.9	665.3	797.1
6.	Delhi	281.4	725.0	1006.3	296.5	763.5	1060.0
7.	Goa	33.3	69.9	103.2	33.6	70.0	103.6
8.	Gujarat	195.9	899.1	1095.0	191.3	861.5	1052.8
9.	Haryana	117.4	552.2	669.6	134.9	667.2	802.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	285.1	611.0	896.1	289.1	616.7	905.8
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	23.5	140.2	163.7	20.3	125.7	146.0
12.	Jharkhand	136.7	1346.2	1483.0	134.5	1184.4	1318.9
13.	Karnataka	486.8	1553.1	2039.9	469.3	1479.8	1949.1
14.	Kerala	2432.8	1974.4	4407.2	2122.2	1621.9	3744.1
15.	Madhya Pradesh	334.6	1480.0	1814.5	335.7	1534.7	1870.4
16.	Maharashtra	943.6	3479.5	4423.1	909.1	3437.8	4346.9
17.	Manipur	104.9	300.6	405.5	108.0	306.7	414.8
18.	Meghalaya	15.3	23.0	38.4	14.2	22.0	36.2
19.	Mizoram	24.6	60.0	84.6	12.3	29.1	41.4
20.	Nagaland	8.5	29.1	37.6	8.9	26.5	35.5
21.	Orissa	162.6	745.8	908.5	138.2	623.6	761.8
22.	Punjab	138.5	398.2	536.7	131.3	375.1	506.4
23.	Rajasthan	81.5	677.0	758.5	74.1	621.9	696.0
24.	Sikkim ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	1777.0	3148.5	4925.5	1825.4	3151.8	4977.3
26.	Tripura	122.3	204.6	326.8	131.9	220.5	352.4
27.	Uttar Pradesh	168.4	1680.7	1849.1	159.0	1667.8	1826.8
28.	Uttaranchal	48.9	278.3	327.2	58.6	289.2	347.8
29.	West Bengal	1554.7	4607.9	6162.6	1648.2	4802.9	6451.2
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	12.0	22.5	34.5	13.5	25.6	39.1
31.	Chandigarh	22.4	66.7	89.1	20.8	61.5	82.2
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1.5	3.8	5.4	1.6	3.9	5.5
33.	Daman & Diu	1.9	5.8	7.7	2.1	6.2	8.3
34.	Lakshadweep	3.1	8.1	11.2	3.0	6.9	10.0
35.	Pondicherry	56.8	85.4	142.2	61.4	90.2	151.6

Notes: 1 No employment exchange is functioning in Sikkim. Directorate General of Employment and Training, Ministry of Labour.

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women & Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 50.

The unemployment rates in the various states and union territories by sex and residence are given in Table 76.

Table 76: Unemployment Rates for States and Union Territories by Sex and Rural Urban Status, (Percentage), 1999-2000

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Unemployment Rates			
		Rural		Urban	
		Female	Male	Female	Male
	India	1.5	2.1	7.1	4.8
1.	Andhra Pradesh	0.7	1.2	4.2	4.2
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0.1	0.9	10.0	1.4
3.	Assam	11.9	4.7	22.3	9.1
4.	Bihar ¹	0.6	2.4	9.4	7.6
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	26.0	3.9	5.3	3.2
7.	Goa	18.7	7.0	35.2	15.3
8.	Gujarat	0.3	0.8	2.6	2.1
9.	Haryana	0.5	1.3	4.6	2.7
10.	Himachal Pradesh	1.8	3.0	11.8	6.3
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	7.1	2.6	12.8	4.7
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	0.3	1.0	4.7	3.0
14.	Kerala	19.7	7.6	26.4	6.9
15.	Madhya Pradesh ¹	0.2	0.7	1.6	4.3
16.	Maharashtra	1.1	2.4	7.8	6.1
17.	Manipur	2.5	2.4	10.3	7.4
18.	Meghalaya	0.3	0.5	6.8	3.4
19.	Mizoram	0.5	2.1	2.6	4.4
20.	Nagaland	3.8	3.0	10.8	9.3
21.	Orissa	1.6	3.1	6.7	7.2
22.	Punjab	6.2	2.3	3.5	3.1
23.	Rajasthan	0.2	0.8	3.7	2.7
24.	Sikkim	2.0	3.5	10.0	6.7
25.	Tamil Nadu	1.2	3.0	5.8	3.9
26.	Tripura	4.6	0.8	8.8	5.5
27.	Uttar Pradesh ¹	0.6	1.3	4.6	4.5
28.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	3.8	3.4	11.1	7.7
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	7.6	3.3	23.9	3.8
31.	Chandigarh	0.0	1.0	14.4	3.9
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.0	1.6	0.0	1.6
33.	Daman & Diu	0.0	1.3	8.3	1.4
34.	Lakshadweep	52.9	10.9	26.3	8.2
35.	Pondicherry	2.6	4.7	6.9	3.5

Notes: Figures relate to usual status of individuals. The figures represent size of unemployment as percentage of labour force.
 1. Figure is for undivided state. The states of Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh here include the newly constituted states of Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh and Uttaranchal respectively. National Sample Survey Organization, 55th Round (July 1999 – June 2000).

Sources : # India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 49.

The percentage prevalence rate of poverty in various States and Union Territories in rural and urban areas is given in Table 77.

Table 77: Poverty in India, (Percentage), 1994 and 2000

S.No.	India/States/ Union Territories	1993-94			1999-2000		
		Rural	Urban	Combined	Rural	Urban	Combined
	India	37.9	32.4	36.0	27.1	23.6	26.1
1.	Andhra Pradesh	15.92	38.33	22.19	11.05	26.63	15.77
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	45.01	7.73	39.35	40.04	7.47	33.47
3.	Assam	45.01	7.73	40.86	40.04	7.47	36.09
4.	Bihar	58.21	34.5	54.96	44.3	32.91	42.6
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	1.9	16.03	14.69	0.4	9.42	8.23
7.	Goa	5.34	27.03	14.92	1.35	7.52	4.4
8.	Gujarat	22.18	27.89	24.21	13.17	15.59	14.07
9.	Haryana	28.02	16.38	25.05	8.27	9.99	8.74
10.	Himachal Pradesh	30.34	9.18	28.44	7.94	4.63	7.63
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	30.34	9.18	25.17	3.97	1.98	3.48
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	29.88	40.14	33.16	17.38	25.25	20.04
14.	Kerala	25.76	24.55	25.43	9.38	20.27	12.72
15.	Madhya Pradesh	40.64	48.38	42.52	37.06	38.44	37.43
16.	Maharashtra	37.93	35.15	36.86	23.72	26.81	25.02
17.	Manipur	45.01	7.73	33.78	40.04	7.47	28.54
18.	Meghalaya	45.01	7.73	37.92	40.04	7.47	33.87
19.	Mizoram	45.01	7.73	25.66	40.04	7.47	19.47
20.	Nagaland	45.01	7.73	37.92	40.04	7.47	32.67
21.	Orissa	49.72	41.64	48.56	48.01	42.83	47.15
22.	Punjab	11.95	11.35	11.77	6.35	5.75	6.16
23.	Rajasthan	26.46	30.49	27.41	13.74	19.85	15.28
24.	Sikkim	45.01	7.73	41.43	40.04	7.47	36.55
25.	Tamil Nadu	32.48	39.77	35.03	20.55	22.11	21.12
26.	Tripura	45.01	7.73	39.01	40.04	7.47	34.44
27.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	-
28.	Uttar Pradesh	42.28	35.39	40.85	31.22	30.89	31.15
29.	West Bengal	40.8	22.41	35.66	31.85	14.86	27.02
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	32.48	39.47	34.47	20.55	22.11	20.99
31.	Chandigarh	11.35	11.35	11.35	5.75	5.75	5.75
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	51.95	39.93	50.84	17.57	13.52	17.14
33.	Daman & Diu	5.34	27.03	15.8	1.35	7.52	4.44
34.	Lakshadweep	25.76	24.55	25.04	9.38	20.27	15.6
35.	Pondicherry	32.48	39.77	37.4	20.55	22.11	21.67

Notes: Planning Commission.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Government of India, II & IIIrd Periodic Report on the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women : CEDAW Periodic Report. New Delhi. P. 109.

To increase employment among women, several initiatives have been taken by Government of India, and programmes have been launched for the economic empowerment of women. Some of these are Swawlamban, STEP and Hostels for Working Women, with day care centres for their children.

Swawlamban

The Swawlamban programme, previously also called Women's Economic Programme and NORAD scheme, was launched in 1982-83 with assistance from the Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (NORAD) to provide training and skills to women to facilitate them to obtain employment or self-employment. The target group under the scheme are poor and needy women and women from weaker sections of society, such as scheduled castes and scheduled tribes.

Under the programme, financial assistance is provided to Women's Development Corporations (WDCs), public sector corporations, autonomous bodies and voluntary organizations to train poor women, mostly in non-traditional trades and to ensure their employment in these areas. Some of the popular trades under the programme are computer programming, medical transcription, electronics, watch assembling, radio and television repairs, garment making, handloom weaving, secretarial practice, community health work, embroidery, etc.

Financial assistance is also provided to the grantee organizations for hiring of training-cum-production sheds, training cost, machinery and equipments, stipend to the trainees and remuneration for the trainers.

Various evaluation studies have shown that nearly 50-60 per cent of the women trained under the programme have been able to get employment or self-employment.

Support to Training and Employment Programme for Women (STEP)

Support to Training and Employment Programme for Women (STEP) was launched in 1987 to provide skills and knowledge to poor and assetless women in traditional occupations such as agriculture, animal husbandry, dairying, fisheries, handloom, handicrafts, khadi and village industries, sericulture, social forestry and wasteland development for enhancing their productivity and income generation. This would enhance and broaden their employment opportunities, including self-employment and development of entrepreneurship skills. Women beneficiaries are organized into co-operatives. Services such as training, extension, infrastructure, market linkages, etc. are provided, besides linkage with credit for transfer of assets.

Women in the dairying sector have been receiving the maximum support, keeping in view the nature of demands. This is followed by handlooms, handicrafts, sericulture and poultry.

The number of women beneficiaries under Swawlamban and STEP are given in Table 78.

Table 78 : Projects Sanctioned under Swawlamban and STEP (Support to Training and Employment Programme) for Women as on 31.12.2004, 2004-2005

S. No.	India/State/UT	Swawlamban				STEP			
		No. of Projects sanctioned		No. of Beneficiaries		No. of Projects sanctioned		No. of Beneficiaries	
		2002-03*	New 2004-05	2002-03*	2004-05	2002-03*	New 2004-05	2002-03*	2004-05
	India	673	195	91574	24560	14+	4	128131	13000
	CSWB (Not a State/UT) Provisional	10260							
1.	Andhra Pradesh	8	-	219700	90	-	-	-	-
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	Assam	13	1	1060	170	2	-	5600	-
4.	Bihar	3	-	110	-	-	-	-	-
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	1	60	50	1	-	4500	-
6.	Delhi	7	-	1250	50	-	-	-	-
7.	Goa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8.	Gujarat	91	4	9454	240	-	-	-	-
9.	Haryana	29	27	3210	1740	-	-	-	-
10.	Himachal Pradesh	3	1	590	150	-	-	-	-
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	20	7	1270	565	-	-	-	-
12.	Jharkhand	-	1	-	50	-	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	9	10	5860	960	1	-	600	-
14.	Kerala	3	12	1810	1270	1	1	10000	10000
15.	Madhya Pradesh	51	2	4260	780	-	-	-	-
16.	Maharashtra	31	20	4130	1700	1	-	9975	-
17.	Manipur	39	19	2025	2005	-	2	-	1500
18.	Meghalaya	-	1	-	50	-	-	-	-
19.	Mizoram	-	-	-	-	1	1	3000	1500
20.	Nagaland	4	-	450	110	1	-	3750	-
21.	Orissa	73	34	3190	3590	1+	-	23000	-
22.	Punjab	4	-	1080	2130	1+	-	19860	-
23.	Rajasthan	19	2	1575	90	1+	-	20000	-
24.	Sikkim	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	3	4	680	200	-	-	-	-
26.	Tripura	-	-	50	-	-	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	193	28	11600	5490	1+	-	17200	-

S. No.	India/State/UT	Swawlamban				STEP			
		No. of Projects sanctioned		No. of Beneficiaries		No. of Projects sanctioned		No. of Beneficiaries	
		2002 -03*	New 2004 -05	2002 -03*	2004 -05	2002 -03*	New 2004 -05	2002 -03*	2004 -05
28.	Uttaranchal	7	2	380	170	1	-	3046	-
29.	West Bengal	62	19	5060	2910	1+	-	7600	-
	Union Territories								
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	1	-	50	-	-	-	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes: Swawlamban is funded by NORAD (Norwegian Agency for International Development).

Sources: * India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2003). Annual Report 2002-2003. New Delhi. P. 207, 205.

India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P. 186, 187.

Hostels for Working Women

With progressive change in the economic structure of the country, more and more women are living out of their homes in search of employment in big cities. These women are exposed to risks due to lack of suitable and safe accommodation. The Government of India acknowledged the difficulties faced by such women and decided to introduce a Scheme for Construction / Expansion of Hostels for Working Women.

Under the Scheme for Construction / Expansion of Hostel Building for Working Women, financial assistance is given to voluntary organizations, local bodies and cooperative institutions for the construction of hostels for working women in order to enable women to seek employment and participate in technical training. The objective of the scheme is to provide cheap and safe hostel accommodation to working women living out of their homes. The target beneficiaries are single working women, widows, divorcees, separated women, and working women, whose husbands are out of town.

The number of working women's hostels sanctioned, number of working women benefited, hostels with day care centres, and number of children benefited is given in Table 79.

Table 79: Working Women's Hostels Sanctioned, Women Benefited, Hostels with Day Care Centres and Children Benefited, (as on 31.3.2004), 2004

S. No.	India/State/UT	No. of Working Women Hostels	Working Women Benefited	No. of Day Care Centres (DCC)	No. of Children Benefited
	India	914	56214	329	8681
1.	Andhra Pradesh	52	3604	13	360
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	10	441	2	45
3.	Assam	15	837	5	80
4.	Bihar	8	482	4	105
5.	Chhattisgarh	1	50	-	-
6.	Delhi	20	2620	7	193
7.	Goa	2	120	-	-
8.	Gujarat	26	1868	6	180
9.	Haryana	19	1513	9	255
10.	Himachal Pradesh	14	564	-	-
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	5	352	2	40
12.	Karnataka	83	6926	29	801
13.	Kerala	148	2579	83	2396
14.	Madhya Pradesh	68	3537	15	411
15.	Maharashtra	129	9749	47	1120
16.	Manipur	12	579	7	200
17.	Meghalaya	3	214	1	15
18.	Mizoram	4	149	-	-
19.	Nagaland	15	817	3	60
20.	Orissa	29	1825	8	140
21.	Punjab	16	1660	5	110
22.	Rajasthan	37	1711	13	300
23.	Sikkim	2	144	1	30
24.	Tamil Nadu	96	6392	36	910
25.	Tripura	1	50	-	-
26.	Uttar Pradesh	43	3282	14	425
27.	Uttaranchal	3	190	2	74
28.	West Bengal	41	2964	15	376
	Union Territories				
29.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1	36	-	-
30.	Chandigarh	7	736	2	55
31.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
32.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
33.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
34.	Pondicherry	4	223	-	-

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Annual Report 2003-2004. New Delhi. P. 98.

9. Support Services to Women

The Department of Women and Child Development, Government of India has undertaken several programmes and assists voluntary organizations providing services to various groups of women. Working women, widows, women in distress, and women from vulnerable backgrounds are in need of special services. To create an enabling environment to enhance the self confidence and autonomy of women so that they can take their rightful place in the mainstream of the nation's social, political and economic life, the Government has started the following programmes for women's empowerment:

Support Measures for Women

1. Creches/Day Care Centres for Children of Working and Ailing Mothers
2. National Creche Fund (NCF)
3. Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS)
4. Working Women's Hostels with Day Care Centres
5. Swawlamban, erstwhile (NORAD)
6. Support to Training and Employment Programme for Women (STEP)
7. Mahila Samakhya (MS)
8. Swayamsidha
9. Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK) (credit to women)
10. Short Stay Homes for Women and Girls (SSH) (for women in distress)
11. Condensed Courses of Education and Vocational Training for Adult Women (CCE&VT)
12. Family Counselling Centres (FCC)
13. Rehabilitation of Marginalised Women of Vrindavan (widows and destitute women)
14. Swa-Shakti Project (SSP)
15. Women's Component Plan (WCP)
16. Swadhar (Women in Difficult Circumstances)

The Government of India has a framework for empowering women outlined in the policy document "**National Policy for Empowerment of Women (NPEW), 2001**".

The **National Commission for Women** was set up in 1990 to intervene in matters relating to human rights of women.

Legislation for Women

The various legislations enacted for the protection of women are:

1. The Family Courts Act, 1984
2. The Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 (Amended 1985)
3. The Hindu Marriage and Divorce Act, 1956
4. The Hindu Widows Remarriage Act, 1856 (Amended 1985)
5. The Special Marriage Act, 1954 (Amended 1985)
6. The Christian Marriage Act, 1972
7. The Muslim Personal Law (Shariat) Application Act, 1937
- 8.. The Foreign Marriage Act, 1969
9. The Indian Divorce Act, 1969
10. The Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
11. The Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act, 1987
12. The National Commission for Women Act, 1990
13. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
14. The Indian Succession Act, 1925
15. The Married Women's Property Act, 1876 (Amended 1984)
16. The Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, 1956
17. The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956
18. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
19. The Pre-Natal Diagnostic Technique (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994
20. The Juvenile Justice Act, 1986
21. The Infant Milk Substitutes, Feeding Bottles and Infant Foods (Regulation of Production, Supply and Distribution) Act, 1992
22. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
23. The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
24. The Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986
25. The Mines Act, 1952
26. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
27. The Beedi & Cigar Workers (Conditions of Employment) Act, 1966
28. The Factories Act, 1948 (Amended in 1949, 1950 and 1954)
29. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
30. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
31. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
32. The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923
33. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1961
34. The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973
35. Rape is an Offence under Section 376 of IPC
36. Supreme Court Order regarding Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place and Other Institutions, 1999 (Section 509 IPC)

Some of the support measures for women initiated by the Government of India are given below.

Short Stay Homes

The Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB) has implemented the scheme of Short Stay Homes (SSH), which provide temporary shelter to women and girls who i) are being forced into prostitution, ii) are, as a result of family tension or discord, made to leave their homes and are without any means of subsistence and have no social protection from exploitation, or are facing litigation on account of marital disputes, iii) have been sexually assaulted and are facing the problem of re-adjustment in the family or society, iv) are victims of mental maladjustment, emotional disturbances and social ostracism, v) have escaped from their homes due to family problems, mental or physical torture and need shelter, psychiatric treatment and counselling for their rehabilitation and re-adjustment in family and society.

The number of short stay homes, beneficiaries and funds released is given in Table 80.

Table 80: Short Stay Homes (SSH) and Funds Released 2003-2004, Number of SSH and Beneficiaries as on 31.12.2004, 2004-05

S. No.	India /State/UTs	No. of SSH Sanctioned 2004-04	Amount Released 2003-04 (Rs. in lakhs)	No. of Units Sanctioned 2004-05 #	Women Beneficiaries 2004-05 #
	India	341	1447.19	272	16900
1.	Andhra Pradesh	29	127.79	26	1450
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	2	10.60	2	100
3.	Assam	10	44.29	7	500
4.	Bihar (includes Jharkhand)	24	76.55	19	1550
5.	Chhattisgarh (included under MP)	1	4.91	-	-
6.	Delhi	3	15.33	3	150
7.	Goa (includes Daman & Diu)	1	2.45	-	-
8.	Gujarat	4	15.57	4	200
9.	Haryana	2	9.28	2	100
10.	Himachal Pradesh	1	0	-	50
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	2	7.52	1	100
12.	Jharkhand (included under Bihar)	7	23.54	-	-
13.	Karnataka	19	82.88	18	950
14.	Kerala	4	17.40	4	200
15.	Madhya Pradesh (includes Chhattisgarh)	23	96.01	15	1150

S. No.	India /State/UTs	No. of SSH Sanctioned 2004-04	Amount Released 2003-04 (Rs. in lakhs)	No. of Units Sanctioned 2004-05 #	Women Beneficiaries 2004-05 #
16.	Maharashtra	32	146.87	24	1600
17.	Manipur	10	39.29	6	500
18.	Meghalaya	0	0	-	-
19.	Mizoram	1	4.42	1	50
20.	Nagaland	1	4.42	1	50
21.	Orissa	30	149.88	27	1500
22.	Punjab	2	8.91	2	50
23.	Rajasthan	8	36.39	7	400
24.	Sikkim	0	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	41	179.84	37	2050
26.	Tripura	5	25.52	4	250
27.	Uttar Pradesh	36	138.91	29	1800
28.	Uttaranchal	6	24.99	4	300
29.	West Bengal	33	136.51	25	1650
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	0	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	1	3.88	1	50
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	4.75	1	50
33.	Daman & Diu (included under Goa)	-	-	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	2	8.49	2	100

Notes: A Short Stay Home provides shelter to 30 women at a time, and is located in towns or cities with a population of 50,000 or more.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development . (2004). Annual Report 2003-2004. New Delhi. P. 233.

India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development . (2005). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P. 286.

ICDS

The Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) is a centrally sponsored scheme, wherein the Central Government is responsible for programme planning and operating costs, and the State governments are responsible for programme implementation and supplementary nutrition.

The Scheme aims at the holistic development of children (0-6 years) and pregnant and nursing mothers. It provides an integrated comprehensive package of services comprising i) supplementary nutrition; ii) immunization; iii) health check-ups; iv) referral services; v) pre-school non-formal education; and vi) nutrition and health education. ICDS also involves adolescent girls in providing services at centres, and imparts training in life skills development.

The ICDS Scheme was introduced in 33 blocks in 1975 and expanded to 5,652 projects in 2003, of which 5,422 projects became fully operational till March 2005 (Department of Women and Child Development, ICDS Cell).

Currently, services under the scheme are being provided to about 40.3 million children and 8.1 million pregnant and nursing mothers as on 31st March 2005, through a network of anganwadi centres. The number of ICDS centres functioning and number of beneficiaries is given in Table 81.

Table 81 : Projects Sanctioned under ICDS Scheme (Integrated Child Development Services Scheme), as on 31.03.2005

S. No.	India/State/UTs	No. of Projects Fully Operational	No. of Pre -School Education Beneficiaries			No. of Supplementary Nutrition Beneficiaries	
			Boys	Girls	Total	Children Total	Mothers Total
	India	5422	11156141	10685149	21841290	40337104	8105009
1.	Andhra Pradesh	351	785806	778445	1564251	2423099	641395
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	58	14541	14464	29005	63183	10776
3.	Assam#	195	395628	386325	781953	1103139	148030
4.	Bihar	249	855912	699265	1555177	2102148	358967
5.	Chhattisgarh	152	299600	308195	607795	1416134	363837
6.	Delhi	28	90541	77658	168199	405687	9279
7.	Goa	11	9495	9654	19149	39731	74635
8.	Gujarat	227	735650	693412	1429062	1643594	277791
9.	Haryana	116	235581	206103	441684	933660	236518
10.	Himachal Pradesh	72	55871	54531	110402	319945	71183
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	121	55202	52183	107385	182978	39982
12.	Jharkhand	152	203107	224305	427412	425240	66165
13.	Karnataka	185	648117	645004	1293121	2511867	525114
14.	Kerala	163	272285	268652	540937	922125	152937
15.	Madhya Pradesh	336	761371	754802	1516173	2841159	668289
16.	Maharashtra	372	924121	872832	1796953	3304434	518277

S. No.	India/State/UTs	No. of Projects Fully Operational	No. of Pre -School Education Beneficiaries			No. of Supplementary Nutrition Beneficiaries	
			Boys	Girls	Total	Children Total	Mothers Total
17.	Manipur	34	56429	55422	111851	0	0
18.	Meghalaya	32	45313	45018	90331	188194	33329
19.	Mizoram	21	25203	24818	50021	113925	27096
20.	Nagaland	54	48083	46376	94459	243630	40105
21.	Orissa	326	473661	468415	942076	3685151	668811
22.	Punjab	142	221928	197740	419668	438318	139851
23.	Rajasthan	257	677161	657746	1334907	2711322	609298
24.	Sikkim	5	6994	6771	13765	33058	5596
25.	Tamil Nadu	434	569361	560646	1130007	1842967	543264
26.	Tripura	39	51086	49966	101052	148205	22088
27.	Uttar Pradesh	819	1777162	1662302	3439464	6117582	1282818
28.	Uttaranchal	99	89616	88828	178444	372310	85209
29.	West Bengal	355	749222	752790	1502012	3696175	457654
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	5	4936	5130	10066	21283	4780
31.	Chandigarh	3	6760	6749	13509	31723	7624
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1	2514	2505	5019	12520	2184
33.	Daman & Diu	2	2083	2130	4213	6977	1898
34.	Lakshadweep	1	2023	2001	4024	3877	986
35.	Pondicherry	5	3778	3966	7744	31764	9243

Notes: # As on 31.7.2004.

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Status Report of the ICDS as on 31st March 2005. New Delhi. P.1-3

Creches directly benefit children in the preschool age by providing preschool education, supplementary nutrition and opportunities for psychosocial development and recreation. They also indirectly benefit mothers by giving them an opportunity to join the workforce, as creche workers look after the children, while mothers are at work.

The number of creche centres and children availing services under the creche scheme are given in Table 82.

Table 82: Creches Sanctioned and Beneficiaries, as on 29.12.2004

S.No.	India/State/UT	Creche Centres under Creche/ Day Care Centres Scheme	Creche Centres under National Creche Fund	No. of Beneficiaries under Both the Schemes
	India	12,470	4,885	433,875
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1340	1291	65,775
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	98	8	2,650
3.	Assam	195	280	11,875
4.	Bihar	249	104	8,825
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-
6.	Delhi	229	10	5,955
7.	Goa	31	8	975
8.	Gujarat	853	79	23,300
9.	Haryana	431	269	17,500
10.	Himachal Pradesh	504	38	13,550
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	153	-	3,825
12.	Jharkhand	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	583	177	19,000
14.	Kerala	643	20	15,575
15.	Madhya Pradesh	1327	216	38,575
16.	Maharashtra	1171	400	39,275
17.	Manipur	240	29	6,725
18.	Meghalaya	171	8	4,475
19.	Mizoram	143	8	3,775
20.	Nagaland	41	8	1,225
21.	Orissa	619	260	21,975
22.	Punjab	145	36	4,525
23.	Rajasthan	348	76	10,600
24.	Sikkim	126	8	3,350
25.	Tamil Nadu	962	377	33,475
26.	Tripura	166	8	4,350
27.	Uttar Pradesh	740	368	23,800
28.	Uttaranchal	-	180	4,500
29.	West Bengal	706	594	32,250
	Union Territories			
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	88	4	2,250
31.	Chandigarh	37	5	1,050
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	9	4	325
33.	Daman & Diu	-	4	100
34.	Lakshadweep	10	4	350
35.	Pondicherry	112	4	2,900

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P.199

Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (National Credit Fund for Women)

Several research studies had repeatedly highlighted the need of poor women to have access to credit facilities at reasonable interest rates. It was felt that the credit needs of poor women, particularly those in the unorganized sector, had not been addressed adequately by the formal financial institutions in the country. Varied experiences in this sector had established a need for a quasi-informal credit delivery mechanism, which should be client friendly, have simple and minimal procedures, have flexible repayment schedules, and low transaction costs, both for the borrower and the lender. With this in mind, the Government of India established Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (National Credit Fund for Women) on 30th March 1993. The main objective of Rashtriya Mahila Kosh is to facilitate credit support or micro-finance to poor women. Rashtriya Mahila Kosh mainly channelizes its support through non-government organizations (NGOs) having experience of extending credit facilities to poor women, Women Development Corporations (WDCs), women cooperative societies, Indira Mahila Block Samities (IMBS) under the Indira Mahila Yojana, and suitable state government agencies.

The NGOs assisted and number of beneficiaries under Rashtriya Mahila Kosh are given in Table 83.

Table 83: NGOs Assisted under Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK) and Beneficiaries as on 31.12.2004, 2004-05

S. No.	India/State/UT	No. of NGOs assisted up to 31.12.2002	Women benefited up to 31.12.2002	Women benefited during 2003-04 @	Women benefited during 2004-05 #
	India	1066	435535	32765	8729
1.	Andhra Pradesh	231	160398	10661	3517
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	-
3.	Assam	6	630	650	-
4.	Bihar	61	8605	3175	100
5.	Chhattisgarh	3	25	-	-
6.	Delhi	21	2370	660	-
7.	Goa	-	-	-	-
8.	Gujarat	8	5950	-	-
9.	Haryana	7	1520	143	760
10.	Himachal Pradesh	23	5566	-	-
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	2	880	-	-
12.	Jharkhand	17	720	-	-
13.	Karnataka	32	12177	594	-
14.	Kerala	51	31895	110	57
15.	Madhya Pradesh	12	4125	-	420
16.	Maharashtra	6	24295	1796	-
17.	Manipur	16	5890	386	-
18.	Meghalaya	-	-	-	-

S. No.	India/State/UT	No. of NGOs assisted up to 31.12.2002	Women benefited up to 31.12.2002	Women benefited during 2003-04 @	Women benefited during 2004-05 #
19.	Mizoram	-	-	70	-
20.	Nagaland	1	70	-	120
21.	Orissa	70	12735	2457	1227
22.	Punjab	-	-	-	-
23.	Rajasthan	25	13431	185	970
24.	Sikkim	-	-	-	-
25.	Tamil Nadu	206	94679	8684	101
26.	Tripura	-	-	-	-
27.	Uttar Pradesh	129	21714	517	18
28.	Uttaranchal	13	475	420	382
29.	West Bengal	124	27085	1577	1057
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	-	-	-	-
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	2	300	680	-

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2003). Annual Report 2002-03. New Delhi. P.296.

@ India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Annual Report 2003-04. New Delhi. P.237.

India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-05. New Delhi. P.287

Condensed Courses of Education and Vocational Training (CCE & VT)

The National Policy on Education has laid special emphasis on skill development for girls and women to provide employment or work opportunities in rural and urban areas. The Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB) started the programmes of Condensed Courses of Education in 1958 and the Vocational Training Programme during the year 1975, to help women complete their schooling and also upgrade their skills in order to meet the demands of changing work environment.

Under the scheme of Condensed Courses, voluntary organisations are given grants to conduct courses of 2 years and 1 year duration to enable women above 15 years to pass Matric/ Secondary, Middle and Primary level examinations. The scheme contains provisions for engaging teachers for conducting these courses.

The emphasis of the Vocational Training programme is on giving training in income generating activities with the aim of making women self - reliant. Grants are provided to impart training to needy and deserving women in different vocations ranging from dress designing and fashion technology to computer programming and desktop publishing.

The number of beneficiaries under the programme Condensed Courses of Education and Vocational Training for Women is given in Table 84.

Table 84: Number of Beneficiaries under Condensed Courses of Education and Vocational Training (CCE & VT) as on 31.12.2004, 2004-05

S. No.	India/State/UT	Amount Released (Rs. in lakhs)	Number of Courses Sanctioned	Number of Beneficiaries 31.12.2004
	India	263.60	336	8400
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4.68	16	400
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	7	175
3.	Assam	30.77	-	-
4.	Bihar (includes Jharkhand)	30.37	37	925
5.	Chhattisgarh	4.04	8	200
6.	Delhi	-	4	100
7.	Goa	-	1	25
8.	Gujarat	9.25	13	325
9.	Haryana	4.67	7	175
10.	Himachal Pradesh	3.15	5	125
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	2.81	4	100
12.	Jharkhand (under Bihar)	-	-	-
13.	Karnataka	6.00	23	575
14.	Kerala	10.61	20	500
15.	Madhya Pradesh	17.64	25	625
16.	Maharashtra	7.50	22	550
17.	Manipur	1.50	3	75
18.	Meghalaya	-	10	250
19.	Mizoram	14.67	15	375
20.	Nagaland	3.48	5	125
21.	Orissa	-	-	-
22.	Punjab	-	3	75
23.	Rajasthan	5.25	14	350
24.	Sikkim	2.22	3	75
25.	Tamil Nadu	1.88	18	450
26.	Tripura	-	4	100
27.	Uttar Pradesh	83.02	42	1050
28.	Uttaranchal	3.75	3	75
29.	West Bengal	16.34	19	475
	Union Territories			
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	2	50
31.	Chandigarh	-	1	25
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	-	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	-	2	50

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-05. New Delhi. P.283-284.

Swadhar

Swadhar was launched in 2001-2002 for the benefit of women in difficult circumstances, like destitute widows deserted by their families in religious places; women prisoners released from jail and without family support; women survivors of natural disasters who have been rendered homeless and are without any social and economic support; trafficked women/ girls rescued or runaway from brothels, victims of sexual crimes, who are disowned by the family or who do not want to go back to their respective family for various reasons; women victims of terrorist violence who are without any family support and without any economic means of survival; mentally disordered women who are without any support of family or relatives, etc.

The package of assistance under the scheme includes provisions for shelter, food, clothing, health care and counseling for such women; measures for social and economic rehabilitation through education, awareness, skill upgradation and personality development through behavioural training, helpline for such women in distress, etc.

The implementing agencies can be the social welfare / women and child welfare departments of state governments, women's development corporations, urban local bodies, reputed public/ private trusts or voluntary organizations who are willing to take the responsibilities of rehabilitating such women.

The beneficiaries and organizations assisted in implementing Swadhar scheme is given in Table 85.

Table 85: Projects Sanctioned and Beneficiaries under Swadhar Scheme, 2003-04, and as on 31.12.2004, 2004-05

S. No.	India/State	Name of Organization Assisted	Amount Sanctioned/ Released (Rs.) 2003-2004*	Approximate No. of Beneficiaries 2003-2004*	Amount Released (Rs. in lakhs) 2004-2005
	Andhra Pradesh				
1.		Shanti Educational Society, Kurnool	-	-	5.10
	Delhi				
2.		Coalition for Rural Empowerment (CORE), New Delhi	3,25,000	50	4.88 8.85
3.		Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB), New Delhi	30,56,400	51 Helpline Centres	
4.		Guild of Service, New Delhi	-	-	3.07
	Gujarat				
5.		The Gujarat Musturat (Mahila) SEWA Trust, Ahmedabad	16,69,175	60 Widows	
	Haryana				
6.		Coalition for Rural Empowerment (CORE), Gurgaon	5,70,000	100	
7.		Coalition for Rural Empowerment (CORE), Gurgaon	7,18,000	100	
	Jammu & Kashmir				
8.		Guild of Service, New Delhi. (J&K), Srinagar	-	-	2.58
	Karnataka				
9.		Bharathiya Vikas Trust "Ananth" Perampalli Shivalli, Udupi, Dist. Udupi	-	-	5.10

S. No.	India/State	Name of Organization Assisted	Amount Sanctioned/ Released (Rs.) 2003-2004*	Approximate No. of Beneficiaries 2003-2004*	Amount Released (Rs. in lakhs) 2004-2005
10.		Jnana Sindhu Educational and Cultural Society, Bangalore	-	-	4.95
11.		Kittur Rani Chinnamma Mahila Mandal, Dist. Bidar	-	-	8.70
12.		Odanadi Seva Samsthe, Mysore	-	-	10.64
13.		Prajna Counselling Centre, Mangalore, Dist. Dakshina Kannada	-	-	5.10
14.		SEVA (Social Educational and Vocational Association, Raichur	5,10,000	50	
15.		Shri Shakthi Association, Harihar, Dist. Davanagere	-	-	5.03
16.		Sri Akshayanikethan Trust, Soonagahally, Mandya	4,89,000	50	
17.		Sri Maitri Association, Davanagere	-	-	5.10
18.		United Social Welfare Association of Belgaum, Dist. Belgaum	-	-	5.10
19.		Vidyaranya Education and Development Society, Mandur, Virgo Nagar, Via Bangalore	5,10,000	50	
	Manipur				
20.		Public Yoga & Nature Cure Association, Dist. Thoubal	-	-	5.03
21.		Rural Development Society, Dist. Thoubal	-	-	5.10
22.		Rural Voluntary Service (RVS), Wongbal Mayai Leikai, Thoubal Dist.	5,10,000	50	4.00

S. No.	India/State	Name of Organization Assisted	Amount Sanctioned/ Released (Rs.) 2003-2004*	Approximate No. of Beneficiaries 2003-2004*	Amount Released (Rs. in lakhs) 2004-2005
23.		SC/ST Backward Women & Children Development, Dist. Thoubal	-	-	5.10
	Mizoram				
24.		Mizoram Hemeithai (Widows) Association, Aizawl	5,10,000	50 Widows	
	Orissa				
25.		Adivasi Harijan Integrated Mass Social Agency (AHIMSA) Dist. Khandhamal, Phulbani	-	-	5.10
26.		Association for Health, Education & Development (AHEAD), Bhubaneswar	-	-	5.10
27.		Bhairabi Club, Dist. Khurda	-	-	4.80
28.		Gandhian Institute of Technical Advancement (GITA), Bhubaneswar, Dist. Khurda	-	-	5.10
29.		Jayanti Pathagar, Dist. Jajpur	-	-	5.10
30.		Maharshi Dayananda Service Mission At. Joranda, PO Mahimagadi, Dist. Dhenkanal	-	-	5.10 5.10
31.		Nilachal Nari Seba Samity, Puri	4,35,000	50	
32.		Nilachal Seva Pratisthan, Dist. Puri	-	-	4.35
33.		Prakalpa, Dist. Keonjhar	-	-	5.10
34.		Radhakrishna Club, Dist. Jagatsinghpur	-	-	5.09

S. No.	India/State	Name of Organization Assisted	Amount Sanctioned/ Released (Rs.) 2003-2004*	Approximate No. of Beneficiaries 2003-2004*	Amount Released (Rs. in lakhs) 2004-2005
35.		SEHADA, Socio Economic Health & Agricultural Development Association, Dist. Jharsuguda	-	-	5.07
36.		Society for Weaker Community, Dist. Bhadrak	-	-	5.10
	Rajasthan				
37.		Adarsh Samaj Vidya Samiti, Dausa	4,58,000	50	
	Tamil Nadu				
38.		Banyan, Chennai	-	-	4.60
	Uttar Pradesh				
39.		Uttar Pradesh Mahila Kalyan Nigam Ltd., Lucknow	-	-	4.02 6.67
	Uttaranchal				
40.		Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra (RLEK), Dehradun	1,21,000	Helpline	
	West Bengal				
41.		Malipukur Samaj Unnayan Samity, VPO Jujersa, Dist. Howrah	4,87,962	50	
42.		Saujatya, Kolkata	4,68,000	50	
43.		All Bengal Women's Union, Kolkata	2,11,250	25	0.56

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-05. New Delhi. P. 206 - 208.

* India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Annual Report 2003-04. New Delhi. P. 99- 100.

Family Counselling Centres (FCC) were set up with the objective of providing preventive and rehabilitative services to women and families who are victims of atrocities and family mal-adjustment, through crisis intervention and systematic counselling. The number of beneficiaries and funds released for Family Counselling Centres (FCC) during 2004-05 is given in Table 86.

Table 86: State-wise Funds Released and Beneficiaries Covered under Family Counselling Centres (FCC) during 2004-05

S. No.	India/State/UT	Amount Released (Rs.)	No. of Beneficiaries
	India	19423198	64250
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2296262	3875
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	49680	125
3.	Assam	539080	1750
4.	Bihar	1665613	5500
5.	Chhattisgarh	124367	375
6.	Delhi	726886	3000
7.	Goa	66700	125
8.	Gujarat	1221735	3625
9.	Haryana	124680	1395
10.	Himachal Pradesh	236240	625
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	239280	625
12.	Jharkhand	-	-
13.	Karnataka	1490153	4125
14.	Kerala	1256816	4125
15.	Madhya Pradesh	689394	2250
16.	Maharashtra	1604317	6750
17.	Manipur	372140	1000
18.	Meghalaya	20280	125
19.	Mizoram	48800	250
20.	Nagaland	85500	250
21.	Orissa	737468	3000
22.	Punjab	452888	1250
23.	Rajasthan	1063600	3125
24.	Sikkim	66696	125
25.	Tamil Nadu	1485576	5750
26.	Tripura	180750	875
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1909315	5625
28.	Uttaranchal	141280	375
29.	West Bengal	314196	3500
	Union Territories		
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	-
31.	Chandigarh	139680	375
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-
33.	Daman & Diu	-	-
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-
35.	Pondicherry	48906	375

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-05. New Delhi. P.285.

10. Crime against Women and Children

Crimes against women have been increasing over the years. The increase in reported crimes in 2002 was 2.7 per cent over the previous year 2001, and 12.3 per cent over 1998. Although women may be victims of many crimes but rape is one of the most heinous crimes. Rape is defined under Section 375 of the Indian Penal Code (IPC) as the unlawful and carnal knowledge by a man of a woman (a) against her will, (b) without her consent, (c) consent obtained by putting her in fear of hurt, (d) obtaining her consent by making her believe that she is his lawfully married wife, and (e) with or without her consent when she is under 16 years of age. Exception to Section 375 is the sexual intercourse by a man with his own wife, the wife not being under 15 years of age.

Punishment for Rape

Normal punishment for rape is minimum 7 to 10 years imprisonment and maximum life imprisonment and fine. Punishment for raping one's own wife, who is not under 12 years, is two years imprisonment or fine or both.

Public Interest Litigation

The Supreme Court has decreed that any citizen, can on behalf of any other person, petition the Court regarding any serious matter which involves the fundamental rights of a citizen of India. Even a letter addressed to the Court can be treated as a petition on which *suo moto* action can be initiated.

Lok Adalats

To redress the grievances or complaints of common citizens who wish to avoid lengthy, complicated, expensive court procedures, provision has been made to dispense justice through *Lok Adalats* or People's Courts, wherein a bench of judges (or tribunal) listens to the petitions and dispenses justice at the same time in accordance with law. This is a way of Courts moving out to people to provide speedy justice to the common man, and reducing the load of cases pending in Courts. Cases which pertain to minor charges can be settled out of Court in an informal atmosphere.

Legislative Measures

The special enactments and legislation to safeguard women and their interests specifically are:

1. The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948
2. The Plantation Labour Act, 1951
3. The Family Courts Act, 1954
4. The Special Marriage Act, 1954

5. The Hindu Marriage Act, 1956
6. The Hindu Succession Act, 1956
7. Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 1956
8. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Amended in 1995)
9. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961
10. The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971
11. The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition), 1976
12. The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
13. The Child Marriage Restraint (Amendment) Act, 1979
14. The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 1983
15. The Factory Amendment) Act, 1986
16. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibition) Act, 1986
17. Commission of Sati (Prevention) Act, 1987
18. Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place, 1999

Child Rape

The incidence of crime against children was 10469 in 2002 compared to 10,814 in 2001, reporting a decline of 3.2 per cent. Among IPC Crimes, rape cases increased by 19.8 per cent, from 2113 cases in 2001 to 2532 cases in 2002. The incidence of child rape is given in Table 87.

Table 87: Victims of Rape by Age Group, 1991-2001

S.No.	Year	Age Group		Share of Child Rape Victims to Total Rape Victims (%)
		Below 10 years	10-16 years	
1.	1991	1099	2630	35.8
2.	1992	532	2581	26.5
3.	1993	634	2759	27.8
4.	1994	734	3244	30.2
5.	1995	747	3320	29.5
6.	1996*	608	3475	27.5
7.	1997*	770	3644	28.8
8.	1998*	646	3507	27.4
9.	1999*	731	2422 \$	20.4
10.	2000*	744	2388 \$	19.0
11.	2001**	530**	1440 **	
		(10-14 Years)		
12.	2002***	3911 **		
		(14-18 Years)		
12.	2002***	411***	854 ***	14.90
		(10-14 Years)		
		1325 ***		
		(14-18 Years)		

Notes : \$ Age Group 11-15 Years

Sources : UNFPA. (2000). Adolescents in India: A Profile. New Delhi. P.18.

* India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2002). Crime in India 2000. New Delhi. P.212

** India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2003). Crime in India 2001. New Delhi P.273

*** India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002 Delhi P.283

The incidence and rate of crime committed against children is given in Table 88.

Table 88: Incidence and Rate of Crimes Committed against Children, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Incidence	Percentage Contribution to All -India Total	Estimated Mid-Year Population (in lakhs) @	Rate of Total Cognizable Crimes
	India	10469	100.0	10506.40	1.0
1.	Andhra Pradesh	333	3.2	769.15	0.4
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	6	0.1	11.15	0.5
3.	Assam	14	0.1	272.47	0.1
4.	Bihar	57	0.5	851.71	0.1
5.	Chhattisgarh	733	7.0	213.03	3.4
6.	Delhi	697	6.7	143.83	4.8
7.	Goa	31	0.3	13.88	2.2
8.	Gujarat	710	6.8	517.89	1.4
9.	Haryana	235	2.2	216.44	1.1
10.	Himachal Pradesh	91	0.9	61.78	1.5
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	42	0.4	104.40	0.4
12.	Jharkhand	111	1.1	275.43	0.4
13.	Karnataka	114	1.1	536.81	0.2
14.	Kerala	406	3.9	322.70	1.3
15.	Madhya Pradesh	2329	22.2	620.72	3.8
16.	Maharashtra	1860	17.8	988.26	1.9
17.	Manipur	0	0.0	24.43	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	23	0.2	23.58	1.0
19.	Mizoram	2	0.0	9.10	0.2
20.	Nagaland	16	0.2	20.47	0.8
21.	Orissa	56	0.5	373.43	0.1
22.	Punjab	161	1.5	247.71	0.6
23.	Rajasthan	204	1.9	581.25	0.4
24.	Sikkim	6	0.1	5.53	1.1
25.	Tamil Nadu	135	1.3	629.43	0.2
26.	Tripura	0	0.0	32.47	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1826	17.4	1708.10	1.1
28.	Uttaranchal	27	0.3	86.76	0.3
29.	West Bengal	175	1.7	817.07	0.2
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3	0.0	3.65	0.8
31.	Chandigarh	49	0.5	9.32	5.3
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0.0	2.28	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	0	0.0	1.64	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0.0	0.62	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	17	0.2	9.91	1.7

Notes: @ Based on actual Census 2001 1 lakh = 100,000
Rate of total cognizable crime : Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants.

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 295.

The incidence of murder and infanticide of children is given in Table 89.

Table 89: Crime against Children - Murder, Infanticide and Other Murder, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UT	Estimated Mid-Year Population (in lakhs) @	Murder			Infanticide			Other Murder		
			I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
	India	10506.40	1188	100.0	0.1	115	100.0	0.0	1073	100.0	0.1
1.	Andhra Pradesh	769.15	43	3.6	0.1	1	0.9	0.0	42	3.9	0.1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11.15	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	272.47	2	0.2	0.0	1	0.9	0.0	1	0.1	0.0
4.	Bihar	851.71	10	0.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	10	0.9	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	213.03	28	2.4	0.1	6	5.2	0.0	22	2.1	0.1
6.	Delhi	143.83	29	2.4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	29	2.7	0.2
7.	Goa	13.88	2	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.2	0.1
8.	Gujarat	517.89	68	5.7	0.1	4	3.5	0.0	64	6.0	0.1
9.	Haryana	216.44	22	1.9	0.1	6	5.2	0.0	16	1.5	0.1
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61.78	5	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	5	0.5	0.1
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	104.40	2	0.2	0.0	1	0.9	0.0	1	0.1	0.0
12.	Jharkhand	275.43	3	0.3	0.0	1	0.9	0.0	2	0.2	0.0
13.	Karnataka	536.81	28	2.4	0.1	3	2.6	0.0	25	2.3	0.0
14.	Kerala	322.70	64	5.4	0.2	1	0.9	0.0	63	5.9	0.2
15.	Madhya Pradesh	620.72	94	7.9	0.2	18	15.7	0.0	76	7.1	0.1
16.	Maharashtra	988.26	248	20.9	0.3	24	20.9	0.0	224	20.9	0.2
17.	Manipur	24.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	23.58	3	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.3	0.1
19.	Mizoram	9.10	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	20.47	9	0.8	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	9	0.8	0.4
21.	Orissa	373.43	7	0.6	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	7	0.7	0.0
22.	Punjab	247.71	13	1.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	13	1.2	0.1
23.	Rajasthan	581.25	20	1.7	0.0	2	1.7	0.0	18	1.7	0.0
24.	Sikkim	5.53	2	0.2	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.2	0.4
25.	Tamil Nadu	629.43	45	3.8	0.1	16	13.9	0.0	29	2.7	0.0
26.	Tripura	32.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1708.10	424	35.7	0.2	30	26.1	0.0	394	36.7	0.2
28.	Uttaranchal	86.76	7	0.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	7	0.7	0.1
29.	West Bengal	817.07	4	0.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	4	0.4	0.0
	Union Territories										
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.65	1	0.1	0.3	1	0.9	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	9.32	3	0.3	0.3	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.3	0.3
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.28	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	1.64	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0.62	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	9.91	2	0.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	2	0.2	0.2

Notes: @ Based on actual Census 2001 I- Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate
Rate: Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants 1 Lakh = 1,00,000

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 297.

The incidence of rape, kidnapping and abduction, and foeticide of children is given in Table 90.

Table 90: Crime against Children - Rape, Kidnapping and Abduction, and Foeticide, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UT	Estimated Mid-Year Population (in lakhs) @	Rape			Kidnapping and Abduction			Foeticide		
			I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
	India	10506.40	2532	100	0.2	2322	100.0	0.2	84	100.0	0.0
1.	Andhra Pradesh	769.15	137	5.4	0.2	86	3.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11.15	3	0.1	0.3	3	0.1	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	272.47	3	0.1	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
4.	Bihar	851.71	3	0.1	0.0	26	1.1	0.0	1	1.2	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	213.03	182	7.2	0.9	45	1.9	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
6.	Delhi	143.83	138	5.5	1.0	426	18.3	3.0	20	23.8	0.1
7.	Goa	13.88	7	0.3	0.5	4	0.2	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
8.	Gujarat	517.89	67	2.6	0.1	273	11.8	0.5	9	10.7	0.0
9.	Haryana	216.44	84	3.3	0.4	54	2.3	0.2	6	7.1	0.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61.78	26	1.0	0.4	24	1.0	0.4	6	7.1	0.1
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	104.40	7	0.3	0.1	23	1.0	0.2	2	2.4	0.4
12.	Jharkhand	275.43	43	1.7	0.2	21	0.9	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
13.	Karnataka	536.81	19	0.8	0.0	23	1.0	0.0	7	8.3	0.0
14.	Kerala	322.70	186	7.3	0.6	65	2.8	0.2	2	2.4	0.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	620.72	517	20.4	0.8	154	6.6	0.2	4	4.8	0.0
16.	Maharashtra	988.26	491	19.4	0.5	275	11.8	0.3	10	11.9	0.0
17.	Manipur	24.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	23.58	16	0.6	0.7	4	0.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	9.10	2	0.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	20.47	6	0.2	0.3	1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	373.43	21	0.8	0.1	8	0.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
22.	Punjab	247.71	52	2.1	0.2	62	2.7	0.3	10	11.9	0.0
23.	Rajasthan	581.25	38	1.5	0.1	52	2.2	0.1	6	7.1	0.0
24.	Sikkim	5.53	4	0.2	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	629.43	29	1.1	0.0	29	1.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
26.	Tripura	32.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1708.10	416	16.4	0.2	539	23.2	0.3	1	1.2	0.0
28.	Uttaranchal	86.76	8	0.3	0.1	3	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
29.	West Bengal	817.07	16	0.6	0.0	94	4.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
	Union Territories										
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.65	1	0.0	0.3	1	0.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	9.32	6	0.2	0.6	22	0.9	2.4	0	0.0	0.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.28	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	1.64	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0.62	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	9.91	4	0.2	0.4	4	0.2	0.4	0	0.0	0.0

Notes: @ Based on actual Census 2001 I- Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate
Rate: Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants 1 Lakh = 1,00,000

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 297, 299.

The incidence of abetment of suicide, exposure and abandonment, and child marriage is given in Table 91.

Table 91: Crime against Children – Abetment of Suicide, Exposure and Abandonment, and Child Marriage Restraint Act, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UT	Estimated Mid-Year Population (in lakhs) @	Abetment of Suicide			Exposure and Abandonment			Child Marriage Restraint Act		
			I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
	India	10506.40	24	100.0	0.0	644	100.0	0.1	113	100.0	0.0
1.	Andhra Pradesh	769.15	13	54.2	0.0	5	0.8	0.0	6	5.3	0.0
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11.15	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	272.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.9	0.0
4.	Bihar	851.71	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2	0.0	1	0.9	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	213.03	1	4.2	0.0	17	2.6	0.1	26	23.0	0.1
6.	Delhi	143.83	0	0.0	0.0	29	4.5	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
7.	Goa	13.88	0	0.0	0.0	5	0.8	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
8.	Gujarat	517.89	1	4.2	0.0	76	11.8	0.1	38	33.6	0.1
9.	Haryana	216.44	0	0.0	0.0	15	2.3	0.1	1	0.9	0.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61.78	0	0.0	0.0	8	1.2	0.1	3	2.7	0.0
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	104.40	0	0.0	0.0	4	0.6	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12.	Jharkhand	275.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
13.	Karnataka	536.81	0	0.0	0.0	10	1.6	0.0	1	0.9	0.0
14.	Kerala	322.70	0	0.0	0.0	9	1.4	0.0	6	5.3	0.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	620.72	1	4.2	0.0	91	14.1	0.1	2	1.8	0.0
16.	Maharashtra	988.26	6	25.0	0.0	282	43.8	0.3	18	15.9	0.0
17.	Manipur	24.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	23.58	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	9.10	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	20.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	373.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
22.	Punjab	247.71	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.9	0.0
23.	Rajasthan	581.25	0	0.0	0.0	79	12.3	0.1	7	6.2	0.0
24.	Sikkim	5.53	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	629.43	0	0.0	0.0	5	0.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
26.	Tripura	32.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1708.10	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	2	1.8	0.0
28.	Uttaranchal	86.76	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
29.	West Bengal	817.07	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	Union Territories										
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.65	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	9.32	1	4.2	0.1	8	1.2	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.28	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	1.64	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0.62	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	9.91	1	4.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

Notes: @ Based on actual Census 2001 I-Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate
Rate: Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants 1 Lakh = 1,00,000

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 297, 299, 301.

The incidence of procuring minor girls, and buying and selling of minor girls for prostitution is given in Table 92.

Table 92: Crime against Children – Procurement of Minor Girls, Buying of Girls for Prostitution, and Selling of Girls for Prostitution, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UT	Estimated Mid-Year Population (in lakhs) @	Procurement of Minor Girls			Buying of Girls for Prostitution			Selling of Girls for Prostitution		
			I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
	India	10506.40	124	100.0	0.0	9	100.0	0.0	5	100.0	0.0
1.	Andhra Pradesh	769.15	9	7.3	0.0	1	11.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11.15	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	272.47	6	4.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
4.	Bihar	851.71	9	7.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	213.03	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
6.	Delhi	143.83	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
7.	Goa	13.88	2	1.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
8.	Gujarat	517.89	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
9.	Haryana	216.44	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	20.0	0.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61.78	3	2.4	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	104.40	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12.	Jharkhand	275.43	5	4.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
13.	Karnataka	536.81	7	5.6	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	20.0	0.0
14.	Kerala	322.70	6	4.8	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	620.72	5	4.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	20.0	0.0
16.	Maharashtra	988.26	34	27.4	0.0	8	88.9	0.0	1	20.0	0.0
17.	Manipur	24.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	23.58	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	9.10	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	20.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	373.43	4	3.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
22.	Punjab	247.71	5	4.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
23.	Rajasthan	581.25	2	1.6	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
24.	Sikkim	5.53	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	629.43	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
26.	Tripura	32.47	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1708.10	4	3.2	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
28.	Uttaranchal	86.76	9	7.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
29.	West Bengal	817.07	14	11.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	1	20.0	0.0
	Union Territories										
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.65	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	9.32	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.28	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	1.64	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0.62	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	9.91	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

Notes: @ Based on actual Census 2001 I-Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate
Rate: Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants 1 Lakh = 1,00,000

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 297, 299, 301.

Other miscellaneous crimes against children include immoral trafficking and child labour. The incidence of other crime against children is given in Table 93.

Table 93: Crime against Children – Other Miscellaneous Crime Against Children, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Estimated Mid-Year Population (in lakhs) @	Other Miscellaneous Crime		
			I	P	R
	India	10506.40	3424	100.0	0.3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	769.15	33	1.0	0.0
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11.15	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	272.47	1	0.0	0.0
4.	Bihar	851.71	6	0.2	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	213.03	434	12.7	2.0
6.	Delhi	143.83	55	1.6	0.4
7.	Goa	13.88	11	0.3	0.8
8.	Gujarat	517.89	178	5.2	0.3
9.	Haryana	216.44	52	1.5	0.2
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61.78	16	0.5	0.3
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	104.40	4	0.1	0.0
12.	Jharkhand	275.43	39	1.1	0.1
13.	Karnataka	536.81	18	0.5	0.0
14.	Kerala	322.70	68	2.0	0.2
15.	Madhya Pradesh	620.72	1460	42.6	2.4
16.	Maharashtra	988.26	487	14.2	0.5
17.	Manipur	24.43	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	23.58	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	9.10	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	20.47	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	373.43	16	0.5	0.0
22.	Punjab	247.71	18	0.5	0.1
23.	Rajasthan	581.25	0	0.0	0.0
24.	Sikkim	5.53	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	629.43	27	0.8	0.0
26.	Tripura	32.47	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1708.10	440	12.9	0.3
28.	Uttaranchal	86.76	0	0.0	0.0
29.	West Bengal	817.07	46	1.3	0.1
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.65	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	9.32	9	0.3	1.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.28	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	1.64	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0.62	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	9.91	6	0.2	0.6

Notes: @ Based on actual Census 2001 I- Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate
Rate: Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants 1 Lakh = 1,00,000
Other Miscellaneous Crime includes immoral traffic and child labour.

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 297, 301.

Crime against Women

Despite the existence of a number of legislations for providing protection to women, crime against women has increased. A total of 1,47,678 crimes against women were reported in 2002 compared to 1,43,795 during 2001, recording an increased of 2.7 per cent during 2002.

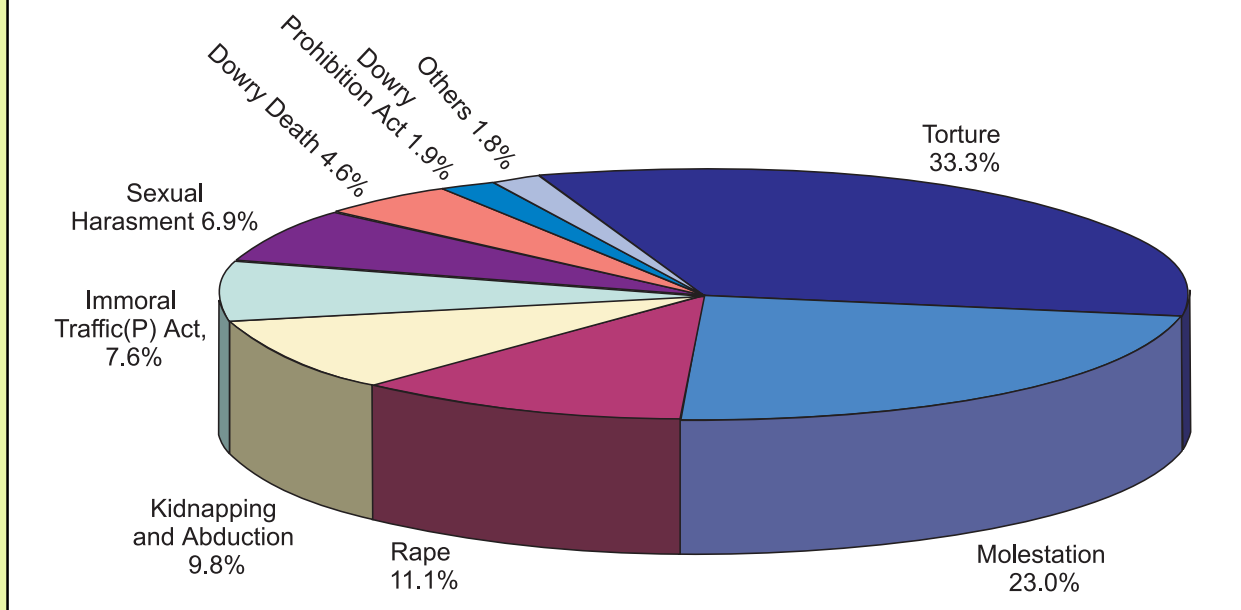
The incidence of various crimes against women is given in Table 94.

Table 94: Crime Against Women, 2002

S.No.	Crime Head	Year		Percentage Variation in 2002 over 2001
		2001	2002	
1.	Rape	16,075	16,373	1.8
2.	Kidnapping and Abduction	14,645	14,506	-0.9
3.	Dowry Death	6,851	6,822	-0.4
4.	Torture	49,170	49,237	0.1
5.	Molestation	34,124	33,943	-0.5
6.	Sexual Harassment	9,746	10,155	4.2
7.	Importation of Girls	114	76	-33.3
8.	Sati Prevention Act	0	0	-
9.	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	8,796	11,242	27.8
10.	Indecent Representation of Women (P) Act	1052	2,508	138.4
11.	Dowry Prohibition Act	3,222	2,816	-12.6
	Total	1,43,795	1,47,678	2.7

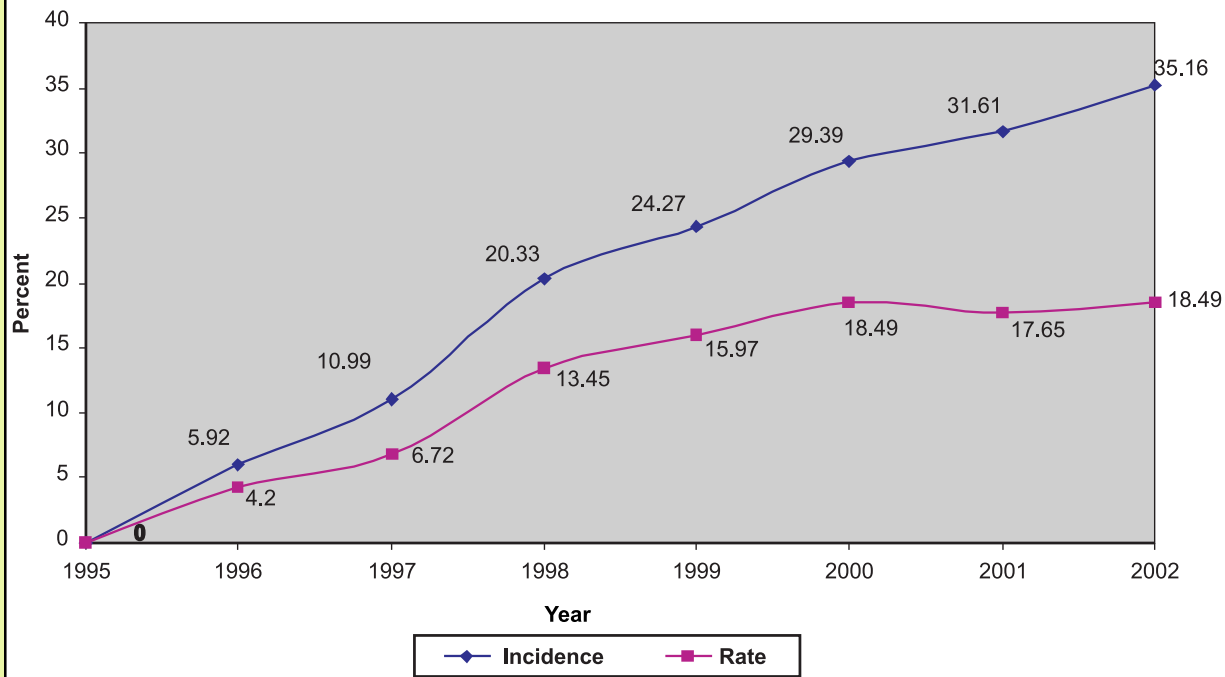
Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 266.

Figure 4 : Crime against Women (Percentage) Distribution, 2002



Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 267.

Figure 5: Increase in Crime against Women (Percentage), 1995-2002



Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 267.

The incidence and rate of crime against women in the various States and Union Territories is given in Table 95.

Table 95: Incidence and Rate of Crime Committed Against Women in States and Union Territories, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UT	Estimated Mid-Year Population (In Lakhs) @	Incidence (I)	Percentage Contribution to All-India Total (P)	Rate of Total Cognizable Crimes (R)
	India	10506.4	147678	100.0	14.1
1.	Andhra Pradesh	769.2	18880	12.8	24.5
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	11.2	159	0.1	14.3
3.	Assam	272.5	5092	3.4	18.7
4.	Bihar	851.7	5743	3.9	6.7
5.	Chhattisgarh	213.0	8182	5.5	38.4
6.	Delhi	143.8	2216	1.5	15.4
7.	Goa	13.9	76	0.1	5.5
8.	Gujarat	517.9	5373	3.6	10.4
9.	Haryana	216.4	4385	3.0	20.3
10.	Himachal Pradesh	61.8	838	0.6	13.6
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	104.4	2016	1.4	19.3
12.	Jharkhand	275.4	2490	1.7	9.0
13.	Karnataka	536.8	6170	4.2	11.5
14.	Kerala	322.7	5829	3.9	18.1
15.	Madhya Pradesh	620.7	15260	10.3	24.6
16.	Maharashtra	988.3	11322	7.7	11.5
17.	Manipur	24.4	170	0.1	7.0
18.	Meghalaya	23.6	71	0.0	3.0
19.	Mizoram	9.1	154	0.1	16.9
20.	Nagaland	20.5	26	0.0	1.3
21.	Orissa	373.4	4779	3.2	12.8
22.	Punjab	247.7	2295	1.6	9.3
23.	Rajasthan	581.3	12049	8.2	20.7
24.	Sikkim	5.5	28	0.0	5.1
25.	Tamil Nadu	629.4	9798	6.6	15.6
26.	Tripura	32.5	536	0.4	16.5
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1708.1	15647	10.6	9.2
28.	Uttaranchal	86.8	870	0.6	10.0
29.	West Bengal	817.1	6842	4.6	8.4
	Union Territories				
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	3.7	27	0.0	7.4
31.	Chandigarh	9.3	189	0.1	20.3
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2.3	15	0.0	6.6
33.	Daman & Diu	1.6	8	0.0	4.9
34.	Lakshadweep	0.6	2	0.0	3.2
35.	Pondicherry	9.9	141	0.1	14.2

Notes: @ Based on Census 2001

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 271.

The incidence of rape cases and victims by age groups in States and Union Territories is given in Table 96.

Table 96: Age Group-wise Victims of Rape Cases (Total), 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	No. of Cases Reported	No. of Victims						Total Victims
			Upto 10 Years	10-14 Years	14-18 Years	18-30 Years	30-50 Years	Above 50 Years	
	India	16373	411	854	1325	10730	2992	66	16378
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1002	35	67	35	709	148	8	1002
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	38	0	0	3	30	5	0	38
3.	Assam	970	0	0	3	621	346	0	970
4.	Bihar	1040	0	2	2	805	231	0	1040
5.	Chhattisgarh	992	26	131	25	652	147	11	992
6.	Delhi	403	35	54	52	217	49	0	407
7.	Goa	12	1	3	3	4	1	0	12
8.	Gujarat	267	16	16	43	176	17	0	268
9.	Haryana	361	29	49	6	237	39	1	361
10.	Himachal Pradesh	137	5	5	16	71	36	4	137
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	192	0	0	7	140	44	1	192
12.	Jharkhand	797	0	0	43	676	78	0	797
13.	Karnataka	292	3	10	6	218	54	1	292
14.	Kerala	499	25	29	132	265	45	3	499
15.	Madhya Pradesh	2891	80	185	252	1549	811	14	2891
16.	Maharashtra	1352	63	130	319	693	140	7	1352
17.	Manipur	14	0	0	0	14	0	0	14
18.	Meghalaya	38	3	9	22	4	0	0	38
19.	Mizoram	76	0	1	1	52	13	9	76
20.	Nagaland	17	2	1	3	11	0	0	17
21.	Orissa	691	12	9	0	614	56	0	691
22.	Punjab	299	8	12	32	213	33	1	299
23.	Rajasthan	1051	5	8	25	788	220	5	1051
24.	Sikkim	6	0	2	2	2	0	0	6
25.	Tamil Nadu	534	15	8	6	465	39	1	534
26.	Tripura	108	0	0	0	98	10	0	108
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1415	38	111	271	775	220	0	1415
28.	Uttaranchal	89	2	4	2	66	15	0	89
29.	West Bengal	759	5	3	8	552	191	0	759
	Union Territories								
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
31.	Chandigarh	18	1	4	1	9	3	0	18
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	4
33.	Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34.	Lakshadweep	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
35.	Pondicherry	6	1	0	3	2	0	0	6

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 283.

DOWRY

Dowry, as defined in the Act, means any property or valuable security given or agreed to be given either directly or indirectly (a) by one party to a marriage to the other party to the marriage; or (b) by the persons of either party to a marriage or by any other person, to either party to the marriage or to any other person; at or before ³[or any time after the marriage] ⁴[in connection with the marriage of said parties but does not include] dower or *meher* in the case of persons to whom the Muslim Personal Law (Shariat) applies.

Punishment for Giving or Accepting Dowry : The person or persons guilty of giving or accepting dowry may be imprisoned for a minimum of five years and fined not less than Rs.15,000 or the amount of the value of the dowry – whichever is more.

Death of a woman is known as **dowry death**, when it is caused by any burns or bodily injury or occurs otherwise than under normal circumstances within seven years of her marriage and it is shown that soon before her death she was subjected to cruelty or harassment by her husband or any relative of her husband for, or in connection with, any demand for dowry.

Punishment for Dowry Death : A person guilty and convicted for dowry death can be jailed from seven years to life (20 years).

The incidence of dowry deaths, cases registered under Dowry Prohibition Act, and cruelty by husband and relatives is given in Table 97.

Table 97 : Crime against Women – Dowry Deaths, Cruelty by Husband and Relatives, and Dowry Prohibition Act, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Dowry Deaths			Cruelty by Husband and Relatives			Dowry Prohibition Act		
		I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
	India	6822	100.0	0.6	49237	100.0	4.7	2816	100.0	0.3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	449	6.6	0.6	7018	14.3	9.1	460	16.3	0.6
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0.0	0.0	13	0.0	1.2	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	70	1.0	0.3	1694	3.4	6.2	64	2.3	0.2
4.	Bihar	927	13.6	1.1	1577	3.2	1.9	779	27.7	0.9
5.	Chhattisgarh	85	1.2	0.4	653	1.3	3.1	12	0.4	0.1
6.	Delhi	135	2.0	0.9	135	0.3	0.9	7	0.2	0.0
7.	Goa	2	0.0	0.1	8	0.0	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
8.	Gujarat	62	0.9	0.1	3321	6.7	6.4	1	0.0	0.0
9.	Haryana	256	3.8	1.2	1565	3.2	7.2	3	0.1	0.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	6	0.1	0.1	234	0.5	3.8	5	0.2	0.1
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	18	0.3	0.2	54	0.1	0.5	0	0.0	0.0

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Dowry Deaths			Cruelty by Husband and Relatives			Dowry Prohibition Act		
		I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
12.	Jharkhand	275	4.0	1.0	588	1.2	2.1	199	7.1	0.7
13.	Karnataka	233	3.4	0.4	1826	3.7	3.4	383	13.6	0.7
14.	Kerala	17	0.2	0.1	2836	5.8	8.8	3	0.1	0.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	674	9.9	1.1	3117	6.3	5.0	24	0.9	0.0
16.	Maharashtra	303	4.4	0.3	5353	10.9	5.4	23	0.8	0.0
17.	Manipur	0	0.0	0.0	10	0.0	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	248	3.6	0.7	1167	2.4	3.1	424	15.1	1.1
22.	Punjab	166	2.4	0.7	944	1.9	3.8	0	0.0	0.0
23.	Rajasthan	399	5.8	0.7	5691	11.6	9.8	6	0.2	0.0
24.	Sikkim	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	243	3.6	0.4	1052	2.1	1.7	125	4.4	0.2
26.	Tripura	16	0.2	0.5	236	0.5	7.3	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1893	27.7	1.1	5679	11.5	3.3	288	10.2	0.2
28.	Uttaranchal	66	1.0	0.8	316	0.6	3.6	1	0.0	0.0
29.	West Bengal	273	4.0	0.3	4069	8.3	5.0	6	0.2	0.0
	Union Territories									
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	0.0	0.0	4	0.0	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	1	0.0	0.1	56	0.1	6.0	0	0.0	0.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	1.3	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	0	0.0	0.0	3	0.0	1.8	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	5	0.1	0.5	9	0.0	0.9	3	0.1	0.3

Notes: I-Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate
Rate: Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 273, 277.

The incidence of kidnapping and abduction, molestation, eve-teasing, and indecent representation of women is given in Table 98.

Table 98 : Crime against Women – Kidnapping and Abduction, Molestation, Eve-Teasing, and Indecent Representation of Women (P) Act, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Kidnapping & Abduction			Molestation			Eve-Teasing and Sexual Harassment			Indecent Representation of Women (P) Act		
		I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R	I	P	R
	India	14506	100.0	1.4	33943	100.0	3.2	10155	100.0	1.0	2508	100.0	0.2
1.	Andhra Pradesh	854	5.9	1.1	3799	11.2	4.9	2024	19.9	2.6	2403	95.8	3.1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	38	0.3	3.4	68	0.2	6.1	2	0.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	1276	8.8	4.7	984	2.9	3.6	7	0.1	0.0	3	0.1	0.0
4.	Bihar	744	5.1	0.9	621	1.8	0.7	6	0.1	0.0	1	0.0	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	154	1.1	0.7	1483	4.4	7.0	147	1.4	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
6.	Delhi	893	6.2	6.2	446	1.3	3.1	128	1.3	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
7.	Goa	5	0.0	0.4	18	0.1	1.3	6	0.1	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
8.	Gujarat	807	5.6	1.6	750	2.2	1.4	104	1.0	0.2	4	0.2	0.0
9.	Haryana	290	2.0	1.3	454	1.3	2.1	1424	14.0	6.6	0	0.0	0.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	116	0.8	1.9	326	1.0	5.3	12	0.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	596	4.1	5.7	785	2.3	7.5	368	3.6	3.5	0	0.0	0.0
12.	Jharkhand	178	1.2	0.6	411	1.2	1.5	3	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
13.	Karnataka	300	2.1	0.6	1648	4.9	3.1	100	1.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
14.	Kerala	91	0.6	0.3	2123	6.3	6.6	102	1.0	0.3	26	1.0	0.1
15.	Madhya Pradesh	639	4.4	1.0	7118	21.0	11.5	783	7.7	1.3	0	0.0	0.0
16.	Maharashtra	650	4.4	0.7	2686	7.9	2.7	769	7.6	0.8	4	0.2	0.0
17.	Manipur	82	0.6	3.4	58	0.2	2.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	10	0.1	0.4	23	0.1	1.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	2	0.0	0.2	73	0.2	8.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	4	0.0	0.2	1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	432	3.0	1.2	1605	4.7	4.3	188	1.9	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
22.	Punjab	354	2.4	1.4	341	1.0	1.4	145	1.4	0.6	8	0.3	0.0
23.	Rajasthan	2019	13.9	3.5	2730	8.0	4.7	44	0.4	0.1	54	2.2	0.1
24.	Sikkim	2	0.0	0.4	17	0.1	3.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	714	4.9	1.1	1877	5.5	3.0	1718	16.9	2.7	5	0.2	0.0
26.	Tripura	48	0.3	1.5	128	0.4	3.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	2298	15.8	1.3	2145	6.3	1.3	1887	18.6	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
28.	Uttaranchal	155	1.1	1.8	145	0.4	1.7	97	1.0	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
29.	West Bengal	694	4.8	0.8	964	2.8	1.2	34	0.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
	Union Territories												
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1	0.0	0.3	17	0.1	4.7	3	0.0	0.8	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	47	0.3	5.0	36	0.1	3.9	28	0.3	3.0	0	0.0	0.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5	0.0	2.2	3	0.0	1.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	2	0.0	1.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0.0	0.0	1	0.0	1.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	6	0.0	0.6	59	0.2	6.0	26	0.3	2.6	0	0.0	0.0

Notes: I-Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate Rate :Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 273, 275, 277.

The incidence of crimes under Immoral Traffic (P) Act, and Importation of Girls is given in Table 99.

Table 99: Crime against Women – Immoral Traffic (P) Act, and Importation of Girls, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Immoral Traffic (P) Act			Importation of Girls		
		(I)	(P)	(R)	(I)	(P)	(R)
	India	11242	100.0	1.1	76	100.0	0.0
1.	Andhra Pradesh	871	7.7	1.1	0	0.0	0.0
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
3.	Assam	24	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
4.	Bihar	10	0.1	0.0	38	50.0	0.0
5.	Chhattisgarh	4656	41.4	21.9	0	0.0	0.0
6.	Delhi	69	0.6	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
7.	Goa	25	0.2	1.8	0	0.0	0.0
8.	Gujarat	57	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
9.	Haryana	32	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
10.	Himachal Pradesh	2	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	3	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
12.	Jharkhand	3	0.0	0.0	36	47.4	0.1
13.	Karnataka	1388	12.3	2.6	0	0.0	0.0
14.	Kerala	132	1.2	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
15.	Madhya Pradesh	14	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
16.	Maharashtra	182	1.6	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
17.	Manipur	6	0.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
18.	Meghalaya	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
19.	Mizoram	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	Nagaland	4	0.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
21.	Orissa	24	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
22.	Punjab	38	0.3	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
23.	Rajasthan	55	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
24.	Sikkim	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
25.	Tamil Nadu	3530	31.4	5.6	0	0.0	0.0
26.	Tripura	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	42	0.4	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
28.	Uttaranchal	0	0.0	0.0	1	1.3	0.0
29.	West Bengal	42	0.4	0.1	1	1.3	0.0
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
31.	Chandigarh	3	0.0	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
33.	Daman & Diu	3	0.0	1.8	0	0.0	0.0
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
35.	Pondicherry	27	0.2	2.7	0	0.0	0.0

Notes: I-Incidence P-Percentage R-Rate Rate :Number of crimes per 1,00,000 inhabitants

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 275, 277.

Although crime is mainly committed by males, females are also involved in criminal activities. Persons arrested under various IPC Crimes gender-wise are given in Table 100.

Table 100: Persons Arrested under IPC Crimes (Crime Head-Wise and Gender- Wise), 2002

S. No.	Crime Head	Male	Female	Total	Percentage to Total	
					Male	Female
1.	Murder	71438	3589	75027	95.2	4.8
2.	Attempt to Commit Murder	75587	2225	77812	97.1	2.9
3.	C.H. Not Amounting to Murder	6925	142	7067	98.0	2.0
4.	Rape	20780	456	21236	97.9	2.1
	i) Custodial Rape	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
	ii) Other Rape	20780	456	21236	97.9	2.1
5.	Kidnapping and Abduction	28975	1753	30728	94.3	5.7
	i) Of Women and Girls	16867	1354	18221	92.6	7.4
	ii) Of Others	12108	399	12507	96.8	3.2
6.	Dacoity	23303	174	23477	99.3	0.7
7.	Preparation and Assembly for Dacoity	8061	2	8063	100.0	0.0
8.	Robbery	27437	140	27577	99.5	0.5
9.	Burglary	63478	1200	64678	98.1	1.9
10.	Theft	158524	4951	163475	97.0	3.0
	i) Auto Theft	30227	229	30456	99.2	0.8
	ii) Other Theft	128297	4722	133019	96.5	3.5
11.	Riots	355577	19422	374999	94.8	5.2
12.	Criminal Breach of Trust	15033	478	15511	96.9	3.1
13.	Cheating	43890	1786	45676	96.1	3.9
14.	Counterfeiting	2197	69	2266	97.0	3.0
15.	Arson	17902	315	18217	98.3	1.7
16.	Hurt	451234	30910	482144	93.6	6.4
17.	Dowry Death	14021	4325	18346	76.4	23.6
18.	Molestation	42493	668	43161	98.5	1.5
19.	Sexual Harassment	12540	158	12698	98.8	1.2
20.	Cruelty by Husband And Relatives	87472	25484	112956	77.4	22.6
21.	Importation Of Girls	89	12	101	88.1	11.9
22.	Causing Death by Negligence	57386	165	57551	99.7	0.3
23.	Other IPC Crimes	965893	47884	1013777	95.3	4.7
	Total Cognizable Crimes under IPC	2550235	146308	2696543	94.6	5.4

Notes: IPC: Indian Penal Code CH: Culpable Homicide

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 489.

Women arrested under Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes state-wise are given in Table 101.

Table 101: Persons Arrested for Total Cognizable Crimes under IPC, 2002

S. No.	India/States/UTs	Total Cognizable Crimes under IPC			Percentage of Female to Total
		Male	Female	Total	
	India	2550235	146308	2696543	5.4
1	Andhra Pradesh	182584	14077	196661	7.2
2	Arunachal Pradesh	2561	52	2613	2.0
3	Assam	52224	2364	54588	4.3
4	Bihar	208828	5620	214448	2.6
5	Chhattisgarh	49742	2262	52004	4.3
6	Delhi	42898	1674	44572	3.8
7	Goa	2597	137	2734	5.0
8	Gujarat	162360	10840	173200	6.3
9	Haryana	58023	2844	60867	4.7
10	Himachal Pradesh	16238	1976	18214	10.8
11	Jammu & Kashmir	23651	1241	24892	5.0
12	Jharkhand	36919	1908	38827	4.9
13	Karnataka	145025	11477	156502	7.3
14	Kerala	143891	5034	148925	3.4
15	Madhya Pradesh	304583	12853	317436	4.0
16	Maharashtra	244111	23440	267551	8.8
17	Manipur	1322	109	1431	7.6
18	Meghalaya	1514	30	1544	1.9
19	Mizoram	3073	219	3292	6.7
20	Nagaland	971	20	991	2.0
21	Orissa	73057	3619	76676	4.7
22	Punjab	43073	2762	45835	6.0
23	Rajasthan	175350	13579	188929	7.2
24	Sikkim	216	60	276	21.7
25	Tamil Nadu	202974	14616	217590	6.7
26	Tripura	3996	80	4076	2.0
27	Uttar Pradesh	254240	6814	261054	2.6
28	Uttaranchal	12198	601	12799	4.7
29	West Bengal	91804	5223	97027	5.4
	Union Territories				
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	558	27	585	4.6
31	Chandigarh	2751	125	2876	4.3
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	457	8	465	1.7
33	Daman & Diu	284	29	313	9.3
34	Lakshadweep	15	0	15	0.0
35	Pondicherry	6147	588	6735	8.7

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 502.

Persons arrested for the heinous crime murder by sex in various States and UTs are given in Table 102.

Table 102 : Persons Arrested under IPC Crime Head Murder by Sex in States and UTs, 2002

S. No.	India/State/UTs	Murder			Attempt to Commit Murder			C.H. Not Amounting to Murder		
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
	India	71438	3589	75027	75587	2225	77812	6925	142	7067
1	Andhra Pradesh	5593	368	5961	3524	119	3643	286	6	292
2	Arunachal Pradesh	82	2	84	58	0	58	4	0	4
3	Assam	1805	86	1891	656	20	676	72	8	80
4	Bihar	8192	159	8351	8448	116	8564	736	8	744
5	Chhattisgarh	1344	142	1486	1150	26	1176	34	2	36
6	Delhi	613	43	656	767*	11	778	112	5	117
7	Goa	37	5	42	38	1	39	3	0	3
8	Gujarat	4872	160	5032	4973	121	5094	22	0	22
9	Haryana	1550	117	1667	1430	44	1474	149	4	153
10	Himachal Pradesh	184	17	201	149	11	160	7	0	7
11	Jammu & Kashmir	519	17	536	1352	46	1398	24	0	24
12	Jharkhand	1968	50	2018	1375	33	1408	115	3	118
13	Karnataka	2878	305	3183	4694	351	5045	85	4	89
14	Kerala	1141	46	1187	2485	34	2519	429	5	434
15	Madhya Pradesh	5069	245	5314	8143	226	8369	240	4	244
16	Maharashtra	5459	598	6057	5171	321	5492	157	8	165
17	Manipur	89	6	95	62	0	62	1	0	1
18	Meghalaya	162	8	170	47	0	47	1	0	1
19	Mizoram	59	2	61	22	0	22	4	0	4
20	Nagaland	74	2	76	27	0	27	3	0	3
21	Orissa	1874	227	2101	2460	57	2517	87	14	101
22	Punjab	1217	121	1338	1924	111	2035	137	11	148
23	Rajasthan	2077	182	2259	4966	260	5226	80	2	82
24	Sikkim	25	0	25	5	0	5	2	0	2
25	Tamil Nadu	3859	262	4121	6204	195	6399	39	1	40
26	Tripura	239	5	244	64	0	64	1	0	1
27	Uttar Pradesh	15916	198	16114	13801	71	13872	2910	21	2931
28	Uttaranchal	563	30	593	465	20	485	88	6	94
29	West Bengal	3808	178	3986	845	25	870	1079	30	1109
	Union Territories									
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	20	1	21	2	0	2	1	0	1
31	Chandigarh	60	1	61	88	4	92	12	0	12
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	13	0	13	3	0	3	0	0	0
33	Daman & Diu	10	2	12	3	0	3	0	0	0
34	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Pondicherry	67	4	71	186	2	188	5	0	5

Notes: CH: Culpable Homicide

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 491.

Persons arrested under various Special and Local Laws (SLL) Crimes gender-wise are given in Table 103.

Table 103: Persons Arrested under SLL Crimes by Crime Head and Sex-wise, 2002

S. No.	Crime Head	Persons Arrested			Percentage to Total	
		Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1.	Arms Act	69485	45	69530	99.9	0.1
2.	Narcotics Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act	26747	1723	28470	93.9	6.1
3.	Gambling Act	350337	312	350649	99.9	0.1
4.	Excise Act	125156	8072	133228	93.9	6.1
5.	Prohibition Act	365678	116448	482126	75.8	24.2
6.	Explosive and Explosive Substances Act	5609	32	5641	99.4	0.6
7.	Immoral Traffic (P) Act	7034	9666	16700	42.1	57.9
8.	Indian Railways Act	65071	2822	67893	95.8	4.2
9.	Registration of Foreigners Act	3491	460	3951	88.4	11.6
10.	Protection Of Civil Rights Act	1229	47	1276	96.3	3.7
	i) PCR Act for SCs	1205	46	1251	96.3	3.7
	ii) PCR Act for STs	24	1	25	96.0	4.0
11.	Indian Passport Act	1308	146	1454	90.0	10.0
12.	Essential Commodities Act	5103	36	5139	99.3	0.7
13.	Terrorist and Disruptive Activities Act	141	5	146	96.6	3.4
14.	Antiquity and Art Treasure Act	128	1	129	99.2	0.8
15.	Dowry Prohibition Act	5343	1336	6679	80.0	20.0
16.	Child Marriage Restraint Act	384	91	475	80.8	19.2
17.	Indecent Representation of Women (P) Act	1902	625	2527	75.3	24.7
18.	Copyrights Act	5429	30	5459	99.5	0.5
19.	Sati Prevention Act	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
20.	SC/ST (Prevention of Atrocities) Act	22583	831	23414	96.5	3.5
	i) Atrocities Act for SCs	19843	735	20578	96.4	3.6
	ii) Atrocities Act for STs	2740	96	2836	96.6	3.4
21.	Forest Act	8750	16	8766	99.8	0.2
22.	Other SLL Crimes	3049275	45662	3094937	98.5	1.5
	Total Cognizable Crimes Under SLL	4120183	188406	4308589	95.6	4.4

Notes: SLL: Special and Local Laws

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 504.

Persons arrested under various Special and Local Laws in States and UTs are given in Table 104

Table 104: Persons Arrested under Different SLL Crimes, 2002

S. No.	India/States/UTs	Total Cognizable Crimes under SLL			Percentage of Female to Total
		Male	Female	Total	
	India	4120183	188406	4308589	4.4
1	Andhra Pradesh	504721	10261	514982	2.0
2	Arunachal Pradesh	67	4	71	5.6
3	Assam	3720	246	3966	6.2
4	Bihar	15256	441	15697	2.8
5	Chhattisgarh	145654	2092	147746	1.4
6	Delhi	19522	2015	21537	9.4
7	Goa	2302	165	2467	6.7
8	Gujarat	150645	45047	195692	23.0
9	Haryana	32987	311	33298	0.9
10	Himachal Pradesh	4486	636	5122	12.4
11	Jammu & Kashmir	3039	38	3077	1.2
12	Jharkhand	2834	181	3015	6.0
13	Karnataka	38379	2923	41302	7.1
14	Kerala	49055	804	49859	1.6
15	Madhya Pradesh	247737	1891	249628	0.8
16	Maharashtra	233957	21377	255334	8.4
17	Manipur	863	86	949	9.1
18	Meghalaya	135	1	136	0.7
19	Mizoram	2419	598	3017	19.8
20	Nagaland	648	72	720	10.0
21	Orissa	13611	1051	14662	7.2
22	Punjab	28513	953	29466	3.2
23	Rajasthan	44837	710	45547	1.6
24	Sikkim	56	0	56	0.0
25	Tamil Nadu	606621	86721	693342	12.5
26	Tripura	247	0	247	0.0
27	Uttar Pradesh	597427	2006	599433	0.3
28	Uttaranchal	44472	554	45026	1.2
29	West Bengal	1319772	6406	1326178	0.5
	Union Territories				
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	4112	672	4784	14.0
31	Chandigarh	863	48	911	5.3
32	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	26	0	26	0.0
33	Daman & Diu	25	8	33	24.2
34	Lakshadweep	2	0	2	0.0
35	Pondicherry	1173	88	1261	7.0

Notes: SLL: Special and Local Laws

Sources: India, Ministry of Home Affairs, National Crime Records Bureau. (2004). Crime in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 516.

11. Gender Development Index

The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW), was adopted by the UN General Assembly in 1979 to attain the goal of **equal rights for women**. Consisting of a preamble and 30 articles, it defines what constitutes discriminations against women and sets up an agenda for national action to end such discrimination. According to the Convention, discrimination against women is "... any distinction, exclusion or restriction made on the basis of sex which has the effect or purpose of impairing or nullifying the recognition, enjoyment of exercise by women, irrespective of their marital status, on a basis of equality of men and women, of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field". The Convention ensures women's equal access to, and equal opportunities in, political and public life including right to vote and stand for election, as well as education and employment. It is the only human rights treaty which affirms the reproductive rights of women. The Convention, which entered into force on 3 September 1981, had till 31 May 1996, been ratified by 152 UN member states.

India ratified the Convention on 25 June 1993 with "Declaratory Statement" in respect of Articles 16(1) and Article 16(2) of the Convention and "Reservation" in respect of Article 29(1) of the Convention. Under Article 16(1) of the Convention, the Government of the Republic of India declared that it shall abide by and ensure these provisions in conformity with its policy of non-interference in the personal affairs of any community without its initiative and consent. Under Article 16(2) of the Convention, the Government of India declares that it agrees to the principle of compulsory registration of marriages. However, failure to get the marriage registered, will not invalidate the marriage, particularly in India, with its variety of customs, religions and literacy level. Article 29(1) of the Convention establishes compulsory arbitration or adjudication by the International Court of Justice of Disputes concerning interpretation. Government of India declares that it does not consider itself bound by paragraph 1 of this Article.

When India ratified the UN Convention to End Discrimination against Women in 1993, disaggregated data regarding the situation of women and girls was not available. Efforts were then initiated by the Government of India to collect disaggregated data on various indicators so that a clearer picture of the situation of women and girls vis-à-vis men and boys would emerge. Data at the district and sub-district level are required for planning programmes based on facts at the micro level. The Gender Development Index (GDI) of Indian women is illustrated by the statistics given below in Table 105.

Table 105: Gender Development Index, 2002

1.	Gender-related development index (GDI) Rank	103
	Gender-related development index (GDI) Value	0.572
	Life expectancy at birth (years), female, 2002	64.4
	Life expectancy at birth (years), male, 2002	63.1
	Adult literacy, male rate (% age 15 and above), 2002 ^a	69.0 ^m
	Adult literacy, female rate (% age 15 and above), 2002 ^a	46.4 ^m
	Combined gross enrolment ratio for primary, secondary and tertiary level schools, male (%), 2001/02 ^b	62 ^g
	Combined gross enrolment ratio for primary, secondary and tertiary level schools, female (%), 2001/02 ^b	48 ^g
	Estimated earned income (PPP US\$), female, 2002 ^c	1442
	Estimated earned income (PPP US\$), male, 2002 ^c	3820
	HDI rank minus GDI rank ^d	-1
2.	Gender empowerment measure	
	Female legislators, senior officials and managers ^{b1} (% of total)	..
	MDG Seats in parliament held by women ^{a1} (% of total)	9.3
	Gender empowerment measure (GEM) Value	..
	Gender empowerment measure (GEM) Rank	..
	Ratio of estimated female to male earned income ^{c1}	0.38
	Female professional and technical workers ^{b1} (% of total)	..
3.	Gender inequality in education	
	MDG Net primary enrolment ^{b2,c2} , female ratio (%), 2000/01	76 ^f
	MDG Youth literacy ^a , female rate (% ages 15-24), 2002	..
	MDG Youth literacy ^a , female rate as % of male rate, 2002	..
	MDG Net primary enrolment, female ratio as % of male ^e ratio, 2000/01	0.83 ^f
	MDG Net secondary enrolment ^{b2,c2} , female ratio (%), 2000/01	..
	MDG Gross tertiary enrolment ^{c2,d1} , female ratio (%), 2000/01	9 ^f
	Adult literacy ^a , female rate (% ages 15 and above), 2002	..
	MDG Gross tertiary enrolment ^{c2,d1} , ratio of female to male ^e 2000/01	0.68 ^f
	Adult literacy ^a , female rate as % of male rate, 2002	..
	MDG Net secondary enrolment ^{b2,c2} , ratio of female to male ^e , 2000/01	..
4.	Gender inequality in economic activity	
	Female employment by economic activity (%): agriculture, Total, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Female employment by economic activity (%): agriculture, as % of male rate, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Contributing family workers (%), Women, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Contributing family workers (%), Men, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Female employment by economic activity (%): services Total, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..

	Female employment by economic activity (%): services, as % of male rate, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Female employment by economic activity (%): industry Total, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Female employment by economic activity (%): industry, as % of male rate, 1995-2002 ^{a2}	..
	Female economic activity (ages 15 and above): as % of male rate, 2002	50
	Female economic activity (ages 15 and above): index (1990=100), 2002	105
	Female economic activity (ages 15 and above): rate (%), 2002	42.4
5.	Women's political participation	
	MDG Seats in parliament held by women (% of total) ^{c3} upper house or senate 2004	10.3
	MDG Seats in parliament held by women (% of total) ^{c3} lower house or single house 2004	8.8
	Year women received right to vote ^{a3}	1950
	Year women received right to stand for election ^{a3}	1950
	Women in government at ministerial level (% of total) ^{b3} 2001	10.1
	Year first woman elected (E) or appointed (A) to parliament	1952 E

- Notes :**
- a: Data refer to estimates produced by UNESCO Institute for Statistics in July 2002 unless otherwise specified.
 - a1: Data are as of 1st March 2004. Where there are lower and upper houses, data refer to the weighted average of women's shares of seats in both the houses.
 - a2: Data refer to the most recent year available during the period specified.
 - a3: Data refer to the year in which right to vote or stand for election on a universal and equal basis was recognized. Where two years are shown, the first refers to the first partial recognition of the right to vote or stand for election.
 - b: Data refer to the 2001/02 school year.
 - b1: Data refer to the most recent years available during the period 1992-2001.
 - b2: The net enrolment ratio is the ratio of enrolled children of the official age for the education level indicated to the total population at that age. Net enrolment ratio exceeding 100% reflect discrepancies between these two data sets.
 - b3: Data were provided by states based on their definition of National Executive and may therefore include women serving as ministers and vice-ministers and those holding other ministerial positions, including parliamentary secretaries.
 - c: Because of the lack of gender-disaggregated income data, female and male earned income are crudely estimated on the basis of data on the ratio of the female non-agricultural wage to the male non-agricultural wage, the female and male shares of the economically active population, the total female and male population and GDP per capita (PPP US\$)
 - c1: Calculated on the basis of data in col.9 and 10 in table 24. Estimates are based on data for the most recent years available during the period 1991-2001.
 - c2: Data refer to 2001 / 02 school years
 - c3: Data are as of 1st March 2004. The percentage was calculated using as a reference the number of total seats currently filled in parliament.
 - d: The HDI ranks used in the column are those recalculated for the 144 countries with a GDI value. A positive figure indicates that the GDI rank is higher than the HDI rank, a negative the opposite.
 - d1: Tertiary enrolment is generally calculated as a gross ratio.
 - e: Calculated as ratio of the female enrolment ratio to the male enrolment ratio
 - E: Refers to the year women were elected to the current parliamentary system.
 - f: Data refer to the 2000/01 school year.
 - g: Data refer to the 2000/01 school year.
 - m: Census data

Sources: United Nations Development Programme. (2004). Human Development Report 2004. New Delhi : Oxford University Press. P. 219-220, 223-224, 227-228, 231-232, 236-237.

12. Political Participation of Women and Women in Decision Making

The 73rd and 74th Amendment to the Constitution ensured that 33 per cent seats for panchyats in rural areas and urban local bodies were to be reserved for women. This ensured the direct involvement of women in positions of decision making. Elected women representatives are slowly bringing about a change in the rural countryside and urban areas, by bringing social development issues to the forefront.

The representation of women in the central council of ministers is given in Table 106.

Table 106: Representation of Women in the Central Council of Ministers, 2004

S. No.	Women Ministers	Female	Male	Total	Percentage Female to Total
1.	Cabinet Minister	1	28	29	3.45
2.	MOS	6	32	38	15.79
	Total	7	60	67	10.4

Notes: MOS - Minister of State

Sources: www.parliamentofindia.nic.in

Although women have entered many male dominated professions, their representation in the higher echelons of society, and in positions of decision making is much below that of men.

The number of women judges in the Supreme Court and in High Courts in various states is given in Table 107.

Table 107: Number of Judges by Sex in Supreme Court/ High Courts as on 17.01.2003

Name of the Court	Number of Judges		
	Female	Male	Total
Supreme Court	1	24	25
High Court			
Allahabad	1	69	70
Andhra Pradesh	2	32	34
Bombay	3	49	52
Calcutta	1	41	42
Chhattisgarh	-	4	4
Delhi	1	27	28
Guwahati	-	12	12
Gujarat	1	30	31
Himachal Pradesh	1	5	6
Jammu & Kashmir	-	11	11.
Jharkhand	-	12	12
Karnataka	1	31	32
Kerala	1	25	26
Madhya Pradesh	1	23	24
Madras	1	30	31
Orissa	-	12	12
Patna	1	23	24
Punjab & Haryana	1	30	31
Rajasthan	1	25	26
Sikkim	-	2	2
Uttaranchal	-	4	4
Total	17	497	514

Notes: Department of Justice, Ministry of Law and Justice and Company Affairs

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 98.

The representation of women in All India and Central Services, and selected other positions is given in Table 108.

Table 108: Personnel by Sex in All India and Central Services, and Other Positions, 2003

S. No.	Service	Female	Male	Total	Female to Total Percentage
1	Supreme Court Judges 2003	1	24	25	4.0
2	High Court Judges 2003	17	497	514	3.31
3	Indian Administrative Service 1997 ¹	512	4479	5011	10.22
	1998 ²	522	4489	5011	10.42
	2002	535	4624	5159	10.42
4	Indian Audit and Account Service 1997	129	519	647	19.94
	2002	143	498	641	22.31
5	Indian Customs and Central Excise Service				
	1995	117	1520	1637	7.5
	1996	130	1531	1661	7.83
6	Indian Economic Service 1996	64	330	394	16.24
	2003	91	331	422	21.56
7	Indian Foreign Service 1997	67	519	586	11.43
	2002	78	505	583	13.38
	Scheduled Castes	5	87		
	Scheduled Tribes	4	38		
8	Indian Forest Service 1995	73	2390	2463	2.96
	1996	78	2387	2465	3.16
9	Indian Information Service 1995	76	417	493	5.42
	1996	74	400	474	5.61
10	Indian Police Service 1997	96	2868	2964	3.24
	2002	124	3112	3236	3.83
11	Indian Postal Service 1995	70	256	326	21.47
	1996	77	282	359	21.44

S. No.	Service	Female	Male	Total	Female to Total Percentage
12	Indian Revenue Service 1994	246	2022	2268	10.85
	1995	276	1980	2256	12.23
13	Indian Statistical Service 1997	38	492	530	7.17
	2002	73	491	564	12.94
14	Central Secretariat Service 1995	NA	NA	678	-
	1996	51	657	708	7.20
15	Central Cabinet Minister 1997	0	20	20	0.00
	2002	2	30	32	6.25
	2004	1	28	29	
16	Minister of State 1997	5	19	24	20.83
	2002	6	35	41	14.63
	2004	6	32	38	15.79
17	Chartered Accountants 1996 ³				5.8
18	Registered Medical Practitioners (Doctors)				
	1995 ⁴				20.8

Notes: Ministry of Home Affairs

Ministry of External Affairs

1. As on 1.11.98 (includes 1998 Batch)

2. As on 31.12.98 (includes 1999 Batch)

3. Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

4. Medical Council of India

Sources: 1. India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 98.

2. India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Government of India, II & IIIrd Periodic Report on the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women : CEDAW Periodic Report. New Delhi. P. 90.

3. Website: www.parliamentofindia.nic.in

The number of women IAS and IPS officers in various states and union territories is given in Table 109.

Table 109: Women in Bureaucracy, Indian Administrative Service (IAS) and Police, 2000

S.No.	India/ States/ Union Territories	Decision-making Administrative ^s			
		I.A.S (As on 1.6.2000) ¹		I.P.S (As on 1.4.2000) ²	
		Female	Male	Female	Male
	India	535 (10.4%)	4624	110 (3.3%)	3191
1.	Andhra Pradesh	33	281	11	179.
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	X	X	X	X
3.	Assam	10	216	2	134
4.	Bihar	33	360	14	233
5.	Delhi	38	194	9	147
6.	Goa	X	X	X	X
7.	Gujarat	23	225	3	133
8.	Haryana	32	180	4	100
9.	Himachal Pradesh	17	109	1	73
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	3	109	1	80
11.	Karnataka	35	213	4	137
12.	Kerala	21	157	2	114
13.	Madhya Pradesh	54	342	9	273
14.	Maharashtra	40	311	6	201
15.	Manipur	5	193	3	98
16.	Meghalaya	XX	XX	XX	XX
17.	Mizoram	X	X	X	X
18.	Nagaland	1	63	1	39
19.	Orissa	17	185	7	129
20.	Punjab	28	165	6	144
21.	Rajasthan	29	231	6	141
22.	Sikkim	5	45	Nil	24
23.	Tamil Nadu	37	288	7	176
24.	Tripura	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
25.	Uttar Pradesh	51	484	10	381
26.	West Bengal	23	273	4	255
	Union Territories				
27.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	X	X	X	X
28.	Chandigarh	X	X	X	X
29.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	X	X	X	X
30.	Daman & Diu	X	X	X	X
31.	Lakshadweep	X	X	X	X
32.	Pondicherry	X	X	X	X

- Notes :**
1. Department of Personnel and Training, Government of India, New Delhi.
 2. Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi.
- X Included under Delhi
 XX Included under Assam
 XXX Included under Manipur

Sources : India, Planning Commission. (2000). Development Indicators : A Comparative Picture of the Status of Women and Men in India : Data Sheet. New Delhi. P. 1.

The various types of seats in the Lok Sabha are given in Table 110.

Table 110: Seats in the Lok Sabha, Number and Type of Constituencies

S.No.	India/States/UTs	Type of Constituencies			
		General	SC	ST	Total
	India	423	79	41	543
1.	Andhra Pradesh	34	6	2	42
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	2	-	-	2
3.	Assam	11	1	2	14
4.	Bihar	33	7	-	40
5.	Jharkhand	8	1	5	14
6.	Goa	2	-	-	2
7.	Gujarat	20	2	4	26
8.	Haryana	8	2	-	10
9.	Himachal Pradesh	3	1	-	4
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	6	-	-	6
11.	Karnataka	24	4	-	28
12.	Kerala	18	2	-	20
13.	Madhya Pradesh	20	4	5	29
14.	Chhattisgarh	5	2	4	11
15.	Maharashtra	41	3	4	48
16.	Manipur	1	-	1	2
17.	Meghalaya	2	-	-	2
18.	Mizoram	-	-	1	1
19.	Nagaland	1	-	-	1
20.	Orissa	13	3	5	21
21.	Punjab	10	3	-	13
22.	Rajasthan	18	4	3	25
23.	Sikkim	1	-	-	1
24.	Tamil Nadu	32	7	-	39
25.	Tripura	1	-	1	2
26.	Uttar Pradesh	63	17	-	80
27.	Uttaranchal	4	1	-	5
28.	West Bengal	32	8	2	42
	Union Territories				
29.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1	-	-	1
30.	Chandigarh	1	-	-	1
31.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	-	1	1
32.	Daman & Diu	1	-	-	1
33.	Delhi	6	1	-	7
34.	Lakshadweep	-	-	1	1
35.	Pondicherry	1	-	-	1

Notes: SC- Scheduled Castes ST- Scheduled Tribes

Sources: Election Commission of India.

The representation of women in three levels of political decision making is given in Table 111.

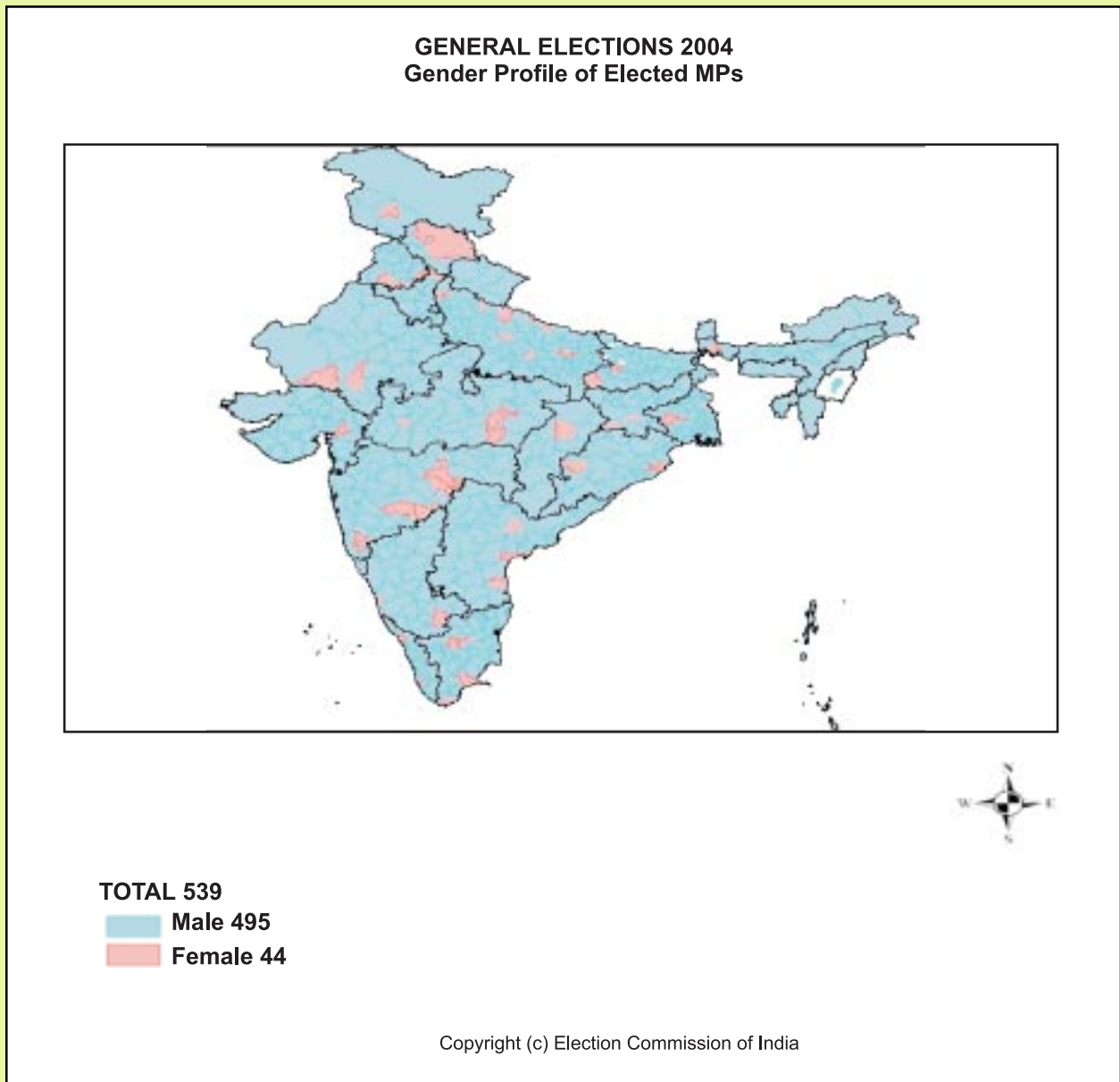
Table 111: Political Participation and Decision-making by Women, 1997, 2000-2004

S. No.	India/ States / Union Territories	Political Decision-making					
		Lok Sabha (2004) ¹		Legislative Assembly (2000) ²		Panchayati Raj Institutions @ (1991-1997) ³	
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
	India/States/UTs (1999)	49 (9.0%)	494	229 (5.6%)	3838	813676 (31.3%)	1784132
	India/States/UTs (2004 May)	44 (8.16%)	495 (91.84%)				
1.	Andhra Pradesh	3	39	28	266	83783	162483
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	-	2	1	59	125	6890
3.	Assam	-	14	6	116	8203	19143
4.	Bihar	3	37	19	305	NA	NA
5.	Chhattisgarh	1	10				
6.	Delhi	1	6	9	61	NA	NA
7.	Goa	-	2	2	38	468	863
8.	Gujarat	1	25	4	178	42708	85337
9.	Haryana	1	9	4	86	18836	38044
10.	Himachal Pradesh	1	3	6	62	6655	13516
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	1	5	2	85	NA	NA
12.	Jharkhand	1	13				
13.	Karnataka	2	26	6	218	35640	49246
14.	Kerala	2	18	13	127	4050	8067
15.	Madhya Pradesh	2	27	26	294	159609	324785
16.	Maharashtra	5	43	12	276	101943	206888
17.	Manipur	-	2	1	59	598	1019
18.	Meghalaya	-	2	3	57	Nil	Nil
19.	Mizoram	-	1	0	40	Nil	Nil
20.	Nagaland	-	1	0	60	Nil	Nil
21.	Orissa	2	19	13	134	30759	56432
22.	Punjab	2	11	7	110	31468	59089
23.	Rajasthan	2	23	14	186	40862	84811
24.	Sikkim	-	1	1	31	115	860
25.	Tamil Nadu	4	35	9	225	35315	69230
26.	Tripura	-	2	2	58	1900	3793
27.	Uttar Pradesh	7	73	20	404	189060	554326
28.	Uttaranchal	-	5				
29.	West Bengal	4	38	20	274	21168	38479
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	1	##	##	296	493
31.	Chandigarh	-	1	##	##	27	98
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	-	1	##	##	50	101
33.	Daman & Diu	-	1	##	##	30	48
34.	Lakshadweep	-	1	##	##	8	93
35.	Pondicherry	-	1	1	29	Nil	Nil

- Notes:** 1. Lok Sabha Members : Fourteenth Lok Sabha. Lok Sabha Secretariat, New Delhi, 2000.
 2. Election Commission, Government of India, New Delhi.
 3. Institute of Social Sciences, New Delhi.
 @ Includes Gram Panchayats, Panchayat Samitis, Zilla Parishads.
 ## No Legislative Assembly NA -Not Available

Sources: India, Planning Commission. (2000). Women in India: A Statistical Profile: Development Indicators : A Comparative Picture of the Status of Women and Men in India: Data Sheet. New Delhi. P. 1.

Figure 6. Elected Women Members of Parliament, 2004



Elected women representatives in the three levels of Panchayati Raj Institutions are given state-wise in Table 112.

Table 112: State-wise Number of Elected Total and Women Panchayat Representatives in the Three Tiers, 2002

S. No.	India/ States/ Union Territories	Gram Panchayat		Intermediate Panchayat		District Panchayat	
		Women	Total	Women	Total	Women	Total
	India	548794	1630327	23596	72156	3605	10927
1.	Andhra Pradesh	68736	208291	4919	14617	364	1095
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Assam	7851	23471	746	2148	117	390
4.	Bihar	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Chhattisgarh	41913	124211	906	2639	95	274
6.	Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0
7.	Goa	457	1439	0	0	17	50
8.	Gujarat	41180	123470	1312	3919	274	817
9.	Haryana	18356	54646	842	2430	109	314
10.	Himachal Pradesh	6822	18549	562	1658	87	251
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0
12.	Jharkand	0	0	0	0	0	0
13.	Karnataka	35922	80073	1375	3255	339	890
14.	Kerala	4801	13259	629	1638	105	307
15.	Madhya Pradesh	106491	314847	2159	6456	248	734
16.	Maharashtra	77548	232644	1407	3902	658	1951
17.	Manipur	611	1722	0	0	22	61
18.	Meghalaya	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.	Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0
20.	Nagaland	0	0	0	0	0	0
21.	Orissa	31414	87547	2188	6227	296	854
22.	Punjab	26939	75473	813	2480	89	279
23.	Rajasthan	39450	114282	1908	5257	364	1008
24.	Sikkim	322	873	0	0	29	92
25.	Tamil Nadu	26181	97458	1770	6570	173	656
26.	Tripura	1895	5686	106	299	28	82
27.	Uttaranchal	0	0	0	0	0	0
28.	Uttar Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0
29.	West Bengal	11497	51200	1923	8579	156	723
	Union Territories						
31.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	261	759	25	67	10	30
32.	Chandigarh	55	162	6	15	3	10
33.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	45	124	0	0	4	12
34.	Daman & Diu	17	63	0	0	10	25
35.	Lakshadweep	30	79	0	0	8	22
36.	Pondicherry	0	0	0	0	0	0

Notes: Ministry of Rural Areas and Employment. Meghalaya, Mizoram and Nagaland are Traditional Councils. In NCT of Delhi, Panchayati Raj System is yet to be revived.

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Central Statistical Organisation. (2003). Women and Men in India 2002. New Delhi. P. 106.

The percentage representation of women in the three levels of Panchayat Raj Institutions is given in Table 113.

Table 113: Percentage of Women Representatives in Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRI), 2002

S. No.	India/ States/ Union Territories	1997			2002		
		GP	TP	ZP	GP	TP	ZP
	India	6.40	8.86	3.38	3.66	2.70	2.99
1.	Andhra Pradesh	33.84	37.01	33.21	33.00	33.65	33.24
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	Arunachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act not yet passed					
3.	Assam**	18.01	26.09	-	33.45	34.73	30.00
4.	Bihar	Post 73 rd Amendment Election not held in State. N.A.					
5.	Chhattisgarh	-	-	-	33.74	34.33	34.67
6.	Delhi	NCT Govt. proposes to conduct Panchayat Elections					
7.	Goa	36.53	-	-	31.76	-	34.00
8.	Gujarat	17.29	33.43	33.38	33.35	33.48	33.54
9.	Haryana	30.74	35.31	80.53	33.59	34.65	34.71
10.	Himachal Pradesh	32.93	33.59	33.33	36.78	33.90	34.66
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	State proposes adopting 73 rd Amendment					
12.	Jharkand	Current Figures not available					
13.	Karnataka	43.79	40.21	36.45	44.86	42.24	38.09
14.	Kerala	Figures not available			36.21	38.40	34.20
15.	Madhya Pradesh	32.93	34.84	2.99	33.82	33.44	33.79
16.	Maharashtra	33.33	33.31	33.31	33.33	36.06	33.73
17.	Manipur	35.67	-	36.07	35.48	-	36.07
18.	Meghalaya	Traditional Councils perform duties of local govt.					
19.	Mizoram	Traditional Councils perform duties of local govt.					
20.	Nagaland	Traditional Councils perform duties of local govt.					
21.	Orissa	33.35	33.35	33.26	35.88	35.14	34.66
22.	Punjab	35.69	Election due		35.69	32.78	31.90
23.	Rajasthan	29.73	31.67	3.21	34.52	36.29	36.11
24.	Sikkim	37.34	-	30.43	36.88	-	31.52
25.	Tamil Nadu	25.07	35.31	3.40	26.86	26.94	26.37
26.	Tripura	33.55	34.18	34.29	33.33	35.81	34.15
27.	Uttaranchal	-	-	-	-	-	-
28.	Uttar Pradesh	15.08	23.11	23.60	-	-	-
29.	West Bengal	36.33	35.18	33.94	22.46	22.42	21.58
	Union Territories						
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	34.33	-	33.33	34.39	37.31	33.33
31.	Chandigarh	Figures are not available			33.95	40.00	30.00
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	34.07	-	25.00	36.29	-	33.33
33.	Daman & Diu	39.68	-	33.33	26.98	-	40.00
34.	Lakshadweep	37.97	-	36.36	37.97	-	36.36
35.	Pondicherry	Post 73 rd Amendment Elections not held in UT. N.A.					

Notes: Annual Report 2000-01, Ministry of Rural Development, Government of India.

GP: Gram Panchayat TP: Taluka Panchayat ZP: Zila Panchayat

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Government of India, II & IIIrd Periodic Report on the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women CEDAW Periodic Report. New Delhi. P. 89.

Women's participation in Parliament since 1952 is given in Table 114.

Table 114: Women's Representation in Parliament, 1952-2004

S. No.	Year	Lok Sabha (Lower House)				Rajya Sabha (Upper House)			
		Total Seats	Women Members	Men Members	Percentage Women	Total Seats	Women Members	Men Members	Percentage Women
1.	1952	499	22		4.4	219	16		7.3
2.	1957	500	27		5.4	237	18		7.5
3.	1962	503	34		6.8	238	18		7.6
4.	1967	523	31		5.9	240	20		8.3
5.	1971	521	22		4.2	243	17		7.0
6.	1977	544	19		3.4	244	25		10.2
7.	1980	544	28		7.9	244	24		9.8
8.	1984	544	44		8.1	244	28		11.4
9.	1989	517	27		5.3	245	24		9.7
10.	1991	544	39		7.2	245	38		15.5
11.	1996	543	39		7.2	223	20		9.0
12.	1998	543	43		7.9	245	15		6.1
13.	1999	545	49		9.0	245	19		7.8
14.	2004	545	45	500	8.2	245	28	217	11.4

Notes: CSDS Data Unit

- Sources:** 1. India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2004). Government of India, II & IIIrd Periodic Report on the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women : CEDAW Periodic Report. New Delhi. P. 86.
2. www.parliamentofIndia.nic.in

Party-wise break-up of women in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Lok Sabha is given in Table 115.

Table 115: Women MPs in Thirteenth and Fourteenth Lok Sabha Party-wise, 2004

S. No.	Political Parties	Number of Women MPs (13 th Lok Sabha)	Number of Women MPs (14 th Lok Sabha)
1.	Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)	15	10
2.	Indian National Congress (INC)	13	13
3.	Telugu Desam (TD)	03	-
4.	Samajwadi Party (SP)	03	03
5.	Communist Party of India (M) (CPI)M	03	05
6.	All India Anna Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (AIADMK)	02	-
7.	All India Trinamool Congress (AITC)	02	01
8.	Shiv Sena (SS)	01	02
9.	Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)	01	-
10.	Communist Party of India (CPI)	01	-
11.	Nationalist Congress Party (NCP)	01	02
12.	Rashtriya Janta Dal (RJD)	01	01
13.	Janta Dal (U)	01	-
14.	Indian National Lok Dal (INLD)	01	-
15.	Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)	-	03
16.	Shiromani Akali Dal (SAD)	-	01
17.	J&K People's Democratic Party (J&K PDP)	-	01
18.	Biju Janata Dal (BJD)	-	01
19.	Lok Jan Shakti Party (LJSP)	-	01
20.	Rashtriya Lok Dal (RLD)	-	01
21.	Independent	01	-
	Total	49	45

Notes: In 1999, out of 545 parliament seats, 49 seats were held by women.
 In 1998, 7.92% of total number of parliament seats were occupied by women.
 In 1998, 10% of total ministerial positions were held by women.

Sources: Election Commission of India Website: www.parliamentofindia.nic.in

13. Women and Disability

Women in India are at a disadvantage as compared to their male counterparts. Disabled women are even more vulnerable because of their gender and the disability. The incidence of disability is more in rural areas, but support services in rural areas are less than in urban areas. The various kind of disabilities in rural and urban areas gender-wise are as given in Table 116.

Table 116: Disabled Persons in India, 2001

S. No.	Residence	Total Disabled		
		Disabled Persons	Males	Females
1.	Total	21906769	12605635	9301134
	Rural	16388382	9410185	6978197
	Urban	5518387	3195450	2322937
2.		Visually Handicapped		
	Residence	Disabled Persons	Males	Females
	Total	10634881	5732338	4902543
	Rural	7873383	4222717	3650666
	Urban	2761498	1509621	1251877
3.		Speech Impaired		
	Residence	Disabled Persons	Males	Females
	Total	1640868	942095	698773
	Rural	1243854	713966	529888
	Urban	397014	228129	168885
4.		Hearing Impaired		
	Residence	Disabled Persons	Males	Females
	Total	1261722	673797	587925
	Rural	1022816	549002	473814
	Urban	238906	124795	114111
5.		Locomotor Disability (Movement)		
	Residence	Disabled Persons	Males	Females
	Total	6105477	3902752	2202725
	Rural	4654552	2975127	1679425
	Urban	1450925	927625	523300
6.		Mentally Handicapped		
	Residence	Disabled Persons	Males	Females
	Total	2263821	1354653	909168
	Rural	1593777	949373	644404
	Urban	670044	405280	264764

Sources: India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2005). Data on Disability 2001: Compact Disc. New Delhi.

The number of disabled persons gender-wise by type of disability is given in Table 117.

Table 117: Disabled Population in Seeing, Speech, Hearing, Movement and Mental Handicap, Rural, Urban India, 2001

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Seeing			In Speech		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1.	India	T	21906769	12605635	9301134	10634881	5732338	4902543	1640868	942095	698773
		R	16388382	9410185	6978197	7873383	4222717	3650666	1243854	713966	529888
		U	5518387	3195450	2322937	2761498	1509621	1251877	397014	228129	168885
2.	Andhra Pradesh	T	1364981	773971	591010	581587	318730	262857	138974	76032	62942
		R	1050400	590258	460142	435239	235461	199778	107500	58637	48863
		U	314581	183713	130868	146348	83269	63079	31474	17395	14079
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	33315	22175	11140	23079	16283	6796	2429	1420	1009
		R	27456	17848	9608	18329	12630	5699	2175	1273	902
		U	5859	4327	1532	4750	3653	1097	254	147	107
4.	Assam	T	530300	297516	232784	282056	154136	127920	56974	31783	25191
		R	468113	261460	206653	244103	132655	111448	51566	28714	22852
		U	62187	36056	26131	37953	21481	16472	5408	3069	2339
5.	Bihar	T	1887611	1131526	756085	1005605	556688	448917	130471	77193	53278
		R	1692454	1013699	678755	903016	498654	404362	117605	69488	48117
		U	195157	117827	77330	102589	58034	44555	12866	7705	5161
6.	Chhattisgarh	T	419887	231768	188119	160131	84047	76084	30438	16702	13736
		R	344993	188571	156422	129417	67167	62250	25280	13803	11477
		U	74894	43197	31697	30714	16880	13834	5158	2899	2259
7.	Delhi	T	235886	144872	91014	120712	71342	49370	15505	9421	6084
		R	13432	8424	5008	4925	2867	2058	1035	640	395
		U	222454	136448	86006	115787	68475	47312	14470	8781	5689
8.	Goa	T	15749	8889	6860	4393	2316	2077	1868	1037	831
		R	8559	4846	3713	2251	1157	1094	1028	563	465
		U	7190	4043	3147	2142	1159	983	840	474	366
9.	Gujarat	T	1045465	604964	440501	494624	273694	220930	66534	40710	25824
		R	719367	415093	304274	337141	184883	152258	46110	28515	17595
		U	326098	189871	136227	157483	88811	68672	20424	12195	8229
10.	Haryana	T	455040	273837	181203	201358	111545	89813	24920	15643	9277
		R	339792	204908	134884	148286	81300	66986	18332	11623	6709
		U	115248	68929	46319	53072	30245	22827	6588	4020	2568
11.	Himachal Pradesh	T	155950	90444	65506	64122	34819	29303	12762	7512	5250
		R	144756	83646	61110	58132	31163	26969	11989	7057	4932
		U	11194	6798	4396	5990	3656	2334	773	455	318
12.	Jammu & Kashmir	T	302670	171816	130854	208713	116034	92679	16956	9748	7208
		R	229718	129443	100275	152494	83563	68931	13992	8090	5902
		U	72952	42373	30579	56219	32471	23748	2964	1658	1306
13.	Jharkhand	T	448377	264229	184148	186216	104147	82069	39683	22516	17167
		R	348928	203463	145465	142109	78292	63817	31553	17776	13777
		U	99449	60766	38683	44107	25855	18252	8130	4740	3390

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/R/U	Total Disabled Population			In Seeing			In Speech		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
14.	Karnataka	T	940643	537730	402913	440875	241439	199436	90717	50492	40225
		R	661139	375809	285330	304701	164907	139794	65283	36255	29028
		U	279504	161921	117583	136174	76532	59642	25434	14237	11197
15.	Kerala	T	860794	458350	402444	334622	167352	167270	67066	37179	29887
		R	647782	344491	303291	251284	124846	126438	51003	28299	22704
		U	213012	113859	99153	83338	42506	40832	16063	8880	7183
16.	Madhya Pradesh	T	1408528	824693	583835	636214	346567	289647	75825	45600	30225
		R	1060433	618152	442281	478225	259729	218496	56242	33872	22370
		U	348095	206541	141554	157989	86838	71151	19583	11728	7855
17.	Maharashtra	T	1569582	933867	635715	580930	320466	260464	113043	63802	49241
		R	1020371	600603	419768	375886	201617	174269	70809	39729	31080
		U	549211	333264	215947	205044	118849	86195	42234	24073	18161
18.	Manipur	T	28376	15456	12920	11713	6264	5449	2769	1502	1267
		R	20955	11387	9568	8733	4696	4037	1986	1057	929
		U	7421	4069	3352	2980	1568	1412	783	445	338
19.	Meghalaya	T	28803	15317	13486	13381	7170	6211	3431	1751	1680
		R	22740	12052	10688	9643	5114	4529	2932	1514	1418
		U	6063	3265	2798	3738	2056	1682	499	237	262
20.	Mizoram	T	16011	8763	7248	6257	3506	2751	2006	1084	922
		R	9691	5228	4463	3770	2089	1681	1217	650	5673
		U	6320	3535	2785	2487	1417	1070	789	434	355
21.	Nagaland	T	26499	14541	11958	9968	5627	4341	4398	2285	2113
		R	23520	12778	10742	8209	4544	3665	4067	2122	1945
		U	2979	1763	1216	1759	1083	676	331	163	168
22.	Orissa	T	1021335	568914	452421	514104	274151	239953	68673	37625	31048
		R	877709	485418	392291	435405	230381	205024	59674	32509	27165
		U	143626	83496	60130	78699	43770	34929	8999	5116	3883
23.	Punjab	T	424523	252856	171667	170853	93153	77700	22756	13492	9264
		R	297018	177552	119466	112597	60743	51854	15992	9417	6575
		U	127505	75304	52201	58256	32410	25846	6764	4075	2689
24.	Rajasthan	T	1411979	840650	571329	753962	430589	323373	73147	46552	26595
		R	1109383	657600	451783	591450	336419	255031	55548	35681	19867
		U	302596	183050	119546	162512	94170	68342	17599	10871	6728
25.	Sikkim	T	20367	11409	8958	10790	6100	4690	3174	1654	1520
		R	18571	10365	8206	9454	5319	4135	3044	1580	1464
		U	1796	1044	752	1336	781	555	130	74	56
26.	Tamil Nadu	T	1642497	791685	850812	964063	397227	566836	124479	68172	56307
		R	945019	446948	498071	553331	219696	333635	75215	40989	34226
		U	697478	344737	352741	410732	177531	233201	49264	27183	22081
27.	Tripura	T	58940	33461	25479	27505	15629	11876	5105	2859	2246
		R	48800	27638	21162	22559	12824	9735	4269	2403	1866
		U	10140	5823	4317	4946	2805	2141	836	456	380
28.	Uttar Pradesh	T	3453369	2076504	1376865	1852071	1042383	809688	255951	151428	104523
		R	2705784	1625941	1079843	1445145	808866	636279	200181	118631	81550
		U	747585	450563	297022	406926	233517	173409	55770	32797	22973
29.	Uttaranchal	T	194769	113209	81560	85668	46434	39234	16749	9942	6807
		R	154829	88961	65868	66804	35336	31468	13600	8029	5571
		U	39940	24248	15692	18864	11098	7766	3149	1913	1236

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Seeing			In Speech		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
30.	West Bengal	T	1847174	1058685	788489	862073	468935	393138	170022	94645	75377
		R	1354253	774521	579732	610221	329861	280360	132912	74059	58853
		U	492921	284164	208757	251852	139074	112778	37110	20586	16524
	Union Territories										
31.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	7057	4226	2831	3321	1907	1414	652	383	269
		R	5082	3059	2023	2283	1314	969	451	275	176
		U	1975	1167	808	1038	593	445	201	108	93
32.	Chandigarh	T	15538	9538	6000	8422	5041	3381	882	551	331
		R	1656	1097	559	953	620	333	99	68	31
		U	13882	8441	5441	7469	4421	3048	783	483	300
33.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	4048	2329	1719	2346	1353	993	295	166	129
		R	3269	1843	1426	1860	1054	806	229	126	103
		U	779	486	293	486	299	187	66	40	26
34.	Daman & Diu	T	3171	1779	1392	1898	1069	829	189	106	83
		R	1880	1143	737	1161	730	431	113	62	51
		U	1291	636	655	737	339	398	76	44	32
35.	Lakshadweep	T	1678	901	777	603	295	308	207	127	80
		R	989	520	469	369	183	186	105	63	42
		U	689	381	308	234	112	122	102	64	38
36.	Pondicherry	T	25857	14765	11092	10646	5900	4746	1818	981	837
		R	9541	5420	4121	3898	2037	1861	718	397	321
		U	16316	9345	6971	6748	3863	2885	1100	584	516

Table 117 (contd.) : Disabled Population in Seeing, Speech, Hearing, Movement and Mental Handicap, Rural, Urban India, 2001

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Hearing		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1.	India	T	21906769	12605635	9301134	1261722	673797	587925
		R	16388382	9410185	6978197	1022816	549002	473814
		U	5518387	3195450	2322937	238906	124795	114111
2.	Andhra Pradesh	T	1364981	773971	591010	73373	35891	37482
		R	1050400	590258	460142	61075	29841	31234
		U	314581	183713	130868	12298	6050	6248
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	33315	22175	11140	3072	1669	1403
		R	27456	17848	9608	2881	1556	1325
		U	5859	4327	1532	191	113	78
4.	Assam	T	530300	297516	232784	51825	27554	24271
		R	468113	261460	206653	48274	25731	22543
		U	62187	36056	26131	3551	1823	1728
5.	Bihar	T	1887611	1131526	756085	73970	43441	30529
		R	1692454	1013699	678755	67619	39693	27926
		U	195157	117827	77330	6351	3748	2603

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Hearing		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
6.	Chhattisgarh	T	419887	231768	188119	34093	18345	15748
		R	344993	188571	156422	30398	16420	13978
		U	74894	43197	31697	3695	1925	1770
7.	Delhi	T	235886	144872	91014	8741	4855	3886
		R	13432	8424	5008	710	379	331
		U	222454	136448	86006	8031	4476	3555
8.	Goa	T	15749	8889	6860	1000	471	529
		R	8559	4846	3713	611	308	303
		U	7190	4043	3147	389	163	226
9.	Gujarat	T	1045465	604964	440501	70321	35430	34891
		R	719367	415093	304274	52424	26908	25516
		U	326098	189871	136227	17897	8522	9375
10.	Haryana	T	455040	273837	181203	27682	15144	12538
		R	339792	204908	134884	22158	12167	9991
		U	115248	68929	46319	5524	2977	2547
11.	Himachal Pradesh	T	155950	90444	65506	15239	8411	6828.
		R	144756	83646	61110	14722	8140	6582
		U	11194	6798	4396	517	271	246.
12.	Jammu & Kashmir	T	302670	171816	130854	14157	7693	6464
		R	229718	129443	100275	11751	6481	5270
		U	72952	42373	30579	2406	1212	1194
13.	Jharkhand	T	448377	264229	184148	28233	15753	12480
		R	348928	203463	145465	23552	13043	10509
		U	99449	60766	38683	4681	2710	1971
14.	Karnataka	T	940643	537730	402913	49861	25455	24406
		R	661139	375809	285330	37381	18931	18450
		U	279504	161921	117583	12480	6524	5956
15.	Kerala	T	860794	458350	402444	79713	36456	43257
		R	647782	344491	303291	61066	28145	32921
		U	213012	113859	99153	18647	8311	10336
16.	Madhya Pradesh	T	1408528	824693	583835	85354	48468	36886
		R	1060433	618152	442281	70642	40251	30391
		U	348095	206541	141554	14712	8217	6495
17.	Maharashtra	T	1569582	933867	635715	92390	51789	40601
		R	1020371	600603	419768	69205	39007	30198
		U	549211	333264	215947	23185	12782	10403
18.	Manipur	T	28376	15456	12920	2994	1516	1478
		R	20955	11387	9568	2447	1238	1209
		U	7421	4069	3352	547	278	269
19.	Meghalaya	T	28803	15317	13486	3668	1795	1873
		R	22740	12052	10688	3279	1624	1655
		U	6063	3265	2798	389	171	218
20.	Mizoram	T	16011	8763	7248	2421	1308	1113
		R	9691	5228	4463	1531	824	707
		U	6320	3535	2785	890	484	406
21.	Nagaland	T	26499	14541	11958	5245	2819	2426
		R	23520	12778	10742	5050	2720	2330
		U	2979	1763	1216	195	99	96

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Hearing		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
22.	Orissa	T	1021335	568914	452421	84115	45701	38414
		R	877709	485418	392291	76356	41403	34953
		U	143626	83496	60130	7759	4298	3461
23.	Punjab	T	424523	252856	171667	17348	9226	8122
		R	297018	177552	119466	12765	6751	6014
		U	127505	75304	52201	4583	2475	2108
24.	Rajasthan	T	1411979	840650	571329	75235	39868	35367
		R	1109383	657600	451783	63828	33670	30158
		U	302596	183050	119546	11407	6198	5209
25.	Sikkim	T	20367	11409	8958	3432	1920	1512
		R	18571	10365	8206	3323	1856	1467
		U	1796	1044	752	109	64	45
26.	Tamil Nadu	T	1642497	791685	850812	72636	34896	37740
		R	945019	446948	498071	44236	21374	22862
		U	697478	344737	352741	28400	13522	14878
27.	Tripura	T	58940	33461	25479	5699	2807	2892
		R	48800	27638	21162	4914	2433	2481
		U	10140	5823	4317	785	374	411
28.	Uttar Pradesh	T	3453369	2076504	1376865	128303	73144	55159
		R	2705784	1625941	1079843	105236	60246	44990
		U	747585	450563	297022	23067	12898	10169
29.	Uttaranchal	T	194769	113209	81560	15990	8809	7181
		R	154829	88961	65868	14059	7748	6311
		U	39940	24248	15692	1931	1061	870
30.	West Bengal	T	1847174	1058685	788489	131579	71160	60419
		R	1354253	774521	579732	109457	59160	50297
		U	492921	284164	208757	22122	12000	10122
Union Territories								
31.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	7057	4226	2831	545	305	240
		R	5082	3059	2023	463	268	195
		U	1975	1167	808	82	37	45
32.	Chandigarh	T	15538	9538	6000	607	354	253
		R	1656	1097	559	61	32	29
		U	13882	8441	5441	546	322	224
33.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	4048	2329	1719	337	176	161
		R	3269	1843	1426	309	161	148
		U	779	486	293	28	15	13
34.	Daman & Diu	T	3171	1779	1392	120	45	75
		R	1880	1143	737	55	22	33
		U	1291	636	655	65	23	42
35.	Lakshadweep	T	1678	901	777	147	76	71
		R	989	520	469	98	50	48
		U	689	381	308	49	26	23
36.	Pondicherry	T	25857	14765	11092	2277	1047	1230
		R	9541	5420	4121	880	421	459
		U	16316	9345	6971	1397	626	771

Table 117 (contd.): Disabled Population in Seeing, Speech, Hearing, Movement and Mental Handicap, Rural, Urban India, 2001

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Movement			Mental Handicap		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
1.	India	T	21906769	12605635	9301134	6105477	3902752	2202725	2263821	1354653	909168
		R	16388382	9410185	6978197	4654552	2975127	1679425	1593777	949373	644404
		U	5518387	3195450	2322937	1450925	927625	523300	670044	405280	264764
2.	Andhra Pradesh	T	1364981	773971	591010	415848	256541	159307	155199	86777	68422
		R	1050400	590258	460142	329677	202201	127476	116909	64118	52791
		U	314581	183713	130868	86171	54340	31831	38290	22659	15631
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	T	33315	22175	11140	3474	2127	1347	1261	676	585
		R	27456	17848	9608	3003	1820	1183	1068	569	499
		U	5859	4327	1532	471	307	164	193	107	86
4.	Assam	T	530300	297516	232784	91970	56386	35584	47475	27657	19818
		R	468113	261460	206653	82861	50493	32368	41309	23867	17442
		U	62187	36056	26131	9109	5893	3216	6166	3790	2376
5.	Bihar	T	1887611	1131526	756085	512246	346763	165483	165319	107441	57878
		R	1692454	1013699	678755	459061	311536	147525	145153	94328	50825
		U	195157	117827	77330	53185	35227	17958	20166	13113	7053
6.	Chhattisgarh	T	419887	231768	188119	151611	88943	62668	43614	23731	19883
		R	344993	188571	156422	125597	72806	52791	34301	18375	15926
		U	74894	43197	31697	26014	16137	9877	9313	5356	3957
7.	Delhi	T	235886	144872	91014	64885	42700	22185	26043	16554	9489
		R	13432	8424	5008	5219	3478	1741	1543	1060	483
		U	222454	136448	86006	59666	39222	20444	24500	15494	9006
8.	Goa	T	15749	8889	6860	4910	3082	1828	3578	1983	1595
		R	8559	4846	3713	2697	1735	962	1972	1083	889
		U	7190	4043	3147	2213	1347	866	1606	900	706
9.	Gujarat	T	1045465	604964	440501	310765	191507	119258	103221	63623	39598
		R	719367	415093	304274	218259	134819	83440	65433	39968	25465
		U	326098	189871	136227	92506	56688	35818	37788	23655	14133
10.	Haryana	T	455040	273837	181203	151485	98797	52688	49595	32708	16887
		R	339792	204908	134884	116707	76979	39728	34309	22839	11470
		U	115248	68929	46319	34778	21818	12960	15286	9869	5417
11.	Himachal Pradesh	T	155950	90444	65506	46512	29141	17371	17315	10561	6754
		R	144756	83646	61110	43938	27524	16414	15975	9762	6213
		U	11194	6798	4396	2574	1617	957	1340	799	541
12.	Jammu & Kashmir	T	302670	171816	130854	37965	23312	14653	24879	15029	9850
		R	229718	129443	100275	32522	19937	12585	18959	11372	7587
		U	72952	42373	30579	5443	3375	2068	5920	3657	2263
13.	Jharkhand	T	448377	264229	184148	138323	87802	50521	55922	34011	21911
		R	348928	203463	145465	110272	69515	40757	41442	24837	16605
		U	99449	60766	38683	28051	18287	9764	14480	9174	5306
14.	Karnataka	T	940643	537730	402913	266559	168815	97744	92631	51529	41102.
		R	661139	375809	285330	191449	121400	70049	62325	34316	28009
		U	279504	161921	117583	75110	47415	27695	30306	17213	13093

S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Movement			Mental Handicap		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
15.	Kerala	T	860794	458350	402444	237707	142359	95348	141686	75004	66682
		R	647782	344491	303291	178587	107646	70941	105842	55555	50287
		U	213012	113859	99153	59120	34713	24407	35844	19449	16395
16.	Madhya Pradesh	T	1408528	824693	583835	495878	313078	182800	115257	70980	44277
		R	1060433	618152	442281	377044	236349	140695	78280	47951	30329
		U	348095	206541	141554	118834	76729	42105	36977	23029	13948
17.	Maharashtra	T	1569582	933867	635715	569945	374671	195274	213274	123139	90135
		R	1020371	600603	419768	379723	249528	130195	124748	70722	54026
		U	549211	333264	215947	190222	125143	65079	88526	52417	36109
18.	Manipur	T	28376	15456	12920	6177	3507	2670	4723	2667	2056
		R	20955	11387	9568	4599	2589	2010	3190	1807	1383
		U	7421	4069	3352	1578	918	660	1533	860	673
19.	Meghalaya	T	28803	15317	13486	5127	2893	2234	3196	1708	1488
		R	22740	12052	10688	4282	2427	1855	2604	1373	1231
		U	6063	3265	2798	845	466	379	592	335	257
20.	Mizoram	T	16011	8763	7248	2476	1418	1058	2851	1447	1404
		R	9691	5228	4463	1518	850	668	1655	815	840
		U	6320	3535	2785	958	568	390	1196	632	564
21.	Nagaland	T	26499	14541	11958	4258	2332	1926	2630	1478	1152
		R	23520	12778	10742	3864	2085	1779	2330	1307	1023
		U	2979	1763	1216	394	247	147	300	171	129
22.	Orissa	T	1021335	568914	452421	250851	153077	97774	103592	58360	45232
		R	877709	485418	392291	218955	132454	86501	87319	48671	38648
		U	143626	83496	60130	31896	20623	11273	16273	9689	6584
23.	Punjab	T	424523	252856	171667	149758	96183	53575	63808	40802	23006
		R	297018	177552	119466	112648	72923	39725	43016	27718	15298
		U	127505	75304	52201	37110	23260	13850	20792	13084	7708
24.	Rajasthan	T	1411979	840650	571329	400577	253324	147253	109058	70317	38741
		R	1109383	657600	451783	318538	200293	118245	80019	51537	28482
		U	302596	183050	119546	82039	53031	29008	29039	18780	10259
25.	Sikkim	T	20367	11409	8958	2172	1306	866	799	429	370
		R	18571	10365	8206	2035	1231	804	715	379	336
		U	1796	1044	752	137	75	62	84	50	34
26.	Tamil Nadu	T	1642497	791685	850812	353798	218910	134888	127521	72480	55041
		R	945019	446948	498071	204754	127156	77598	67483	37733	29750
		U	697478	344737	352741	149044	91754	57290	60038	34747	25291
27.	Tripura	T	58940	33461	25479	13970	8496	5474	6661	3670	2991
		R	48800	27638	21162	11588	7001	4587	5470	2977	2493
		U	10140	5823	4317	2382	1495	887	1191	693	498
28.	Uttar Pradesh	T	3453369	2076504	1376865	930580	621675	308905	286464	187874	98590
		R	2705784	1625941	1079843	743759	498819	244940	211463	139379	72084
		U	747585	450563	297022	186821	122856	63965	75001	48495	26506
29.	Uttaranchal	T	194769	113209	81560	56474	35605	20869	19888	12419	7469
		R	154829	88961	65868	45284	28389	16895	15082	9459	5623
		U	39940	24248	15692	11190	7216	3974	4806	2960	1846

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S. No.	India/ State/ UT	T/ R/ U	Total Disabled Population			In Movement			Mental Handicap		
			Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female	Person	Male	Female
30.	West Bengal	T	1847174	1058685	788489	412658	267493	145165	270842	156452	114390
		R	1354253	774521	579732	319682	206990	112692	181981	104451	77530
		U	492921	284164	208757	92976	60503	32473	88861	52001	36860
	Union Territories										
31.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	T	7057	4226	2831	1870	1271	599	669	360	309
		R	5082	3059	2023	1388	941	447	497	261	236
		U	1975	1167	808	482	330	152	172	99	73
32.	Chandigarh	T	15538	9538	6000	3828	2500	1328	1799	1092	707
		R	1656	1097	559	380	259	121	163	118	45
		U	13882	8441	5441	3448	2241	1207	1636	974	662
33.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	T	4048	2329	1719	795	477	318	275	157	118
		R	3269	1843	1426	649	379	270	222	123	99
		U	779	486	293	146	98	48	53	34	19
34.	Daman & Diu	T	3171	1779	1392	690	414	276	274	145	129
		R	1880	1143	737	413	253	160	138	76	62
		U	1291	636	655	277	161	116	136	69	67
35.	Lakshadweep	T	1678	901	777	505	304	201	216	99	117
		R	989	520	469	291	167	124	126	57	69
		U	689	381	308	214	137	77	90	42	48
36.	Pondicherry	T	25857	14765	11092	8830	5543	3287	2286	1294	992
		R	9541	5420	4121	3309	2155	1154	736	410	326
		U	16316	9345	6971	5521	3388	2133	1550	884	666

Sources : India, Registrar General and Census Commissioner. (2005). Disabled Population in India by Various Types of Disability in Rural and Urban Areas for Males and Females : Census of India 2001 : Compact Disc. New Delhi.

14. Household Consumer Expenditure

The National Sample Survey (NSS) collects some basic information on various indicators. The present report is based on the data on consumer expenditure collected during the NSS 57th Round (July 2001 – June 2002). The main findings discuss the pattern of variation of monthly per capita consumer expenditure over rural and urban areas of selected States, including the North-Eastern States, and the Group of Union Territories.

The all-India average Monthly Per Capita Consumer Expenditure (MPCE) was Rs. 498 and Rs. 933 for rural and urban areas, respectively. Thus, the average MPCE for urban areas at all India level was 87% higher than that in rural areas. The average expenditure per person per month on various items in rural areas is given Table 118.

Table 118: Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days on Groups of Items of Consumption for Rural Areas of Selected States/UTs, 2001-02

S. No	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Rural (Rs.)							
		Andhra Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Chhattisgarh	Gujarat	Haryana	Himachal Pradesh	Jammu & Kashmir
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Cereal	115.31	139.69	108.49	108.62	79.47	64.26	104.43	141.41
2.	Gram	0.14	0.20	1.48	0.12	1.29	1.04	3.09	2.08
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.	Pulses and their Products	18.47	17.08	14.39	9.44	21.57	15.20	32.73	23.21
5.	Milk & Milk Products	34.96	25.90	25.11	4.73	77.97	160.70	105.05	100.44
6.	Edible Oil	20.41	19.54	16.49	12.83	40.53	11.76	29.81	27.96
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	21.39	45.28	12.62	9.24	5.24	0.82	10.70	20.99
8.	Vegetables	28.72	47.32	32.10	26.50	51.90	35.11	34.41	40.55
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	5.84	6.35	3.75	2.54	6.65	8.67	8.84	10.83
10.	Fruits (Dry)	1.96	0.12	0.15	0.23	2.41	0.90	3.47	2.18
11.	Sugar	7.52	9.20	6.75	5.83	18.56	21.75	19.14	10.16
12.	Salt	1.17	1.45	0.89	0.82	0.75	1.09	1.55	1.93
13.	Spices	14.51	8.32	7.44	8.10	14.57	10.10	14.76	13.66
14.	Beverages, etc.	25.31	21.93	12.22	7.25	33.44	30.50	35.67	35.61
	Food Total	295.73	342.40	241.88	196.24	354.39	361.88	403.63	431.01
15.	Paan	1.72	9.26	1.17	1.18	3.60	0.12	0.03	0.00
16.	Tobacco	13.21	4.75	4.98	3.71	9.99	14.20	12.77	11.05
17.	Intoxicants	10.92	4.11	1.86	6.30	0.66	3.81	10.33	1.27
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	25.85	18.12	8.00	11.19	14.24	18.14	23.14	12.33
19.	Fuel and Light	41.88	45.81	38.65	31.96	61.71	77.43	61.06	56.10
20.	Clothing	37.15	38.64	29.78	27.60	40.56	46.64	58.92	60.95
21.	Footwear	4.21	4.04	2.90	2.66	7.90	11.68	16.50	14.65

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S. No	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Rural (Rs.)							
		Andhra Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Chhattisgarh	Gujarat	Haryana	Himachal Pradesh	Jammu & Kashmir
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
22.	Education	10.01	12.62	8.97	7.79	12.96	34.76	29.50	34.95
23.	Medical (Institutional)	10.93	2.53	3.94	2.48	4.98	9.72	16.09	1.49
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	27.17	10.94	17.20	20.61	18.05	25.42	28.41	16.89
25.	Entertainment	5.73	3.87	1.25	0.47	3.03	0.32	2.83	2.33
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	0.72	1.70	1.01	0.99	1.01	1.11	1.75	1.42
27.	Toilet Articles	16.30	13.24	8.65	11.70	16.49	14.29	19.60	14.49
28.	Sundry Articles	10.74	10.48	7.46	8.38	14.91	12.95	16.29	14.34
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	33.49	29.29	18.37	21.53	35.45	28.67	40.47	32.59
30.	Consumer Services	14.42	12.84	11.67	2.77	20.48	22.19	27.76	23.54
31.	Conveyance	17.74	8.95	3.08	3.06	20.03	33.96	29.89	33.69
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	32.16	21.79	14.75	5.83	40.51	56.15	57.65	57.22
33.	Rent	5.77	0.53	0.34	0.45	13.25	7.48	3.36	0.05
34.	Taxes and Cesses	1.14	0.08	0.00	0.02	2.77	0.40	0.81	0.72
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	72.56	51.70	33.45	27.83	91.98	92.70	102.29	90.58
36.	Durable Goods	12.31	10.52	14.97	9.82	14.31	27.44	35.45	39.02
	Non-Food Total	242.08	194.92	157.85	141.94	266.71	343.89	371.37	326.96
	Total Consumer Expenditure	537.80	537.32	399.73	338.19	621.09	705.77	775.00	757.97
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	0.16	0.76	0.10	0.64	1.37	0.09	1.04	1.05
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	139886	46281	116550	49817	70858	27613	11275	7893
40.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	586761	230680	661938	268354	338133	149138	51984	40967
41.	No. of Sample Households	2212	1392	1414	419	695	356	580	560

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment-Unemployment Situation in India, 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 20-22.

Table 118 (contd.): Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days on Groups of Items of Consumption for Rural Areas of Selected States/UTs, 2001-02

S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Rural (Rs.)							
		Jharkhand	Karnataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra	Manipur	Orissa	Punjab
		(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
1.	Cereal	125.24	90.90	104.33	74.22	85.26	176.38	101.41	72.11
2.	Gram	0.90	1.38	1.87	0.24	0.35	0.02	0.16	2.33
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.16	0.01	4.60	0.16	2.48	0.02	0.03	0.00
4.	Pulses and their Products	10.96	20.24	13.33	18.08	24.44	11.43	8.87	18.15
5.	Milk & Milk Products	18.36	31.63	37.46	39.70	33.69	5.42	5.63	127.00
6.	Edible Oil	13.15	18.67	16.93	16.35	23.45	10.55	10.10	22.44
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	12.78	17.73	62.74	4.50	18.05	41.20	13.06	3.07
8.	Vegetables	35.45	23.76	28.88	24.77	30.78	33.02	29.21	34.76
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	2.23	10.38	32.96	3.76	9.29	6.87	2.70	8.22
10.	Fruits (Dry)	0.61	2.45	1.36	0.94	7.89	0.37	0.16	2.49
11.	Sugar	5.41	12.21	13.32	12.11	15.73	4.93	4.51	30.00
12.	Salt	1.12	1.01	1.11	0.90	1.11	1.85	1.07	1.16
13.	Spices	8.37	12.50	17.63	9.77	12.76	8.29	5.56	11.38
14.	Beverages, etc.	13.72	35.14	55.66	15.32	26.22	15.21	11.51	33.74
	Food Total	248.46	278.02	392.17	220.81	291.50	315.57	193.98	366.86
15.	Paan	0.43	4.55	1.90	2.10	2.63	7.01	2.49	0.02
16.	Tobacco	4.43	10.17	8.90	7.86	5.55	5.53	2.84	3.99
17.	Intoxicants	6.16	8.39	8.07	4.19	5.09	2.52	5.10	10.73
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	11.02	23.11	18.88	14.15	13.27	15.06	10.42	14.74
19.	Fuel and Light	31.03	45.58	56.92	40.58	49.03	65.90	25.22	88.19
20.	Clothing	27.58	41.77	44.38	30.68	43.43	29.87	23.82	48.49
21.	Footwear	2.90	4.98	6.27	4.80	5.87	8.68	1.63	10.36
22.	Education	6.37	7.03	31.85	10.18	10.64	34.20	5.01	34.48
23.	Medical (Institutional)	1.76	8.88	31.17	4.19	14.71	15.93	1.97	11.56
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	10.83	23.12	55.44	16.99	36.14	21.32	12.80	44.17

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S.No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Rural (Rs.)							
		Jharkhand	Karnataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra	Manipur	Orissa	Punjab
		(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
25.	Entertainment	0.42	3.61	5.85	0.82	1.91	5.46	0.67	1.49
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	0.64	0.71	1.63	0.76	1.45	3.99	0.39	0.54
27.	Toilet Articles	8.45	13.80	19.09	11.05	15.04	16.29	8.04	20.59
28.	Sundry Articles	8.27	11.58	14.95	10.88	13.94	8.87	5.88	17.62
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	17.78	29.71	41.53	23.52	32.36	34.60	14.97	40.24
30.	Consumer Services	5.48	18.27	32.89	12.53	22.09	13.89	3.39	28.87
31.	Conveyance	5.45	19.48	50.77	9.99	27.82	29.76	3.71	43.50
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	10.93	37.75	83.66	22.52	49.91	43.65	7.11	72.37
33.	Rent	0.31	3.92	5.54	0.81	6.38	0.92	0.62	0.82
34.	Taxes and Cesses	0.00	1.24	1.82	0.36	4.27	0.20	0.01	0.34
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	29.02	72.62	132.56	47.20	92.92	79.37	22.71	113.77
36.	Durable Goods	7.36	20.30	70.14	11.85	31.79	19.75	10.13	28.65
	Non-Food Total	127.87	247.40	447.60	180.63	297.81	290.10	113.71	394.40
	Total Consumer Expenditure	376.33	525.42	839.78	401.44	589.32	605.67	307.69	761.25
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	0.14	0.12	0.07	0.09	0.17	1.13	0.13	0.41
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	31128	68579	53990	79812	105751	2742	111020	23835
40.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	146402	329764	246454	436980	473970	15538	532300	126728
41.	No. of Sample Households	616	1172	1695	1187	1074	368	1376	572

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment Unemployment Situation in India, 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 20-22.

Table 118 (contd): Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days on Groups of Items of Consumption for Rural Areas of Selected States/UTs, 2001-02

S.No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Rural (Rs.)							
		Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Tripura	Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern States	Group of UTs	All India
		(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
1.	Cereal	76.79	92.12	125.89	78.36	124.75	148.22	110.36	95.47
2.	Gram	0.29	1.68	0.02	0.32	0.12	0.08	1.63	0.67
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.00	0.06	0.02	0.01	0.07	0.26	0.12	0.33
4.	Pulses and their Products	13.39	22.00	8.92	17.98	11.95	10.79	32.12	16.85
5.	Milk & Milk Products	116.55	22.92	17.25	41.49	21.15	16.78	50.98	41.91
6.	Edible Oil	18.35	18.25	12.44	16.14	19.36	12.66	37.41	18.32
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	6.05	27.86	59.60	6.55	38.21	64.93	56.02	16.72
8.	Vegetables	28.01	33.46	38.20	31.71	45.80	45.78	53.18	32.95
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	4.49	10.33	5.12	4.76	5.26	6.35	13.54	6.60
10.	Fruits (Dry)	1.65	0.70	0.06	1.43	0.40	0.12	0.88	1.55
11.	Sugar	18.87	6.71	4.55	10.94	7.68	7.17	12.52	10.96
12.	Salt	1.08	1.03	1.66	0.78	1.16	1.77	1.76	1.01
13.	Spices	12.80	19.08	8.92	10.02	10.33	7.98	21.11	11.12
14.	Beverages, etc.	18.20	45.31	15.06	13.64	18.40	23.82	87.44	21.88
	Food Total	316.53	301.51	297.72	234.16	304.63	346.69	479.05	276.35
15.	Paan	0.15	3.51	7.38	4.64	2.15	8.71	5.35	2.83
16.	Tobacco	13.77	7.78	11.48	5.91	7.47	10.69	9.90	7.62
17.	Intoxicants	4.84	2.51	2.32	2.05	1.77	5.88	14.71	4.41
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	18.77	13.80	21.19	12.60	11.39	25.29	29.96	14.86
19.	Fuel and Light	48.62	42.05	32.13	37.54	45.86	48.21	63.02	43.87
20.	Clothing	41.10	33.44	28.53	31.20	36.65	42.27	49.42	35.33
21.	Footwear	8.12	3.44	4.12	3.97	3.38	10.25	9.56	4.83
22.	Education	10.21	14.67	20.07	11.17	15.99	27.20	18.37	12.85
23.	Medical (Institutional)	9.32	6.13	4.15	4.16	6.87	4.82	6.38	6.93
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	39.06	24.76	24.64	28.98	22.55	18.04	19.82	25.22
25.	Entertainment	0.91	6.63	0.13	0.97	2.14	3.39	10.76	2.28

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S.No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Rural (Rs.)							
		Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Tripura	Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern States	Group of UTs	All India
		(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	1.55	0.22	0.83	0.77	0.66	2.62	2.13	0.93
27.	Toilet Articles	10.08	17.23	11.68	9.89	12.06	14.44	24.24	12.43
28.	Sundry Articles	14.02	14.75	7.38	8.75	8.73	10.12	20.33	10.62
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	26.55	38.83	20.02	20.39	23.59	30.56	57.46	26.27
30.	Consumer Services	21.76	13.19	8.49	13.17	9.34	12.41	22.78	14.54
31.	Conveyance	18.82	26.41	8.80	7.68	11.82	15.96	36.82	15.02
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	40.58	39.60	17.29	20.85	21.15	28.37	59.60	29.56
33.	Rent	1.01	9.49	0.37	0.39	0.36	3.03	30.89	2.90
34.	Taxes and Cesses	1.07	1.60	0.00	0.01	0.20	0.07	1.88	0.81
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	69.21	89.53	37.68	41.64	45.30	62.03	149.84	59.53
36.	Durable Goods	16.61	22.69	8.85	17.21	13.39	18.66	30.52	18.49
	Non-Food Total	261.01	250.51	181.37	188.48	201.38	256.78	376.88	221.92
	Total Consumer Expenditure	577.54	552.03	479.09	422.63	506.01	603.47	855.93	498.27
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	0.12	0.08	0.89	0.19	0.33	3.53	0.45	0.30
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	71113	109798	7115	265283	99472	19049	1822	1532654
40.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	405576	419975	36183	1577112	471897	95550	6792	7691939
41.	No. of Sample Households	1272	1846	480	2287	2156	2027	305	25505

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment- Unemployment Situation in India, 2001 2002. New Delhi. P. 20-22.

Per capita monthly expenditure on various items in urban areas is given in Table 119.

Table 119: Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days on Groups of Items of Consumption for Urban Areas of Selected States/UTs, 2001-02

S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)						
		Andhra Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Chhattisgarh	Delhi	Gujarat	Haryana
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1.	Cereal	120.98	140.37	104.14	121.28	81.46	80.49	70.64
2.	Gram	0.21	0.21	1.57	0.44	1.96	0.60	1.32
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.18	0.00
4.	Pulses and their Products	20.95	21.32	16.97	20.96	22.54	23.53	17.81
5.	Milk & Milk Products	48.68	38.62	50.27	36.74	133.10	108.59	145.65
6.	Edible Oil	24.05	28.11	21.85	24.60	26.70	41.08	22.91
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	26.59	65.15	15.45	11.20	23.61	11.15	12.08
8.	Vegetables	36.25	57.54	43.60	51.77	64.40	54.36	47.06
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	11.68	10.61	7.62	10.91	21.90	12.30	20.56
10.	Fruits (Dry)	2.99	0.66	1.70	2.81	6.09	4.04	2.44
11.	Sugar	8.41	10.49	8.73	14.17	13.50	17.44	21.79
12.	Salt	1.31	1.69	1.26	1.51	1.37	0.98	1.35
13.	Spices	14.94	10.93	9.57	11.28	14.86	15.53	12.02
14.	Beverages, etc.	55.10	60.24	28.70	28.21	80.24	47.16	50.68
	Food Total	372.16	445.95	311.44	335.96	491.73	417.43	426.31
15.	Paan	1.54	13.18	2.23	4.29	1.97	6.15	1.53
16.	Tobacco	13.27	7.10	3.69	3.69	13.01	8.79	18.39
17.	Intoxicants	4.34	3.40	2.04	7.46	7.89	0.92	8.06
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	19.15	23.69	7.95	15.44	22.87	15.85	27.98
19.	Fuel and Light	68.74	78.36	62.17	68.35	103.56	92.47	117.65
20.	Clothing	50.55	60.65	41.28	50.33	66.98	55.16	56.33
21.	Footwear	7.33	9.24	5.36	10.00	16.77	12.03	17.13
22.	Education	51.82	39.01	46.92	38.01	98.60	58.70	86.37
23.	Medical (Institutional)	12.24	4.98	5.01	4.94	21.37	15.17	11.67
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	35.53	21.88	22.79	25.78	23.07	33.18	56.19
25.	Entertainment	14.24	6.95	3.63	6.98	20.76	15.38	13.10
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	1.10	2.70	1.01	1.75	9.40	1.55	1.65

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S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)						
		Andhra Pradesh	Assam	Bihar	Chhattisgarh	Delhi	Gujarat	Haryana
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
27.	Toilet Articles	25.11	25.18	15.48	26.39	29.62	24.66	23.87
28.	Sundry Articles	17.69	15.22	10.92	16.40	27.32	19.62	18.35
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	58.15	50.05	31.04	51.51	87.11	61.21	56.97
30.	Consumer Services	35.27	38.73	22.19	38.33	84.88	45.80	47.95
31.	Conveyance	47.51	31.22	17.19	24.59	107.17	60.53	48.80
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	82.78	69.95	39.37	62.93	192.05	106.33	96.75
33.	Rent	68.81	46.29	32.12	19.67	83.47	30.85	20.20
34.	Taxes and Cesses	5.56	0.88	0.49	1.36	14.30	5.96	8.03
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	215.29	167.18	103.03	135.46	376.93	204.35	181.95
36.	Durable Goods	25.95	32.34	19.33	39.09	44.66	49.21	58.57
	Non-Food Total	486.59	437.34	313.84	387.40	774.80	536.13	613.83
	Total Consumer Expenditure	858.74	883.29	625.28	723.36	1266.53	953.56	1040.14
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	0.17	0.46	0.11	0.12	0.61	1.06	0.30
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.	Imputed Rent	99.73	169.95	87.53	97.38	457.14	204.20	229.80
40.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	51513	4898	15502	7507	19810	31635	11476
41.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	209177	19606	77218	33836	86636	148987	52960
42.	No. of Sample Households	2498	852	1996	559	962	1254	780

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment-Unemployment Situation in India, 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 23-25.

Table 119 (contd) : Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days on Groups of Items of Consumption for Urban Areas of Selected States/UTs, 2001-02

S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)						
		Himachal Pradesh	Jammu & Kashmir	Jharkhand	Karnataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra
		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1.	Cereal	110.51	136.36	118.13	114.27	108.73	81.30	98.83
2.	Gram	3.53	2.25	1.13	1.06	2.73	0.30	0.60
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	2.19	0.68	1.97
4.	Pulses and their Products	29.66	19.11	19.14	25.77	17.21	22.16	28.99
5.	Milk & Milk Products	136.68	117.59	59.96	59.05	55.27	65.64	87.39
6.	Edible Oil	31.18	33.67	25.97	27.35	19.82	22.64	37.26
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	15.62	41.11	23.66	26.98	83.11	8.33	28.16
8.	Vegetables	40.70	52.09	53.51	33.54	37.38	35.13	52.47
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	17.84	16.88	9.06	16.80	37.51	9.23	21.47
10.	Fruits (Dry)	9.11	4.26	1.62	4.31	1.63	3.85	9.83
11.	Sugar	18.28	10.98	10.95	14.84	16.25	15.62	16.58
12.	Salt	1.51	2.15	1.71	1.20	1.28	1.36	1.51
13.	Spices	16.18	15.86	12.48	15.31	18.41	11.69	15.24
14.	Beverages, etc.	98.30	67.58	45.28	78.94	95.35	33.47	80.14
	Food Total	529.11	519.90	382.61	419.44	496.88	311.40	480.44
15.	Paan	0.01	0.08	2.94	2.37	1.43	5.02	2.83
16.	Tobacco	15.21	15.08	3.59	8.14	14.37	5.30	6.54
17.	Intoxicants	12.16	3.45	6.01	4.68	6.76	2.52	4.65
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	27.38	18.61	12.55	15.19	22.56	12.84	14.02
19.	Fuel and Light	85.84	83.75	56.14	90.11	80.97	69.29	102.27
20.	Clothing	83.95	77.59	54.84	69.73	64.93	48.22	74.55
21.	Footwear	29.18	22.48	10.54	11.36	9.60	8.38	12.96
22.	Education	63.30	71.59	66.55	54.52	59.73	38.69	55.26
23.	Medical (Institutional)	16.38	4.38	2.40	8.36	33.66	21.75	35.07
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	39.14	31.05	20.37	32.01	56.41	34.34	55.69
25.	Entertainment	12.35	7.89	4.86	14.92	13.99	7.65	20.57

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S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)						
		Himachal Pradesh	Jammu & Kashmir	Jharkhand	Karnataka	Kerala	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra
		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	2.21	3.66	2.27	0.68	2.44	2.52	1.57
27.	Toilet Articles	31.49	24.47	22.98	27.30	23.36	21.39	32.33
28.	Sundry Articles	21.84	19.38	17.83	17.95	18.33	16.97	25.88
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	67.88	55.40	47.93	60.86	58.12	48.54	80.35
30.	Consumer Services	58.91	41.09	27.38	40.61	78.36	32.23	90.19
31.	Conveyance	75.01	64.59	40.43	55.57	79.89	42.78	78.39
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	133.92	105.68	67.81	96.18	158.26	75.01	168.57
33.	Rent	74.83	23.36	46.97	72.82	34.71	25.98	54.13
34.	Taxes and Cesses	6.10	2.69	0.12	12.87	10.05	4.68	23.47
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	282.73	187.14	162.84	242.73	261.13	154.22	326.53
36.	Durable Goods	37.65	70.98	16.46	29.69	154.32	38.02	52.12
	Non-Food Total	665.57	567.55	402.68	553.71	743.31	425.74	728.47
	Total Consumer Expenditure	1194.68	1087.44	785.29	973.15	1240.20	737.14	1208.90
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	0.81	0.68	0.08	0.20	0.03	0.09	0.15
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00
39.	Imputed Rent	290.72	330.42	93.47	166.65	406.34	111.79	279.45
40.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	1361	2339	7437	40874	10670	30589	75390
41.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	4780	10920	35391	191265	43871	152740	319897
42.	No. of Sample Households	480	815	1035	1561	916	2324	3962

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment-Unemployment Situation in India, 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 23-25.

Table 119 (contd) : Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days On Groups of Items of Consumption for Urban Areas of Selected States/UTs, 2001-02

S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)						
		Manipur	Mizoram	Orissa	Punjab	Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Tripura
		(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
1.	Cereal	172.75	147.46	120.24	69.36	81.80	99.74	143.02
2.	Gram	0.35	0.13	0.22	1.92	0.83	2.19	0.04
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.21
4.	Pulses and their Products	13.91	19.12	19.29	19.95	17.11	25.35	15.35
5.	Milk & Milk Products	16.46	51.55	37.34	144.65	107.77	51.06	38.63
6.	Edible Oil	13.71	24.60	21.54	24.40	24.53	22.01	22.51
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	46.50	121.03	32.23	6.95	10.77	33.73	103.51
8.	Vegetables	37.18	106.48	49.55	40.53	38.38	39.54	54.90
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	10.49	11.46	9.33	13.69	11.64	14.38	13.45
10.	Fruits (Dry)	0.27	0.48	0.90	4.41	3.22	1.62	0.63
11.	Sugar	5.96	14.23	10.19	25.55	16.59	9.23	7.76
12.	Salt	2.12	2.26	1.53	1.15	1.37	1.23	2.37
13.	Spices	9.87	10.55	10.21	11.74	14.48	20.24	11.74
14.	Beverages, etc.	25.34	43.55	46.89	61.07	38.38	77.74	27.04
	Food Total	354.94	552.89	359.47	425.37	366.87	398.12	441.16
15.	Paan	11.58	31.68	7.01	0.40	1.08	1.27	6.81
16.	Tobacco	3.96	25.61	3.18	8.59	10.19	9.93	11.39
17.	Intoxicants	3.17	7.33	3.99	20.57	9.42	4.94	7.71
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	18.71	64.63	14.18	29.56	20.69	16.14	25.91
19.	Fuel and Light	73.89	95.27	68.40	105.79	83.67	72.36	66.43
20.	Clothing	32.03	112.56	48.27	60.65	55.14	47.18	53.18
21.	Footwear	10.21	52.26	5.95	15.26	11.04	5.67	6.79
22.	Education	35.64	61.05	39.87	69.86	36.61	62.66	65.37
23.	Medical (Institutional)	16.29	11.96	4.46	19.21	15.02	13.44	14.53
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	8.12	41.41	41.25	51.19	34.41	32.36	47.76
25.	Entertainment	8.11	17.57	4.35	11.23	5.09	16.55	1.58

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S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)						
		Manipur	Mizoram	Orissa	Punjab	Rajasthan	Tamil Nadu	Tripura
		(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	9.85	7.29	1.25	1.36	0.97	0.48	3.53
27.	Toilet Articles	17.24	28.88	19.45	26.43	20.03	26.79	19.48
28.	Sundry Articles	10.80	23.57	13.05	20.96	17.61	23.02	13.98
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	46.00	77.31	38.11	59.99	43.69	66.84	38.58
30.	Consumer Services	18.48	109.55	20.01	51.02	34.82	41.79	27.07
31.	Conveyance	44.51	42.26	28.94	63.92	53.69	43.36	70.92
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	62.99	151.81	48.94	114.94	88.51	85.15	97.99
33.	Rent	11.92	50.48	38.00	22.00	20.44	66.71	34.63
34.	Taxes and Cesses	1.31	7.59	1.33	5.80	5.35	5.86	0.83
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	122.22	287.19	126.38	202.73	158.00	224.57	172.03
36.	Durable Goods	22.18	41.09	27.89	29.39	23.34	25.84	33.51
	Non-Food Total	339.30	767.41	376.64	583.64	437.92	500.22	485.51
	Total Consumer Expenditure	694.24	1320.30	736.11	1009.01	804.79	898.33	926.67
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	1.03	10.52	0.07	0.42	0.16	0.05	0.08
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.	Imputed Rent	118.99	198.28	84.97	217.30	157.80	99.55	79.77
40.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	889	592	10700	17257	22399	54429	1209
41.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	4736	2851	50084	70767	117290	214643	4954
42.	No. of Sample Households	391	508	911	1082	1439	2716	512

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment- Unemployment Situation in India, 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 23-25.

Table 119 (contd) : Average Expenditure (Rs.) Per Person Per 30 Days On Groups of Items of Consumption for Urban Areas of Selected States/UTs, 001-02

S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)				
		Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern States	Group of UTs	All India
		(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
1.	Cereal	76.83	120.90	152.18	103.35	97.77
2.	Gram	0.63	0.26	0.22	3.80	0.94
3.	Cereal Substitutes	0.11	0.01	0.10	0.02	0.39
4.	Pulses and their Products	21.24	15.47	16.33	31.43	22.31
5.	Milk & Milk Products	80.02	40.64	38.12	140.28	75.82
6.	Edible Oil	21.64	27.22	20.70	33.59	26.84
7.	Egg, Fish and Meat	13.54	63.85	90.32	47.49	25.83
8.	Vegetables	40.67	63.71	60.60	57.20	45.22
9.	Fruits (Fresh)	11.13	12.16	11.90	32.73	14.64
10.	Fruits (Dry)	3.62	1.16	0.53	6.15	4.06
11.	Sugar	14.48	9.94	9.82	17.10	13.96
12.	Salt	1.08	1.52	2.12	1.76	1.32
13.	Spices	11.32	14.31	10.17	22.14	14.28
14.	Beverages, etc.	37.11	66.46	44.35	120.32	58.94
	Food Total	333.41	437.60	457.48	617.37	402.31
15.	Paan	4.06	2.61	15.60	2.24	3.03
16.	Tobacco	5.67	13.06	12.84	14.23	8.77
17.	Intoxicants	1.82	2.17	7.03	22.31	4.80
18.	Paan, Tobacco and Intoxicants	11.55	17.84	35.46	38.78	16.60
19.	Fuel and Light	70.39	94.58	77.21	95.48	83.37
20.	Clothing	48.23	63.28	67.64	101.56	57.81
21.	Footwear	8.71	9.04	21.67	21.28	10.33
22.	Education	52.07	62.86	62.41	126.96	56.58
23.	Medical (Institutional)	9.07	22.96	12.65	10.47	16.58
24.	Medical (Non-Institutional)	34.78	47.39	27.75	55.03	38.29
25.	Entertainment	4.86	11.55	9.58	22.23	12.34

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S. No.	Item	Per Capita Monthly Expenditure Urban (Rs.)				
		Uttar Pradesh	West Bengal	North Eastern States	Group of UTs	All India
		(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
26.	Goods for personal care and effects	1.92	2.18	6.23	2.26	1.83
27.	Toilet Articles	18.86	26.17	22.67	40.06	24.89
28.	Sundry Articles	15.72	18.34	15.70	32.26	19.38
29.	Miscellaneous Consumer goods	41.36	58.23	54.19	96.81	58.45
30.	Consumer Services	33.29	50.99	42.37	92.73	48.16
31.	Conveyance	37.70	44.03	50.43	148.28	53.54
32.	Miscellaneous Consumer Services	70.99	95.02	92.80	241.01	101.69
33.	Rent	19.00	30.11	46.69	145.30	44.52
34.	Taxes and Cesses	3.96	2.08	1.94	11.86	8.16
35.	Miscellaneous Consumer Goods and Services	135.30	185.45	195.62	494.98	212.82
36.	Durable Goods	25.86	25.51	29.91	255.42	38.09.
	Non-Food Total	395.95	528.93	530.32	1199.97	530.48
	Total Consumer Expenditure	729.37	966.52	987.79	1817.34	932.79
37.	Clothing (Second Hand)	0.17	0.20	3.71	0.12	0.26
38.	Durable Goods (Second Hand)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
39.	Imputed Rent	148.76	192.79	121.40	136.75	179.93
40.	Estd. No. of HHS (00)	59326	40839	4134	3909	528220
41.	Estd. No. of Persons (00)	318878	156414	18496	15235	2368103
42.	No. of Sample Households	4737	2989	2208	695	37123

Sources: India, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, National Sample Survey Organisation. (2003). Household Consumer Expenditure and Employment-Unemployment Situation in India, 2001-2002. New Delhi. P. 23-25.

15. Budget Outlay

The Central Government expenditure on social sectors, namely education, health and family welfare, water supply, sanitation, housing, rural development, social welfare, nutrition and minimum basic services as a ratio to total expenditure rose from 9.4 per cent in 1993-94 to 11.4 per cent in 1999-2000. The Central outlay on women and child development increased by 104.8 per cent in the Tenth Five Year Plan (2002-07) over the Ninth Five Year Plan, from Rs.6729 crores to Rs.13,780 crores. The Ninth Plan 1997-2002 made two significant changes in the conceptual strategy for planning for women. Firstly, “empowerment of women” became one of the nine primary objectives of the Ninth Plan, and secondly the plan attempted convergence of existing services, resources, infrastructure and manpower available in both, women – specific and women – related sectors. To this effect, it directed both the Centre and the States to adopt a special strategy of “Women’s Component Plan” through which not less than 30 per cent of funds/benefits should be earmarked in all the women - related sectors. In the Ninth Plan, the Women’s Component Plan as a percentage of the Gross Budgetary Support (GBS) worked out to be 25.5. In 1986, at the instance of the Prime Minister’s Office (PMO), a special mechanism of monitoring 27 Beneficiary Oriented Schemes (BOS) for women was put into action. The same continues to be an effective instrument for monitoring women specific and women related sectors of health, nutrition, education, labour, rural development, urban development, science and technology, and women and child development. Budget allocations for various Ministries, Departments, schemes and programmes are given in Table 120.

Table 120: Union Budget Plan Outlay for Major Schemes in Social Sectors, 2004-05 (RE) and 2005-06 (BE)

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
1.	Ministry of Agro and Rural Industries						
	Prime Minister’s Rozgar Yojana	199.58	-	199.58	196.65	-	196.65
	Khadi and Village Industries Commission	98.90	56.40	155.44	135.45	56.45	191.90
	Rural Employment Generation Programme	291.60	-	291.60	369.95	-	369.95
	Projects Schemes for North East Region and Sikkim	70.00	-	70.00	85.90	-	85.90
	Grand Total	700.00	-	700.00	859.00	-	859.00

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
2.	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, Deptt. of Food and Public Distribution						
	Pilot Project on Implementation of Food Credit Card in PDS	1.25	-	1.25	1.25	-	1.25
3.	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Deptt. of Health						
	Central Government Health Scheme	16.50	187.00	203.50	26.00	195.00	221.00
	Public Health						
	National Anti-Malaria Programme	210.00	5.25	215.25	273.45	5.50	278.95
	Kala Azar Control Programme	50.00	-	50.00	40.00	-	40.00
	TB Control Programme	129.00	-	129.00	166.39	-	166.39
	Leprosy Control Programme	40.84	-	40.84	38.57	-	38.57
	Trachoma and Blindness Control Programme	85.00	-	85.00	86.00	-	86.00
	National Iodine Deficiency Control Programme	7.50	-	7.50	11.00	-	11.00
	National AIDS Control Programme	422.00	-	422.00	476.50	-	476.50
	Drugs De-addiction Programme	6.00	-	6.00	-	-	-
	National Mental Health Programme	30.00	-	30.00	36.00	-	36.00
	Total Public Health	1061.37	56.60	1117.97	1224.22	59.11	1283.33
	Assistance towards Expenditure on Hospitalization of the Poor	-	3.00	3.00	-	3.00	3.00
	Projects Schemes for North East Areas and Sikkim	220.00	-	220.00	290.80	-	290.80
	Grand Total	2177.00	918.32	3095.32	2881.77	945.87	3827.64
	Department of Family Welfare						
	Rural Family Welfare Services	1722.10	-	1722.10	1869.20	-	1869.20
	Urban Family Welfare Services	121.00	-	-	121.00	133.08	133.08
	Reproductive and Child Health Project	485.93	-	485.93	1380.68	-	1380.68

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Immunization Programme and Eradication of Polio	1017.48	-	1017.48	1304.60	-	1304.60
	Maternity Benefit Scheme	50.00	-	50.00	-	-	-
	Total Family Welfare Services	3396.51	-	3396.51	4687.56	-	4687.56
	Other Services and Supplies						
	Free Distribution of Conventional Contraceptives	91.81	-	91.81	169.97	-	169.97
	New Initiatives - National Population Policy	191.91	-	191.91	40.00	-	40.00
	Innovations in Family Planning Services Project for U.P.	47.36	-	47.36	50.00	-	50.00
	Projects Schemes for North East Area and Sikkim	530.00	-	530.00	642.40	-	642.40
	Grand Total	5300.00	24.77	5324.77	6424.00	29.49	6435.49
4.	Ministry of Human Resource Development, Deptt. of Elementary Education and Literacy						
	Strengthening Teachers Training Institutions	186.30	-	186.30	180.00	-	180.00
	Shiksha Karmi Project Rajasthan	39.04	-	39.04	6.50	-	6.50
	Mahila Samakhya	15.00	-	15.00	30.00	-	30.00
	National Bal Bhawan	4.25	2.53	6.78	4.50	2.53	7.03
	Lok Jumbish	29.41	-	29.41	-	-	-
	District Primary Education Programme (DPEP)	600.00	-	600.00	600.00	-	600.00
	Nutrition Support to Primary Education (MDM)	1507.50	-	1507.50	3010.76	-	3010.76
	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA)	4753.63	-	4753.63	7156.00	-	7156.00
	Total Elementary Education	7225.35	2.53	7227.88	11217.26	2.53	11219.79
	Total Primary and Adult Education	8000.00	4.58	8004.58	12531.76	4.77	12536.53
	Deptt. of Secondary and Higher Education						
	National Council for Educational Research and Training (NCERT)	17.10	36.25	53.35	17.10	46.13	63.23

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan	100.80	581.49	682.29	164.70	598.94	763.64
	Navodaya Vidyalaya Samiti	385.20	139.66	524.86	495.00	143.85	638.85
	Integrated Education for Disabled Children	34.20	-	34.20	40.50	-	40.50
	Quality Improvements in Schools	12.60	-	12.60	9.00	-	9.00
	National Open School (NOS)	5.40	-	5.40	3.60	-	3.60
	Total Secondary Education	588.24	772.18	1360.42	787.51	804.10	1591.61
	National Scholarship Scheme/ Scholarship for Talented Children from Rural Areas	0.90	2.16	3.06	-	2.24	2.24
	National Merit Scholarship Scheme	-	-	-	9.90	-	9.90
	Polytechnics for the Disabled	1.80	-	1.80	3.60	-	3.60
	Vocationalization of Education	10.80	-	10.80	18.00	-	18.00
	Grand Total	2224.15	3000.00	5224.15	2710.50	3090.00	5800.50
5	Ministry of HRD, Department of Women and Child Development						
	Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS)	1490.40	-	1490.40	3142.25	-	3142.25
	World Bank Assisted ICDS Projects	370.00	-	370.00	135.00	-	135.00
	Training Programme under ICDS	74.00	-	74.00	38.00	-	38.00
	Day Care Centres	15.92	13.33	29.25	28.50	13.00	41.50
	National Institute of Public Cooperation and Child Development (NIPCCD)	5.25	6.50	11.75	4.35	7.00	11.35
	Total Child Welfare	1968.62	23.44	1992.06	3361.65	23.67	3385.32
	Women Welfare						
	Condensed Courses for Women's Education	5.25	-	5.25	5.40	-	5.40
	Balika Samridhi Yojana	48.00	-	48.00	0.03	-	0.03
	Hostels for Working Women	6.20	-	6.20	6.00	-	6.00
	Support to Training and Employment Programme (STEP)	16.09	-	16.09	13.50	-	13.50

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Central Social Welfare Board (CSWB)	27.00	13.00	40.00	31.00	13.50	44.50
	Swawlamban	22.50	-	22.50	14.00	-	14.00
	Short Stay Homes (SSH)	12.90	1.50	14.40	13.50	1.50	15.00
	Awareness Generation Programme (AGP)	4.50	-	4.50	4.50	-	4.50
	National Commission for Women (NCW)	4.40	2.15	6.55	3.60	2.17	5.77
	Swa-Shakti Project	20.00	-	20.00	5.00	-	5.00
	Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK)	-	-	-	0.01	-	0.01
	Swayamsidha	16.35	-	16.35	18.50	-	18.50
	Swadhar	3.69	-	3.69	5.50	-	5.50
	Scheme for Rescue of Victims of Trafficking	-	-	-	0.25	-	0.25
	Total Women's Welfare	186.88	16.80	203.68	120.79	17.32	138.11
	Total Social Security and Welfare	2155.50	40.24	2195.74	3482.44	40.99	3523.43
	Nutrition						
	National Nutrition Mission (NNM)	-	-	-	0.03	-	0.03
	Other Schemes	2.50	6.10	8.60	5.04	6.46	11.50
	Total Nutrition	2.50	6.10	8.60	5.07	6.46	11.53
	Project Schemes for North East and Sikkim	240.00	-	240.00	387.53	-	387.53
	Grand Total	2400.00	54.19	2454.19	3875.29	55.82	3931.11
6.	Ministry of Labour and Employment						
	Employees Pension Scheme	-	600.00	600.00	-	700.00	700.00
	Family Pension cum Life Insurance Scheme for Plantation Workers in Assam, Deposit Link Insurance Scheme for Tea Plantation Workers in Assam, and Unorganized Sector Workers Social Security Scheme	-	13.50	13.50	-	13.50	13.50

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Total Social Security for Labour	-	613.50	613.50	-	713.50	713.50
	Labour Education						
	Central Board for Workers Education	9.00	14.40	23.40	8.14	18.00	26.14
	Rehabilitation of Bonded Labour	2.00	-	2.00	1.07	-	1.07
	Improvement in Working Conditions of Child and Women Labour	98.38	-	98.38	125.05	-	125.05
	Total Labour	128.50	792.15	920.65	151.99	910.12	1062.11
	Labour and Employment						
	Welfare of SC, ST and Other Backward Classes	0.40	1.80	2.20	0.70	1.97	2.65
	Project Schemes for North East Area and Sikkim	17.00	-	17.00	23.25	-	23.25
	Grand Total	165.00	850.00	1015.00	219.48	972.61	1192.09
7	Ministry of Non Conventional Energy Sources						
	Improved Chulhas	0.25	-	0.25	0.50	-	0.50
	Grand Total	400.00	5.47	405.47	599.75	5.63	605.38
8.	Ministry of Rural Development/ Department of Rural Development						
	Swaran Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana	900.00	-	900.00	862.24	-	862.24
	Sampoorna Gramin Rozgar Yojana (SGRY)						
	a. Cash Component for Food for Work Programme	4050.00	-	4050.00	3600.00	-	3600.00
	b. Food Grains Component	260.00	-	260.00	-	-	-
	c. Special Component of SGRY	280.00	-	280.00	-	-	-
	National Food for Work Programme	1818.00	-	1818.00	5400.00	-	5400.00
	Total Rural Employment	6408.00	-	6408.00	9000.00	-	9000.00
	Total Rural Housing	2607.00	-	2607.00	2497.60	-	2497.60
	Total Other Rural Development Programmes	345.76	8.77	354.53	331.26	9.17	340.43

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Project Schemes for North East Area and Sikkim	1386.64	-	1386.64	1833.40	-	1833.40
	Grand Total	13866.40	19.00	13885.40	18334.00	19.87	18353.87
	Department of Drinking Water Supply						
	Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme	2610.00	0.07	2610.07	3645.00	0.07	3645.07
	Rural Sanitation	360.00	-	360.00	630.00	-	630.00
	Project Schemes for North East and Sikkim	330.00	-	330.00	475.00	-	475.00
	Total Drinking Water Supply	3300.00	1.39	3301.39	4750.00	1.42	4751.42
9.	Department of Science and Technology						
	S & T Entrepreneurship Development	15.50	-	15.50	16.00	-	16.00
	Other Schemes	5.00	-	5.00	5.00	-	5.00
	Total for Socio Economic Development	54.50	-	54.50	55.00	-	55.00
10.	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment						
	Welfare of SC / ST and Other Backward Classes (OBC)						
	Special Central Assistance for SC Component Plan	373.99	-	373.99	491.22	-	491.22
	Post Matric Scholarship Scheme	313.24	-	313.24	371.89	-	371.89
	Girls Hostels	15.00	-	15.00	0.01	-	0.01
	Boys Hostels	26.00	-	26.00	0.01	-	0.01
	Pre – Matric Scholarship Scheme	10.00	-	10.00	0.01	-	0.01
	Assistance to Voluntary Organizations for Welfare of Scheduled Castes	25.50	-	25.50	26.00	-	26.00
	Total Welfare of SC	803.20	-	803.20	947.61	-	947.61
	Common Programmes for SC/ST and OBC	61.10	10.65	71.75	89.96	10.52	100.48

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Total Welfare of SC/ST and OBC	864.30	10.65	874.95	1037.57	10.52	1048.09
	Welfare of Handicapped						
	Aids and Appliances for the Handicapped	60.00	-	60.00	60.00	-	60.00
	Other Programmes for Handicapped	11.24	7.70	18.94	29.85	6.75	36.60
	Total Welfare of Handicapped	173.00	29.97	202.97	212.60	30.11	242.71
	Total Child Welfare	16.20	6.46	22.66	29.20	5.35	34.55
	Social Welfare						
	Education Work for Prohibition and Drug Abuse Prevention	22.93	-	22.93	30.64	-	30.64
	Prevention and Control of Juvenile Social Maladjustment	18.90	-	18.90	0.01	-	0.01
	Assistance to VOs for Old Age Homes	16.70	1.10	17.80	24.05	1.25	25.30
	Total Social Welfare	68.73	3.18	71.91	71.60	3.52	75.12
	Total Social Security and Welfare	257.93	39.61	297.54	313.40	38.98	352.38
	Project Scheme for North East and Sikkim	5.38	-	5.38	7.40	-	7.40
	Grand Total SJE	1350.00	65.00	1415.00	1533.70	66.00	1599.70
11.	Ministry of Tribal Affairs						
	Ashram Schools in Tribal Sub-Plan Area	6.00	-	6.00	-	-	-
	Schemes for PMS, Book Bank and Upgradation of Merit of ST Students	76.99	-	76.99	230.65	-	230.65
	Schemes of Hostels for ST Girls and Boys	13.00	-	13.00	-	-	-
	Other Programmes for Welfare of ST	85.65	7.31	92.96	94.41	5.50	99.91
	Project Schemes for SC/ST/OBC in North East Area	25.25	-	25.25	39.00	-	39.00
	Grand Total	1069.45	12.50	1081.95	1498.82	10.92	1509.74

S. No.	Ministry/ Department/Scheme	Revised Budget 2004-05 (Rs. in crores)			Budget Estimates 2005-06 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
12.	Ministry of Urban Employment and Poverty Alleviation						
	Low Cost Sanitation Programme	30.00	-	30.00	30.00	-	30.00
	Other Housing Schemes	10.41	5.55	15.96	4.90	3.55	8.45
	Swarna Jayanti Shahari Rozgar Yojana	122.00	-	122.00	159.99	-	159.99
	Valmiki Ambedkar Awas Yojana	280.58	-	280.58	249.00	-	249.00
	Grand Total Urban Development	650.00	11.68	661.68	500.00	12.03	512.03

Notes : 1 crore = 10 million

Sources: India, Ministry of Finance. (2005). Expenditure Budget 2005-06: Volume 2: February 2005. New Delhi. P. 11, 48, 94-96, 101-102, 118-119, 121-123, 130-131, 136-137, 143, 164-169, 171, 189-190, 209, 219.

Budget allocation for the programmes and activities of the Department of Women and Child Development are given in Table 121.

Table 121: Budget, Revised Estimates and Resource Allocation for the Plans and Programmes of the Department of Women and Child Development, 2004-2005

S. No.	Name of the Scheme/ Programmes of DWCD	Budget Estimates 2004-2005 (Rs. in crores)			Revised Estimates 2004-2005 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
I	CENTRAL SCHEMES (CS)						
A.	CHILD DEVELOPMENT						
1.	Creches/Day Care Centres for Children of Working/Ailing Mothers	27.00	14.00	41.00	15.92	13.33	29.25
2.	National Institute of Public Cooperation & Child Development (NIPCCD)	5.25	6.50	11.75	5.25	6.50	11.75
3.	National Commission for Children (NCC)	1.50	-	1.50	-	-	0.00
	Total A	33.75	20.50	54.25	21.17	19.83	41.00
B	WOMEN'S DEVELOPMENT						
4.	Hostels for Working Women (WWH)	9.00	-	9.00	6.20	-	6.20
5.	Swawlamban	22.50	-	22.50	22.50	-	22.50
6.	Support to Training-cum-Employment Programme (STEP)	22.50	-	22.50	16.09	-	16.09
7.	Swadhar	2.70	-	2.70	3.69	-	3.69
8.	National Commission for Women (NCW)	5.40	1.60	7.00	4.40	2.15	6.55
9.	Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK)	1.00	-	1.00	-	-	0.00
10.	Scheme on Rescue of Trafficked Women	3.00	-	3.00	-	-	0.00
11.	Grant in Aid to CSWB						
a	General Grant to CSWB	27.00	13.00	40.00	27.00	13.00	40.00
b	Short Stay Homes (SSH)	13.50	1.50	15.00	12.90	1.5	14.40
c	Condensed Courses of Education	5.25	-	5.25	5.25	-	5.25

S. No.	Name of the Scheme/ Programmes of DWCD	Budget Estimates 2004-2005 (Rs. in crores)			Revised Estimates 2004-2005 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
d	Awareness Generation Projects for Rural and Poor Women (AGP)	4.50	-	4.50	4.50	-	4.50
	Total B	116.35	16.10	132.45	102.53	16.65	119.18
C	OTHER GRANTS-IN-AID						
12a	Grant-in-Aid to Research, Publication and Monitoring	0.90	-	0.90	1.55	-	1.55
12b	Innovative Work on Women and Children	0.90	-	0.90	0.70	-	0.70
13.	Information, Mass Education and Publication	10.80	-	10.80	10.80	-	10.80
14.	Information Technology (IT)	5.00	-	5.00	2.00	-	2.00
	Total C	17.60	-	17.60	15.05	-	15.05
	Total I	167.70	36.60	204.30	138.75	36.48	175.23
II	CENTRALLY SPONSORED SCHEMES						
	Child Development						
15.	Integrated Child Development Service (ICDS)	1623.44	-	1623.44	1490.40	-	1490.40
16.	World Bank Assisted ICDS Project	270.00	-	270.00	370.00	-	370.00
17.	UDISHA	54.00	-	54.00	74.00	-	74.00
18.	National Nutrition Mission (NNM)	0.03	-	0.03	-	-	0.00
19.	Balika Samriddhi Yojana (BSY)	0.03	-	0.03	48.00	-	48.00
	Women's Development						
20.	Swayamsidha	18.00	-	18.00	16.35	-	16.35
21.	Swa-Shakti	25.00	-	25.00	20.00	-	20.00
	Total II	1990.50	-	1990.50	2018.75	-	2018.75
	Total III (I+II)	2158.20	36.60	2194.80	3157.50	36.48	2193.98
IV	FOOD AND NUTRITION BOARD (FNB) Central Scheme						
22	Nutrition Education (NE)	1.80	-	1.80	2.50	-	2.50
23.	Food & Nutrition Board and its Regional Offices	-	5.93	5.93	-	6.10	6.10

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S. No.	Name of the Scheme/ Programmes of DWCD	Budget Estimates 2004-2005 (Rs. in crores)			Revised Estimates 2004-2005 (Rs. in crores)		
		Plan	Non-Plan	Total	Plan	Non-Plan	Total
	Total IV (FNB)	1.80	5.93	7.73	2.50	6.10	8.60
V	NON-PLAN SCHEMES (EXCLUSIVE)						
1.	National Children's Board (NCB)	-	0.01	0.01	-	-	0.00
2.	Institution of National Awards to Individuals and Institutes	-	0.40	0.40	-	0.40	0.40
3.	Contribution to UNICEF	-	3.10	3.10	-	3.10	3.10
4.	Universal Children's Day	-	0.01	0.01	-	0.01	0.01
5.	Contribution to UN Voluntary Fund for Women's Decade	-	0.06	0.06	-	0.06	0.06
6.	Indo-Foreign Exchange Programme	-	0.03	0.03	-	0.04	0.04
7.	Other Items	-	0.20	0.20	-	0.15	0.15
8.	Secretariat	-	7.85	7.85	-	7.85	7.85
	Total V	-	11.66	11.66	-	11.61	11.61
VI	North East Region	240.00	-	240.00	240.00	-	240.00
	TOTAL (WCD) (III+IV+V+VI)	2400.00	54.19	2454.19	2400.00	54.19	2454.19

Sources: India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2005). Annual Report 2004-2005. New Delhi. P. 262-264.

Voluntary organizations assisted for social development programmes statewise are given in Table 122.

Table 122: Voluntary Organizations Assisted by Various Government Ministries, 2004

S.No.	India/State/ Union Territory	Ministry of Rural Development	Ministry of Human Resource Development	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Ministry of Environment and Forests
1.	Andhra Pradesh	759	198	436	100	45
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	4	8	8	2	0
3.	Assam	84	110	45	29	11
4.	Bihar	665	111	89	106	139
5.	Chhattisgarh	24	5	6	1	7
6.	Delhi	194	47	167	76	17
7.	Goa	3	0	8	0	0
8.	Gujarat	176	75	84	43	20
9.	Haryana	99	33	68	8	1
10.	Himachal Pradesh	54	18	14	13	3
11.	Jammu & Kashmir	20	12	32	10	21
12.	Jharkhand	111	30	11	19	34
13.	Karnataka	232	107	212	50	20
14.	Kerala	222	1	151	31	45
15.	Madhya Pradesh	196	164	97	56	41
16.	Maharashtra	308	159	201	103	16
17.	Manipur	222	28	111	22	0
18.	Meghalaya	8	5	12	1	0
19.	Mizoram	22	2	21	1	0
20.	Nagaland	26	14	13	23	0
21.	Orissa	333	285	169	78	2
22.	Punjab	6	20	42	2	0
23.	Rajasthan	210	59	79	21	17
24.	Sikkim	0	3	3	32	0
25.	Tamil Nadu	519	162	208	207	22
26.	Tripura	8	20	15	0	0
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1122	217	391	189	82
28.	Uttaranchal	98	11	19	5	20
29.	West Bengal	804	131	203	107	84
	Union Territories					
30.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	2	1	1	4	0
31.	Chandigarh	5	12	19	4	0
32.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	1	0	0
33.	Daman & Diu	0	15	0	0	0
34.	Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0
35.	Pondicherry	5	11	8	0	2
	India	6541	2074	2944	1343	649
	India total (5 Ministries as above)	13,551				
	India total (All Ministries)	16,166				

Notes: Last updated on December 2004.

Sources: India, Planning Commission. (2004). Non-Government Organisations Database. New Delhi. P1.

16. Annexures

Annexure 1

Goals to be Achieved by 2010 A.D. set by the National Population Policy 2000

- a) Infant Mortality Rate below 30 per 1000 live births.
- b) Maternal Mortality Ratio below 100 per 100,000 live births.
- c) Marriage age of girls not earlier than 18 years and preferably after 20 years.
- d) 80 per cent institutional deliveries and 100 per cent deliveries attended by trained persons.
- e) Hundred per cent registration of births, deaths, marriage and pregnancies.
- f) Universal immunization of children against all preventable diseases.
- g) Spread of Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) to be contained.
- h) Total fertility rate brought to the replacement levels by 2010.

Sources : India, Ministry of Human Resource Development, Department of Women and Child Development. (2001). Working Group on Empowerment of Women : Tenth Plan 2002-07. New Delhi. P. 74.

The United Nations Millennium Declaration Goals for Development and Poverty Eradication till 2015 A.D.

As the world entered the new millennium, heads of state and government gathered at the United Nations General Assembly to lay out their vision for the United Nations Millennium Declaration, recognizing their “collective responsibility to uphold the principles of human dignity, equality and equity at the global level”. Among the many objectives set out by the declaration are specific, quantified and monitorable goals for development and poverty eradication by 2015 A.D. These goals are :

- * To halve the proportion of the world’s people living on less than \$ 1 a day.
- * Halve the proportion of people living in extreme poverty.
- * Halve the proportion of people suffering from hunger.
- * Halve the proportion of people without access to safe water.
- * Enrol all children in primary school. Achieve universal completion of primary schooling.
- * Empower women and eliminate gender disparities in primary and secondary education.
- * Reduce maternal mortality ratios by three-quarters.
- * Reduce infant mortality rates by two-thirds.^a
- * Reduce under-five mortality rates by two-thirds.
- * Halt and begin to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS.
- * Provide access for all who want reproductive health services.^a
- * Implement national strategies for sustainable development by 2005 to reverse the loss of environmental resources by 2015.^a

Notes : a. International development goal.

Sources : United Nations Development Programme. (2001). Human Development Report 2001. New York : Oxford University Press. P. 21-22.

Definitions

Crude birth rate (CBR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of live births during the year}}{\text{Mid-year population}} \times 1000$
Age-specific fertility rate (ASFR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of live births in particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year female population of the same age-group}} \times 1000$
General fertility rate (GFR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1000$
Total fertility rate (TFR)	=	$\frac{5 \times \sum_{15-19}^{45-49} \text{ASFR}}{1000}$
Gross reproduction rate (GRR)	=	$\frac{5 \times \sum_{15-19}^{45-49} \text{ASFR for female live births}}{1000}$
Age-specific marital fertility rate (ASMFR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of live births in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year married female population of the same age-group}} \times 1000$
General marital fertility rate (GMFR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of live births in a year}}{\text{Mid-year married female population in the age-group (15-49) years}} \times 1000$

Total marital fertility rate (TMFR)	=	$\frac{5 \times \sum_{15-19}^{45-49} \text{ASMFR}}{1000}$	
Crude death rate (CDR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of deaths during the year}}{\text{Mid-year population}}$	× 1000
Age-specific mortality rate (ASMR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of deaths in a particular age-group}}{\text{Mid-year population of the same age-group}}$	× 1000
Infant mortality rate (IMR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of infant deaths during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}}$	× 1000

Infant mortality rate comprises of two parts viz. Neo-natal mortality rate and Post neo-natal mortality rate. The neo-natal mortality rate also comprises of two parts viz. Early neo-natal mortality rate and Late neo-natal mortality rate. These are defined as :

Neo-natal mortality rate (NMR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of less than 29 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}}$	× 1000
Early neo-natal mortality rate	=	$\frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}}$	× 1000
Late neo-natal mortality rate	=	$\frac{\text{Number of infant deaths of 7 days to less than 29 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}}$	× 1000

Post neo-natal mortality rate (PNMR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of deaths of 29 days to less than one year during the year}}{\text{Number of live births during the year}}$	× 1000
Peri-natal mortality rate (PMR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of still births and infant deaths of less than 7 days during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}}$	× 1000
Still birth rate (SBR)	=	$\frac{\text{Number of still births during the year}}{\text{Number of live births and still births during the year}}$	× 1000

Sources : India, Registrar General, Vital Statistics Division. (2004). Sample Registration System: Statistical Report 2002. New Delhi. P. xii-xiii.